

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization  
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date  
12 December 2002 (12.12.2002)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number  
**WO 02/099095 A2**

(51) International Patent Classification<sup>7</sup>: **C12N 9/02**,  
9/12, 9/88, 15/53, 15/54, 15/60, 15/61, 1/20, 1/21, C12P  
7/02, 17/06

(74) Agent: **HEIROTH, Ulrike**; 124 Grenzacherstrasse,  
CH-4070 Basle (CH).

(21) International Application Number: PCT/EP02/06171

(22) International Filing Date: 5 June 2002 (05.06.2002)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:  
60/296,299 6 June 2001 (06.06.2001) US

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): **ROCHE  
VITAMINS AG** [CH/CH]; 124 Grenzacherstrasse,  
CH-4070 Basle (CH).

(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU,  
AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU,  
CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,  
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,  
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,  
MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,  
SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU,  
ZA, ZW.

(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM,  
KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW),  
Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM),  
European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,  
GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent  
(BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,  
NE, SN, TD, TG).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): **BERRY, Alan**  
[US/CH]; 99 Mattweg, CH-4144 Arlesheim (CH). **BRETZEL, Werner** [DE/DE]; 93B Tuellinger Strasse,  
79539 Loerrach (DE). **HUEMBELIN, Markus**  
[CH/CH]; 2 Wollbacherstrasse, CH-4058 Basle (CH). **LOPEZ-ULIBARRI, Rual** [MX/CH]; 3 Wasser-  
weg, CH-4334 Sisseln (CH). **MAYER, Anne Fran-  
coise** [LU/CH]; 100 Rennweg, CH-4052 Basle (CH). **YELISEEV, Alexei** [RU/US]; 1076 Carol Lane, # 118,  
Lafayette, CA 94549 (US).

**Published:**

- without international search report and to be republished  
upon receipt of that report
- with (an) indication(s) in relation to deposited biological  
material furnished under Rule 13bis separately from the  
description

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guid-  
ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-  
ning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.



WO 02/099095 A2

(54) Title: IMPROVED ISOPRENOID PRODUCTION

(57) Abstract: Isolated polynucleotides encoding polypeptides having the activity of enzymes in the mevalonate pathway, e.g. hy-  
droxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA synthase, mevolante kinase,  
phosphomevalonate kinase, or diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase; are provided, useful for recombinantly producing isoprenoid  
compounds such as carotenoids like phytoene, lycopene,  $\beta$ -carotene, zeaxanthin, canthaxanthin, astaxanthin, adonixanthin, cryp-  
toxanthin, echinenone and adonirubin. Expression vectors, cultured cells, and methods of making isoprenoid compounds are also  
provided.

### Improved Isoprenoid Production

The present invention relates to novel polynucleotides and polypeptide sequences useful in the isoprenoid biosynthetic pathway. More particularly, the present invention provides re-combinantly produced cells that exhibit improved production of zeaxanthin. Methods of making and using such cell lines are also provided.

Carotenoids are commercially important C-40 isoprenoid compounds used as nutritional supplements, pharmaceuticals and food colorants for humans and as pigments for animal feed. Currently industrially important carotenoids are produced mainly by chemical synthesis ( $\beta$ -carotene, canthaxanthin and astaxanthin) or extraction from natural sources (lutein from marigold, capsanthin from paprika). Production of carotenoids, however, using microorganisms has been achieved in some cases. For example,  $\beta$ -carotene is produced by fermentation with the fungus *Blakeslea trispora* (US 5,328,845) or by pond culture using the halotolerant alga *Dunaliella salina* [Borowitzka, J. Biotechnol. 70:313-321 (1999)]. Lycopene production has also been reported in *B. trispora* (WO 00/77234). Astaxanthin is produced by fermentation using yeast (*Phaffia rhodozyma*, (recently re-named *Xanthophyllomyces dendrorous*)) (US 6,015,684) or in photobioreactors or open ponds using the alga *Haematococcus pluvialis* [Lorenz and Cysewski, Trends Biotechnol. 18:160-167 (1999); Olaizola, J. Appl. Phycol. 12:499-506 (2000)]. Such microbial production systems, however, do not produce carotenoids in amounts sufficient for economical industrial scale production.

In the mid-1960's, scientists at Hoffmann-La Roche isolated several marine bacteria that produced the yellow carotenoid zeaxanthin, which has application in poultry pigmentation and in the prevention of age-related macular degeneration in humans. One bacterium, which showed promising levels of zeaxanthin production, was given the strain designation R-1512, and it was deposited at the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC, Manassas, VA, USA) as strain ATCC 21588 (US 3,891,504). Using the accepted taxonomic standards of that time (classification performed by the Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule (Zürich) and the National Collection of Industrial Bacteria, Torry Research Station (Aberdeen, Scotland)), the zeaxanthin-producing organism was classified as a member of the genus *Flavobacterium*, but no species designation was assigned.

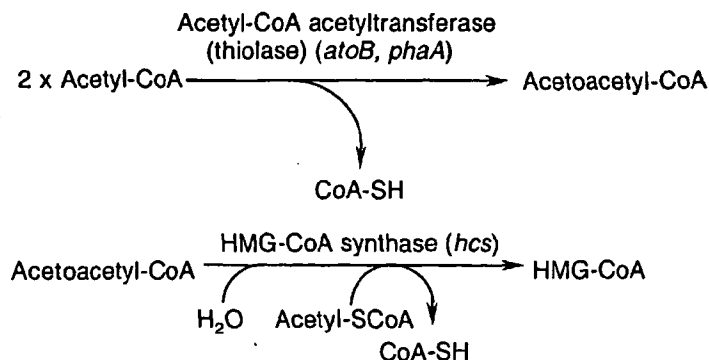
- 2 -

An extensive mutagenesis and screening program was subsequently conducted to isolate mutants of R-1512 with higher zeaxanthin productivities. With respect to the presently described work, two such mutants are significant. These mutants, listed in order of their zeaxanthin productivities, are R1534 and R114. A variety of other mutants have been used  
 5 over the years for biochemical studies of carotenoid biosynthesis [Goodwin, Biochem. Soc. Symp. 35:233-244 (1972); McDermott et al., Biochem. J. 134:1115-1117 (1973); Britton et al., Arch. Microbiol. 113:33-37 (1977); Mohanty et al., Helvetica Chimica Acta 83:2036-2053 (2000)].

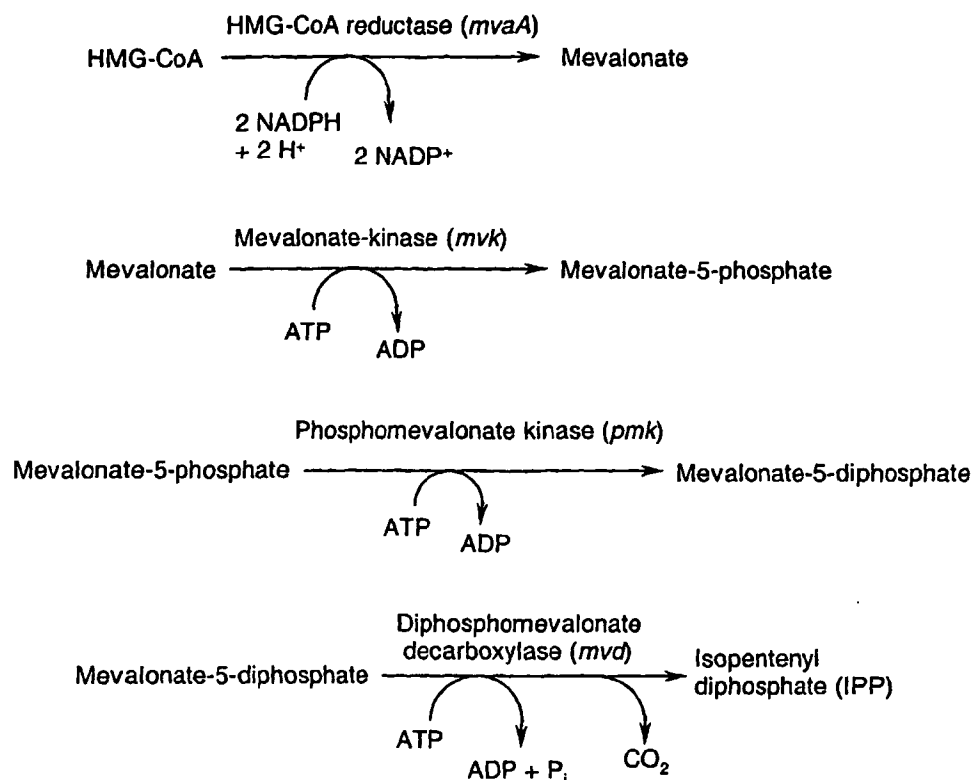
The early attempts to develop a commercially viable fermentation process for the produc-  
 10 tion of zeaxanthin using classically derived mutants of strain R-1512 were not successful. However, with the advent of molecular biology, the possibility arose that higher zeaxanthin-producing strains could be developed. The first step in this direction was taken with the cloning and sequencing of the carotenoid gene cluster from strain R1534 (US 6,087,152), which is hereby incorporated by reference as if recited in full herein).  
 15 US 6,087,152 discloses that the carotenoid genes were functionally expressed in *Escherichia coli* and *Bacillus subtilis* resulting in zeaxanthin production in these hosts. US 6,087,152 also disclosed that by modifying the carotenoid gene cluster or by adding a gene from an astaxanthin producing bacterium, it was possible to produce carotenoids other than zeaxanthin (EP 872,554). Moreover, EP 872,554 disclosed that carotenoid production was  
 20 increased in strain R1534 by introducing cloned carotenoid gene clusters on a multi-copy plasmid.

Despite the enormous structural diversity in isoprenoid compounds, all are biosynthesized from a common C-5 precursor, isopentenyl pyrophosphate (IPP). Up until the early 1990's it was generally accepted that IPP was synthesized in all organisms via the mevalon-  
 25 ate pathway, even though some experimental results were not consistent with this biogenic scheme [Eisenreich et al., Chemistry and Biology 5:R221-R233 (1998)].

Mevalonate pathway:

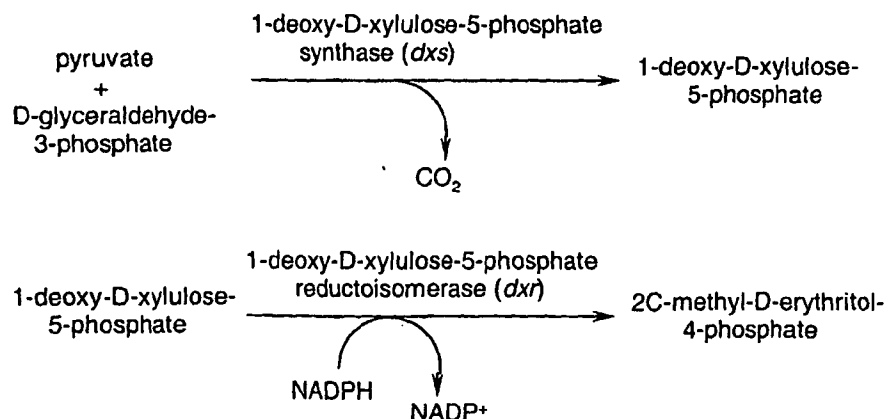


- 3 -



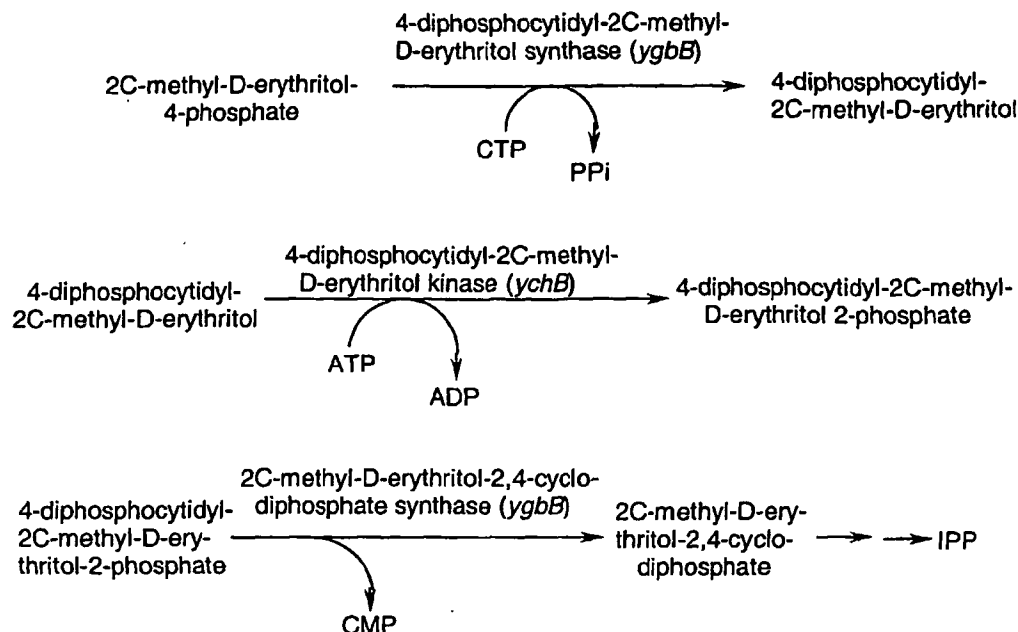
- 5 The discrepancies have since been reconciled by the discovery of an alternate pathway of IPP biosynthesis, the deoxyxylulose (DXP) pathway (Note: The alternate pathway of IPP biosynthesis has been referred to by various names in the scientific literature (DXP pathway, DOXP pathway, MEP pathway, GAP/pyruvate pathway and the non-mevalonate pathway). We use the name DXP pathway here only for the sake of simplicity). The first
- 10 five reactions of the DXP pathway have been identified [Herz et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 97:2486-2490 (2000)], but the subsequent steps leading to formation of IPP have not yet been elucidated.

DXP pathway:





- 4 -



McDermott et al. (supra) and Britton et al. [J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Comm. p. 27 (1979)]  
 5 showed that crude extracts of zeaxanthin producing mutant strains derived from the original Roche isolates incorporated labeled mevalonate into zeaxanthin. While there was no reason to question this evidence for IPP biosynthesis via the mevalonate pathway, the work was done prior to the discovery of the DXP pathway, and it has been reported that some bacteria (*Streptomyces* species) possess both pathways for IPP synthesis and that expression  
 10 of these pathways is temporally regulated [Seto et al., Tetrahedron Lett. 37:7979-7982 (1996); Dairi et al., Mol. Gen. Genet. 262:957-964 (2000)]. In addition, at present, only a small number of eubacteria have been shown to possess the mevalonate pathway for IPP synthesis. The genes encoding the enzymes of the mevalonate pathway have been cloned and sequenced from some of these bacteria [Wilding et al., J. Bacteriol. 182:4319-4327  
 15 (2000); Takagi et al., J. Bacteriol. 182:4153-4157 (2000)].

Several examples exist where the application of metabolic engineering has succeeded in altering or improving carotenoid production in microorganisms [Lagarde et al., Appl. Env. Microbiol. 66:64-72 (2000); Wang et al., Biotechnol. Bioeng. 62:235-241 (1999); Wang et al., Biotechnol. Prog. 16:922-926 (2000) (and references therein); Sandmann et al., Trends  
 20 Biotechnol. 17:233-237 (2000); Misawa and Shimada, J. Biotechnol. 59:169-181 (1998); Matthews and Wurtzel, Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 53:396-400 (2000); Albrecht et al., Nature Biotechnol. 18:843-846 (2000); Schmidt-Dannert et al., Nature Biotechnol. 18:750-753 (2000)]. For example, *E. coli*, a non-carotenogenic bacterium, can be engineered to produce carotenoids by introducing the cloned carotenoid (*crt*) genes from the bacteria

*Agrobacterium aurantiacum*, *Erwinia herbicola* or *Erwinia uredovora* (Misawa and Shimada, supra). Harker and Bramley [FEBS Lett. 448:115-119 (1999)] and Matthews and Wurtzel (supra) disclosed that carotenoid production in such engineered *E. coli* strains could be increased by over-expressing the gene coding for 1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate

5 synthase (DXPS), the first enzyme in the DXP pathway (*E. coli* possesses only the DXP pathway for isoprenoid biosynthesis and does not use the mevalonate pathway [Lange et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 97:13172-13177 (2000)]). Harker and Bramley (supra) also disclosed an increase in the isoprenoid compound ubiquinone-8, in the cells overproducing DXPS. These results supported the hypothesis that limited availability of IPP, resulting

10 from insufficient *in vivo* activity of DXPS, was limiting the production of carotenoids and other isoprenoid compounds in the engineered strains. Using a similar *E. coli* system, Kim and Keasling [Biotechnol. Bioeng. 72:408-415 (2001)] disclosed that the combined over-expression of the genes encoding DXPS and the second enzyme of the DXP pathway, DXP reductoisomerase (1-deoxy-D-xylulose-5-phosphate reductoisomerase) gave higher caro-

15 tenoid production than over-expression of just the gene encoding DXPS.

All of these studies were done in *E. coli* engineered to produce carotenoids. Accordingly, one disadvantage to these studies was that the amount of carotenoids produced by these recombinant *E. coli* strains were very low compared to the amounts produced by even

20 non-recombinant microorganisms used for industrial production of carotenoids. Furthermore, improved carotenoid production in bacteria by genetic engineering of the IPP biosynthetic pathway has only been shown in organisms that utilize the DXP pathway for IPP formation. No similar studies have been reported for bacteria that produce IPP via the mevalonate pathway.

Metabolic engineering of the mevalonate pathway to improve production of isoprenoid

25 compounds has been reported in yeast. For example, WO 00/01649 disclosed that production of isoprenoid compounds is increased in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* when the gene coding for 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase (HMG-CoA reductase) is over-expressed. However, it has not been shown that this strategy improves isoprenoid production in bacteria, and in particular, it has not been shown that carotenoid

30 production in bacteria can be improved by amplifying expression of mevalonate pathway genes. While it has been shown that some mevalonate pathway genes from eukaryotes [Campos et al., Biochem. J. 353:59-67 (2001)] and from the bacterium *Streptomyces* sp. strain CL190 (Takagi et al., supra) can be expressed in *E. coli*, no increase in isoprenoid production was reported in the strains.

In addition to the reactions that form IPP (via the DXP or mevalonate pathways) and the reactions that convert farnesyl pyrophosphate (FPP) to various other isoprenoids (*e.g.*, carotenoids, quinones) two other reactions are known to be involved in isoprenoid biosynthesis. IPP isomerase interconverts IPP and its isomer, dimethylallyl pyrophosphate (DMAPP). Two forms of IPP isomerase exist, the type 1 enzyme is well known in eukaryotes and some bacteria, and the newly identified type 2 enzyme that is FMN- and NADP(H)-dependent [Kaneda et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 98:932-937 (2001)].

Several reports disclose that in *E. coli* engineered to produce carotenoids, amplification of native or heterologous type 1 IPP isomerase (*idi*) genes stimulates carotenoid production [Kajiwarra et al., Biochem. J. 324:421-426 (1997); Verdoes and van Ooyen, Acta Bot. Gallica 146:43-53 (1999); Wang et al., *supra*]. In one report (Wang et al, *supra*), it was further disclosed that over-expression of the *ispA* gene, encoding FPP synthase (Farnesyl diphosphate synthase) increased carotenoid production in an engineered carotenogenic strain of *E. coli* when combined with over-expression of the *idi* and *crtE* (GGPP synthase/Geranylgeranyl diphosphate synthase) genes. As is the case for the pathway of IPP biosynthesis, however, it has not been shown that over-expression of genes coding for IPP isomerase or FPP synthase improves carotenoid production in a naturally carotenogenic microorganism. Also, the levels of carotenoids produced in the *E. coli* strains described above are very low, and it has not been shown that these strategies work in an industrial microorganism where carotenoid production was already high.

In sum, there is no prior evidence that increased expression of gene(s) coding for enzymes of the mevalonate pathway can improve production of carotenoids in naturally carotenogenic bacteria or in naturally non-carotenogenic bacteria engineered to be carotenogenic.

One embodiment of the present invention is an isolated polypeptide that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the following group: (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 340 of SEQ ID NO:43; (b) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 349 of SEQ ID NO:45; (c) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 388 of SEQ ID NO:47; (d) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 378 of SEQ ID NO:49; (e) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 305 of SEQ ID NO:51; (f) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 332 of SEQ ID NO:53; (g) a fragment of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53, wherein said fragment has at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues; (h) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53, the fragment having the activity of HMG-CoA reductase, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA synthase (HMG-CoA

- 7 -

synthase), mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, or diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase; (i) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:42 or a complement of SEQ ID NO:42, wherein the

5 polypeptide has the activity of HMG-CoA reductase, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, HMG-CoA synthase, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, or diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase; and (j) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NOs:43, 45, 47, 49, 51 or 53.

As noted above, the present invention includes SEQ ID Nos: 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53,

10 which are polypeptide sequences that correspond to the following enzymes of the mevalonate pathway: hydroxymethyl glutaryl CoA (HMG-CoA) reductase, isopentenyl diphosphate (IPP) isomerase, HMG-CoA synthase, mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, and diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase, respectively. The present invention also includes at least 30 contiguous amino acids of each identified sequence or a sufficient

15 number of contiguous amino acids to define a biologically active molecule.

The present invention also includes fragments of a polypeptide selected from SEQ ID NOs: 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53. The fragment should be at least about 30 amino acids in length but must have the activity of the identified polypeptide, *e.g.*, in the case of SEQ ID NO:43, a fragment thereof that falls within the scope of the present invention has the activity of

20 HMG-CoA reductase. As used herein, a measure of activity of the respective fragments is set forth in Example 1. A fragment having an activity above background in the assays set forth in Example 1 is considered to be biologically active and within the scope of the present invention.

The present invention also includes an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a

25 polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions, as defined above, to a hybridization probe that contains at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:42 (*i.e.*, the mevalonate operon) or a complement of SEQ ID NO:42. The polynucleotide must encode at least one of the enzymes in the mevalonate pathway. For purposes of the present invention, a "hybridization probe" is a polynucleotide sequence containing from about 10-

30 9066 nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:42.

In this embodiment, the isolated polypeptide may have the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:43, SEQ ID NO:45, SEQ ID NO:47, SEQ ID NO:49, SEQ ID NO:51 or SEQ ID NO:53. Alternatively, the isolated polypeptide may contain about 30 contiguous amino acids selected from an area of the respective amino acids sequences that have the least

- 8 -

identity when compared to an enzyme with the same function from different species.

Thus, for example, a polypeptide of the present invention may include amino acids 68-97 of SEQ ID NO:43, 1-30 of SEQ ID NO:45, 269-298 of SEQ ID NO:47, 109-138 of SEQ ID NO:49, 198-227 of SEQ ID NO:51 or 81-110 of SEQ ID NO:53.

- 5 Another embodiment of the invention is an isolated polypeptide having an amino acid sequence selected from: (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 287 of SEQ ID NO:159; (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:159; (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of SEQ ID NO:159, the fragment having the activity of farnesyl-diphosphate synthase (FPP synthase); (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization  
10 probe containing at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of the *ispA* gene (*i.e.*, nucleotides 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157) or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of FPP synthase; and (e) conservatively modified variants of SEQ ID NO:159.

- Thus, in this embodiment the amino acid may be encoded by the entire open reading  
15 frame that encodes FPP synthase, *i.e.*, residues 1-287 of SEQ ID NO:159, at least 30 contiguous residues thereof, or a fragment of SEQ ID NO:159 that has FPP synthase activity as measured by the assay set forth in Example 1. Furthermore, this embodiment of the invention also includes amino acid sequence(s) encoded by polynucleotide(s) that hybridize under stringent conditions, as defined above, to a hybridization probe that includes at least  
20 30 consecutive nucleotides of the *ispA* gene (*i.e.*, nucleotides 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157) or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has FPP synthase activity as defined above.

In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:159.

- 25 Another embodiment of the invention is an isolated polypeptide having an amino acid sequence selected from the following group: (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 142 of SEQ ID NO:160; (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:160; (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of SEQ ID NO: 160, the fragment having the activity of 1-deoxyxylulose-5-phosphate synthase (DXPS); (d) an amino acid  
30 sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe containing at least 30 consecutive nucleotides spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of DXPS; and (e) conservatively modified variants of SEQ ID NO:160.

- 9 -

Thus, in this embodiment the amino acid may be encoded by the entire open reading frame that encodes DXPS, *i.e.*, residues 1-142 of SEQ ID NO:160, at least 30 contiguous residues thereof, or a fragment of SEQ ID NO:160 that has DXPS activity as measured by as measured by the assay set forth in Example 1. Furthermore, this embodiment of the invention also includes amino acid sequence(s) encoded by polynucleotide(s) that hybridize under stringent conditions, as defined above, to a hybridization probe that includes at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of the DXPS gene (*i.e.*, nucleotides 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157) or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has DXPS activity as defined above.

10 In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:160.

Another embodiment of the invention is an isolated polypeptide having an amino acid sequence selected from: (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 390 of SEQ ID NO:178; (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:178; (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of SEQ ID NO:178, the fragment having the activity of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase; (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe containing at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of the *phaA* gene (*i.e.*, nucleotides 1-1179 of SEQ ID NO:177) or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase, and (e) conservatively modified variants of SEQ ID NO:178.

Thus, in this embodiment the amino acid may be encoded by the entire open reading frame that encodes acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase, *i.e.*, residues 1-143 of SEQ ID NO:178, at least 30 contiguous residues thereof, or a fragment of SEQ ID NO:178 that has acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase activity as measured by the assay set forth in Example 1. Furthermore, this embodiment of the invention also includes amino acid sequence(s) encoded by polynucleotide(s) that hybridize under stringent conditions, as defined above, to a hybridization probe that includes at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of the *phaA* gene (*i.e.*, nucleotides 1-1170 of SEQ ID NO:177), or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase activity as defined above.

30 In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:178.

Another embodiment of the invention is an isolated polypeptide having an amino acid sequence selected from: (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 240 of SEQ ID

- 10 -

NO:179; (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:179; (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:179, the fragment having the activity of acetoacetyl-CoA reductase; (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe containing at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of the *phaB* gene (*i.e.*, nucleotides 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177) or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of acetoacetyl-CoA reductase; and (e) conservatively modified variants of SEQ ID NO:179.

Thus, in this embodiment the amino acid may be encoded by the entire open reading frame that encodes acetoacetyl-CoA reductase, *i.e.*, residues 1-240 of SEQ ID NO:179, at least 30 contiguous residues thereof, or a fragment of SEQ ID NO:179 that has acetoacetyl-CoA reductase activity as measured by the assay set forth in Example 1. Furthermore, this embodiment of the invention also includes amino acid sequence(s) encoded by polynucleotide(s) that hybridize under stringent conditions, as defined above, to a hybridization probe that includes at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of the *phaB* gene (*i.e.*, nucleotides 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177) or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has acetoacetyl-CoA reductase activity as defined above.

In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:179.

The terms "polypeptide," "polypeptide sequence," "amino acid," and "amino acid sequence" are used interchangeably herein, and mean an oligopeptide, peptide, polypeptide, or protein sequence, or a fragment of any of these, as well as naturally occurring or synthetic molecules. In this context, "fragments," "immunogenic fragments," or "antigenic fragments" refer to fragments of any of the polypeptides defined herein which are at least about 30 amino acids in length and which retain some biological activity or immunological activity of the polypeptide in question. Where "amino acid sequence" is recited herein to refer to an amino acid sequence of a naturally occurring protein molecule, "amino acid sequence" and like terms are not meant to limit the amino acid sequence to the complete native amino acid sequence associated with the recited protein molecule.

With respect to polypeptides, the term "isolated" means a protein or a polypeptide that has been separated from components that accompany it in its natural state. A monomeric protein is isolated when at least about 60 to 75% of a sample exhibits a single polypeptide sequence. An isolated protein will typically comprise about 60 to 90% W/W of a protein sample, more usually about 95%, and preferably will be over about 99% pure. Protein

- 11 -

purity or homogeneity may be indicated by a number of means well known in the art, such as polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis of a protein sample, followed by visualizing a single polypeptide band upon staining the gel. For certain purposes, using HPLC or other means well known in the art may provide higher resolution for purification.

- 5 As used herein, the term "biologically active," refers to a protein having structural, regulatory, or biochemical functions of a naturally occurring molecule. Likewise, "immunologically active" refers to the capability of the natural, recombinant, or synthetic polypeptide, or of any oligopeptide thereof, to induce a specific immune response in appropriate animals or cells and to bind with specific antibodies.
- 10 Another embodiment of the invention is an isolated polynucleotide sequence having the nucleotide sequence of the mevalonate operon (SEQ ID NO:42), variants of SEQ ID NO:42 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain 1534 codon usage table (*see* Table 14) or fragments of SEQ ID NO:42. The variants and fragments of SEQ ID NO:42 must encode a polypeptide having an activity selected from:
- 15 HMG-CoA reductase, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase activity, hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA synthase (HMG-CoA synthase), mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, and diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase. This embodiment also includes polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions, as defined above, to a hybridization probe, the nucleotide sequence of which consists of from about 10 to about 9066 nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:42, preferably at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:42, or
- 20 a complement of such sequences, which polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having an activity selected from: HMG-CoA reductase, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, HMG-CoA synthase, mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, and diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase.
- 25 This embodiment also includes isolated polynucleotide sequences spanning the following residues of SEQ ID NO:42: 2622 to 3644, 3641 to 4690, 4687 to 5853, 5834 to 6970, 6970 to 7887, 7880 to 8878. Fragments of these sequences are also within the scope of the invention, so long as they encode a polypeptide having HMG-CoA reductase activity, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase activity, HMG-CoA synthase activity, mevalonate
- 30 kinase activity, phosphomevalonate kinase activity, and diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase activity, respectively.

This embodiment also includes polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions, as defined above, to a hybridization probe selected from a nucleotide sequence which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of the following residues of SEQ ID



- 12 -

NO:42: 2622 to 3644, 3641 to 4690, 4687 to 5853, 5834 to 6970, 6970 to 7887, 7880 to 8878 or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having HMG-CoA reductase activity, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase activity, HMG-CoA synthase activity, mevalonate kinase activity, phosphomevalonate kinase activity, or diphospho-  
5 mevalonate decarboxylase activity, respectively.

Preferably, the isolated polynucleotide consists of nucleotides 2622 to 3644, 3641 to 4690, 4687 to 5853, 5834 to 6970, 6970 to 7887 or 7880 to 8878 of SEQ ID NO:42.

Another embodiment of the invention is an isolated polynucleotide sequence having the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:157, variants of SEQ ID NO:157 containing one or  
10 more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain 1534 codon usage table (see Table 14) or fragments of SEQ ID NO:157 that encode a polypeptide having FPP synthase activity, 1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate synthase activity or the activity of XseB. This embodiment also includes polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions, as defined above, to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists  
15 of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:157, or the complement of SEQ ID NO:157, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having FPP synthase activity, 1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate synthase activity or the activity of XseB.

Preferably, the isolated polynucleotide consists of nucleotides 59-292, 295-1158 or 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157.

20 An isolated polynucleotide sequence is also provided that has a nucleotide sequence selected from the following group: nucleotides spanning positions 59-292 of SEQ ID NO:157, variants of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions of SEQ ID NO:157 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 59-292 of  
25 SEQ ID NO:157 that encode a polypeptide having a function of XseB, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning positions 59-292 of SEQ ID NO:157, or the complement of such a sequence, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having a function of XseB.

30 Preferably, the isolated polynucleotide consists of nucleotides 59 to 292 of SEQ ID NO:157.

An isolated polynucleotide sequence is also provided that has a nucleotide sequence selected from the following group: nucleotides spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID

- 13 -

NO:157, variants of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157 that encode a FPP synthase activity, and polynucleotide  
5 sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157, or the complement of such a sequence, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having FPP synthase activity.

Preferably, the isolated nucleotide sequence consists of nucleotides 295-1158 of SEQ ID  
10 NO:157.

Another embodiment of the invention is an isolated polynucleotide sequence having the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157, variants of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain 1534 codon usage table (*see* Table  
15 14) or fragments of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 that encode a polypeptide having 1-deoxyxylulose-5-phosphate synthase activity. This embodiment also includes polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions, as defined above, to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID  
20 NO:157, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having 1-deoxyxylulose-5-phosphate synthase activity.

Preferably, the isolated polynucleotide consists of nucleotides 1185 to 1610 of SEQ ID NO:157.

Another embodiment of the invention is an isolated polynucleotide sequence having the  
25 nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:177, variants of SEQ ID NO:177 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain 1534 codon usage table (*see* Table 14) or fragments of SEQ ID NO:177 that encode a polypeptide having an activity selected from acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase and acetoacetyl-CoA reductase. This embodiment also includes polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions, as defined  
30 above, to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:177, or a complement thereof, which polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase and acetoacetyl-CoA reductase.

- 14 -

In this embodiment the isolated polynucleotide sequence may include nucleotides 1 to 1170 of SEQ ID NO:177, variants of SEQ ID NO:177 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain 1534 codon usage table (see Table 14) or fragments of SEQ ID NO:177 that encode a polypeptide having acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase activity.

5 This embodiment also includes polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of nucleotides 1 to 1170 of SEQ ID NO:177, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase activity.

10 Preferably, the isolated polynucleotide sequence consists of nucleotides 1-1170 of SEQ ID NO:177.

In this embodiment, the isolated polynucleotide sequence may alternatively be nucleotides 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177, variants of SEQ ID NO:177 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain 1534 codon usage table (see Table 14) or

15 fragments of SEQ ID NO:177 that encode a polypeptide having acetoacetyl-CoA reductase activity. This embodiment also includes polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of nucleotides 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having acetoacetyl-CoA reductase activity.

20 Preferably, the isolated polynucleotide consists of nucleotides 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177.

In another embodiment of the invention, the isolated polynucleotide sequence has a nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:157, SEQ ID NO:177, and combinations thereof. As used herein, the phrase "and combinations thereof" when used in reference to nucleotide sequences means that any combination of the recited sequences may be combined to form the isolated polynucleotide sequence. Moreover, in the present invention, multiple copies of the same sequence, *i.e.*, concatamers may be used. Likewise, and as set forth in more detail below, multiple copies of plasmids containing the same polynucleotide sequence may be transferred into suitable host cells.

30 As used herein, an "isolated" polynucleotide (*e.g.*, an RNA, DNA or a mixed polymer) is one which is substantially separated from other cellular components which naturally accompany a native sequence or polypeptide, *e.g.*, ribosomes, polymerases, many other

- 15 -

genome sequences and proteins. The term embraces a polynucleotide that has been removed from its naturally occurring environment, and includes recombinant or cloned DNA isolates and chemically synthesized analogs or analogs biologically synthesized by heterologous systems.

- 5 The phrase "nucleic acid sequence" refers to a single or double-stranded polymer of deoxyribonucleotide or ribonucleotide bases read from the 5' to the 3' end. It includes chromosomal DNA, self-replicating plasmids, infectious polymers of DNA or RNA and DNA or RNA that performs a primarily structural role.

An "expression control sequence" is defined as an array of nucleic acid control sequences  
10 that direct transcription of an operably linked nucleic acid. An example of such an expression control sequence is a "promoter." Promoters include necessary nucleic acid sequences near the start site of transcription. A promoter also optionally includes distal enhancer or repressor elements, which can be located as much as several thousand base pairs from the start site of transcription. A "constitutive" promoter is a promoter that is  
15 active under most environmental and developmental conditions. An "inducible" promoter is a promoter that is active under environmental or developmental regulation. The term "operably linked" refers to a functional linkage between a nucleic acid expression control sequence (such as a promoter or array of transcription factor binding sites) and a second nucleic acid sequence, wherein the expression control sequence directs transcription of the  
20 nucleic acid corresponding to the second sequence.

A polynucleotide sequence is "heterologous to" an organism or a second polynucleotide sequence if it originates from a foreign species, or, if from the same species, is modified from its original form. For example, a promoter operably linked to a heterologous coding sequence refers to a coding sequence from a species different from that from which the  
25 promoter was derived, or, if from the same species, a coding sequence which is different from any naturally occurring allelic variants.

In the case of both expression of transgenes and inhibition of endogenous genes (*e.g.*, by antisense, or sense suppression) one of skill will recognize that the inserted polynucleotide sequence need not be identical, but may be only "substantially identical" to a sequence of  
30 the gene from which it was derived.

In the case where the inserted polynucleotide sequence is transcribed and translated to produce a functional polypeptide, one of skill will recognize that because of codon degeneracy a number of polynucleotide sequences will encode the same polypeptide. These vari-

ants are specifically within the scope of the present invention. In addition, the present invention specifically includes those sequences that are substantially identical (determined as described below) to each other and that encode polypeptides that are either mutants of wild type polypeptides or retain the function of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, resulting from conservative substitutions of amino acids in the polypeptide). In addition, variants can be those that encode dominant negative mutants as described below.

Two nucleic acid sequences or polypeptides are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acid residues, respectively, in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. The terms "identical" or percent "identity," in the context of two or more nucleic acids or polypeptide sequences, refer to two or more sequences or subsequences that are the same or have a specified percentage of amino acid residues or nucleotides that are the same, when compared and aligned for maximum correspondence over a comparison window, as measured using one of the following sequence comparison algorithms or by manual alignment and visual inspection. When percentage of sequence identity is used in reference to proteins or peptides, it is recognized that residue positions that are not identical often differ by conservative amino acid substitutions, where amino acids residues are substituted for other amino acid residues with similar chemical properties (*e.g.*, charge or hydrophobicity) and therefore do not change the functional properties of the molecule. Where sequences differ in conservative substitutions, the percent sequence identity may be adjusted upwards to correct for the conservative nature of the substitution. Means for making this adjustment are well known to those of skill in the art. Typically this involves scoring a conservative substitution as a partial rather than a full mismatch, thereby increasing the percentage sequence identity. Thus, for example, where an identical amino acid is given a score of 1 and a non-conservative substitution is given a score of zero, a conservative substitution is given a score between zero and 1. The scoring of conservative substitutions is calculated according to, *e.g.*, the algorithm of Meyers & Miller, *Computer Applic. Biol. Sci.* 4:11-17 (1988), *e.g.*, as implemented in the program PC/GENE (Intelligenetics, Mountain View, Calif., USA).

The phrase "substantially identical," in the context of two nucleic acids or polypeptides, refers to sequences or subsequences that have at least 60%, preferably 80%, most preferably 90-95%, nucleotide or amino acid residue identity when aligned for maximum correspondence over a comparison window as measured using one of the following sequence comparison algorithms or by manual alignment and visual inspection. This

definition also refers to a sequence of which the complement of that sequence hybridizes to the test sequence.

For sequence comparison, typically one sequence acts as a reference sequence, to which test sequences are compared. When using a sequence comparison algorithm, test and  
5 reference sequences are entered into a computer, subsequence coordinates are designated, if necessary, and sequence algorithm program parameters are designated. Default program parameters can be used, or alternative parameters can be designated. The sequence comparison algorithm then calculates the percent sequence identities for the test sequences relative to the reference sequence, based on the program parameters.

10 A "comparison window," as used herein, includes reference to a segment of any one of the number of contiguous positions selected from the group consisting of from 20 to 600, usually about 50 to about 200, more usually about 100 to about 150, in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned. Methods of alignment of sequences for com-  
15 parison are well known in the art. Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison can be conducted, *e.g.*, by the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman, *Adv. Appl. Math.* 2:482 (1981), by the homology alignment algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch, *J. Mol. Biol.* 48:443 (1970), by the search for similarity method of Pearson and Lipman, *Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. USA* 85:2444 (1988), by computerized implementations of these algo-  
20 rithms (GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA, and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics Software Package, Genetics Computer Group, 575 Science Dr., Madison, Wis.), or by manual alignment and visual inspection.

One example of a useful algorithm is PILEUP. PILEUP creates a multiple sequence alignment from a group of related sequences using progressive, pairwise alignments to show  
25 relationship and percent sequence identity. It also plots a tree or dendrogram showing the clustering relationships used to create the alignment. PILEUP uses a simplification of the progressive alignment method of Feng and Doolittle, *J. Mol. Evol.* 35:351-360 (1987). The method used is similar to the method described by Higgins and Sharp, *CABIOS* 5:151-153 (1989). The program can align up to 300 sequences, each of a maximum length of 5,000  
30 nucleotides or amino acids. The multiple alignment procedure begins with the pairwise alignment of the two most similar sequences, producing a cluster of two aligned sequences. This cluster is then aligned to the next most related sequence or cluster of aligned sequences. Two clusters of sequences are aligned by a simple extension of the pairwise alignment of two individual sequences. The final alignment is achieved by a series of pro-  
35 gressive, pairwise alignments. The program is run by designating specific sequences and

their amino acid or nucleotide coordinates for regions of sequence comparison and by designating the program parameters. For example, a reference sequence can be compared to other test sequences to determine the percent sequence identity relationship using the following parameters: default gap weight (3.00), default gap length weight (0.10), and  
5 weighted end gaps.

Another example of an algorithm that is suitable for determining percent sequence identity and sequence similarity is the BLAST algorithm [Altschul et al., J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410 (1990)]. Software for performing BLAST analyses is publicly available through the National Center for Biotechnology Information (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>). This  
10 algorithm involves first identifying high scoring sequence pairs (HSPs) by identifying short words of length *W* in the query sequence, which either match or satisfy some positive-valued threshold score *T* when aligned with a word of the same length in a database sequence. *T* is referred to as the neighborhood word score threshold (Altschul et al., supra). These initial neighborhood word hits act as seeds for initiating searches to find  
15 longer HSPs containing them. The word hits are extended in both directions along each sequence for as far as the cumulative alignment score can be increased. Extension of the word hits in each direction are halted when: the cumulative alignment score falls off by the quantity *X* from its maximum achieved value; the cumulative score goes to zero or below, due to the accumulation of one or more negative-scoring residue alignments; or the end of  
20 either sequence is reached. The BLAST algorithm parameters *W*, *T*, and *X* determine the sensitivity and speed of the alignment. The BLAST program uses as defaults a wordlength (*W*) of 11, the BLOSUM62 scoring matrix (see Henikoff and Henikoff, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:10915 (1989)) alignments (*B*) of 50, expectation (*E*) of 10, *M*=5, *N*=-4, and a comparison of both strands.

25 The BLAST algorithm also performs a statistical analysis of the similarity between two sequences [see, e.g., Karlin and Altschul, Proc. Nat'l. Acad. Sci. USA 90:5873-5787 (1993)]. One measure of similarity provided by the BLAST algorithm is the smallest sum probability (*P(N)*), which provides an indication of the probability by which a match between two nucleotide or amino acid sequences would occur by chance. For example, a nucleic acid is  
30 considered similar to a reference sequence if the smallest sum probability in a comparison of the test nucleic acid to the reference nucleic acid is less than about 0.2, more preferably less than about 0.01, and most preferably less than about 0.001.

"Conservatively modified variants" applies to both amino acid and nucleic acid sequences. With respect to particular nucleic acid sequences, conservatively modified variants refers  
35 to those nucleic acids which encode identical or essentially identical amino acid sequences,

or where the nucleic acid does not encode an amino acid sequence, to essentially identical sequences. Because of the degeneracy of the genetic code, a large number of functionally identical nucleic acid codons encode any given protein. For instance, the codons GCA, GCC, GCG and GCU all encode the amino acid alanine. Thus, at every position where an alanine is specified by a codon, the codon can be altered to any of the corresponding codons described without altering the encoded polypeptide. Such nucleic acid variations are "silent variations," which are one species of conservatively modified variations. Every nucleic acid sequence herein that encodes a polypeptide also describes every possible silent variation of the nucleic acid. One of skill will recognize that each codon in a nucleic acid (except AUG, which is ordinarily the only codon for methionine) can be modified to yield a functionally identical molecule. Accordingly, each silent variation of a nucleic acid that encodes a polypeptide is implicit in each described sequence.

As to amino acid sequences, one of skill will recognize that individual substitutions, deletions or additions to a nucleic acid, or substitutions to a peptide, polypeptide, or protein sequence which alters a single amino acid or a small percentage of amino acids (*i.e.* less than 20%, such as 15%, 10%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2% or 1%) in the encoded sequence is a "conservatively modified variant" where the alteration results in the substitution of an amino acid with a chemically similar amino acid. Conservative substitution tables providing functionally similar amino acids are well known in the art.

The following six groups each contain amino acids that are conservative substitutions for one another:

Alanine (A), Serine (S), Threonine (T);  
Aspartic acid (D), Glutamic acid (E);  
Asparagine (N), Glutamine (Q);  
Arginine (R), Lysine (K);  
Isoleucine (I), Leucine (L), Methionine (M), Valine (V); and  
Phenylalanine (F), Tyrosine (Y), Tryptophan (W). (see, *e.g.*, Creighton, Proteins (1984)).

An indication that two nucleic acid sequences or polypeptides are substantially identical is that the polypeptide encoded by the first nucleic acid is immunologically cross reactive with the antibodies raised against the polypeptide encoded by the second nucleic acid. Thus, a polypeptide is typically substantially identical to a second polypeptide, for example, where the two peptides differ only by conservative substitutions. Another indication that two nucleic acid sequences are substantially identical is that the two



molecules or their complements hybridize to each other under stringent conditions, as described below.

The phrase "specifically hybridizes to" refers to the binding, duplexing, or hybridizing of a molecule only to a particular nucleotide sequence under stringent hybridization  
5 conditions when that sequence is present in a complex mixture (*e.g.*, total cellular or library DNA or RNA).

The phrase "stringent hybridization conditions" refers to conditions under which a probe will hybridize to its target sequence, typically in a complex mixture of nucleic acid sequences, but to no other sequences. Stringent conditions are sequence-dependent and will be  
10 different in different circumstances. Longer sequences hybridize specifically at higher temperatures. An extensive guide to the hybridization of nucleic acids is found in Tijssen, Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology--Hybridization with Nucleic Probes, "Overview of Principles of Hybridization and the Strategy of Nucleic Acid Assays" (1993). Generally, highly stringent conditions are selected to be about 5-10°C lower than the  
15 thermal melting point ( $T_m$ ) for the specific sequence at a defined ionic strength and pH. Low stringency conditions are generally selected to be about 15-30°C below the  $T_m$ . The  $T_m$  is the temperature (under defined ionic strength, pH, and nucleic acid concentration) at which 50% of the probes complementary to the target hybridize to the target sequence at equilibrium (as the target sequences are present in excess, at  $T_m$ , 50% of the probes are  
20 occupied at equilibrium). Stringent conditions will be those in which the salt concentration is less than about 1.0M sodium ion, typically about 0.01 to 1.0M sodium ion concentration (or other salts) at pH 7.0 to 8.3 and the temperature is at least about 30°C for short probes (*e.g.*, 10 to 50 nucleotides) and at least about 60°C for long probes (*e.g.*, greater than 50 nucleotides). Stringent conditions may also be achieved with the addition  
25 of destabilizing agents such as formamide. For selective or specific hybridization, a positive signal is at least two times background, preferably 10 times background hybridization.

Nucleic acids that do not hybridize to each other under stringent conditions are still substantially identical if the polypeptides that they encode are substantially identical. This occurs, for example, when a copy of a nucleic acid is created using the maximum codon  
30 degeneracy permitted by the genetic code. In such cases, the nucleic acids typically hybridize under moderately stringent hybridization conditions.

In the present invention, genomic DNA or cDNA containing nucleic acids of the invention can be identified in standard Southern blots under stringent conditions using the nucleic

acid sequences disclosed here. For the purposes of this disclosure, suitable stringent conditions for such hybridizations are those which include hybridization in a buffer of 40% formamide, 1M NaCl, 1% sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) at 37°C, and at least one wash in 0.2X SSC at a temperature of at least about 50°C, usually about 55°C to about 60°C, for 20 minutes, or equivalent conditions. A positive hybridization is at least twice background. Those of ordinary skill will readily recognize that alternative hybridization and wash conditions can be utilized to provide conditions of similar stringency.

A further indication that two polynucleotides are substantially identical is if the reference sequence, amplified by a pair of oligonucleotide primers, can then be used as a probe under stringent hybridization conditions to isolate the test sequence from a cDNA or genomic library, or to identify the test sequence in, *e.g.*, a northern or Southern blot.

The present invention also includes expression vectors as defined above. The expression vectors include one or more copies of each of the polynucleotide sequences set forth above. The expression vectors of the present invention may contain any of the polynucleotide sequences defined herein, such as for example SEQ ID NO:42, or the following residues of SEQ ID NO:42: 2622 to 3644, 3641 to 4690, 4687 to 5853, 5834 to 6970, 6970 to 7887, 7880 to 8878, as well as residues 59-292, 295-1158 or 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 and residues 1-1170 or 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177. The expression vectors may contain combinations of the polynucleotide sequences identified herein, such as for example, SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:157, and SEQ ID NO:177.

The polynucleotide sequences in the expression vectors may optionally be operably linked to an expression control sequence as defined above and exemplified in the Examples.

The present invention also includes for example, the following expression vectors: pBBR-K-mev-op16-1, pBBR-K-mev-op16-2, pDS-*mvaA*, pDS-*idi*, pDS-*hcs*, pDS-*mvk*, pDS-*pmk*, pDS-*mvd*, pDS-His-*mvaA*, pDS-His-*idi*, pDS-His-*hcs*, pDS-His-*mvk*, pDS-His-*pmk*, pDS-His-*mvd*, pBBR-K-Zea4, pBBR-K-Zea4-up, pBBR-K-Zea4-down, pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtE-3*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-mvaA*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-idi*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-hcs*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-mvk*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-pmk*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-mvd*, pBBR-K-*PcrtE-mvaA-crtE-3*, pDS-His-*phaA*, pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtW*, pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtWZ*, pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtZW*, and combinations thereof. These expression vectors are defined in more detail in the examples below. Moreover, the present invention also includes any expression vector that contains one of the sequences defined herein, which expression vector is used to express an isoprenoid compound, such as a carotenoid, preferably zeaxanthin, in a suitable host cell.

As used herein, the phrase "expression vector" is a replicatable vehicle that carries, and is capable of mediating the expression of, a DNA sequence encoding the polynucleotide sequences set forth herein.

- In the present context, the term "replicatable" means that the vector is able to replicate in a given type of host cell into which it has been introduced. Immediately upstream of the polynucleotide sequence(s) of interest, there may be provided a sequence coding for a signal peptide, the presence of which ensures secretion of the encoded polypeptide expressed by host cells harboring the vector. The signal sequence may be the one naturally associated with the selected polynucleotide sequence or of another origin.
- 10 The vector may be any vector that may conveniently be subjected to recombinant DNA procedures, and the choice of vector will often depend on the host cell into which it is to be introduced. Thus, the vector may be an autonomously replicating vector, i.e. a vector that exists as an extrachromosomal entity, the replication of which is independent of chromosomal replication; examples of such a vector are a plasmid, phage, cosmid or mini-  
15 chromosome. Alternatively, the vector may be one which, when introduced in a host cell, is integrated in the host cell genome and is replicated together with the chromosome(s) into which it has been integrated. Examples of suitable vectors are shown in the examples. The expression vector of the invention may carry any of the DNA sequences of the invention as defined below and be used for the expression of any of the polypeptides of the in-  
20 vention defined below.

The present invention also includes cultured cells containing one or more of the polynucleotide sequences and/or one or more of the expression vectors disclosed herein. As used herein, a "cultured cell" includes any cell capable of growing under defined conditions and expressing one or more of polypeptides encoded by a polynucleotide of the present invention. Preferably, the cultured cell is a yeast, fungus, bacterium, or alga. More  
25 preferably, the cultured cell is a *Paracoccus*, *Flavobacterium*, *Agrobacterium*, *Alcaligenes*, *Erwinia*, *E. coli* or *B. subtilis*. Even more preferably, the cell is a *Paracoccus*, such as for example, R-1506, R-1512, R1534 or R114. The present invention also includes the progeny of any of the cells identified herein that express a polypeptide disclosed herein. In the  
30 present invention, a cell is a progeny of another cell if its AFLP DNA fingerprint is indistinguishable using the conditions set forth in Example 2 from the fingerprint of the putative parental cell.

Thus, the cultured cells according to the present invention may contain, for example, SEQ ID NO:42, or the following residues of SEQ ID NO:42: 2622 to 3644, 3641 to 4690, 4687

- 23 -

to 5853, 5834 to 6970, 6970 to 7887, 7880 to 8878, as well as residues 59-292, 295-1158 or 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 and residues 1-1170 or 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177. These sequences may be transferred to the cells alone or as part of an expression vector. These sequences also may optionally be operatively linked to expression control  
5 sequence(s). The cultured cells may also contain combinations of the polynucleotide sequences identified herein, such as for example, SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:157, and SEQ ID NO:177.

The cultured cells according to the present invention may further contain polynucleotides that encode one or more enzymes in the carotenoid biosynthetic pathway. For example,  
10 the cultured cells according to the present invention may contain one or more copies of SEQ ID NOs:180, 182, and 184 alone or in combination with any of the polynucleotide sequences identified herein. Thus, the polynucleotide sequences disclosed herein may be transferred into a cultured cell alone or in combination with another polynucleotide sequence that would provide enhanced production of the target isoprenoid compound,  
15 such as, for example, carotenoids like zeaxanthin or astaxanthin. In this regard, the present invention includes the use of any polynucleotide encoding, for example, a polypeptide involved in carotenoid biosynthesis, such as GGPP synthase,  $\beta$ -carotene- $\beta$ 4-oxygenase (ketolase), and/or  $\beta$ -carotene hydroxylase. In addition, combinations of polynucleotides encoding polypeptides involved in carotenoid biosynthesis may be used in combination  
20 with one or more of the polynucleotides identified herein on the same or different expression vectors. Such constructs may be transferred to a cultured cell according to the present invention to provide a cell that expresses an isoprenoid of interest.

For example, a cultured cell according to the present invention may contain one or more of the following expression vectors: pBBR-K-mev-op16-1, pBBR-K-mev-op16-2, pDS-  
25 *mvaA*, pDS-*idi*, pDS-*hcs*, pDS-*mvk*, pDS-*pmk*, pDS-*mvd*, pDS-His-*mvaA*, pDS-His-*idi*, pDS-His-*hcs*, pDS-His-*mvk*, pDS-His-*pmk*, pDS-His-*mvd*, pBBR-K-Zea4, pBBR-K-Zea4-up, pBBR-K-Zea4-down, pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtE-3*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-mvaA*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-idi*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-hcs*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-mvk*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-pmk*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-mvd*, pBBR-K-*PcrtE-mvaA-crtE-3*, pDS-His-*phaA*, pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtW*, pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtWZ*,  
30 pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtZW*, and combinations thereof.

Another embodiment of the invention is a method of producing a carotenoid. In this method, a cultured cell as defined above is cultured under conditions permitting expression of a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide sequence as defined above. Culture conditions that permit expression of a polypeptide are provided in the Examples

below, but may be modified, if required, to suit the particular intended use. The carotenoid is then isolated from the cell or, if secreted, from the medium of the cell.

In the present invention, a "carotenoid" includes the following compounds: phytoene, lycopene,  $\beta$ -carotene, zeaxanthin, canthaxanthin, astaxanthin, adonixanthin, cryptoxanthin, echinenone, adonirubin, and combinations thereof. Preferably, the carotenoid is zeaxanthin.

Another embodiment of the invention is a method of making a carotenoid-producing cell. This method includes (a) introducing into a cell a polynucleotide sequence encoding an enzyme in the mevalonate pathway, which enzyme is expressed in the cell; and (b) selecting a cell containing the polynucleotide sequence of step (a) that produces a carotenoid at a level that is about 1.1-1,000 times the level of the carotenoid produced by the cell before introduction of the polynucleotide sequence.

As used herein, the phrase "an enzyme in the mevalonate pathway" means the enzymes involved in the mevalonate pathway for IPP biosynthesis and encoded by the *atoB* or *phaA*, *hcs*, *mvaA*, *mvk*, *pmk*, and *mvd* genes. For purposes of the present invention, an enzyme is "expressed in the cell" if it is detected using any one of the activity assays set forth in Example 1. Assays for detecting the production of a carotenoid are well known in the art. Examples 1, 11, and 12 provide typical assay procedures for identifying the presence of zeaxanthin, lycopene, and astaxanthin, respectively. In a similar manner, assays for the other carotenoids may be used to detect the presence in the cell or medium of *e.g.* phytoene, canthaxanthin, adonixanthin, cryptoxanthin, echinenone, and adonirubin.

Thus, this method may be used to make the following exemplary carotenoids: phytoene, lycopene,  $\beta$ -carotene, zeaxanthin, canthaxanthin, astaxanthin, adonixanthin, cryptoxanthin, echinenone, adonirubin, and combinations thereof. In this method, zeaxanthin is the preferred carotenoid.

This method includes producing cells capable of producing a carotenoid at a level that is about 1.1-1,000 times, preferably about 1.5-500 times, such as about 100 times or at least 10 times, the level of the carotenoid produced by the cell before introduction of the polynucleotide sequence.

In this method, the cell produces from about 1 mg/L to about 10 g/L of a carotenoid. It is preferred that the cell produces from about 100 mg/L to about 9 g/L, such as, for example, from about 500mg/L to about 8 g/L, or from about 1 g/L to about 5 g/L, of a carotenoid.

- 25 -

In this method, the cell may be selected from a yeast, fungus, bacterium, and alga. Preferably, the cell is a bacterium selected from *Paracoccus*, *Flavobacterium*, *Agrobacterium*, *Alcaligenes*, *Erwinia*, *E. coli*, and *B. subtilis*. More preferably, the bacterium is a *Paracoccus*.

In this method, the cell may be a mutant cell. As used herein, a "mutant cell" is any cell  
5 that contains a non-native polynucleotide sequence or a polynucleotide sequence that has been altered from its native form (e.g., by rearrangement or deletion or substitution of from 1-100, preferably 20-50, more preferably less than 10 nucleotides). Such a non-native sequence may be obtained by random mutagenesis, chemical mutagenesis, UV-irradiation, and the like. Preferably, the mutation results in the increased expression of one  
10 or more genes in the mevalonate pathway that results in an increase in the production of a carotenoid, such as zeaxanthin. Methods for generating, screening for, and identifying such mutant cells are well known in the art and are exemplified in the Examples below. Examples of such mutants are R114 or R1534. Preferably, the mutant cell is R114.

In this method, the polynucleotide sequence is SEQ ID NO:42, or the following residues of  
15 SEQ ID NO:42: 2622 to 3644, 3641 to 4690, 4687 to 5853, 5834 to 6970, 6970 to 7887, 7880 to 8878, as well as residues 59-292, 295-1158 or 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 and residues 1-1170 or 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177. These sequences may be used in this method alone or as part of an expression vector. These sequences also may optionally be operatively linked to expression control sequence(s). In this method, combinations of the  
20 polynucleotide sequences identified herein may be used, such as for example, SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:157, and SEQ ID NO:177.

Examples of expression vector that may be selected for use in this method include pBBR-K-mev-op16-1, pBBR-K-mev-op16-2, pDS-*mvaA*, pDS-*idi*, pDS-*hcs*, pDS-*mvk*, pDS-*pmk*, pDS-*mvd*, pDS-His-*mvaA*, pDS-His-*idi*, pDS-His-*hcs*, pDS-His-*mvk*, pDS-His-*pmk*,  
25 pDS-His-*mvd*, pBBR-K-Zea4, pBBR-K-Zea4-up, pBBR-K-Zea4-down, pBBR-K-PcrtE-*crtE*-3, pBBR-tK-PcrtE-*mvaA*, pBBR-tK-PcrtE-*idi*, pBBR-tK-PcrtE-*hcs*, pBBR-tK-PcrtE-*mvk*, pBBR-tK-PcrtE-*pmk*, pBBR-tK-PcrtE-*mvd*, pBBR-K-PcrtE-*mvaA-crtE*-3, pDS-His-*phaA*, pBBR-K-PcrtE-*crtW*, pBBR-K-PcrtE-*crtWZ*, pBBR-K-PcrtE-*crtZW*, and combinations thereof.

30 In this method, the polynucleotide sequence is introduced into the cell using any conventional means. Examples of suitable methods for introducing a polynucleotide sequence into a cell include transformation, transduction, transfection, lipofection, electroporation [see e.g., Shigekawa and Dower, *Biotechniques* 6:742-751 (1988)], conjugation [see e.g., Koehler and Thorne, *Journal of Bacteriology* 169:5771-5278 (1987)], and biolistics.

The use of conjugation to transfer a polynucleotide sequence, such as in the form of an expression vector, into recipient bacteria is generally effective, and is a well-known procedure. (e.g. US 5,985,623). Depending on the strain of bacteria, it may be more common to use transformation of competent cells with purified DNA.

- 5 Known electroporation techniques (both *in vitro* and *in vivo*) function by applying a brief high voltage pulse to electrodes positioned around the treatment region. (e.g. US 6,208,893). The electric field generated between the electrodes causes the cell membranes to temporarily become porous, whereupon molecules of the implant agent enter the cells. In known electroporation applications, this electric field comprises a single
- 10 square wave pulse on the order of 1000 V/cm of about 100  $\mu$ s duration. Such a pulse may be generated, for example, in known applications of the Electro Square Porator T820, made by the BTX Division of Genetronics, Inc.

- Biolistics is a system for delivering polynucleotides into a target cell using microprojectile bombardment techniques. An illustrative embodiment of a method for delivering poly-
- 15 nucleotides into target cells by acceleration is a Biolistics Particle Delivery System, which can be used to propel particles coated with DNA or cells through a screen, such as a stainless steel or Nytex screen, onto a filter surface covered with cultured target cells. The screen disperses the particles so that they are not delivered to the target cells in large aggregates. It is believed that a screen intervening between the projectile apparatus and the cells to be
- 20 bombarded reduces the size of projectiles aggregate and may contribute to a higher frequency of transformation by reducing damage inflicted on the recipient cells by projectiles that are too large.

- For the bombardment, cells in suspension are preferably concentrated on filters or solid culture medium. Alternatively, other target cells may be arranged on solid culture
- 25 medium. The cells to be bombarded are positioned at an appropriate distance below the microprojectile stopping plate. If desired, one or more screens are also positioned between the acceleration device and the cells to be bombarded. Through the use of these well-known techniques one may obtain up to 1000 or more foci of cells transiently expressing a marker gene. The number of cells in a focus which express the exogenous gene product 48
- 30 hours post-bombardment often range from 1 to 10 and average 1 to 3.

In bombardment transformation, one may optimize the prebombardment culturing conditions and the bombardment parameters to yield the maximum numbers of stable transformants. Both the physical and biological parameters for bombardment are important in this technology. Physical factors are those that involve manipulating the polynucleotide/-

- 27 -

- microprojectile precipitate or those that affect the flight and velocity of either the macro- or microprojectiles. Biological factors include all steps involved in manipulation of cells before and immediately after bombardment, the osmotic adjustment of target cells to help alleviate the trauma associated with bombardment, and also the nature of the transforming
- 5 DNA, such as linearized DNA or intact supercoiled plasmids.

Accordingly, it is contemplated that one may wish to adjust various of the bombardment parameters in small-scale studies to fully optimize the conditions. One may particularly wish to adjust physical parameters such as gap distance, flight distance, tissue distance, and helium pressure. One may also minimize the trauma reduction factors (TRFs) by modify-

10 ing conditions which influence the physiological state of the recipient cells and which may therefore influence transformation and integration efficiencies. For example, the osmotic state, tissue hydration and the subculture stage or cell cycle of the recipient cells may be adjusted for optimum transformation. The execution of other routine adjustments will be known to those of skill in the art in light of the present disclosure.

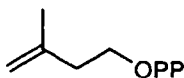
- 15 The methods of particle-mediated transformation is well known to those of skill in the art. E.g. US 5,015,580 (specifically incorporated herein by reference) describes the transformation of soybeans using such a technique.

Another embodiment of the invention is a method for engineering a bacterium to produce an isoprenoid compound. Such a bacterium is made by (a) culturing a parent bacterium

20 in a medium under conditions permitting expression of an isoprenoid, and selecting a mutant bacterium from the culture medium that produces about 1.1-1,000 times more of an isoprenoid than the parent bacteria; (b) introducing into the mutant bacterium an expression vector containing a polynucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:42 operably linked to an expression control sequence; and (c) selecting a bacterium that con-

25 tains the expression vector and produces at least about 1.1 times more of an isoprenoid than the mutant in step (a).

In this embodiment, an isoprenoid compound means a compound structurally based on isopentenyl diphosphate (IPP) units of the formula:



- 30 Such compounds include the hemiterpenes, monoterpenes, sesquiterpenes, diterpenes, triterpenes (e.g., phytosterols, phytoestrogens, phytoecdysones, estrogens, phytoestrogens),



- 28 -

tetraterpenes (carotenoids), and polyterpenes. Preferably, the isoprenoid is a carotenoid, such as for example, one of the carotenoids identified above, in particular zeaxanthin.

The bacterium may be any bacterium that is capable of producing an isoprenoid compound using the processes disclosed herein. Preferably, the bacterium is a *Paracoccus*,  
5 *Flavobacterium*, *Agrobacterium*, *Alcaligenes*, *Erwinia*, *E. coli*, or *B. subtilis*. Even more preferably, the bacterium is a *Paracoccus*. Preferably, the parent bacterium is R-1506 or R 1512, and the mutant bacterium is R1534 or R114, preferably R114.

The bacterium is cultured in a media and under conditions that are optimized for the production of the isoprenoid. The selection of media and culture conditions are well within  
10 the skill of the art. The assays set forth in Examples 1, 11, and 12 provide exemplary methods for measuring the presence of certain carotenoids in a culture media. By optimizing the culture conditions and measuring for the production of the target isoprenoid, the culturing and selection of a mutant that meets the specific production parameters recited herein may be met. In this way, a mutant bacterium producing from  
15 about 1.1-1,000 times more of an isoprenoid than the parent bacterium may be selected. Preferably, the mutant bacterium produces from about 1.5-500 times more of an isoprenoid than the parent bacterium, such as for example, at least about 100 times or at least about 10 times more of an isoprenoid than the parent bacterium. That bacterium is then cultured and used in subsequent steps.

20 After selecting the mutant bacterium that produces the desired level of an isoprenoid, an expression vector is introduced into the bacterium using any of the methods set forth above or described in the examples. Any of the expression vectors defined herein may be introduced into the mutant cell. Preferably, the expression vector contains SEQ ID NO:42.

Once the expression vector is introduced into the mutant bacteria, a stable transformant is  
25 selected that produces at least about 1.1 times, such as about 5 to about 20 times, more of an isoprenoid than the untransformed mutant. The selected transformant is then cultured under conditions suitable for isoprenoid production, and then the isoprenoid is isolated from the cell or the culture medium.

A further step in this method is introducing a mutation into the mutant bacterium that  
30 results in the increased production of an isoprenoid compound by the bacterium. The mutation may be selected from at least one of the following: inactivating the polyhydroxyalkanoate (PHA) pathway, increasing expression of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase, increasing expression of FPP synthase, increasing expression of an enzyme in a carotenoid

- 29 -

biosynthetic pathway, and increasing the expression of an enzyme for converting isopentenyl diphosphate (IPP) to dimethylallyl diphosphate (DMAPP).

The inactivating of the PHA pathway may be achieved by selecting for a mutant bacterium that does not express a polypeptide encoded by *phaB* (nucleotide positions 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177) or by disrupting expression of the wild type *phaB* gene by homologous recombination using SEQ ID NO:177 or fragments thereof.

In this method, increasing expression of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase may be achieved by introducing into the mutant bacterium a vector containing a polynucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:175 or nucleotide positions 1-1170 of SEQ ID NO:177 operably linked to an expression control sequence. In this method, increasing expression of FPP synthase may be achieved by introducing into the mutant bacterium a vector containing a polynucleotide sequence represented by nucleotides 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157 operably linked to an expression control sequence. In this method, increasing expression of a carotenoid gene may be achieved by introducing into the mutant bacterium a vector comprising a polynucleotide sequence that encodes one or more enzymes in the carotenoid biosynthetic pathway, such as for example a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:180, 182, and 184 operably linked to an expression control sequence.

In this method, it is preferred that the isoprenoid compound is isopentenyl diphosphate (IPP). It is also preferred that the isoprenoid compound is a carotenoid, such as for example, phytoene, lycopene,  $\beta$ -carotene, zeaxanthin, canthaxanthin, astaxanthin, adonixanthin, cryptoxanthin, echinenone, adonirubin, and combinations thereof.

Another embodiment of the invention is a microorganism of the genus *Paracoccus*, which microorganism has the following characteristics: (a) a sequence similarity to SEQ ID NO:12 of >97% using a similarity matrix obtained from a homology calculation using GeneCompar v. 2.0 software with a gap penalty of 0%; (b) a homology to R-1512, R1534, R114 or R-1506 of >70% using DNA:DNA hybridization at 81.5°C; (c) a G+C content of its genomic DNA that varies less than 1% from the G+C content of the genomic DNA of R114, R-1512, R1534, and R-1506; and (d) an average DNA fingerprint that clusters at about 58% similarity to strains R-1512, R1534, R114 and R-1506 using the AFLP procedure of Example 2, with the proviso that the microorganism is not *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966).

Methods for determining each of these characteristics are fully set forth in Example 2, and it is contemplated when these methods are used that microorganisms meeting the above criteria will be readily identifiable. It is preferred that a microorganism of the present invention have each characteristic set forth above (*i.e.*, a-d). However, any combination of the characteristics a-d, which provides sufficient information to taxonomically validly describe a microorganism belonging to the same species as R114, R-1512, R1534, and R-1506, with the exception of *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966) is also within the scope of the invention.

Another embodiment of the invention is a microorganism of the genus *Paracoccus*, which microorganism has the following characteristics: (a) 18:1w7c comprising at least about 75% of the total fatty acids of the cell membranes; (b) an inability to use adonitol, i-erythritol, gentiobiose,  $\beta$ -methylglucoside, D-sorbitol, xylitol and quinic acid as carbon sources for growth; and (c) an ability to use L-asparagine and L-aspartic acid as carbon sources for growth, with the proviso that the microorganism is not *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966).

Methods for determining each of these characteristics are also fully set forth in Example 2, and it is contemplated when these methods are used that microorganisms meeting the above criteria will be readily identifiable. It is preferred that a microorganism of the present invention have each characteristic set forth above (*i.e.*, a-c). However, any combination of the characteristics a-c, which provides sufficient information to taxonomically validly describe a microorganism belonging to the same species as R114, R-1512, R1534, and R-1506, with the exception of *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966) is also within the scope of the invention.

Another embodiment of the invention is a microorganism of the genus *Paracoccus*, which microorganism has the following characteristics: (a) an ability to grow at 40°C; (b) an ability to grow in a medium having 8% NaCl; (c) an ability to grow in a medium having a pH of 9.1; and (d) a yellow-orange colony pigmentation, with the proviso that the microorganism is not *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966).

Methods for determining each of these characteristics are also fully set forth in Example 2, and it is contemplated when these methods are used that microorganisms meeting the above criteria will be readily identifiable. It is preferred that a microorganism of the present invention have each characteristic set forth above (*i.e.*, a-d). However, any combination of the characteristics a-d, which provides sufficient information to taxonomically validly describe a microorganism belonging to the same species as R114, R-1512, R1534,

- 31 -

and R-1506, with the exception of *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966) is also within the scope of the invention.

A microorganism of the present invention may also be identified using any combination of the 11 characteristics set forth above, which provide sufficient information to taxonomically validly describe a microorganism belonging to the same species as R114, R-1512, R1534, and R-1506, with the exception of *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966).

In accordance with the foregoing the present invention provides

- (1) an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- 10 (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 340 of SEQ ID NO:43, in particular an amino acid sequence corresponding to positions 68-97 of SEQ ID NO:43;
  - (b) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 349 of SEQ ID NO:45, in particular an amino acid sequence corresponding to positions 1-30 of SEQ ID NO:45;
  - (c) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 388 of SEQ ID NO:47, in particular  
15 an amino acid sequence corresponding to positions 269-298 of SEQ ID NO:47;
  - (d) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 378 of SEQ ID NO:49, in particular an amino acid sequence corresponding to positions 109-138 of SEQ ID NO:49;
  - (e) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 305 of SEQ ID NO:51, in particular an amino acid sequence corresponding to positions 198-227 of SEQ ID NO:51;
  - 20 (f) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 332 of SEQ ID NO:53, in particular an amino acid sequence corresponding to positions 81-110 of SEQ ID NO:53;
  - (g) a fragment of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53, wherein said fragment has at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues;
  - 25 (h) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53, the fragment having the activity of hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase (HMG-CoA reductase), isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA synthase (HMG-CoA synthase), mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, or diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase;  
30 (i) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:42 or a complement of SEQ ID NO:42, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of HMG-CoA reductase, isopentenyl diphosphate

- 32 -

isomerase, HMG-CoA synthase, mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, or diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase; and

(j) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:43, 45, 47, 49, 51 or 53.

- 5 (2) an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 287 of SEQ ID NO:159;
  - (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:159;
  - (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of SEQ ID NO: 159, the fragment having the activity of farnesyl diphosphate synthase (FPP synthase);
  - 10 (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157 or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of FPP synthase; and
  - (e) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:159.
- 15 (3) an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 142 of SEQ ID NO:160;
  - (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:160;
  - (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of SEQ ID NO: 160, the fragment having the activity of 1-deoxyxylulose-5-phosphate synthase (DXPS);
  - 20 (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of DXPS;
  - 25 (e) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:160.
- (4) an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 390 of SEQ ID NO:178;
  - (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:178;
  - 30 (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 178, the fragment having the activity of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase;
  - (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides spanning positions 1-1170 of SEQ ID NO:177 or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase; and
  - 35 (e) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:178.

- (5) an isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 240 of SEQ ID NO:179;
  - (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:179;
  - 5 (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 179, the fragment having the activity of acetoacetyl-CoA reductase;
  - (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides spanning positions 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177 or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of acetoacetyl-CoA reductase;
  - 10 and
  - (e) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:179.
- (6) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:42, variants of SEQ ID NO:42 containing one or
- 15 more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:42 that encode a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase (HMG-CoA reductase), isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA synthase (HMG-CoA synthase), mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, and
- 20 diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:42, or the complement of SEQ ID NO:42, which polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of HMG-CoA reductase, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, HMG-CoA synthase, mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, and
- 25 diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase; in particular
- (a) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 2622 to 3644 of SEQ ID NO:42, fragments thereof that encode a polypeptide having HMG-CoA reductase activity, and poly-
  - 30 nucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning residues 2622 to 3644 of SEQ ID NO:42, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having HMG-CoA reductase activity, more particularly a polynucleotide sequence consisting of nucleotides 2622 to 3644 of SEQ
  - 35 ID NO:42;
  - (b) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 3641 to 4690 of SEQ ID NO:42,

- variants thereof containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:42 that encode a polypeptide having isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase activity, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the
- 5 nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning residues 3641 to 4690 of SEQ ID NO:42, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase activity, more particularly a polynucleotide sequence consisting of nucleotides 3641 to 4690 of SEQ ID NO:42.
- 10 (c) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 4687 to 5853 of SEQ ID NO:42, variants thereof containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:42 that encode a polypeptide having HMG-CoA synthase activity, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of
- 15 which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning residues 4687 to 5853 of SEQ ID NO:42, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having HMG-CoA synthase activity, more particularly a polynucleotide sequence consisting of nucleotides 3641 to 4690 of SEQ ID NO:42;
- 20 (d) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 5834 to 6970 of SEQ ID NO:42, variants thereof containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:42 that encode a polypeptide having mevalonate kinase activity, and polynucleotide sequences that
- 25 hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning residues 5834 to 6970 of SEQ ID NO:42, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having mevalonate kinase activity, more particularly a polynucleotide sequence consisting of nucleotides 3641 to 4690 of SEQ ID NO:42;
- 30 (e) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 6970 to 7887 of SEQ ID NO:42, variants thereof containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:42 that encode a polypeptide having phosphomevalonate kinase activity, and polynucleotide sequences that
- 35 hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning residues 6970 to 7887 of SEQ ID NO:42, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a

- polypeptide having phosphomevalonate kinase activity, more particularly a polynucleotide sequence consisting of nucleotides 3641 to 4690 of SEQ ID NO:42; or
- (f) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 7880 to 8878 of SEQ ID NO:42, variants thereof containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:42 that encode a polypeptide having diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase activity, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning residues 7880 to 8878 of SEQ ID NO:42, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase activity, more particularly an isolated polynucleotide consisting of nucleotides 7880 to 8878 of SEQ ID NO:42, more particularly a polynucleotide sequence consisting of nucleotides 3641 to 4690 of SEQ ID NO:42;
- (7) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:157, variants of SEQ ID NO:157 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:157 that encode a polypeptide having farnesyl diphosphate (FPP) synthase activity, 1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate synthase activity or a polypeptide having the activity of XseB, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:157, or the complement of SEQ ID NO:157, which polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of FPP synthase activity, 1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate synthase activity, and the activity of XseB, in particular
- (a) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of a nucleotide sequence spanning positions 59-292 of SEQ ID NO:157, variants thereof containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 59-292 of SEQ ID NO:157 that encode a polypeptide having the function of XseB, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning positions 59-292 of SEQ ID NO:157, or the complement of such a sequence, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having the function of XseB, more particularly an isolated polynucleotide consisting of nucleotides 59 to 292 of SEQ ID NO:157;



- (b) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157, variants of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157 that encode a FPP synthase activity, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157, or the complement of such a sequence, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having FPP synthase activity, more particularly an isolated polynucleotide consisting of nucleotides 295 to 1158 of SEQ ID NO:157;
- (c) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157, variants of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of the nucleotide sequence spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 that encode a polypeptide having 1-deoxyxylulose-5-phosphate synthase activity, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157, or the complement of such a sequence, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having 1-deoxyxylulose-5-phosphate synthase activity, more particularly an isolated polynucleotide consisting of nucleotides 1185 to 1610 of SEQ ID NO:157;
- (8) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:177, variants of SEQ ID NO:177 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:177 that encode a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase and acetoacetyl-CoA reductase, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:177, or the complement of SEQ ID NO:177, which polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase and acetoacetyl-CoA reductase, in particular

- 37 -

- (a) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 1 to 1170 of SEQ ID NO:177, variants of SEQ ID NO:177 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:177 that encode a polypeptide having acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase activity, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning residues 1 to 1170 of SEQ ID NO:177, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase activity, more particularly an isolated polynucleotide sequence consisting of nucleotides 1-1170 of SEQ ID NO:177;
- (b) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of nucleotides 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177, variants of SEQ ID NO:177 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table (Table 14), fragments of SEQ ID NO:177 that encode a polypeptide having acetoacetyl-CoA reductase activity, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides spanning residues 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177, or a complement thereof, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having acetoacetyl-CoA reductase activity, more particularly an isolated polynucleotide sequence consisting of nucleotides 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177;
- (9) an isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:157, SEQ ID NO:177, and combinations thereof;
- (10) an expression vector comprising the polynucleotide sequence of any one of (6) (a) to (6) (f), (7) (a) to (7) (c), (8) (a), (8) (b) or (9), in particular an expression vector wherein the polynucleotide sequence is operably linked to an expression control sequence, e.g. an expression vector further comprising a polynucleotide sequence that encodes an enzyme in the carotenoid biosynthetic pathway, more particularly an expression vector wherein the polynucleotide sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:180, SEQ ID NO:182, SEQ ID NO:184, and combinations thereof which are operably linked to an expression control sequence;
- (11) an expression vector selected from the group consisting of pBBR-K-mev-op16-1, pBBR-K-mev-op16-2, pDS-*mvaA*, pDS-*idi*, pDS-*hcs*, pDS-*mvk*, pDS-*pmk*, pDS-*mvd*, pDS-His-*mvaA*, pDS-His-*idi*, pDS-His-*hcs*, pDS-His-*mvk*, pDS-His-*pmk*, pDS-His-*mvd*, pBBR-K-Zea4, pBBR-K-Zea4-up, pBBR-K-Zea4-down, pBBR-K-*PcrE-crtE-3*,

pBBR-tK-P*crtE-mvaA*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-idi*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-hcs*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-mvk*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-pmk*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-mvd*, pBBR-K-P*crtE-mvaA-crtE-3*, pDS-His-*phaA*, pBBR-K-P*crtE-crtW*, pBBR-K-P*crtE-crtWZ*, pBBR-K-P*crtE-crtZW*, and combinations thereof, in particular

- 5 (a) an expression vector selected from the group consisting of pBBR-K-mev-op16-1 and pBBR-K-mev-op16-2,
- (b) an expression vector selected from the group consisting of pBBR-K-Zea4, pBBR-K-Zea4-up, and pBBR-K-Zea4-down;
- (c) an expression vector selected from the group consisting of pBBR-K-P*crtE-crtE-3*,
- 10 pBBR-tK-P*crtE-mvaA*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-idi*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-hcs*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-mvk*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-pmk*, pBBR-tK-P*crtE-mvd*, and combinations thereof;
- (d) an expression vector which is pBBR-K-P*crtE-mvaA-crtE-3*;
- (e) an expression vector which is pDS-His-*phaA*; or
- (f) an expression vector selected from the group consisting of pBBR-K-P*crtE-crtW*,
- 15 pBBR-K-P*crtE-crtWZ*, and pBBR-K-P*crtE-crtZW*;
- (12) a cultured cell comprising the polynucleotide sequence of any one of (6) (a) to (f), (7) (a) to (c), (8) (a), (8) (b) or (9), or an expression vector of (10) or (11), or a progeny of the cell, wherein the cell expresses a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide sequence, in particular a cell which is further characterized by a feature selected from
- 20 (a) further comprising a polynucleotide sequence that encodes an enzyme in the carotenoid biosynthetic pathway, more particularly a cultured cell wherein the polynucleotide sequence that encodes an enzyme in the carotenoid biosynthetic pathway is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:180, 182, and 184, or a progeny of the cell, wherein the cell expresses polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotide
- 25 sequences, and
- (b) from being a member of a group selected from yeast, fungus, bacterium and alga, in particular a bacterium selected from the group consisting of *Paracoccus*, *Flavobacterium*, *Agrobacterium*, *Alcaligenes*, *Erwinia*, *E. coli*, and *B. subtilis*, more particularly *Paracoccus*, more particularly *Paracoccus* selected from the group consisting of R-1506,
- 30 R-1512, R1534, and R114;
- (13) a method of producing a carotenoid comprising culturing a cell of (12) under conditions permitting expression of a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide sequence, and isolating the carotenoid from the cell or the medium of the cell;
- (14) a method of making a carotenoid-producing cell comprising:
- 35 (a) introducing into a cell a polynucleotide sequence encoding an enzyme in the mevalonate pathway, which enzyme is expressed in the cell; and

- 39 -

- (b) selecting a cell containing the polynucleotide sequence of step (a) that produces a carotenoid at a level that is about 1.1-1,000 times the level of the carotenoid produced by the cell before introduction of the polynucleotide sequence, in particular a method selected from a method characterized by a feature selected from
- 5 (i) the selecting step comprising selecting a cell containing the polynucleotide sequence of step (a) that produces a carotenoid at a level that is about 1.5-500 times, particularly about 100 times, or at least about 10 times, the level of the carotenoid produced by the cell before introduction of the polynucleotide sequence;
- 10 (ii) the cell producing from about 1 mg/L to about 10 g/L of a carotenoid.
- (iii) the cell being selected from the group consisting of a yeast, fungus, bacterium, and alga, in particular selected from the group consisting of *Paracoccus*, *Flavobacterium*, *Agrobacterium*, *Alcaligenes*, *Erwinia*, *E. coli*, and *B. subtilis*, more particularly from *Paracoccus*;
- 15 (iv) the cell in step (a) being a mutant cell, in particular being selected from the group consisting of R114 and R1534, in particular the mutant cell producing about 1.1-1,000 times, in particular about 1.5-500 times, more particularly at least about 100 times more or at least about 10 times more, the level of a carotenoid compared to its non-mutant parent;
- 20 (v) the polynucleotide sequence being selected from polynucleotide sequences of (6) (a) to (f), (7) (a) to (c), (8) (a), (8) (b) and (9), in particular wherein the polynucleotide sequence is operably linked to an expression control sequence;
- (vi) the polynucleotide sequence being an expression vector of (10) or (11);
- (vii) the introducing step being selected from the group consisting of transformation,
- 25 transduction, transfection, lipofection, electroporation, conjugation, and biolistics.
- (viii) the carotenoid being selected from the group consisting of phytoene, lycopene,  $\beta$ -carotene, zeaxanthin, canthaxanthin, astaxanthin, adonixanthin, cryptoxanthin, echinenone, adonirubin, and combinations thereof, in particular the carotenoid being zeaxanthin;
- 30 (15) a method for engineering a bacterium to produce an isoprenoid compound comprising:
- (a) culturing a parent bacterium in a medium under conditions permitting expression of an isoprenoid compound, and selecting a mutant bacterium from the culture medium that produces about 1.1-1,000 times more of an isoprenoid compound than
- 35 the parent bacterium;

- 40 -

(b) introducing into the mutant bacterium an expression vector comprising a polynucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:42 operably linked to an expression control sequence; and

5 (c) selecting a bacterium that contains the expression vector and produces at least about 1.1 times more of an isoprenoid compound than the mutant in step (a), in particular

(i) a method further comprising introducing a mutation into the mutant bacterium, more particularly a method wherein the mutation causes an effect selected from at least one of the following: inactivating the polyhydroxyalkanoate (PHA) pathway, increasing expression of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase, increasing expression of farnesyl diphosphate (FPP) synthase, increasing expression of an enzyme in a carotenoid pathway, increasing the expression of an enzyme for converting isopentenyl diphosphate (IPP) to dimethylallyl diphosphate (DMAPP),

10 most particularly a method wherein inactivating of the PHA pathway comprises selecting for a mutant bacterium that does not express a polypeptide encoded by *phaB* (nucleotide positions 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO: 177) or by disrupting expression of the wild type *phaB* gene by homologous recombination using SEQ ID NO:177 or a fragment thereof, or

15 a method wherein increasing expression of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase comprises introducing into the mutant bacterium a vector comprising a polynucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:175 or nucleotide positions 1-1170 of SEQ ID NO:177 operably linked to an expression control sequence, or

20 a method wherein increasing expression of FPP synthase comprises introducing into the mutant bacterium a vector comprising a polynucleotide sequence represented by nucleotides 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157 operably linked to an expression control sequence, or

25 a method wherein increasing expression of an enzyme in a carotenoid pathway comprises introducing into the mutant bacterium a vector comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting SEQ ID NOs:180, 182, and 184 operably linked to an expression control sequence;

30 (b) a method wherein the isoprenoid is isopentenyl diphosphate (IPP).

(c) a method wherein the isoprenoid is a carotenoid, in particular a method wherein the carotenoid is selected from the group consisting of phytoene, lycopene,  $\beta$ -carotene, zeaxanthin, canthaxanthin, astaxanthin, adonixanthin, cryptoxanthin, echinenone, adonirubin, and combinations thereof;

35

- 41 -

- (d) a method wherein the parent bacterium is a *Paracoccus*, in particular R-1512 or R-1506, or R1534 or R114, in particular wherein the mutant is R114;
- (16) a microorganism of the genus *Paracoccus*, which microorganism has the following characteristics:
- 5 (i) a sequence similarity to SEQ ID NO:12 of >97% using a similarity matrix obtained from a homology calculation using GeneCompar v. 2.0 software with a gap penalty of 0%;
- a homology to strain R-1512, R1534, R114 or R-1506 of >70% using DNA:DNA hybridization at 81.5°C;
- 10 a G+C content of its genomic DNA that varies less than 1% from the G+C content of the genomic DNA of R114, R-1512, R1534, and R-1506; and
- an average DNA fingerprint that clusters at about 58% similarity to strains R-1512, R1534, R114 and R-1506 using the AFLP procedure of Example 2, with the proviso that the microorganism is not *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966);
- 15 (ii) 18:1w7c comprising at least about 75% of the total fatty acids of the cell membranes;
- an inability to use adonitol, i-erythritol, gentiobiose,  $\beta$ -methylglucoside, D-sorbitol, xylitol and quinic acid as carbon sources for growth; and
- an ability to use L-asparagine and L-aspartic acid as carbon sources for growth, with
- 20 the proviso that the microorganism is not *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966); or
- (iii) an ability to grow at 40°C;
- an ability to grow in a medium having 8% NaCl;
- an ability to grow in a medium having a pH of 9.1; and
- a yellow-orange colony pigmentation, with the proviso that the microorganism is not
- 25 *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966).

The following examples are provided to further illustrate certain aspects of the present invention. These examples are illustrative only and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention in any way.

#### Example 1: Analytical and Biochemical Methods

##### 30 (a) Analysis of Carotenoids

Sample preparation. A solvent mixture of 1:1 dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) and tetrahydrofuran (THF) was first prepared. This solvent mixture was stabilized by the addition of butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT, 0.5 g/l solvent mixture). Four milliliters of the stabilized DMSO/THF mixture was added to 0.4 ml of bacterial culture in a disposable 15-ml poly-

- 42 -

propylene centrifuge tube (gives a final dilution factor of 1/11). The tubes were capped and mixed using a Vortex mixer for 10 seconds each. The samples were then put on a Brinkmann Vibramix shaker for 20 minutes. The tubes were centrifuged at room temperature for 4 minutes at 4000 rpm and aliquots of the clear yellow/orange supernatant were transferred into brown glass vials for analysis by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC).

HPLC. A reversed phase HPLC method was developed for the simultaneous determination of astaxanthin, zeaxanthin, canthaxanthin,  $\beta$ -carotene, and lycopene. The method was also able to separate the main *cis*-isomers of zeaxanthin. Chromatography was performed using an Agilent 1100 HPLC system equipped with a thermostatted autosampler and a diode array detector. The method parameters were as follows:

Column: YMC Carotenoid C30 column, particle size 5  $\mu$ m  
250\* 4.6mm I.D., steel  
(YMC, Part No. CT99S052546WT)

Guard column: Pelliguard LC-18 cartridge, 20 mm  
(SUPELCO, Part No. 59654)

Mobile phase: Methanol (MeOH)/Methyl tert-butyl ether (TBME) gradient

	% MeOH	% TBME
Start	80	20
10 min	65	35
20 min	10	90

Run time: 28 min; Typical column pressure: 90 bar at start; Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min.;

Detection: UV at 450 nm; Injection volume: 10  $\mu$ l; Column temperature: 15°C

Reagents. Methanol and TBME were HPLC grade and were obtained from EM Science and J.T. Baker, respectively. DMSO (Omnisolve) was purchased from EM Science. THF (HPLC solvent) was from Burdick and Jackson.

Calculations. Quantitative analyses were performed with a two level calibration using external standards (provided by Hoffmann-La Roche, Basel, Switzerland). Calculations were based on peak areas.

Selectivity. The selectivity of the method were verified by injecting standard solutions of the relevant carotenoid reference compounds. The target compounds (all-*trans*-carotenoids) were completely separated and showed no interference. Some minor *cis* isomers may coelute, although these potentially interfering isomers are rare and need not be considered in routine analyses. The retention times of the compounds are listed in Table 1.

Table 1. HPLC retention times for carotenoids.

Carotenoid	Retention time (min.)	Carotenoid	Retention time (min.)
Astaxanthin	6.99	Canthaxanthin	9.95
Adonixanthin	7.50	Cryptoxanthin	13.45
15- <i>cis</i> -Zeaxanthin	7.80	$\beta$ -Carotene	17.40
13- <i>cis</i> -Zeaxanthin	8.23	Lycopene	21.75
all- <i>trans</i> -Zeaxanthin	9.11		

Linearity. 25 Milligrams of all-*trans*-zeaxanthin were dissolved in 50 ml of DMSO/THF mixture (giving a final zeaxanthin concentration 500  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ). A dilution series was prepared (final zeaxanthin concentrations of 250, 100, 50, 10, 5, 1, and 0.1  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ ) and analyzed by the HPLC method described above. A linear range was found from 0.1  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  to 250  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ . The correlation coefficient was 0.9998.

Limit of detection. The lower limit of detection for zeaxanthin by this method was determined to be 60  $\mu\text{g/l}$ . A higher injection volume and optimization of the integration parameters made it possible to lower the detection limit to approximately 5  $\mu\text{g/l}$ .

Reproducibility. The retention time for all-*trans*-zeaxanthin was very stable (relative standard deviation (RSD), 0.2 %). The peak area reproducibility, based on ten repetitive analyses of the same culture sample, was determined to be 0.17 % RSD for all *trans*-zeaxanthin and 1.0 % for cryptoxanthin.

#### 15 (b) Preparation of crude extracts and enzyme assay methods.

Preparation of crude extracts. Crude extracts of *Paracoccus* and *E. coli* were prepared by resuspending washed cell pellets in 1 ml of extraction buffer (buffer used depended on the enzyme being assayed – compositions are specified along with each enzyme assay procedure described below). Cell suspensions were placed in a 2-ml plastic vial and disrupted by agitation with glass beads using a Mini Bead Beater 8 (Biospec Products, Bartlesville, OK, USA). Disruption was performed at 4°C using a medium agitation setting. The disrupted preparations were centrifuged at 21,000 x g for 20 minutes at 4°C to sediment the cell debris, and the supernatants were used directly for enzyme assays.

Protein determinations. Protein concentrations in crude extracts were determined by the method of Bradford [Anal. Biochem. 72:248-254 (1976)] using the Bio-Rad Protein Assay



- 44 -

Reagent (Bio-Rad, Hercules, CA, USA). Bovine serum albumin was used as the reference protein for construction of standard curves.

Acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase assays. Crude extracts were prepared in 150 mM EPPS (*N*-[2-hydroxyethyl] piperazine-*N'*-[3-propanesulfonic acid]) buffer, pH 8.0. Assays were performed in the thiolysis direction according to the method described by Slater et al. [J. Bacteriol. 180:1979-1987 (1998)]. This assay measures the disappearance of acetoacetyl-CoA spectrophotometrically at 304 nm. Reaction mixtures contained 150 mM EPPS buffer (pH 8.0), 50 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 100 μM CoA, 40 μM acetoacetyl-CoA and crude extract. Reactions were carried out at 30°C and were initiated by addition of crude extract. The disappearance of acetoacetyl-CoA at 304 nm was monitored using a SpectraMAX Plus plate reader (Molecular Devices Corp., Sunnyvale, CA, USA) and a quartz microtiter plate (any standard spectrophotometer can also be used). Activity (expressed as U/mg protein) was calculated using a standard curve constructed with acetoacetyl-CoA (1 unit of activity = 1 μmol acetoacetyl-CoA consumed/min.). The lower limit of detection of Acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase activity was 0.006 U/mg.

HMG-CoA synthase assays. HMG-CoA synthase was assayed according to the method of Honda et al. [Hepatology 27:154-159 (1998)]. In this assay, the formation of HMG-CoA from acetyl-CoA and acetoacetyl-CoA is measured directly by separating the reaction product and substrates by HPLC. Crude extracts were prepared in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0). Reaction mixtures (0.1 ml) contained 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0), 0.1 mM EDTA, 20 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.1 mM acetoacetyl-CoA, 0.8 mM acetyl-CoA and crude extract. Reactions were pre-incubated for 2 minutes at 30°C before adding the crude extract. After 5 minutes of reaction at 30°C, the reactions were stopped by adding 0.2 ml of 200 mM tetra-butyl ammonium phosphate (TBAP, dissolved in methanol-water (3:2, final pH was 5.5) and containing 0.2 mM propionyl-CoA as an internal recovery standard). The mixture was then centrifuged for 3 minutes at 21,000 x g at 4°C and subsequently kept on ice until analyzed by reversed phase ion-pair HPLC. HMG-CoA and propionyl-CoA were separated from acetyl-CoA and acetoacetyl-CoA using a Nova-Pak C18 column (3.9 x 150 mm, Waters Corporation, Milford, MA, USA). The injection volume was 20 μl, the mobile phase was 50 mM TBAP dissolved in methanol-water (1:1, final pH was 5.5), and the flow rate was 1.0 ml/min. HMG-CoA and propionyl-CoA were detected by absorbance at 254 nm. HMG-CoA produced in the reaction was quantified by comparison with a standard curve created using authentic HMG-CoA. Activity is defined as U/mg protein. One unit of activity = 1 nmol HMG-CoA produced/min. The lower limit of detection of HMG-CoA synthase was about 1 U/mg.

- 45 -

- HMG-CoA reductase assays. Crude extracts were prepared in 25 mM potassium phosphate buffer (pH 7.2) containing 50 mM KCl, 1 mM EDTA and a protease inhibitor cocktail (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO, USA, catalog #P-2714). Assays were performed according to the method of Takahashi et al. [J. Bacteriol. 181:1256-1263 (1999)]. This
- 5 assay measures the HMG-CoA dependent oxidation of NADPH spectrophotometrically at 340nm. Reaction mixtures contained 25 mM potassium phosphate buffer (pH 7.2), 50 mM KCl, 1 mM EDTA, 5 mM dithiothreitol, 0.3 mM NADPH, 0.3 mM R,S-HMG-CoA and crude extract. Reactions were performed at 30°C and were initiated by the addition of HMG-CoA. HMG-CoA-dependent oxidation of NADPH was monitored at 340 nm using
- 10 a SpectraMAX Plus plate reader (Molecular Devices Corp., Sunnyvale, CA, USA) and a quartz microtiter plate (any standard spectrophotometer may be used). Activity (expressed as U/mg protein) was calculated using a standard curve constructed with NADPH (1 unit of activity = 1  $\mu$ mol NADPH oxidized/min.). The lower limit of detection of HMG-CoA reductase activity was 0.03 U/mg.
- 15 Mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase and mevalonate diphosphate decarboxylase assays. The preparation of substrates and the assay procedures for mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase and mevalonate diphosphate decarboxylase have been described in detail by Popják [Methods Enzymol. 15:393-425 (1969)]. For all assays, one unit of enzyme activity is defined as 1  $\mu$ mol of product formed/minute. In addition to
- 20 these spectrophotometric and radiochromatographic assays, alternate methods, for example using HPLC separation of reaction substrates and products, can be used. The lower limit of detection of mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase and mevalonate diphosphate decarboxylase is typically about 0.001 U/mg protein.
- IPP isomerase assays. Crude extracts were prepared in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.5).
- 25 Assays were performed using the method of Spurgeon et al. [Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 230:445-454 (1984)]. This assay is based on the difference in acid-lability of IPP and DMAPP. Reaction mixtures (0.1 ml final volume) contained 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.5), 2 mM dithiothreitol, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 20  $\mu$ M [1-<sup>14</sup>C]-IPP and crude extract. Reactions were carried out at 30°C for 15 minutes and terminated by the addition of 0.3 ml of a mix-
- 30 ture of concentrated HCl:methanol (4:1) and an additional incubation at 37°C for 20 min. Hexane (0.9 ml) was added and the tubes were mixed (4 times for 10 seconds using a vortex mixer). After centrifugation (21,000 x g, 5 minutes), 0.6 ml of the hexane layer was transferred to a scintillation vial, scintillation fluid was added, and the radioactivity counted. Activity is expressed as U/mg protein. One unit of activity = 1 pmol [1-<sup>14</sup>C]-IPP
- 35 incorporated into acid labile products/min. The lower limit of detection of IPP isomerase activity was 1 U/mg.

- 46 -

FPP synthase assays. Crude extracts were prepared in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0). The FPP synthase assay procedure was similar to the IPP isomerase assay described above, being based on the difference in acid lability of IPP and FPP (Spurgeon et al., supra). Reaction mixtures (0.1 ml final volume) contained 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0),  
5 2 mM dithiothreitol, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 20 μM [1-<sup>14</sup>C]-IPP, 25 μM GPP (geranyl pyrophosphate) and crude extract. Reactions were carried out at 30°C for 15 minutes and terminated by the addition of 0.3 ml of a mixture of concentrated HCl:methanol (4:1) and an additional incubation at 37°C for 20 minutes. Hexane (0.9 ml) was added and the tubes were mixed (4x, 10 seconds using a vortex mixer). After centrifugation (21,000 x g, 5  
10 minutes), 0.6 ml of the hexane layer was transferred to a scintillation vial, scintillation fluid was added, and the radioactivity counted. Units of enzyme activity, and the lower limit of detection, were the same as defined above for IPP isomerase. In cases where high IPP isomerase activity interferes with measurement of FPP synthase activity, crude extract may be preincubated for 5 minutes in the presence of 5mM iodoacetamide to inhibit IPP  
15 isomerase activity.

GGPP synthase assays. Crude extracts were prepared in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 2 mM dithiothreitol. GGPP synthase was assayed according to the procedure of Kuzuguchi et al. [J. Biol. Chem. 274:5888-5894 (1999)]. This assay is based on the same principle as described above for FPP synthase. Reaction mixtures (0.1 ml final volume)  
20 contained 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0), 2 mM dithiothreitol, 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 20 μM [1-<sup>14</sup>C]-IPP, 25 μM FPP and crude extract. All reaction conditions and subsequent treatment of samples for scintillation counting were identical to those described above for FPP synthase. Treatment of extract with iodoacetamide to inhibit IPP isomerase activity may also be used as above. Units of enzyme activity, and the lower limit of detection, were the same  
25 as defined above for IPP isomerase.

Acetoacetyl-CoA reductase assays. Crude extracts are prepared in 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.5) containing 50 mM KCl and 5 mM dithiothreitol. Acetoacetyl-CoA reductase was assayed according to the procedure of Chohan and Copeland [Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 64:2859-2863 (1998)]. This assay measures the acetoacetyl-CoA-dependent oxidation of  
30 NADPH spectrophotometrically at 340 nm. Reaction mixtures (1 ml) contain 50 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.5), 15 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 250 μM NADPH, and 100 μM acetoacetyl-CoA. Reactions are performed at in a quartz cuvette at 30°C and are initiated by the addition of acetoacetyl-CoA. Activity (expressed as U/mg protein) was calculated using a standard curve constructed with NADPH (1 unit of activity = 1 μmol NADPH oxidized/min). The  
35 lower limit of detection of acetoacetyl-CoA reductase activity is about 0.01 U/mg.

**Example 2: Taxonomic Reclassification of *Flavobacterium* sp. as *Paracoccus***

- This Example describes the taxonomic re-classification of the zeaxanthin-producing bacterium formerly designated *Flavobacterium* sp. strain R-1512 (ATCC 21588) as *Paracoccus* sp. strain R-1512 (ATCC 21588). A comprehensive genomic and
- 5 biochemical/physiological analysis was performed by the Belgian Coordinated Collections of Microorganisms/Laboratorium voor Microbiologie, Universiteit Gent (BCCM™/LMG), using state-of-the-art methods currently accepted as the scientific standards for bacterial classification. Besides *Paracoccus* sp. strain R-1512, several other bacteria belonging to the genus *Paracoccus* were included in the study (summarized in Table 2).

10 Table 2. Bacteria used in taxonomic study.

Bacterium	Strain designation	Source or reference
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp.	R-1512 (ATCC 21588)	ATCC (environmental isolate) US 3,891,504
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp.	R1534	mutant derived from R-1512; US 6,087,152
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp.	R114	mutant derived from R-1512; This work
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp.	R-1506	environmental isolate; This work
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp.	MBIC3024	H. Kasai, Kamaishi Institute, Japan
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp.	MBIC3966	H. Kasai, Kamaishi Institute, Japan
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp.	MBIC4017	H. Kasai, Kamaishi Institute, Japan
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp.	MBIC4020	H. Kasai, Kamaishi Institute, Japan
<i>P. marcusii</i>	DSM 11574 <sup>T</sup>	Harker et al., infra
<i>P. carotinifaciens</i>	E-396 <sup>T</sup>	Tsubokura et al., infra
<i>P. solventivorans</i>	DSM 6637 <sup>T</sup>	Siller et. al., Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 46:1125-1130 (1996)

Strains R1534 and R114 are mutants derived from strain R-1512 by classical mutagenesis and screening for improved zeaxanthin production. The primary screening was accomplished by selecting the highest color intensity producing colonies. A secondary screening

- 48 -

was accomplished in liquid culture media by the HPLC methods according to Example 1. Strain R-1506 is an independent isolate obtained from the same initial screening of environmental microorganisms that provided strain R-1512. Strains MBIC3024, MBIC3966, MBIC4017 and MBIC4020 were identified as members of the genus *Paracoccus* by the

5 nucleotide sequences of their 16S rDNA genes (DNA sequences were deposited in the public EMBL database, see Table 5). *Paracoccus marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup> and *Paracoccus carotinifaciens* E-396<sup>T</sup> are recently described type strains of carotenoid-producing bacteria [Harker et al., Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 48:543-548 (1998); Tsubokura et al., Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 49:277-282 (1999)]. *Paracoccus solventivorans* DSM 6637<sup>T</sup> was included as a

10 "control" strain, being a member of the genus *Paracoccus* but distantly related to the other bacteria used.

Preliminary experiments resulted in the following conclusions. Each of the methods set forth herein has a well-recognized ability to define taxonomic relatedness or relative degree of similarity between organisms. The methods and their use for delineating bacterial taxa

15 were described and compared in detail by Van Damme et al., Microbiological Reviews 60:407-438 (1996) and Janssen et al., Microbiology 142:1881-1893 (1996).

- (1) Fatty acid analysis of the cell membranes of strains R1534 and R114 showed that the two strains were highly similar and indicated a taxonomic relatedness of these strains to *Paracoccus denitrificans* and *Rhodobacter capsulatus*.
- 20 (2) One-dimensional gel electrophoresis of cellular proteins showed a high similarity (i.e., a relatedness at the intra-species level) between R1534 and R114, but the profiles did not justify allocation of these strains to either *R. capsulatus* or *P. denitrificans*.
- (3) DNA:DNA hybridization between strain R1534 and *R. capsulatus* LMG2962<sup>T</sup> and *P. denitrificans* LMG4218<sup>T</sup> confirmed that strain R1534 is neither *R. capsulatus* nor *P. denitri-*
- 25 *ficans*.
- (4) Sequencing of 16S rDNA genes from strains R1534 and R114 showed that these organisms belong to the genus *Paracoccus*, but that they represent a new species. The highest degree of sequence similarity was observed with the 16S rDNA gene of *Paracoccus* sp. strains MBIC3966, MBIC4020 and MBIC3024.
- 30 (5) DNA fingerprinting of strains R1534 and R-1512 using Amplified Fragment Length Polymorphism (AFLP<sup>TM</sup>) showed high overall similarity of the genomic DNA from the two strains, indicating an infraspecific relatedness (i.e. AFLP<sup>TM</sup> can differentiate between two members of the same species).

In the following sections, the results and conclusions of the present comprehensive taxonomic study of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R-1512 (and its mutant derivatives R1534 and R114) are set forth.

- 5 16S rDNA sequencing and phylogenetic study. The bacteria set forth in Table 2 were grown in LMG medium 185 ((TSA) BBL 11768 supplemented where necessary with 1.5% Difco Bacto agar). Genomic DNA was prepared according to the protocol of Niemann et al. [J. Appl. Microbiol. 82:477-484 (1997)]. Genes coding for 16S rDNA were amplified from genomic DNA from strains R-1512, R1534, R114 and R-1506 by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) using the primers shown in Table 3.

- 10 **Table 3. Primers used for PCR amplification of DNA coding for 16S rDNA in *Paracoccus* sp. strains R-1512, R1534, R114, and R-1506.**

Primer name <sup>a</sup>	Sequence (5'→3')	SEQ ID NO	Position <sup>b</sup>
16F27	AGA GTT TGA TCC TGG CTC AG	SEQ ID NO:1	8-27
16F38	CTG GCT CAG GAC/T GAA CGC TG	SEQ ID NO:2	19-38
16R1522	AAG GAG GTG ATC CAG CCG CA	SEQ ID NO:3	1541-1522

- <sup>a</sup>F, forward primer; R, reverse primer. Forward primer 16F27 (Synonym: PA) was used for strains R1534 and R-1506, while forward primer 16F38 (Synonym: ARI C/T) was used for strains R-1512 and R114. The reverse primer 16R1522 (Synonym: PH) was used for all  
15 strains.

<sup>b</sup>Hybridization position referring to *E. coli* 16S rDNA gene sequence numbering.

- The PCR-amplified DNAs were purified using the Qiaquick PCR Purification Kit (Qiagen GmbH, Hilden, Germany). Complete sequencing was performed using an Applied Biosystems, Inc. 377 DNA Sequencer and the protocols of the manufacturer (Perkin-Elmer,  
20 Applied Biosystems Division, Foster City, CA, USA) using the "ABI PRISM™ Big Dye™ Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit (with AmpliTaq® DNA Polymerase, Fs)". The primers used for DNA sequencing are shown in Table 4.

**Table 4. Primers used for sequencing PCR-amplified segments of genes coding for 16S rDNA in *Paracoccus* sp. strains R-1512, R1534, R114 and R-1506.**

Primer name <sup>a</sup> / Synonym	Sequence (5'→3')	SEQ ID NO	Position <sup>b</sup>
---------------------------------------	------------------	-----------	-----------------------

16F358/*Gamma	CTC CTA CGG GAG GCA GCA GT	SEQ ID NO:4	339-358
16F536/*PD	CAG CAG CCG CGG TAA TAC	SEQ ID NO:5	519-536
16F926/*O	AAC TCA AAG GAA TTG ACG G	SEQ ID NO:6	908-926
16F1112/*3	AGT CCC GCA ACG AGC GCA AC	SEQ ID NO:7	1093-1112
16F1241/*R	GCT ACA CAC GTG CTA CAA TG	SEQ ID NO:8	1222-1241
16R339/Gamma	ACT GCT GCC TCC CGT AGG AG	SEQ ID NO:9	358-339
16R519/PD	GTA TTA CCG CGG CTG CTG	SEQ ID NO:10	536-519
16R1093/3	GTT GCG CTC GTT GCG GGA CT	SEQ ID NO:11	1112-1093

<sup>a</sup>F, forward primer; R, reverse primer.

<sup>b</sup>Hybridization position referring to *E. coli* 16S rDNA gene sequence numbering.

Five forward and three reverse primers were used to obtain a partial overlap of sequences, ensuring highly reliable assembled sequence data. Sequence assembly was performed using the program AutoAssembler (Perkin-Elmer, Applied Biosystems Division, Foster City, CA, USA). Phylogenetic analysis was performed using the software package Gene-Compar™ (v. 2.0, Applied Maths B.V.B.A., Kortrijk, Belgium) after including the consensus sequences (from strains R-1512, R1534, R114 and R-1506) in an alignment of small ribosomal subunit sequences collected from the international nucleotide sequence library EMBL. This alignment was pairwise calculated using an open gap penalty of 100% and a unit gap penalty of 0%. A similarity matrix was created by homology calculation with a gap penalty of 0% and after discarding unknown bases. A resulting tree was constructed using the neighbor-joining method.

The nucleotide sequence of the 16s rDNA gene from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R-1512 is illustrated as SEQ ID NO:12. The distance matrix, presented as the percentage of 16S rDNA sequence similarity, between strain R-1512 and its closest relatives, is shown in Table 5. The sequences from strains R-1512 and its mutant derivatives R1534 and R114 were identical. The sequence from R-1506 differed by only one nucleotide from the sequence from latter strains. This demonstrated strains R-1512 and R-1506 are phylogenetically highly related and likely belong to the same species (confirmed by DNA:DNA hybridization, see below). Comparison of the R-1512 and R-1506 sequences with those publicly available at the EMBL library located R-1512 and R-1506 in the genus *Paracoccus*. However, the sequence similarities observed with all currently taxonomically validly described *Paracoccus* species was <97%, the value generally accepted as the limit for a possible relatedness at the species level [Stackebrandt and Goebel, Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.

44:846-849 (1994)]. This demonstrated that strains R-1512 (and its mutant derivatives) and R-1506 belong to one or two new *Paracoccus* species. Sequence similarities of >97% (significant for a possible relationship at the species level), were observed between four unnamed *Paracoccus* strains and strains R-1512, R1534, R114 and R-1506, suggesting that one or more of the unnamed (MBIC) strains may relate at the species level to strains R-1512 and R-1506. Based on cluster analysis (phylogenetic tree depicting the phylogenetic relatedness between *Paracoccus* sp. strains R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506, MBIC3966, and other members of the genus *Paracoccus*), strains R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506 and four unnamed *Paracoccus* strains (MBIC3024, MBIC3966, MBIC4017 and MBIC4020) were selected for DNA:DNA hybridization experiments to analyze species relatedness.

Table 5. Distance matrix, presented as the percentage of 16S rDNA sequence similarity, between *Paracoccus* sp. strain R-1512 and its closest relatives.

Strain <sup>a</sup>	EMBL Accession number	% Similarity
R-1512	-	100
R1534	-	100
R114	-	100
R-1506	-	99.9
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. MBIC3966	AB018688	100
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. MBIC3024	AB008115	98.2
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. MBIC4020	AB025191	98.1
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. MBIC4036	AB025192	97.0
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. MBIC4017	AB025188	96.9
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. MBIC4019	AB025190	96.8
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. MBIC4018	AB025189	96.4
<i>Paracoccus marcusii</i> DSM 11574 <sup>T</sup>	Y12703	96.2
<i>Paracoccus carotinifaciens</i> E-396 <sup>T</sup>	AB006899	96.1
<i>Paracoccus solventivorans</i> DSM 6637 <sup>T</sup>	Y07705	95.4
<i>Paracoccus thiocyanaticus</i> THIO11 <sup>T</sup>	D32242	95.3
<i>Paracoccus aminophilus</i> JCM 7686 <sup>T</sup>	D32239	95.1
<i>Paracoccus alcaliphilus</i> JCM 7364 <sup>T</sup>	D32238	95.0



<i>Paracoccus pantotrophicus</i> ATCC 35512 <sup>T</sup>	Y16933	95.0
<i>Paracoccus denitrificans</i> ATCC 17741 <sup>T</sup>	Y16927	94.8
<i>Paracoccus versutus</i> IAM 12814 <sup>T</sup>	D32243	94.7
<i>Paracoccus kocurii</i> JCM 7684 <sup>T</sup>	D32241	94.6
<i>Paracoccus aminovorans</i> JCM 7685 <sup>T</sup>	D32240	94.4
<i>Paracoccus alkenifer</i> A901/1 <sup>T</sup>	Y13827	94.3
<i>Rhodobacter capsulatus</i> ATCC 11166 <sup>T</sup>	D16428	92.9

<sup>a</sup>Type strains are followed by a <sup>T</sup>

- DNA:DNA hybridization and determination of G+C content. The bacteria set forth in Table 5 were grown in LMG medium 185. Genomic DNA was prepared according to the protocol of Wilson [In Ausabel et al. (eds.), Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Greene Publishing and Wiley Interscience, New York, 2.4.1-2.4.5 (1987)]. The G+C content of the DNA's was determined by HPLC according to Mesbach et al. [Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 39:159-167 (1989)] as modified by Logan et al. [Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol. 50:1741-1753 (2000)]. Reported values are the mean of these measurements on the same DNA sample. DNA:DNA hybridizations were performed using the initial renaturation rate method as described by De Ley et al. [Eur. J. Biochem. 12:133-142 (1970)]. The hybridization temperature was 81.5°C. For this method, an average deviation of +/-5.8% has been reported by Vauterin et al. [Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 45:472-489 (1995)]. The G+C content of the bacterial DNA's and the results of the DNA hybridization experiments are summarized in Table 6.
- Table 6. G+C content (mol %) of DNA from *Paracoccus* spp. strains and per cent DNA homology between the strains.

Strain	%G+C	% DNA Homology							
R-1512	67.6	100							
R1534	67.7	96	100						
R114	67.5	100	97	100					
R-1506	67.5	94	90	88	100				
MBIC3024	65.4	31	nd <sup>a</sup>	nd	31	100			
MBIC3966	66.9	93	nd	nd	88	32	100		
MBIC4017	67.2	32	nd	nd	31	24	24	100	

- 53 -

MBIC4020	68.4	27	nd	nd	25	25	23	34	100
----------	------	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----

<sup>a</sup>not determined

Strains R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506 and MBIC3966 showed a DNA homology of >70% (the generally accepted limit for species delineation [Wayne et al., Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 37:463-464 (1987)]), and therefore belong to the same species within the genus *Paracoccus*.

- 5 The G+C content of these five strains varied from 66.9%-67.7%, thus remaining within 1%, characteristic for a well defined species. On the other hand, the low DNA homology between strains MBIC3024, MBIC4017 and MBIC4020 and strains R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506 and MBIC3966 showed that MBIC3024, MBIC4017 and MBIC4020 each belong to a different genomic species within the genus *Paracoccus*.
- 10 DNA fingerprinting using AFLP™. AFLP™ is a PCR-based technique for whole genome DNA fingerprinting via the selective amplification and selective visualization of restriction fragments [Vos et al., Nucleic Acids Research 23:4407-4414 (1995); Janssen et al., supra]. In this analysis, *Paracoccus* sp. strains R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506, MBIC3966, and *Paracoccus marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup> were compared to evaluate infraspecies relatedness. These
- 15 bacteria were grown in LMG medium 185. Genomic DNA from each of these bacteria was prepared according to the protocol of Wilson (supra). Purified DNA was digested by two restriction enzymes, a 4-base cutter and a 6-base cutter. In this way, a limited number of fragments with two different ends and of suitable size for efficient PCR were obtained. Adaptors (small double-stranded DNA molecules of 15-20 bp) containing one compatible
- 20 end were ligated to the appropriate "sticky" end of the restriction fragments. Both adaptors are restriction halfsite-specific, and have different sequences. These adaptors serve as binding sites for PCR primers. Here, the restriction enzymes used were *ApaI* (a hexacutter, recognition sequence GGGCC/C) and *TaqI* (a tetracutter, recognition sequence T/GCA). The sequences of the adaptors ligated to the sticky ends generated by
- 25 cleavage with the restriction enzymes are shown in Table 7 (SEQ ID Nos:13-22). PCR was used for selective amplification of the restriction fragments. The PCR primers specifically annealed with the adaptor ends of the restriction fragments. Because the primers contain, at their 3' end, one so-called "selective base" that extends beyond the restriction site into the fragment, only those restriction fragments that have the appropriate complementary
- 30 sequence adjacent to the restriction site were amplified. The sequences of the six PCR primer combinations used are also shown in Table 7.

Table 7. Adaptors and PCR primers used for AFLP™ analysis.

	Sequence	SEQ ID NO
Adaptors corresponding to restriction enzyme <i>Apal</i>		
Adaptor 93A03	5'-TCGTAGACTGCGTACAGGCC-3'	SEQ ID NO:13
Adaptor 93A04	3'-CATCTGACGCATGT-5'	SEQ ID NO:14
Adaptors corresponding to restriction enzyme <i>TaqI</i>		
Adaptor 94A01	5'-GACGATGAGTCCTGAC-3'	SEQ ID NO:15
Adaptor 94A02	3'-TACTCAGGACTGGC-5'	SEQ ID NO:16
	Sequence	SEQ ID NO
Primer combination 1 (PC A)		
A01	5'GACTGCGTACAGGCCCA3'	SEQ ID NO:17
T01	5'CGATGAGTCCTGACCGAA3'	SEQ ID NO:18
Primer combination 2 (PC B)		
A01	5'GACTGCGTACAGGCCCA3'	SEQ ID NO:17
T02	5'CGATGAGTCCTGACCGAC3'	SEQ ID NO:19
Primer combination 3 (PC D)		
A02	5'GACTGCGTACAGGCCCC3'	SEQ ID NO:20
T01	5'CGATGAGTCCTGACCGAA3'	SEQ ID NO:18
Primer combination 4 (PC I)		
A03	5'GACTGCGTACAGGCCCG3'	SEQ ID NO:21
T03	5'CGATGAGTCCTGACCGAG3'	SEQ ID NO:22
Primer combination 5 (PC G)		
A03	5'GACTGCGTACAGGCCCG3'	SEQ ID NO:21
T01	5'CGATGAGTCCTGACCGAA3'	SEQ ID NO:18
Primer combination 6 (PC H)		
A03	5'GACTGCGTACAGGCCCG3'	SEQ ID NO:21
T02	5'CGATGAGTCCTGACCGAC3'	SEQ ID NO:19

Following amplification, the PCR products were separated according to their length on a high resolution polyacrylamide gel using a DNA sequencer (ABI 377). Fragments that contained an adaptor specific for the restriction halfsite created by the 6-bp cutter were

- 55 -

visualized by autoradiography due to the 5'-end labeling of the corresponding primer with  $^{32}\text{P}$ . The electrophoretic patterns were scanned and numerically analyzed with Gel-Compar<sup>TM</sup> 4.2 software (Applied Maths, B.V.B.A., Kortrijk, Belgium) and clustered using the Pearson curve matching coefficient and unweighted pair group averages linking [clustering methods were reviewed by Sneath and Sokal, In: Numerical Taxonomy. Freeman & Son, San Francisco (1973)].

In all six primer combinations (PC A-H, Table 7), the DNA fingerprints of *Paracoccus* sp. strains R-1512, R1534 and R114 were highly similar if not identical. In cases where minor differences were observed, reproducibility was not evaluated. The high similarity or identity among the three strains was expected as strains R1534 and R114 were derived from strain R-1512. With all primer combinations, strains R-1512, R1534 and R114 were clearly discriminated from strains R-1506 and MBIC3966, the latter two strains equally belonging to the new *Paracoccus* species. However, the fingerprints provide no clear indication that strains R-1512, R1534 and R114 are more related to either R-1506 or MBIC3966. Under the conditions used, the five strains of the new species cluster at an average level of about 58% similarity (this value is the mean of the six values of the branching points of the new species in the six AFLP<sup>TM</sup> experiments (six primer combinations)), and the cluster can clearly be discriminated from the profile of *Paracoccus marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup>, the type strain of a phylogenetically related carotenoid-producing *Paracoccus* species. The mean similarity value of the six branching points for *Paracoccus marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup> and the new species was about 11%.

Fatty acid analysis. The fatty acid composition of the cell membranes of *Paracoccus* sp. strains R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506, MBIC3966 were compared to the type strains *P. marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup>, *P. carotinifaciens* E-396<sup>T</sup> and *P. solventivorans* DSM 6637<sup>T</sup>. The bacteria were grown for 24 hours at 28°C in LMG medium 185. The fatty acid compositions were determined by gas chromatography using the commercial system MIDI (Microbial Identification System, Inc., DE, USA). Extraction and analysis of fatty acids was performed according to the recommendations of the MIDI system. Table 8 summarizes the results for all strains tested. For the five strains of the new *Paracoccus* species (R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506, MBIC3966), the mean profile was calculated. All eight organisms showed a comparable fatty acid composition of their cell membranes, with 18:1 w7c as the major compound. Only minor differences in fatty acid composition were observed between the new *Paracoccus* species and the three type strains.

Utilization of carbon sources for growth. For testing the aerobic utilization of carbon sources, BIOLOG-SF-N Microplate microtiter plates (Biolog Inc., Hayward, CA, USA) containing 95 substrates were used with the exception that the substrate in well E6 was D,L-lactic acid methyl ester instead of the usual sodium salt of D,L-lactic acid. Cells from each of the strains identified in Table 9 were grown for 24 hours at 28°C in LMG medium 12 (Marine Agar, Difco 0979). A cell suspension with a density equivalent to 0.5 McFarland units was prepared in sterile distilled water. From this suspension, 18 drops were transferred into 21 ml of AUX medium (API 20NE, bioMérieux, France) and mixed gently. 0.1 Milliliters of the suspension was transferred to each well of the BIOLOG MicroPlates, and the plates were incubated at 30°C. Wells were visually checked for growth after 48 hours and after 6 days. Also, at 6 days the visual scoring was confirmed by reading the microtiter plates using the BIOLOG plate reader.

The results of the BIOLOG analysis are shown in Table 9. Growth (positive reaction) was determined as increased turbidity compared to the reference well without substrate. A distinction was made between good growth (+), weak growth ( $\pm$ ) and no growth (-). Results in parentheses are those obtained after 6 days if different from the results obtained after 48 hours. A question mark indicates an unclear result at 6 days. Of the 95 carbon sources tested, 12 could be used, and 47 could not be used, for growth by all five strains comprising the new *Paracoccus* species (R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506 and MBIC3966). These five strains gave variable growth responses to the remaining 36 substrates. The new *Paracoccus* species could be distinguished from the two other carotenoid-producing bacteria (*P. marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup> and *P. carotinifaciens* E-396<sup>T</sup>) by their inability to use seven carbon sources (adonitol, i-erythritol, gentiobiose,  $\beta$ -methylglucoside, D-sorbitol, xylitol and quinic acid). Two carbon sources that were utilized by all five members of the new *Paracoccus* species (L-asparagine and L-aspartic acid) were not used for growth by *P. marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup>.

Table 8. Fatty acid composition of cell membranes of *Paracoccus* sp. strains R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506, MBIC3966 and three type strains of other *Paracoccus* species, i.e. *P. marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup>, *P. carotinifaciens* E-396<sup>T</sup> and *P. solventivorans* DSM 6637<sup>T</sup>

Name	Mean % for:	% for:		
	R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506 and MBIC3966	DSM 11574 <sup>T</sup>	E-396 <sup>T</sup>	DSM 6637 <sup>T</sup>
10:0 3OH	4.9 $\pm$ 1.1	6.2	3.4	3.6

Unnamed 11.799	3.6 ± 0.5	4.9	2.8	3.0
Unnamed 15.275	1.5 ± 0.3	2.9	1.1	ND <sup>a</sup>
16:0	0.3 ± 0.2	ND	0.3	0.7
17:1 w8c	ND	ND	0.6	0.8
17:0	0.1 ± 0.1	ND	0.3	1.3
18:1 w7c	80.5 ± 1.8	80.3	84.0	79.0
	Mean % for:	% for:		
Name	R-1512, R1534, R114, R-1506 and MBIC3966	DSM 11574 <sup>T</sup>	E-396 <sup>T</sup>	DSM 6637 <sup>T</sup>
18:0	3.6 ± 0.4	2.6	5.2	6.6
18:0 3OH	0.6 ± 0.4	ND	ND	ND
19:0	ND	ND	ND	0.7
20:1 w7c	0.8 ± 0.2	ND	0.2	2.0
Summed feature 2	2.7 ± 0.4	3.0	2.1	2.6
Summed feature 3	0.7 ± 0.5	ND	0.2	ND
TOTAL	99.3	99.9	100.2	100.3

<sup>a</sup> ND, not detected

Biochemical tests. Selected biochemical features were tested using the API 20NE strip (bioMérieux, France). Cells from each of the bacterial strains identified in Table 10 were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12. Cell suspensions were prepared and strips inoculated according to the instructions of the manufacturer. Strips were incubated at 28°C and results determined after 24 and 48 hours. The results are summarized in Table 10. Of the nine features tested, only one (urease activity) gave a variable response among the five strains of the new *Paracoccus* species. These nine tests did not differentiate between the new *Paracoccus* species and *Paracoccus marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup> and *P. carotini-faciens* E-396<sup>T</sup>.

Table 9. Utilization of carbon sources for growth by *Paracoccus* spp. strains.

	R1512	R1534	R114	R1506	MBIC 3966	DSM 11574 <sup>T</sup>	E-396 <sup>T</sup>	DSM 6637 <sup>T</sup>

- 58 -

$\alpha$ -Cyclodextrin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dextrin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-( $\pm$ )
Glycogen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tween 40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-(?)	-
Tween 80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GalNAc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	R1512	R1534	R114	R1506	MBIC 3966	DSM 11574 <sup>T</sup>	E-396 <sup>T</sup>	DSM 6637 <sup>T</sup>
GlucNAc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-(?)
Adonitol	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-
L-Arabinose	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+
D-Arabitol	+	+	+	+	$\pm$ (+)	+	+	-
Cellobiose	$\pm$ (+)	$\pm$ (+)	-(?)	-(+)	-( $\pm$ )	+	+	-(+)
i-Erythritol	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-
D-Fructose	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
L-Fucose	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-
D-Galactose	+	+	+	$\pm$ (+)	$\pm$ (+)	+	+	-( $\pm$ )
Gentiobiose	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-( $\pm$ )
$\alpha$ -D-Glucose	+	+	+	$\pm$ (+)	-(+)	+	$\pm$ (+)	+
m-Inositol	+	+	+	-(+)	-(+)	+	-( $\pm$ )	-
$\alpha$ -Lactose	+	$\pm$ (+)	-(+)	-(+)	-(+)	+	+	$\pm$ (+)
Lactulose	-( $\pm$ )	-(+)	-(+)	-( $\pm$ )	-	+	+	-(+)
Maltose	+	+	-(+)	-(+)	-( $\pm$ )	+	+	-(+)
D-Mannitol	+	+	+	+	-(+)	+	+	-( $\pm$ )
D-Mannose	+	+	+	+	-( $\pm$ )	+	+	-(+)
D-Melibiose	+	+	+	-(+)	-(+)	+	+	-(?)
$\beta$ -Methylgluc	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+

- 59 -

D-Psicose	-(+)	±(+)	±(+)	-	-(+)	-	±	-
D-Raffinose	-	-	-	-	-	-(+)	+	-
L-Rhamnose	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-(?)
D-Sorbitol	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-
Sucrose	+	+	±(+)	-(+)	-	+	+	+
D-Trehalose	+	+	-(+)	-(+)	-(+)	+	+	+
	R1512	R1534	R114	R1506	MBIC 3966	DSM 11574 <sup>T</sup>	E-396 <sup>T</sup>	DSM 6637 <sup>T</sup>
Turanose	-(+)	-(+)	-	-	-	+	+	+
Xylitol	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-
Methylpyruvate	±	-	±	-(?)	±	-	+	-(±)
MMSucc	±(+)	±	-(±)	-(+)	-(±)	-(+)	+	-
Acetic acid	-	-	±	-	-	-	-	+
Cis-aconitic acid	-	±	±	-	-	±	-	-
Citric acid	-	±	±	-	-	±	-	-
Formic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GalAlactone	-(±)	-(±)	-(±)	-	-	-	-(±)	-(?)
GalacturonicA	-	-	-	-	-	-(+)	-(±)	-
D-Gluconic acid	+	+	+	-(±)	-(±)	+	+	+
GlucosaminicA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GlucuronicA	±	+	+	-(±)	-	±(+)	-	-
AHBA	-(±)	-	-(±)	-	-(+)	-	-	-
BHBA	+	+	+	-(±)	±	-(+)	+	+
GHBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PHPAA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-(+)
Itaconic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



- 60 -

AKBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-(±)
AKGA	-	-	-	-(±)	-(?)	-(±)	-(+)	-(±)
AKVA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LAME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malonic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Propionic acid	-	±	±	-	-	±	+	+
	R1512	R1534	R114	R1506	MBIC 3966	DSM 11574 <sup>T</sup>	E-396 <sup>T</sup>	DSM 6637 <sup>T</sup>
Quinic acid	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-
SaccA	-(+)	±	-	-(±)	-	-	-	-
Sebacic acid	-(+)	-(+)	-(+)	-(+)	-(±)	-	-(+)	-
Succinic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-(+)	±	-(?)
BromosuccA	-	-	-	-	-	±	-	-
Succinamic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-(+)	-(+)	-
Glucuronamide	-	-	-	-	-(±)	-	-	-
Alaninamide	-	-	-	-	-	-(+)	+	-
D-Alanine	-	-	-(+)	-	-	-	-	-
L-Alanine	+	+	+	+	-	-(+)	+	+
L-Alanyl- glycine	-(+)	-	-(+)	-	-	-	-(+)	-(?)
L-Asparagine	+	+	±(+)	+	±(+)	-	+	-
L-Aspartic acid	+	+	±(+)	-(+)	-(+)	-	+	-
L-Glutamic acid	+	+	+	+	±(+)	-(+)	+	-(+)
GAA	-	-	-	-(±)	-	-	-	-
GGA	-(?)	-	-	-(?)	-	-	-(±)	-
L-Histidine	-	-	-	-	-	-(?)	-	+
HydPro	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
L-Leucine	-(±)	-(+)	-(+)	-(+)	-	-(+)	-(?)	-(+)

- 61 -

L-Ornithine	-	-(+)	±(+)	-(±)	-	-	-(+)	-
L-Phenylalanine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
L-Proline	+	+	+	+	-	-(+)	+	+
PyroGluA	+	+	+	+	±(+)	-(+)	+	-
D-Serine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
L-Serine	±	±(+)	-(+)	-(±)	-(+)	-(+)	-(+)	+
	R1512	R1534	R114	R1506	MBIC 3966	DSM 11574 <sup>T</sup>	E-396 <sup>T</sup>	DSM 6637 <sup>T</sup>
L-Threonine	-	-	-	-	-	-(+)	-	-
D,L-Carnitine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GABA	-	-	-	-	-(+)	-	-(+)	-(+)
Urocanic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-(+)
Inosine	-	-(±)	-	-	-	-(±)	-(+)	-(+)
Uridine	-	-	-	-	-	-(±)	-(+)	-
Thymidine	-	-	-	-	-	-(±)	-(±)	-
PEA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Putresceine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2-Aminoethanol	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,3-Butanediol	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Glycerol	+	+	+	-(+)	-	+	+	-
GlycP	-	-	-	-	-(±)	-	-	-
Gluc-1-P	-	-	-	-	-	-	-(±)	-
Gluc-6-P	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

GalNAc: N-Acetyl-D-galactosamine; GlucNAc: N-Acetyl-D-glucosamine; β-Methylgluc:

β-Methylglucoside; MMSucc: Mono-methylsuccinate; GalAlactone: D-Galactonic acid  
lactone; GalacturonicA: D-Galacturonic acid; GlucosaminicA: D-Glucosaminic acid;

GlucuronicA: D-Glucuronic acid; AHBA: α-Hydroxybutyric acid; BHBA: β-Hydroxy-

5 butyric acid; GHBA: γ-Hydroxybutyric acid; PHPAA: p-Hydroxyphenylacetic acid; AKBA:

- 62 -

- $\alpha$ -Ketobutyric acid; AKGA:  $\alpha$ -Ketoglutaric acid; AKVA:  $\alpha$ -Ketovaleric acid; LAME: D,L-Lactic acid methyl ester; SaccA: D-Saccharic acid; BromosuccA: Bromosuccinic acid; GAA: Glycyl-L-aspartic acid; GGA: Glycyl-L-glutamic acid; HydPro: Hydroxy-L-proline; PyroGluA: L-Pyroglutamic acid; GABA:  $\gamma$ -Aminobutyric acid; PEA: Phenylethylamine;
- 5 GlycP: D,L- $\alpha$ -Glycerolphosphate; Gluc-1-P: Glucose-1-phosphate; Gluc-6-P: Glucose-6-phosphate

Table 10. Biochemical features of *Paracoccus* spp. strains: 12 = R1512; 34 = R1534; 14 = R114, 06 = R1506; 66 = MBIC3966; 74 = DSM 11574<sup>T</sup>, 96 = E-396<sup>T</sup>, 37 = DSM 6637<sup>T</sup>

	12	34	14	06	66	74	96	37
Reduction nitrate to nitrite	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
Reduction nitrate to nitrogen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
Indole from tryptophan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fermentation of glucose	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arginine hydrolase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urease	S / + 5	-	-	S / + 5	+	-	-	-
Esculine hydrolysis <sup>a</sup>	weak	S / + 5	S / + 5	+	+	+	+	+
Gelatine hydrolysis <sup>b</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
$\beta$ -Galactosidase	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-

<sup>a</sup>:  $\beta$ -glucosidase; <sup>b</sup>: protease; S / + 5: Slow + 5 days

- 10 Physiological tests. Several physiological and morphological tests were performed on the five strains of the new *Paracoccus* species, along with *Paracoccus marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup>, *Paracoccus carotinifaciens* E-396<sup>T</sup> and *Paracoccus solventivorans* DSM 6637<sup>T</sup>. The methods used for each test were as follows.

*Temperature range for growth.* Cells were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12.

- 15 A cell suspension with a density of between 1-2 McFarland units was prepared in sterile distilled water. From this suspension, 3 drops were transferred onto the agar surface of LMG medium 12. One drop was diluted by streaking, the other 2 drops were left undisturbed. The plates were incubated under aerobic conditions at 10°C, 25°C, 30°C, 33°C, 37°C and 40°C, and checked for growth after 24 hours, 48 hours and 5 days. Growth was
- 20 determined as visual growth (confluent in the drops and as colonies in the streaks with

diluted inoculum) compared to the growth at 30°C (i.e., the "control"). Scoring was done (vs. the control plate) as follows; better growth (++), good (equivalent to the control) growth (+), weaker growth ( $\pm$ ), poor growth ( $\pm$ ), and no growth (-). Results in parentheses are those observed in the streaks if different from the confluent growth in the undisturbed drops.

*Salt tolerance.* Cells were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12. A cell suspension with a density of between 1-2 McFarland units was prepared in sterile distilled water. From this suspension, 3 drops were transferred onto the agar surface of LMG medium 12 supplemented with NaCl to reach final concentrations of 3%, 6% and 8%. One drop was diluted by streaking, the other 2 drops were left undisturbed. The plates were incubated under aerobic conditions at 28°C and checked for growth after 24 hours, 48 hours and 5 days. Growth was determined as visual growth (confluent in the drops and as colonies in the streaks with diluted inoculum) compared to the growth without added NaCl (control). Scoring was done (vs. the control plate) as follows; better growth (++), good (equivalent to the control) growth (+), weaker growth ( $\pm$ ), poor growth ( $\pm$ ), and no growth (-). Results in parentheses are those observed in the streaks if different from the confluent growth in the undisturbed drops.

*pH Range for growth.* Cells were grown for 24 hours at 28°C in LMG medium 12. A cell suspension with a density of between 1-2 McFarland units was prepared in sterile distilled water. From this suspension, 3 drops were transferred into tubes containing 10 ml liquid LMG medium 12 with modified pH, giving final pH values after autoclaving of pH 6.1, pH 6.3, pH 7.0, pH 7.7, pH 8.1 and pH 9.1. The liquid cultures were incubated aerobically (with shaking) at 28°C. Growth was checked at 24 hours, 48 hours, 3 days and 6 days. Growth was determined as increased turbidity (measured as % transmission using the BIOLOG turbidimeter) compared to growth at pH 7.0 (control). Scoring was done (vs. the control) as follows; better growth (++), good (equivalent to the control) growth (+), weaker growth ( $\pm$ ), poor growth ( $\pm$ ), and no growth (-).

*Starch hydrolysis.* Cells were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12 plates. A loopful of cells was taken from the plate and transferred as one streak onto the agar surface of LMG medium 12 supplemented with 0.2% soluble starch. Plates were then incubated under aerobic conditions at 28°C. When the strains had developed good growth (after 48 hours), the plate was flooded with lugol solution (0.5% I<sub>2</sub> and 1% KI in distilled water). Hydrolysis was determined as a clear zone alongside the growth (in contrast to the blue color of the agar where starch was not hydrolyzed).

*Denitrification.* Cells were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12 plates. A loopful of cells was taken from the plate and stabbed into tubes containing semi-solid (0.1% agar) LMG medium 12 supplemented with 1% KNO<sub>3</sub>. The plates were incubated at 28°C for 5 days. Denitrification (N<sub>2</sub> from nitrate) was determined as gas formation  
5 alongside the stab.

*Growth under anaerobiosis without electron acceptor added.* Cells were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12 plates. A loopful of cells was taken from the plate and streaked onto the agar surface of LMG medium 12. The agar plates were incubated under anaerobic conditions (ca. 10% CO<sub>2</sub> + ca. 90% N<sub>2</sub>) at 30°C. Plates were checked for growth  
10 after 24 hours and after 5 days. Growth was determined visually and compared to the aerobic (control) condition. Scoring was done (vs. the control) as follows; better growth (++) , good (equivalent to the control) growth (+) , weaker growth (±) , poor growth (±) , and no growth (-).

*Growth under anaerobic conditions with glucose added (fermentation).* Cells were grown for  
15 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12 plates. A loopful of cells was taken from the plate and stabbed into tubes containing the basal agar medium of Hugh and Leifson [J. Bacteriol. 66:24-26 (1953)]. Paraffin oil was added to the top of the medium, and the tubes were incubated at 30°C. Tubes were checked for growth and acid formation after 48 hours and after 5 days. Growth was determined visually. Scoring was done as follows;  
20 good growth (+) , poor growth (±) , and no growth (-).

*Growth under anaerobic conditions with KNO<sub>3</sub> as electron acceptor.* Cells were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12 plates. A loopful of cells was taken from the plate and streaked onto the agar surface of LMG medium 12 supplemented with 0.1% KNO<sub>3</sub>. The plates were incubated under anaerobic conditions (ca. 10% CO<sub>2</sub> + ca. 90% N<sub>2</sub>) at 30°C,  
25 and checked for growth after 3 days. Growth was determined as visual growth compared to the aerobic (control) condition. Scoring was done (vs. the control) as follows; better growth (++) , good (equivalent to the control) growth (+) , weaker growth (±) , poor growth (±) , and no growth (-).

*Catalase and oxidase reactions.* Cells were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12  
30 plates. A positive result for catalase activity was the production of gas bubbles after suspending a colony in one drop of 10% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. A positive result for oxidase activity was the development of a purple-red color after rubbing a colony on filter paper soaked with 1% tetramethylparaphenylene.

- 65 -

*Colony pigmentation.* Cells were grown for 5 days at 28°C on LMG medium 12. Color of colonies was observed visually.

*Cell morphology and motility.* Cells were grown for 24 hours at 28°C on LMG medium 12. Cell suspensions were made in sterile saline. Cell morphology and motility were observed  
5 microscopically using an Olympus light microscope equipped with phase contrast optics (magnification 1000x).

The results of the physiological and morphological tests are summarized in Table 11. The five strains of the new *Paracoccus* species responded essentially identically in all physiological and morphological tests performed. The tests that gave identical responses for all five  
10 strains of the new *Paracoccus* species and that allowed discrimination of these organisms from *Paracoccus marcusii* DSM 11574<sup>T</sup> and/or *Paracoccus carotinifaciens* E-396<sup>T</sup> were: growth at 40°C, growth with 8% NaCl, growth at pH 9.1, and colony pigmentation.

Zeaxanthin production in strains R-1512, R1534, R114 and R-1506 strains. Strains R-1512, R1534, R114, and R-1506 were grown in ME medium, which contains (per liter  
15 distilled water): 5 g glucose, 10 g yeast extract, 10 g tryptone, 30 g NaCl and 5 g MgSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O. The pH of the medium was adjusted to 7.2 with 5N NaOH before sterilizing by autoclaving. All cultures (25-ml volume in 250-ml baffled Erlenmeyer flasks with plastic caps) were grown at 28°C with shaking at 200 rpm. Seed cultures were inoculated from frozen glycerolized stocks and grown overnight. Aliquots were  
20 transferred to the experimental flasks to achieve an initial optical density at 660 nm (OD<sub>660</sub>) of 0.16. Cultures were then grown at 28°C with shaking at 200 rpm. Growth was monitored throughout the cultivation and at 6, 10 (or 15 for strain R114), and 24 hours, an aliquot of the culture was removed for analysis of carotenoids by the method described in Example 1.

25 The doubling times of strains R-1512, R1534 and R-1506 under these conditions were 0.85 hours, 1.15 hours and 1.05 hours, respectively. Strain R114 reproducibly exhibited a bi-phasic growth profile; the doubling time of strain R114 in the initial phase was 1.4 hours while the doubling time in the second phase was 3.2 hours.

Table 12 shows the zeaxanthin production and Specific Formation (zeaxanthin production  
30 normalized to OD<sub>660</sub>) by the *Paracoccus* sp. strains in ME medium. The data are averages of four independent experiments, and within each experiment each strain was tested in duplicate flasks. The improved zeaxanthin production in the classically-derived mutant strains R1534 and R114 compared to the parental strain R-1512 is clearly shown. Zea-

- 66 -

xanthin production by strain R-1506 was approximately the same as strain R-1512. No other carotenoids were detected in any of the cultures.

Table 11. Physiological characteristics of *Paracoccus* spp. strains: 12 = R1512; 34 = R1534; 14 = R114, 06 = R1506; 66 = MBIC3966; 74 = DSM 11574<sup>T</sup>, 96 = E-396<sup>T</sup>, 37 = DSM 6637<sup>T</sup>

Time [days]	12	34	14	06	66	74	96	37
Growth at 10°C								
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	± (±)	± (±)	± (-)	± (±)	± (-)	± (±)	± (±)	± (±)
Growth at 25°C								
1	+	+	+	+	± (±)	± (±)	± (±)	± (-)
5	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Growth at 30°C								
1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
5	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Growth at 33°C								
1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
5	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Growth at 37°C								
1	+	+	± (±)	+	+	± (-)	± (-)	+
5	+	+	+	+	+	± (-)	± (±)	+
Growth at 40°C								
1	+	± (±)	± (-)	± (±)	± (-)	-	-	± (*)
5	+	± (±)	± (-)	+	± (-)	-	-	± (*)
Growth with 3% NaCl								
1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	±
5	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Growth with 6% NaCl								
1	± (±)	± (±)	± (±)	+	± (±)	± (-)	± (-)	-
5	+	+	+	+	± (*)	± (±)	± (±)	-



- 68 -

Time [days]	12	34	14	06	66	74	96	37
	Growth with 8% NaCl							
1	+(±)	±(±)	±(-)	+(±)	±(±)	-	-	-
5	+	+	+	+	+(*)	±(-)	±(-)	-
	Growth at pH 6.1							
1	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-
6	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Growth at pH 6.3							
1	+	+	+	+	+	±	+	±
6	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Growth at pH 7.0							
1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
6	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Growth at pH 7.7							
1	+	+	+	+	+	±	±	±
6	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Growth at pH 8.1							
1	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	±
6	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Growth at pH 9.1							
1	±	+	-	-	+	-	-	-
6	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
	Starch hydrolysis							
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Denitrification							
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
	Growth in anaerobiosis without electron acceptor added							
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- 69 -

	12	34	14	06	66	74	96	37
	Growth in anaerobiosis with glucose added (fermentation)							
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	±
	Growth in anaerobiosis with KNO <sub>3</sub> added							
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Catalase reaction							
	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Oxidase reaction							
	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Gram stain							
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Motility							
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Colony pigmentation							
	Y - O	Y - O	Y - O	Y - O	Y - O	O - P	O - P	P Y
	Cell morphology							
	S to C	S to C	S to C	C	S to C	S	S	S
	Cell dimensions (µm)							
	0.8 x 1.2	0.8 x 1.2	0.8 x 1.2	0.9 x 1.1	0.8 x 1.2 to 1.5	0.8 x 1.5 to 2.0	0.9 x 2.0 to 2.5	0.8 x 1.5 to 2.0

Y - O: yellow-orange; O - P: orange-pink; P Y: pale yellow; S to C: short rod to coccoid; S: short rod; C: coccoid

Table 12. Zeaxanthin production by *Paracoccus* sp. strains R-1512, R1534, R114 and R-1506.

Strain	Time (h)	Zeaxanthin (mg/l)		Specific Formation (mg zeaxanthin/OD <sub>660</sub> )	
		Average	Standard Deviation	Average	Standard Deviation
R-1512	6	0.23	0.10	0.10	0.04
	10	2.05	0.70	0.25	0.08
	24	3.78	0.59	0.38	0.06
R1534	6	0.75	0.10	0.26	0.02
	10	3.45	0.57	0.43	0.07
	24	9.13	0.97	0.95	0.06
R114	6	0.65	0.17	0.86	0.24
	15	7.53	1.12	1.13	0.21
	24	19.7	1.82	2.68	0.20
R-1506	6	0.13	0.06	0.07	0.01
	10	1.35	0.31	0.19	0.04
	24	3.55	0.68	0.38	0.07

**Example 3: IPP Biosynthesis via the Mevalonate Pathway in the Zeaxanthin-Producing**  
***Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.**

In order to determine the biosynthetic origin (*i.e.*, the mevalonate or DXP pathway) of isoprenoid precursors in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114, a "retrobiosynthesis" approach [Eisenreich and Bacher, In: Setlow (ed.), Genetic Engineering, Principles and Methods, Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers, New York 22:121-153 (2000)] was taken. This predictive approach for data analysis permits the unequivocal assessment of glucose catabolism from the analysis of a single down-stream natural product. In the present work, this involved growth of the bacterium in media containing various binary mixtures of unlabeled glucose and specific <sup>13</sup>C-labeled glucoses, followed by purification of the zeaxanthin produced and analysis of the labeling patterns by NMR spectroscopy. Details of the methods used and the experimental results are given below.

Growth of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 for <sup>13</sup>C labeling experiments. Unlabelled D-glucose monohydrate was purchased from Fluka (Milwaukee, WI, USA). [U-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>6</sub>]-D-Glucose was purchased from Isotec (Miamisburg, OH, USA), while [1-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>1</sub>] D-glucose, [2-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>1</sub>] D-glucose and [6-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>1</sub>] D-glucose were from Cambridge Isotope Laboratories (Andover, MA, USA). Yeast extract and peptone (from casein, pancreatically digested) were purchased

- 71 -

from EM Science (Gibbstown, NJ, USA). All other salts and solvents were analytical grade and were purchased from standard chemicals suppliers.

All cultures were initiated from frozen cell suspensions (cell density of 12 OD<sub>660</sub> units, 25% glycerol, stored at -70°C). One ml of thawed cell suspension was used to inoculate pre-cultures (500-ml baffled shake flasks) containing 100 ml of 362F/2 medium having the following composition: 30 g/l D-glucose, 10 g/l yeast extract, 10 g/l peptone, 5 g/l NaCl, 2.5 g/l MgSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O, 0.75 g/l (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.625 g/l K<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 187.5 mg/l CaCl<sub>2</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O, 0.2 g/l (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Fe(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O, 15 mg/l ZnSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O, 12.5 mg/l FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O, 5 mg/l MnSO<sub>4</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O, 0.5 mg/l NiSO<sub>4</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O, 15 mg/l Na-EDTA and 9.375 µl/l HCl (37% stock solution). The initial pH of the medium was 7.2.

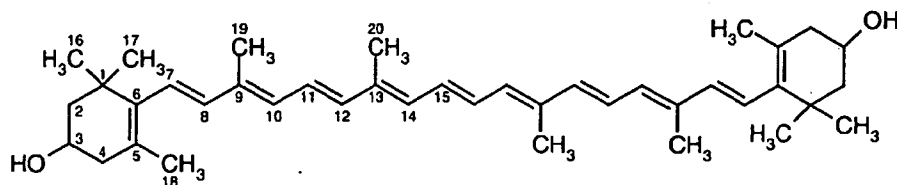
The pre-culture was incubated at 28°C with shaking at 200 rpm for 24 h, after which time the OD<sub>660</sub> was about 22 absorbance units. The main cultures were grown in Bioflo 3000 bioreactors (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, NJ, USA) containing 362F/2 medium containing the following composition: 30 g/l total D-glucose (see below for ratios of <sup>13</sup>C-labeled:unlabeled glucose), 20 g/l yeast extract, 10 g/l peptone, 10 g/l NaCl, 5 g/l MgSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O, 1.5 g/l (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 1.25 g/l K<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.4 g/l (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Fe(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O, 375 mg/l CaCl<sub>2</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O, 30 mg/l ZnSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O, 25 mg/l FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O, 10 mg/l MnSO<sub>4</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O, 1 mg/l NiSO<sub>4</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O, 30 mg/l Na-EDTA and 18.75 µl/l HCl (37% stock solution). The amounts of each <sup>13</sup>C-labeled glucose used (expressed as a percentage of the total 30 g/l glucose in the medium) in four separate experiments were: Condition 1, 4% [U-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>6</sub>] D-glucose; Condition 2, 50% [1-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>1</sub>] D-glucose; Condition 3, 25% [2-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>1</sub>] D-glucose + 1% [U-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>6</sub>] D-glucose; Condition 4, 25% [6-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>1</sub>] D-glucose + 1% [U-<sup>13</sup>C<sub>6</sub>] D-glucose. A control with only unlabeled glucose was also included. For Conditions 1 and 2 (and the unlabeled control), the culture volume was 2 l, while the culture volume for Conditions 3 and 4 was 1 l. The bioreactors were inoculated with pre-culture (20 ml/l initial volume) and cultivation proceeded for 22-24 hours, at which time no glucose was left in the medium. Cultivation conditions were: 28°C, pH 7.2 (controlled with 25% H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and 28% NH<sub>4</sub>OH), dissolved oxygen controlled (in a cascade with agitation) at a minimum of 40%, agitation rate and aeration rate 300 rpm (minimum) and 1 vvm, respectively.

Purification of zeaxanthin. At the end of the cultivations, the cultures were cooled down to 15°C. Five hundred ml of absolute ethanol was added per liter of culture and stirring was continued at 100 rpm for 20 min. The treated culture was centrifuged for 20 min. at 5000 x g, and the supernatant was discarded. The wet pellet was then extracted with 5 volumes of THF for 20 min. with stirring. The extracted mixture was centrifuged, the

- 72 -

supernatant saved and the resulting pellet extracted a second time with 1 volume THF under the same conditions and again centrifuged. The supernatants (extracts) were combined and concentrated to 50 ml by rotary evaporation. Five milliliters of hexane were added to the concentrated THF solution. After mixing, the system formed an emulsion that could be separated by centrifugation. The aqueous phase was collected, diluted with an equal volume of saturated NaCl solution and re-extracted with dichloromethane. The dichloromethane phase was collected and combined with the THF/hexane phase. The mixture of organic extracts was concentrated again in a rotary evaporator to remove dichloromethane. The solution was then applied to a silica gel column and eluted with a mixture of n-hexane and ether (1:1). A small light yellow band eluted first and was discarded. The main zeaxanthin product eluted in a broad band that moved slowly in the column. About 2 liters of solvent was needed to elute the main band completely. The eluate was collected in a round-bottomed flask and the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation at 40°C. The residue was dissolved in a small amount of dichloroethane at 40°C and the solution was then allowed to cool slowly. Hexane was added to the mixture dropwise until a turbidity was observed. The crystallization was complete within 48 hours at 4°C. The crystals were collected on a paper filter, washed with cold methanol and dried under vacuum.

NMR studies. Zeaxanthin was analyzed by NMR spectroscopy. For reference, the chemical structure of zeaxanthin is illustrated in the following formula



<sup>1</sup>H-NMR and <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra were recorded at 500.13 MHz and 125.6 MHz, respectively, with a Bruker DRX 500 spectrometer. Acquisition and processing parameters for one-dimensional experiments and two-dimensional INADEQUATE experiments were according to standard Bruker software (XWINNMR). The solvent was deuterated chloroform. The chemical shifts were referenced to solvent signals.

<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of the isotope labeled zeaxanthin samples and of the zeaxanthin sample at natural <sup>13</sup>C abundance were recorded under the same experimental conditions. Integrals were determined for every <sup>13</sup>C NMR signal, and the signal integral for each respective carbon atom in the labeled compound was referenced to that of the natural abundance material, thus affording relative <sup>13</sup>C abundances for each position in the labeled

molecular species. The relative abundances were then converted into absolute abundances from  $^{13}\text{C}$  coupling satellites in the  $^1\text{H}$  NMR signal of H-18 at 1.71 ppm. In the  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the multiply-labeled zeaxanthin sample each satellite was integrated separately. The integral of each respective satellite pair was then referenced to the total  
5 signal integral of a given carbon atom. Zeaxanthin comprises a total of eight isoprenoid moieties (2 DMAPP units and 6 IPP units); only 20  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR signals are observed due to chemical shift degeneracy.

In the experiment with the mixture of [ $\text{U-}^{13}\text{C}_6$ ] glucose and unlabeled glucose (1:7.5; w/w), all carbon atoms of zeaxanthin were labeled and showed satellites due to  $^{13}\text{C}^{13}\text{C}$  couplings  
10 (Table 13). The signals of 4 carbon atoms have intense satellites due to  $^{13}\text{C}^{13}\text{C}$  couplings ( $61.2 \pm 0.6\%$  in the global NMR signal intensity of a given atom, Table 13). The signal accounting for the methyl atoms C-17/C-17' displayed only weak  $^{13}\text{C}$ -coupled satellites at a relative intensity of 6%. The central signals represent material derived from unlabeled glucose. The signals showed no evidence of long-range coupling. Carbon connectivity  
15 was easily gleaned from  $^{13}\text{C}^{13}\text{C}$  coupling constants (Table 13) and from two-dimensional INADEQUATE experiments.

Three of the carbon atoms acquired label from [ $6\text{-}^{13}\text{C}_1$ ] glucose. The other two carbons were labeled from [ $2\text{-}^{13}\text{C}_1$ ] glucose. No significant amounts of label were contributed to zeaxanthin by [ $1\text{-}^{13}\text{C}_1$ ] glucose.

20 The  $^{13}\text{C}$  abundance for all non-isochronous carbon atoms was determined by comparison with spectra of unlabeled zeaxanthin and by evaluation of the  $^1\text{H}^{13}\text{C}$  coupling satellites in  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra (Table 13). The fraction of jointly transferred carbon atom pairs in the experiment with [ $\text{U-}^{13}\text{C}_6$ ] glucose was determined by integration of the coupling satellites.

The labeling patterns of the IPP building block can be reconstructed accurately as shown  
25 by the standard deviations found for the reconstructed IPP precursor. The reconstructed labeling patterns of DMAPP and IPP were identical within the experimental limits.

Table 13. NMR results for  $^{13}\text{C}$  labeled zeaxanthin produced by *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 supplied with  $^{13}\text{C}$  labeled glucoses.

Position	$\delta - ^{13}\text{C}$ ppm	$J_{\text{CC}}$ , Hz	$^{13}\text{C}$ -labeled glucose precursor				
			[1- $^{13}\text{C}$ ]-	[2- $^{13}\text{C}$ ]-	[6- $^{13}\text{C}$ ]-	[U- $^{13}\text{C}_6$ ]glucose	
			% $^{13}\text{C}$	% $^{13}\text{C}$	% $^{13}\text{C}$	% $^{13}\text{C}$	% $^{13}\text{C}^{13}\text{C}$
1, 1'	37.13	36.0 (16,16')	1.10	10.71	2.22	3.47	61.2
2, 2'	48.46	35.8 (3,3')	1.20	2.58	10.27	3.65	61.1
3, 3'	65.10	35.8 (2,2')	1.12	12.47	2.38	3.64	60.4
4, 4'	42.57	37.1	1.27	2.59	10.63	3.89	8.4
5, 5'	126.17	44.2 (18, 18')	1.14	12.45	3.19	3.68	61.1
6, 6'	137.77	56.4 (7,7')	1.30	2.15	9.98	3.60	60.4
7, 7'	125.59	56.2 (6,6')	1.12	10.11	2.82	4.09	61.4
8, 8'	138.50	71.6, 55.7	1.28	2.24	9.95	3.92	4.3, 5.0
9, 9'	135.69	43.1 (19,19')	1.12	9.53	2.95	3.84	61.7
10, 10'	131.31	59.7 (11,11')	1.21	3.18	9.61	3.80	61.1
11, 11'	124.93	59.7 (10,10')	1.10	8.79	2.70	4.02	61.0
12, 12'	137.57	70.5	1.20	2.01	8.80	3.59	5.1
13, 13'	136.48	43.1 (20,20')	1.12	9.86	3.59	3.93	61.4
14, 14'	132.60	60.4 (15,15')	1.21	2.83	10.51	3.77	59.5
15, 15'	130.08	60.4 (14,14')	1.12	9.18	3.33	4.02	61.2
16, 16'	30.26	36.3 (1,1')	1.27	3.19	12.31	3.91	62.0
17, 17'	28.73	34.9 (1,1')	1.30	3.43	12.31	3.88	6.0
18, 18'	21.62	44.2 (5,5')	1.27	3.01	11.66	3.70	62.0
19, 19'	12.82	43.1 (9,9')	1.29	3.12	11.64	3.86	62.3
20, 20'	12.75	42.9 (13,13')	1.33	3.21	11.99	3.75	62.1

The experimental labeling patterns determined above can be compared with various pre-  
 5 predictions, taking into account not only the mevalonate pathway vs. the DXP pathway for  
 isoprenoid biosynthesis, but also different pathways of glucose metabolism. Eubacteria  
 typically utilize glucose primarily via the glycolytic pathway or via the Entner-Doudoroff  
 pathway. Glycolysis generates two triose phosphate molecules from glucose. The C-1 and  
 C-6 of glucose are both diverted to the 3-position of the triose phosphates produced  
 10 during glycolysis. On the other hand, in the Entner-Doudoroff pathway, glucose is con-  
 verted to a mixture of glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and pyruvate. The C-1 of glucose is

- 75 -

exclusively diverted to C-1 of pyruvate, and the C-6 of glucose is exclusively diverted to C-3 of glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate.

Intermediates and products of the glycolytic and Entner-Doudoroff pathways serve as starting material for both isoprenoid biosynthetic pathways. With regard to the mevalonate pathway, pyruvate as well as triose phosphate can be converted to the precursor acetyl-CoA. Glucose catabolism via the glycolytic pathway diverts label from C-1 as well as C-6 of glucose to the methyl group of acetyl-CoA. Glucose catabolism via the Entner-Doudoroff pathway results in loss of C-1 from glucose during the transformation of pyruvate to acetyl-CoA.

- 10 The experimentally observed enrichment and  $^{13}\text{C}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  coupling patterns of the zeaxanthin produced by *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 were in perfect agreement with the labeling pattern required for zeaxanthin biosynthesis by the combination of the Entner-Doudoroff pathway and the mevalonate pathway. If both the glycolytic and Entner-Doudoroff pathways had been simultaneously operative under the experimental conditions used, at least some label from  $[1-^{13}\text{C}_1]$  glucose should have been contributed to the zeaxanthin. Furthermore, the mevalonate pathway can at best contribute blocks of two carbon atoms to terpenoids, while in the DXP pathway three carbon units can be delivered to isoprenoids via triose phosphate precursors. Although such three-carbon blocks become separated by the rearrangement involved in the DXP pathway, blocks of three labeled carbon atoms can still be recognized via long-range coupling. Corresponding  $^{13}\text{C}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  long-range couplings have been observed in the biosynthesis of the carotenoid lutein from  $[2,3,4,5-^{13}\text{C}_4]$  1-deoxy-D-xylulose by cultured plant cells (*Cantharantus roseus*) [Arigoni et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 94:10600-10605 (1997)]. No such long-range coupling was observed in the present experiments with zeaxanthin produced by *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.

- It should be noted that while the results presented here confirm isoprenoid production in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 via the mevalonate pathway, and indicate that, under the growth conditions used, there was little or no glucose metabolism via glycolysis, they do not rule out the possibility of some metabolism of glucose via the pentose phosphate pathway in addition to the Entner-Doudoroff pathway. Quantitative determination of glucose metabolism via the latter two pathways could be obtained by analysis of labeling patterns of pyruvate-derived amino acids (as was done for *Paracoccus denitrificans* [Dunstan et al., Biomedical and Environ. Mass Spectrometry 19:369-381 (1990)]).



**Example 4: Cloning and Sequencing of the Genes Encoding IPP Isomerase and the Enzymes of the Mevalonate Pathway from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.**

Culture conditions. *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 was grown at 28°C in F-medium (10 g/l tryptone, 10 g/l yeast extract, 30 g/l NaCl, 10 g/l D-glucose, 5 g/l MgSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O, pH 7.0) or  
5 in the pre-culture medium described in Example 3 above. Liquid cultures were grown in a rotary shaker at 200 rpm.

Isolation of genomic DNA. A 600-ml culture of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 was centrifuged for 10 minutes at 10,000 x g at 4°C and the pellet was washed once with 200 ml lysis buffer (0.1M NaCl, 50mM EDTA, 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5) and once with 100 ml lysis buffer.  
10 The final pellet was resuspended in 20 ml lysis buffer containing 50 mg lysozyme and 1 mg RNase A (DNase free). After incubation for 15 minutes at 37°C, 1.5 ml of 20% sodium N-lauroyl-sarcosinate and 2.25 mg of proteinase K were added. After incubation at 50°C for 30-60 minutes, the lysate was extracted with one volume of buffer-saturated phenol, pH 7.5-7.8 (LifeTechnologies, Rockville, MD, USA) by gentle but thorough mixing. The  
15 emulsion was centrifuged for 20 minutes at 30,000 x g and the aqueous phase was re-extracted with phenol. The phases were separated as before and the aqueous phase was extracted twice with one volume phenol:chloroform (1:1). At this step centrifugation for 20 minutes at 3,200 x g in a swinging bucket rotor was sufficient to obtain satisfactory phase separation. After a final extraction with one volume of chloroform, 0.1 volume 3M  
20 sodium-acetate (pH 5.2) was added and the solution was overlaid with 2 volumes ice-cold ethanol. The precipitated DNA was spooled with a glass-rod, soaked in 70% ethanol for 5 minutes, rinsed with chloroform and then air dried for 5-10 minutes. The DNA was re-suspended overnight in 5 ml TE (10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 1mM EDTA). Since the solution was yellow due to traces of zeaxanthin, the organic extractions and the spooling were  
25 repeated as above to obtain a clear preparation.

Isolation of λ-DNA: The Qiagen<sup>®</sup> Lambda Kit (Qiagen, Hilden, Germany) was used following the manufacturer's instructions.

Polymerase chain reaction (PCR): Oligonucleotides were purchased from LifeTechnologies (Rockville, MD, USA). PCR was performed in a GeneAmp<sup>®</sup> PCR system 9700 (PE  
30 Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA) using the GC-rich PCR system (Roche Molecular Biochemicals, Mannheim, Germany) according to the manufacturers instructions. Typically, the MgCl<sub>2</sub> concentration used was 1.5mM and the resolution solution was added to 1M final concentration.

DNA Labeling and detection: The PCR DIG Probe Synthesis Kit and the DIG  
35 Luminescent Detection Kit were used for DNA labeling and detection, respectively (both obtained from Roche Molecular Biochemicals, Mannheim, Germany)

- DNA sequencing: Sequencing reactions were performed using the BigDye<sup>®</sup> DNA sequencing kit (PE Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA) according to the manufacturers instructions. Sequencing reactions were purified on DyeEx<sup>™</sup> spin columns (Qiagen, Hilden, Germany) and fragment separation and detection was done with an ABI Prism<sup>™</sup> 310 Genetic Analyzer (PE Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA).
- λ-library: A custom made library with partially *Sau3AI* digested *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 DNA in lambda FIX<sup>®</sup> II was purchased from Stratagene (La Jolla, CA, USA).
- Cloning, sequencing and characterization of the mevalonate pathway gene cluster from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114. One of the enzymes of the mevalonate pathway, mevalonate diphosphate decarboxylase, contains highly conserved regions spanning several amino acids. Three such regions were chosen from an alignment of all available eubacterial mevalonate diphosphate decarboxylases and oligonucleotides were designed using the preferred codon usage found in the carotenoid gene cluster of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 (Table 14).
- The oligonucleotides designed from two homology regions are shown in Table 15. To reduce the degree of degeneracy, sets of oligonucleotides were designed from each peptide. For instance, oligonucleotides mvd-103a-d differ only in the third nucleotide from the 3' end, each accounting for one possible codon for glycine (GGA, although rarely used, was included because of the close proximity to the 3' end). Alternate amino acids were accounted for by designing oligonucleotides to both residues, e.g. oligonucleotides mvd-101a and mvd-101b are specific for leucine or isoleucine, respectively, in the second position of peptide 1 (Table 15). PCR with oligonucleotides mvd-101 and mvd-104 or mvd-106, using *Paracoccus* sp. strain 114 DNA as template, gave a product of the expected size. The PCR product was cloned in the vector pCR<sup>®</sup>2.1-TOPO (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA) and sequenced. The cloned fragment was used as a probe for a Southern analysis of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 DNA and was found to hybridize to a *Bam*HI-*Sal*I fragment of about 950 bp. *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 DNA was cut with *Bam*HI and *Sal*I and the fragments were separated by agarose gel electrophoresis. The region around 950 bp was isolated and cloned in the vector pUC19. This partial library was then screened using the *mvd*-PCR fragment as a probe and the insert of a positive clone was sequenced. In parallel, a λ-library prepared from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 DNA was screened using the *mvd*-PCR fragment as a probe. DNA was isolated from two positive λ-clones and cut with *Bam*HI and *Sal*I or *Eco*RI and *Sal*I. A number of the restriction fragments were isolated and cloned in the vector pUC19. Several of the fragments contained sequences homologous to genes encoding proteins of the mevalonate pathway. The clones connecting these individual sequences were obtained by PCR with primers derived from the sequences of

- the cloned restriction fragments using the DNA of the  $\lambda$ -clones as template. The assembled sequence from all fragments (SEQ ID NO:42, 44, 46, 48, 50, and 52) and the sequences of the encoded proteins are shown in the Sequence Listing (SEQ ID Nos:43, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53). Due to a limitation of the PatentIn Program, operons with overlapping
- 5 genes cannot be shown as a single sequence. Thus, for each gene in the mevalonate operon, the entire nucleotide sequence of the operon is repeated for each gene. Accordingly, SEQ ID Nos:42, 44, 46, 48, 50, and 52 are identical. For purposes of the present invention, we use SEQ ID NO:42 to refer to the nucleotide sequence of the mevalonate operon.
- 10 The arrangement of the mevalonate pathway genes in the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 is unique when compared to known mevalonate gene clusters of other bacteria. Besides *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114, only *Borrelia burgdorferi* and *Streptomyces* sp. strain CL190 (Takagi et al., supra) have all mevalonate genes in a single operon (Wilding et al., supra). In *Streptococcus pyrogenes* all mevalonate genes are clustered in a single locus but they are
- 15 grouped in two operons. All other species have two loci with the two kinases and the mevalonate diphosphate decarboxylase grouped in one operon and the HMG-CoA synthase and the HMG-CoA reductase on a second locus, either forming an operon (in *Streptococcus pneumoniae*) or as separate transcription units. All species except the members of *Staphylococcus* have an additional gene linked with the mevalonate cluster,
- 20 which was recently identified as an IPP isomerase (*idi* gene in *Streptomyces* sp. strain CL190) (Kaneda et al., supra). The two *Enterococcus* species and *Staphylococcus haemolyticus* have an acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase gene linked with the HMG-CoA reductase gene. In the *Enterococcus* species the latter two genes are fused.

- 79 -

Table 14: Codon usage in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 carotenoid (*crt*) genes

Amino acid	Codon	Number used	% Used
A – Ala	GCT	3	1.4
	GCC	96	46.2
	GCA	15	7.2
	GCG	94	45.2
C – Cys	TGT	0	0.0
	TGC	15	100.0
D – Asp	GAT	46	38.0
	GAC	75	62.0
E – Glu	GAA	17	25.4
	GAG	50	74.6
F – Phe	TTT	3	5.6
	TTC	51	94.4
G – Gly	GGT	16	10.8
	GGC	87	58.8
	GGA	5	3.4
	GGG	40	27.0
H – His	CAT	30	56.6
	CAC	23	43.4
I – Ile	ATT	5	6.4
	ATC	72	92.3
	ATA	1	1.3
K – Lys	AAA	4	14.3
	AAG	24	85.7
L – Leu	TTA	0	0.0
	TTG	5	2.9
	CTT	15	8.7
	CTC	11	6.4
	CTA	1	0.6
	CTG	140	81.4
M – Met	ATG	49	100.0
N – Asn	AAT	4	20.0
	AAC	16	80.0

- 80 -

Amino acid	Codon	Number used	% Used
P – Pro	CCT	2	2.3
	CCC	41	47.7
	CCA	3	3.5
	CCG	40	46.5
Q – Gln	CAA	6	11.3
	CAG	47	88.7
R – Arg	CGT	11	7.3
	CGC	103	68.2
	CGA	2	1.3
	CGG	26	17.2
	AGA	2	1.3
	AGG	7	4.6
S – Ser	TCT	1	1.1
	TCC	17	19.5
	TCA	0	0.0
	TCG	39	44.8
	AGT	2	2.3
	AGC	28	32.2
T – Thr	ACT	2	2.7
	ACC	36	48.9
	ACA	4	5.3
	ACG	33	44.0
V – Val	GTT	6	5.7
	GTC	61	57.5
	GTA	1	0.9
	GTG	38	35.8
W – Trp	TGG	27	100.0
Y – Tyr	TAT	28	62.2
	TAC	17	37.8

Table 15: Oligonucleotides designed from two conserved bacterial Mvd peptides.

		SEQ a
Peptide 1	AlaLeuIleLysTyrTrpGlyLys Ile <sup>2</sup>	23
Nucleotide sequence <sup>1</sup>	CCSCTGATCAARTAYTGGGGBAARATC	24
Oligonucleotide mvd-101a (5' - 3')	GCSCCTGATCAARTAYTGGGG	25
Oligonucleotide mvd-101b (5' - 3')	GCSATCATCAARTAYTGGGG	26
Oligonucleotide mvd-103a (5' - 3')	ATCAARTAYTGGGGTAA	27
Oligonucleotide mvd-103b (5' - 3')	ATCAARTAYTGGGGCAA	28
Oligonucleotide mvd-103c (5' - 3')	ATCAARTAYTGGGGGAA	29
Oligonucleotide mvd-103d (5' - 3')	ATCAARTAYTGGGGAAA	30
Peptide 2	ThrMetAspAlaGlyProAsnVal Gln <sup>2</sup>	31
Nucleotide sequence <sup>1</sup> (5'-3')	ACSATGGAYGCSGGBCCSAAYGTS CAR	32
Complement (3'-5')	TGSTACCTRCGSCCVGGSTTRCAS GTY	33
Oligonucleotide mvd-104a (3' - 5')	TGGTACCTACGSCCVGG	34
Oligonucleotide mvd-104b (3' - 5')	TGGTACCTGCGSCCVGG	35
Oligonucleotide mvd-104c (3' - 5')	TGCTACCTACGSCCVGG	36
Oligonucleotide mvd-104d (3' - 5')	TGCTACCTGCGSCCVGG	37
Oligonucleotide mvd-106a (3' - 5')	TACCTACGSCCVGGSTTRCA	38
Oligonucleotide mvd-106b (3' - 5')	TACCTGCGSCCVGGSTTRCA	39
Oligonucleotide mvd-106c (3' - 5')	TACCTACGSCCVGGSGTYCA	40
Oligonucleotide mvd-106d (3' - 5')	TACCTGCGSCCVGGSGTYCA	41

<sup>a</sup>: SEQ ID NO:<sup>1</sup> using the preferred codons of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534, see table 1<sup>2</sup> alternate amino acid present in some enzyme

5 S = C or G; R = A or G; Y = C or T; B = C or G or T; V = A or C or G

The genes of the mevalonate operon from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 were identified by homology of the gene products to proteins in general databases. An amino acid alignment of the HMG-CoA reductase from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 (SEQ ID NO:43) was performed with bacterial class I HMG-CoA reductases of *Streptomyces* sp. Strain CL190 (SEQ

- ID NO:54), *S. griseolosporeus* (SEQ ID NO:55), and *Streptomyces* sp. strain KO-3899 (SEQ ID NO:56). EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ database accession numbers are q9zn4 for *Streptomyces* sp. strain CL190, q9zn1 for *S. griseolosporeus* and q9zn0 for *Streptomyces* sp. strain KO-3899. There are two classes of HMG-CoA reductases [Bochar et al., Mol. Genet. Metab. 66:122-127 (1999); Boucher et al., Mol. Microbiol. 37:703-716 (2000)]. Eubacterial HMG-CoA reductases are generally of class II, whereas class I enzymes are found in eukaryotes and archaea. The *Streptomyces* and the *Paracoccus* HMG-CoA reductases together with the enzyme from *Vibrio cholerae* are the only eubacterial HMG-CoA reductases of class I known so far.
- 10 An amino acid alignment of isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase (IPP isomerase) (*idi*) from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 (SEQ ID NO:45) was performed with close homologs found in the EMBL database, i.e. *Erwinia herbicola* (Q01335) (SEQ ID NO:57), *Borrelia burgdorferi* (O51627) (SEQ ID NO:58), *Synechocystis* sp. PCC 6803 (P74287) (SEQ ID NO:59), *Streptomyces* sp. CL190 (Q9KWG2) (SEQ ID NO:60), *Streptomyces griseolosporeus* (Q9KWF6) (SEQ ID NO:61), *Sulfolobus solfataricus* (P95997) (SEQ ID NO:62), *Rickettsia prowazekii* (Q9ZD90) (SEQ ID NO:63), *Deinococcus radiodurans* (Q9RVE2) (SEQ ID NO:64), *Aeropyrum pernix* (Q9YB30) (SEQ ID NO:65), *Halobacterium* sp. NRC-1 (O54623) (SEQ ID NO:66), *Archaeoglobus fulgidus* (O27997) (SEQ ID NO:67), *Pyrococcus abyssi* (Q9UZS9) (SEQ ID NO:68), *Pyrococcus horikoshii* (O58893) (SEQ ID NO:69),
- 20 *Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum* (O26154) (SEQ ID NO:70), *Methanococcus jannaschii* (Q58272) (SEQ ID NO:71), *Thermoplasma acidophilum* (CAC11250) (SEQ ID NO:72) and *Leishmania major* (Q9NDJ5) (SEQ ID NO:73). EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ database accession numbers are given after the organism's name in parentheses. The first nine sequences are from eubacteria and the next eight sequences are from archaea. Interestingly,
- 25 one eukaryotic species, the protozoan parasite *Leishmania major* (SEQ ID NO:73), also has a protein that is highly homologous. This is unexpected because other eukaryotes have a different *idi*, designated type 1 (Kaneda et al., supra). A conserved hypothetical protein from *Bacillus subtilis*, YpgA, also has substantial homology but is considerably smaller than the type 2 *idi*'s.
- 30 An amino acid alignment of bacterial HMG-CoA synthase from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 (SEQ ID NO:47) was performed with close homologs found in the EMBL database, i.e. *Streptococcus pneumoniae* (AAG02453) (SEQ ID NO:74), *Streptococcus pyrogenes* (AAG02448) (SEQ ID NO:75), *Enterococcus faecalis* (AAG02438) (SEQ ID NO:76), *Enterococcus faecium* (AAG02443) (SEQ ID NO:77), *Staphylococcus haemolyticus* (AAG02427) (SEQ ID NO:78), *Staphylococcus epidermis* (AAG02433) (SEQ ID NO:79),
- 35

*Staphylococcus aureus* (AAG02422) (SEQ ID NO:80), *Staphylococcus carnosus* (Q9ZB67) (SEQ ID NO:81), *Streptomyces* sp. CL190 (Q9KWG1) (SEQ ID NO:82), *Streptomyces griseolosporeus* (Q9KWF5) (SEQ ID NO:83) and *Borrelia burgdorferi* (051626) (SEQ ID NO:84). EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ database accession numbers are given after each

5 organism's name in parentheses. The first 43 amino acids of the sequence from *Streptomyces griseolosporeus* are missing in the database version.

An amino acid alignment of bacterial mevalonate diphosphate decarboxylase from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 (SEQ ID NO:53) was performed with the orthologous proteins from other bacteria, i.e. *Streptococcus pneumoniae* (AAG02456) (SEQ ID NO:85), *Streptococcus*

10 *pyrogenes* (AAG02451) (SEQ ID NO:86), *Enterococcus faecalis* (AAG02441) (SEQ ID NO:87), *Enterococcus faecium* (AAG02446) (SEQ ID NO:88), *Staphylococcus haemolyticus* (AAG02431) (SEQ ID NO:89), *Staphylococcus epidermis* (AAG02436) (SEQ ID NO:90), *Staphylococcus aureus* (AAG02425) (SEQ ID NO:91), *Streptomyces* sp. CL190 (Q9KWG4) (SEQ ID NO:92), *Streptomyces griseolosporeus* (Q9KWF8) (SEQ ID NO:93) and *Borrelia*

15 *burgdorferi* (051629) (SEQ ID NO:94). EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ database accession numbers are given after each organism's name in parentheses.

Two proteins from *Myxococcus xanthus*, Tac and Taf (database accession numbers q9xb06 and q9xb03, respectively) and a protein from *B. subtilis*, PksG, a putative polyketide biosynthesis protein (database accession number p40830), have substantial homology to the

20 *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 HMG-CoA synthase. The homology between the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 HMG-CoA synthase and the Tac and Taf proteins of the *M. xanthus* is greater than the homology between the HMG-CoA synthases from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 and eukaryotes. The bacterial HMG-CoA synthases and the bacterial mevalonate diphosphate decarboxylases share substantial homology with their eukaryotic orthologs. Archaeal

25 HMG-CoA synthases form a more distantly related group of enzymes (Wilding et al., supra) and no mevalonate diphosphate decarboxylase orthologs are found in archaea [Smit and Mushegian, Genome Res. 10:1468-1484 (2000)].

Alignments of the mevalonate kinase (Mvk) (SEQ ID NO:49) and the phosphomevalonate kinase (Pmk) (SEQ ID NO:51) from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 were performed to the

30 orthologous proteins from other bacteria, i.e. *Streptococcus pneumoniae* (AAG02455) (SEQ ID NO:95), *Streptococcus pyrogenes* (AAG02450) (SEQ ID NO:96), *Enterococcus faecalis* (AAG02440) (SEQ ID NO:97), *Enterococcus faecium* (AAG02445) (SEQ ID NO:98), *Staphylococcus haemolyticus* (AAG02430) (SEQ ID NO:99), *Staphylococcus epidermis* (AAG02435) (SEQ ID NO:100), *Staphylococcus aureus* (AAG02424) (SEQ ID NO:101),

35 *Streptomyces* sp. CL190 (Q9KWG5) (SEQ ID NO:102), *Streptomyces griseolosporeus*



- (Q9KWF9) (SEQ ID NO:103) and *Borrelia burgdorferi* (051631) (SEQ ID NO:104)(Mvk); and *Streptococcus pneumoniae* (AAG02457) (SEQ ID NO:105), *Streptococcus pyrogenes* (AAG02452) (SEQ ID NO:106), *Enterococcus faecalis* (AAG02442) (SEQ ID NO:107), *Enterococcus faecium* (AAG02447) (SEQ ID NO:108), *Staphylococcus haemolyticus* (AAG02432) (SEQ ID NO:109), *Staphylococcus epidermis* (AAG02437) (SEQ ID NO:110), *Staphylococcus aureus* (AAG02426) (SEQ ID NO:111), *Streptomyces* sp. CL190 (Q9KWG3) (SEQ ID NO:112), *Streptomyces griseolosporeus* (Q9KWF7) (SEQ ID NO:113) and *Borrelia burgdorferi* (051630) (SEQ ID NO:114) (Pmk). EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ database accession numbers are given after each organism's name in parentheses.
- 10 There is much less homology among the bacterial kinases than among the bacterial orthologs of the other enzymes of the mevalonate pathway. The mevalonate kinase from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 (SEQ ID NO:49) has a 37 amino acid insert in the amino-terminal region, which is lacking in other mevalonate kinases. Together with the bacterial Mvk's some archaeal enzymes, e.g. from *Archaeoglobus fulgidus*, *Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum* and *Pyrococcus abyssi*, are among the best homologues to the Mvk from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114. The homology among bacterial phosphomevalonate kinases is even weaker than the homology among the bacterial mevalonate kinases. The proteins with the best homologies to the Pmk from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 (SEQ ID NO:51) are Mvk's from archaea, e.g. *Aeropyrum pernix*, *Pyrococcus horikoshii*, *M. thermoautotrophicum*, *P. abyssi* and *A. fulgidus*. Since no Pmk's are found in archaea (Smit and Mushegian, supra), this suggests that the same kinase might perform both phosphorylations.

**Example 5: Over-expression of the Mevalonate Pathway Genes and the *idi* Gene from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 in *E. coli***

- Cloning and expression of the mevalonate operon in *E. coli*. A  $\lambda$  clone, designated clone 16, from the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114  $\lambda$  library (see Example 4) was used as a template for PCR amplification of the entire mevalonate operon. Primers Mevop-2020 and Mevop-9027 (Table 16) were used for PCR.

**Table 16. Primers used for amplification of mevalonate operon from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.**

Primer	Sequence (5'→3')
Mevop-2020	GGGCAAGCTTGTCCACGGCACGACCAAGCA (SEQ ID NO:115)
Mevop-9027	CGTAATCCGCGGCCGCGTTTCCAGCGCGTC (SEQ ID NO:116)

The resulting PCR product was cloned in TOPO-XL (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA), resulting in plasmid TOPO-XL-mev-op16. The insert carrying the mevalonate operon was excised with *Hind*III and *Sac*I and cloned in the *Hind*III-*Sac*I cut vector pBBR1MCS2 [Kovach et al., Gene 166:175-176 (1995)], resulting in plasmid pBBR-K-mev-op16.

- 5 Plasmid pBBR-K-mev-op16 was used to transform electroporation-competent *E. coli* strain TG1 [Stratagene, La Jolla, CA; Sambrook et al., In: Nolan, C. (ed.), Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (Second Edition), p. A.12 (1989)]. Two representative positive transformants (*E. coli* TG1/ pBBR-K-mev-op16-1 and *E. coli* TG1/ pBBR-K-mev-op16-2) were grown in Luria Broth (LB, GibcoBRL, Life Technologies) containing 50 mg/l
- 10 kanamycin and tested for HMG-CoA reductase activity (encoded by the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 *mvaA* gene) using the methods described in Example 1. *E. coli* does not possess a gene coding for the enzyme HMG-CoA reductase, hence the lack of detectable activity. The crude extracts of both representative transformants of *E. coli* TG1/ pBBR-K-mev-op16 had easily measurable HMG-CoA reductase activity, demonstrating the
- 15 heterologous expression of the cloned *mvaA* gene.

Table 17. HMG-CoA reductase activity in crude extracts of *E. coli* TG1 cells carrying the cloned mevalonate gene cluster from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.

Strain	HMG-CoA reductase activity (U/mg)
<i>E. coli</i> TG1	Not detected <sup>a</sup>
<i>E. coli</i> TG1/ pBBR-K-mev-op16-1	0.25
<i>E. coli</i> TG1/ pBBR-K-mev-op16-2	0.78

<sup>a</sup>Less than 0.03 U/mg

- Cloning and expression of the *idi* gene and the individual mevalonate pathway genes from
- 20 *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 in *E. coli*. The coding regions of the mevalonate operon genes from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 were amplified by PCR using the primers shown in Table 18. The primers were designed such that the ATG start codons constituted the second half of an *Nde*I site (cleavage recognition site CATATG), and *Bam*HI sites (GGATCC) were introduced immediately after the stop codons. All PCR products were cloned in the
- 25 pCR<sup>®</sup>2.1-TOPO vector. The names of the resulting vectors are listed in Table 19. Except for the mevalonate kinase gene, all genes contained restriction sites for *Bam*HI, *Nde*I or *Eco*RI, which had to be eliminated in order to facilitate later cloning steps. The sites were eliminated by introducing silent mutations using the QuikChange<sup>™</sup> site-directed mutagenesis kit (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA) and the oligonucleotides shown in Table 20.
- 30 The mutagenized coding regions were excised from the TOPO-plasmids with *Bam*HI and *Nde*I and ligated with the *Bam*HI-*Nde*I cleaved expression vectors pDS-His and pDS.

These expression vectors were derived from pDSNdeHis, which is described in Example 2 of EP 821,063. The plasmid pDS-His was constructed from pDSNdeHis by deleting a 857 bp *NheI* and *XbaI* fragment carrying a silent chloramphenicol acetyltransferase gene. The plasmid pDS was constructed from pDS-His by replacing a small *EcoRI*-*Bam*HI fragment with the annealed primers S/D-1 (5' AATTAAAGGAGGGTTTCATATGAATTCG) (SEQ ID NO:117) and S/D-2 (5' GATCCGAATTCATATGAAACCCTCCTTT) (SEQ ID NO:118).

Table 18: Oligonucleotides for the cloning of the mevalonate operon genes.

Gene	Forward primer		Reverse primer	
	Name	Sequence (5'-3')	Name	Sequence (5'-3')
<i>mvaA</i>	MvaA-Nde	AAGGCCTCATATGATTC CCATACCCCGGT (SEQ ID NO:119)	MvaA-Bam	CGGGATCCTCATCGCTCCAT CTCCATGT (SEQ ID NO:120)
<i>idi</i>	Idi-Nde	AAGGCCTCATATGACCGA CAGCAAGGATCA (SEQ ID NO:121)	Idi-Bam	CGGGATCCTCATTGACGGAT AAGCGAGG (SEQ ID NO:122)
<i>hsc</i>	Hcs-Nde	AAGGCCTCATATGAAAGT GCCTAAGATGA (SEQ ID NO:123)	Hcs-Bam	CGGGATCCTCAGGCCTGCCG GTCGACAT (SEQ ID NO:124)
<i>mvk</i>	Mvk-Nde <sup>1</sup>	AAGGCCTCATATGAGCAC CGGCAGGCCTGAAGCA (SEQ ID NO:125)	Mvk-Bam <sup>2</sup>	CGGGATCCTCATCCCTGCCC CGGCAGCGGTT (SEQ ID NO:126)
<i>pmk</i>	Pmk-Nde	AAGGCCTCATATGGATCA GGTCATCCGCGC (SEQ ID NO:127)	Pmk-Bam	CGGGATCCTCAGTCATCGAA ACAAGTC (SEQ ID NO:128)
<i>mvd</i>	Mvd-Nde	AAGGCCTCATATGACTGA TGCCGTCCGCGA (SEQ ID NO:129)	Mvd-Bam	CGGGATCCTCAACGCCCTC GAACGGCG (SEQ ID NO:130)

<sup>1</sup>The second codon TCA was changed to AGC (silent mutation - both codons encode serine).

<sup>2</sup>The last codon GGC was changed to GGA (silent mutation - both codons encode glycine).

Table 19: Names of expression plasmids and construction intermediates.

Gene	PCR fragments in pCR <sup>®</sup> 2.1-TOPO	After first mutagenesis	After 2 <sup>nd</sup> mutagenesis	Genes in pDS	Genes in pDS-His
<i>mvaA</i>	TOPO- <i>mvaA</i> -BB	TOPO- <i>mvaA</i> -B	TOPO- <i>mvaA</i>	pDS- <i>mvaA</i>	pDS-His - <i>mvaA</i>
<i>idi</i>	TOPO-ORFX-B	TOPO- <i>idi</i>	n/a	pDS- <i>idi</i>	pDS-His - <i>idi</i>
<i>hsc</i>	TOPO- <i>hcs</i> -EN	TOPO- <i>hcs</i> -N	TOPO- <i>hcs</i>	pDS- <i>hcs</i>	pDS-His- <i>hcs</i>
<i>mvk</i>	TOPO- <i>mvk</i>	n/a	n/a	pDS- <i>mvk</i>	pDS-His - <i>mvk</i>
<i>pmk</i>	TOPO- <i>pmk</i> -B	TOPO- <i>pmk</i>	n/a	Nd	pDS-His - <i>pmk</i>
<i>mvd</i>	TOPO- <i>mvd</i> -B	TOPO- <i>mvd</i>	n/a	pDS- <i>mvd</i>	pDS-His - <i>mvd</i>

n/a: not applicable; nd: not done

Table 20: Oligonucleotides for site-directed mutagenesis.

Gene/ Site	Forward primer		Reverse primer	
	Name	Sequence (5'-3')	Name	Sequence (5'-3')
<i>mvaA</i> / <i>Bam</i> HI-1	Mva-B1up	CCGGCATTGGGCGGC ATCCAGGTCTCGCTG (SEQ ID NO:131)	Mva-B1down	CAGCGAGACCTGGATG CCGCCCCGAATGCCGG (SEQ ID NO:132)
<i>mvaA</i> / <i>Bam</i> HI-2	Mva-B2up	CGTGCAGGGCTGGATT CTGTCCGAATACCCG (SEQ ID NO:133)	Mva-B2down	CGGGTATTCCGACAGA ATCCAGCCCTGCACG (SEQ ID NO:134)
<i>idi</i> / <i>Bam</i> HI	Idi-Bup2	GGGCTGCGCGCCGGCA TCCGGCATTTCGACG (SEQ ID NO:135)	Idi-Bdown2	CGTCGAAATGCCGGAT GCCGGCGCGCAGCCC (SEQ ID NO:136)
<i>hcs</i> / <i>Eco</i> RI	Hcs-Eup	GGGTGCGACGGGCGAG TTCTTCGATGCGCGG (SEQ ID NO:137)	Hcs-Edown	CCGCGCATCGAAGAAC TCGCCCCGTCGACCCC (SEQ ID NO:138)
<i>hcs</i> / <i>Nde</i> I	Hcs-Nup-c	CACGCCCCGTACATAC GACGAATACGTGCC (SEQ ID NO:139)	Hcs-Ndown- c	GGCAACGTATTTCGTCG TATGTGACGGGCGTG (SEQ ID NO:140)
<i>pmk</i> / <i>Bam</i> HI	Pmk-Bup	GAGGCTCGGGCTTGGC TCCTCGGCGGCGGTG (SEQ ID NO:141)	Pmk-Bdown	CACCGCCGCCGAGGAG CCAAGCCCAGCCTC (SEQ ID NO:142)
<i>mvd</i> / <i>Bam</i> HI	Mvd-Bup	CGGCACGCTGCTGGAC CCGGGCGACGCCTTC (SEQ ID NO:143)	Mvd-Bdown	GAAGGCGTCGCCCGGG TCCAGCAGCGTGCCG (SEQ ID NO:144)

- 5 *E. coli* strain M15 [Villarejo and Zabin, J. Bacteriol. 120:466-474 (1974)] carrying the *lacI* (lac repressor)-containing plasmid pREP4 (EMBL/GenBank accession number A25856) was transformed with the ligation mixtures and recombinant cells were selected for by

growth on LB-Agar plates supplemented with 100 mg/L ampicillin and 25 mg/L kanamycin. Positive clones containing the correct mevalonate operon gene insert were verified by PCR.

For expression of the inserted genes, each of the *E. coli* strains were grown overnight at 37°C in LB medium containing 25 mg/L kanamycin and 100 mg/L ampicillin. The next day, 25 ml of fresh medium was inoculated with 0.5 ml of the overnight cultures and the new cultures were grown at 37°C. When the OD<sub>600</sub> of the cultures reached 0.4, expression of the cloned genes was induced by addition of isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG) to a final concentration of 1 mM, and the incubation of the cultures (with shaking) was continued for four hours, after which the cells were collected by centrifugation.

Crude extract preparation, HMG-CoA reductase assays, and IPP isomerase assays were performed as described in Example 1. Tables 21 and 22 show the HMG-CoA reductase and IPP isomerase activities, respectively, in the recombinant *E. coli* strains. Upon IPTG induction, strains M15/pDS-*mvaA* and M15/pDS-*idi* contained high levels of the HMG-CoA reductase and IPP isomerase activity, respectively. This illustrates the ability to over-express the mevalonate pathway genes (and overproduce their cognate gene products in an active form) from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 in *E. coli*.

Table 21. Induction of HMG-CoA reductase activity in *E. coli* strains over-expressing the cloned *mvaA* gene from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.

Strain/plasmid	IPTG Induction	HMG-CoA reductase activity (U/mg)
M15/pDS- <i>mvaA</i>	-	8.34
M15/pDS- <i>mvaA</i>	+	90.0
M15/pDS-His- <i>mvaA</i>	-	1.74
M15/pDS-His- <i>mvaA</i>	+	2.95
M15/pDS- <i>mvd</i> <sup>a</sup>	-	0.05

<sup>a</sup>M15/pDS-*mvd* was included as a negative control

Table 22. Induction of IPP isomerase activity in *E. coli* strains over-expressing the cloned *idi* gene from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.

Strain/plasmid	IPTG Induction	IPP isomerase activity (U/mg)
M15/pDS- <i>idi</i>	-	Not detected <sup>b</sup>
M15/pDS- <i>idi</i>	+	22.0
M15/pDS-His- <i>idi</i>	-	Not detected
M15/pDS-His- <i>idi</i>	+	Not detected
M15/pDS- <i>mvd</i> <sup>a</sup>	-	Not detected

<sup>a</sup>M15/pDS-*mvd* was included as a negative control

<sup>b</sup><1 U/mg

- 5 The crude extracts used for the enzyme assays were analyzed by sodium dodecylsulfate-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE). For strains *E. coli* M15/pDS-*mvaA* and *E. coli* M15/pDS-His-*mvaA*, the presence or absence of a highly expressed protein of the expected molecular mass (36.3 kD) correlated with the HMG-CoA reductase activity measured in the extracts (Table 21). The absence of the His-tagged protein could be
- 10 explained by reduced expression at the level of transcription or translation by instability of the mRNA or the protein. The crude extracts of *E. coli* M15/pDS-*idi* and *E. coli* M15/pDS-His-*idi* both showed highly expressed proteins of the expected molecular masses of 37.3 kD and 39.0 kD, respectively. However, only the extract from *E. coli* M15/pDS-*idi* had increased IPP isomerase activity (Table 22), indicating that the histidine-tagged form of
- 15 the enzyme was not functional under these conditions.

By SDS-PAGE analysis of crude extracts of *E. coli* strains over-expressing the other four genes of the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 mevalonate operon (*hcs*, *pmk*, *mvk*, and *mvd*, refer to Table 19) high expression of the native form of the enzyme was not detected upon IPTG induction, although some expression cannot be ruled out. On the other hand, high

20 expression was observed with the His-tagged form of all four proteins.

#### Example 6: Improved Zeaxanthin Production in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 by Over-Expression of the *crtE* Gene

Construction of pBBR-K-Zea4, pBBR-K-Zea4-up and pBBR-K-Zea4-down and effects of these plasmids on zeaxanthin production in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114. The carotenoid

25 (*crt*) gene cluster of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 was excised from plasmid pZea-4 [Pasa-montes et al., Gene 185:35-41 (1997)] as an 8.3 kb *Bam*HI - *Eco*RI fragment. This fragment containing the *crt* gene cluster was ligated into the *Bam*HI and *Eco*RI-cut vector pBBR1MCS-2 (GenBank accession #U23751) resulting in pBBR-K-Zea4. Plasmid pBBR-

K-Zea4 was introduced into *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 by conjugation to test for improved zeaxanthin production. The control strain R114 and two independent isolates of strain R114/pBBR-K-Zea4 were tested for zeaxanthin production in shake flask cultures (using medium 362F/2, see Example 11). The data in Table 23 show that both recombinant strains carrying plasmid pBBR-K-Zea4 produced significantly higher levels of zeaxanthin than R114, and had higher specific rates of production (mg zeaxanthin/OD<sub>660</sub>). This suggested that one or more of the genes within the cloned insert in pBBR-K-Zea4 encoded an enzyme(s) that was limiting for zeaxanthin production in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.

Table 23. Zeaxanthin production by strains R114 and R114/pBBR-K-Zea4.

Strain	24 Hours		48 Hours		72 Hours	
	ZXN <sup>a</sup> (mg/l)	Spec. Form. <sup>b</sup>	ZXN (mg/l)	Spec. Form.	ZXN (mg/l)	Spec. Form.
R114	54.5	2.2	81.7	4.1	78.1	4.5
R114/pBBR-K-Zea4 (clone 4)	41.0	3.0	100.7	5.2	97.6	6.2
R114/pBBR-K-Zea4 (clone 5)	41.1	3.1	110.5	5.7	102.1	6.5

<sup>a</sup>Zeaxanthin

<sup>b</sup>Specific Formation (mg ZXN/l/OD<sub>660</sub>)

To localize the positive effect, two plasmid derivatives were created that contained sub-cloned regions of the cloned insert present in pBBR-K-Zea4. The "upstream" region of the pBBR-K-Zea4 insert, comprising ORF 5 and the genes *atoB* and *crtE*, (Pasamontes et al., supra) is flanked by unique sites for the restriction enzymes *Xba*I and *Avr*II. Plasmid pBBR-K-Zea4-down was constructed by digesting pBBR-K-Zea4 with these two enzymes and deleting the "upstream" region. Analogously, plasmid pBBR-K-Zea4-up was constructed by deletion of the "downstream" region within the cloned insert in pBBR-K-Zea4, using the restriction enzymes *Eco*RV and *Stu*I. The two new plasmids were transferred to *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 by conjugation. Zeaxanthin production was compared (shake flask cultures, same conditions as described above) in strains R114 (host control), R114/pBBR-K (empty vector control), R114/pBBR-K-Zea4-down and R114/pBBR-K-Zea4-up (Table 24). The data clearly showed that the positive effect on zeaxanthin production was a result of the presence in multiple copies of the cloned segment containing ORF5, *atoB* and *crtE*, i.e., the insert present in plasmid pBBR-K-Zea4-up. A series of deletion plasmids was constructed from pBBR-K-Zea4-up. By introducing each of these plasmids into strain R114 and testing for zeaxanthin production, it was determined that it

- 91 -

was over-expression of the *crtE* gene that was providing the improved zeaxanthin production in strains R114/pBBR-K-Zea4 and pBBR-K-Zea4-up. This result is consistent with the activity of GGPP synthase (encoded by *crtE*) being limiting for zeaxanthin production in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114. Using the methods described in Example 1,

5 crude extract of strain R114/pBBR-K-Zea4-up was found to have 2.6-fold higher GGPP synthase activity than R114. To prove this directly, a new plasmid allowing over-expression of only the *crtE* gene was constructed as described in the following two sections.

Table 24. Zeaxanthin production by strains carrying deletion derivatives of plasmid pBBR-K-Zea4.

Strain	24 Hours		48 Hours		72 Hours	
	ZXN <sup>a</sup> (mg/l)	Spec. Form. <sup>b</sup>	ZXN (mg/l)	Spec. Form.	ZXN (mg/l)	Spec. Form.
R114	35.0	1.2	75.7	4.1	73.9	4.4
R114/pBBR-K	32.0	1.5	59.3	3.1	63.3	3.9
R114/pBBR-K-Zea4-up	51.5	2.2	98.8	5.5	85.5	5.7
R114/pBBR-K-Zea4-down	41.6	1.8	63.4	3.3	66.4	3.9

10 <sup>a</sup>Zeaxanthin

<sup>b</sup>Specific Formation (mg ZXN/l/OD<sub>660</sub>)

Construction of the expression vectors pBBR-K-PcrtE and pBBR-tK-PcrtE. The vector pBBR1MCS-2 was cut with *Bst*XI and *Bsu*36I and the larger fragment was ligated with the annealed oligonucleotides MCS-2 up

15 (5' TCAGAAATTCGGTACCATATGAAGCTTGGATCCGGGG 3') (SEQ ID NO:145) and MCS-2 down (5' GGATCCAAGCTTCATATGGTACCGAATTC 3') (SEQ ID NO:146), resulting in vector pBBR-K-Nde. The 270 bp region upstream of the *crtE* gene in the carotenoid gene cluster from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114, which contains the putative *crtE* promoter (*PcrtE*) including the ribosome binding site and the *crtE* start codon (Pasamontes et

20 al., supra) was amplified from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 DNA by PCR with primers crtE-up (5' GGAATTCGCTGCTGAACGCGATGGCG 3') (SEQ ID NO:147) and crtE-down (5' GGGGTACCATATGTGCCTTCGTTGCGTCAGTC 3') (SEQ ID NO:148). The PCR product was cut with *Eco*RI and *Nde*I and inserted into the *Eco*RI-*Nde*I cut backbone of pBBR-K-Nde, yielding plasmid pBBR-K-PcrtE. An *Nde*I site, which contains the ATG

25 start codon of *crtE*, was included in primer crtE-down. Hence, any introduced coding region with the start codon embedded in a *Nde*I site should be expressed using the ribosomal binding site of *crtE*. The plasmid pBBR-K-PcrtE was cut with *Bam*HI and the annealed oligonucleotides pha-t-up



- 92 -

- (5' GATCCGGCGTGTGCGCAATTTAATTGCGCACACGCCCCCTGCGTTTAAAC 3') (SEQ ID NO:149) and pha-t-down (5' GATCGTTTAAACGCAGGGGGCGTGTGCGCAATTAAATTGCGCACACGCCG 3') (SEQ ID NO:150) were inserted. The insertion was verified by sequencing, and the version
- 5 of the plasmid having the oligos inserted in the orientation that reconstitutes the *Bam*HI site closer to the *PcrtE* promoter was named pBBR-tK-*PcrtE*. The inserted sequence carries the putative transcriptional terminator found between the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 *phaA* and *phaB* genes (see Example 10) and should, therefore, ensure proper termination of the transcripts initiated from the *PcrtE* promoter.
- 10 Construction of plasmid pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtE*-3. To construct a multi-copy plasmid for increased expression of the *crtE* gene in the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 host, the *crtE* gene was amplified from plasmid p59-2 (Pasamontes et al., supra) by PCR using the primers *crtE*-Nde (5' AAGGCCTCATATGACGCCCAAGCAGCAATT 3') (SEQ ID NO:151) and *crtE*-Bam (5' CGGGATCCTAGGCGCTGCGGCGGATG 3') (SEQ ID NO:152). The
- 15 amplified fragment was cloned in the pCR<sup>®</sup>2.1-TOPO vector, resulting in plasmid TOPO-*crtE*. The *Nde*I-*Bam*HI fragment from TOPO-*crtE* was subcloned in *Nde*I-*Bam*HI-digested plasmid pBBR-K-*PcrtE*, yielding pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtE*. Finally, pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtE*-3 was constructed by replacing the smaller *Bgl*II fragment from pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtE* with the smaller *Bgl*II fragment from pBBR-K-Zea4-up. Plasmid pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtE*-3
- 20 was transferred to *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 by electroporation. Using the methods described in Example 1, GGPP synthase activity in crude extracts was found to be 2.9-fold higher in strain R114/pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtE*-3 than in strain R114. This degree of elevated activity was similar to that observed in R114/pBBR-K-Zea4-up. Table 25 shows the zeaxanthin production by strain R114/pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtE*-3 was essentially identical to
- 25 strain R114/pBBR-K-Zea4-up.

Table 25. Comparison of zeaxanthin production by strains R114/pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtE*-3 and R114/pBBR-K-Zea4-up.

Strain	24 Hours		48 Hours		72 Hours	
	ZXN <sup>a</sup> (mg/l)	Spec. Form. <sup>b</sup>	ZXN (mg/l)	Spec. Form.	ZXN (mg/l)	Spec. Form.
R114	49.0	1.6	83.9	3.3	97.8	4.3
R114/pBBR-K	42.6	1.8	73.7	3.8	88.8	4.9
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtE</i> -3	64.6	2.9	127.0	5.8	165.6	8.5
R114/pBBR-K-Zea4-up	64.7	2.9	118.0	5.9	158.0	10.1

<sup>a</sup>Zeaxanthin

<sup>b</sup>Specific Formation (mg ZXN/l/OD<sub>660</sub>)

5 **Example 7: Expression of Individual Genes of the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 Mevalonate Operon in the Native Host, *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114**

Expression of individual cloned genes of the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 mevalonate operon in the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 host. The mutagenized coding regions of the mevalonate operon genes in TOPO-plasmids (see Example 5) were excised with *Bam*HI and *Nde*I and  
 10 ligated with the *Bam*HI-*Nde*I cleaved vector pBBR-tK-*PcrtE* (see Example 6). The resulting plasmids pBBR-tK-*PcrtE*-*mvaA*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE*-*idi*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE*-*hcs*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE*-*mvk*, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE*-*pmk* and pBBR-tK-*PcrtE*-*mvd* were introduced into *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 by electroporation. Transformants were selected on agar medium containing 50 mg/l kanamycin and verified by PCR.

15 To illustrate that the plasmid-borne mevalonate pathway genes can be expressed in the native host *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114, HMG-CoA reductase activity was compared in crude extracts of strains R114/pBBR-K (control) and R114/pBBR-tK-*PcrtE*-*mvaA* (methods used are set forth in Example 1). The specific activities of HMG-CoA reductase in strains R114/pBBR-K and R114/pBBR-tK-*PcrtE*-*mvaA* were 2.37 U/mg and 6.0 U/mg,  
 20 respectively. Thus the presence of the *mvaA* gene on a multicopy plasmid (and expressed from the *PcrtE* promoter) resulted in a 2.5-fold increase in HMG-CoA reductase activity relative to the basal (i.e., chromosomally encoded) activity of R114 carrying the empty vector pBBR-K.

**Example 8: Construction of "Mini-Operons" for Simultaneous Over-Expression the Cloned Genes of the Mevalonate Pathway with the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 *crtE* Gene**

Plasmid constructions. As was shown in Example 6, introduction of plasmid pBBR-K-  
 5 *PcrtE-crtE*-3 into *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 resulted in increased production of zeaxanthin, indicating that GGPP synthase activity was rate limiting for zeaxanthin biosynthesis in strain R114. Example 7 further showed that genes coding for the enzymes of the mevalonate pathway could be over-expressed in the native host *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114, and resulted in increased activity of the encoded enzyme. However, none of the  
 10 recombinant strains of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 that carried plasmids containing each individual gene of the mevalonate operon showed increased zeaxanthin production compared to strain R114. It is possible that the benefit of over-expression of the genes of the mevalonate operon in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 could be masked by the downstream "bottleneck" in the zeaxanthin pathway (GGPP synthase). Creation of plasmids that allow  
 15 simultaneous over-expression of each mevalonate pathway gene (or perhaps combinations of these genes) together with *crtE* could relieve all rate limitations in the overall zeaxanthin biosynthetic pathway, thereby improving zeaxanthin production. The next section describes the construction of "mini-operons" designed to allow co-over-expression of *crtE* and each of the genes coding for the five enzymes of the mevalonate pathway.

20 The *crtE*, *mvaA*, *idi* and *mvk* genes were excised from the respective TOPO-plasmids (described in Examples 5 and 6) with *Bam*HI and *Nde*I and ligated with *Bam*HI-*Nde*I-cleaved vector pOCV-1 (described in Example 12). The *crtE* gene does not have an adenine as the last nucleotide of the coding region, and in addition, has a TAG rather than a TGA stop codon and an unsuitable distance between the stop codon and the *Bam*HI site.  
 25 Therefore, the end of *crtE* does not meet the requirements of the operon construction vectors (refer to Example 12) and *crtE* must be the last gene in any operon constructed with pOCV-1-*crtE*. To meet the requirement for an adenine as the first nucleotide of the second codon and the last nucleotide of the last codon, mutations had to be introduced in three genes of the mevalonate operon. The second codon of *pmk*, GAT, encoding Asp, was  
 30 changed into AAT, encoding Asn. The last codon of *mvd* ends with a T and the last codons of *pmk* and *hcs* end with C. Changing these nucleotides to A results in silent mutations except for *pmk* where the last amino acid is changed from Asp to Glu. Oligonucleotides were designed to introduce the necessary changes by PCR. The sequences of the oligonucleotides and the templates used for those PCR reactions are  
 35 shown in Table 26. All PCR products were cloned in the pCR<sup>®</sup>2.1-TOPO vector, resulting in plasmids TOPO-*mva*<sup>OCV</sup>, TOPO-*pmk*<sup>OCV</sup> and TOPO-*hcs*<sup>OCV</sup>. The inserts were excised

with *Nde*I and *Bam*HI and ligated with the *Nde*I-*Bam*HI cut backbone of pOCV-2 (see Example 12). The final cloning steps to assemble each of the “mini-operons” were analogous, and are illustrated by the representative scheme for construction of pBBR-K-*PcrE-mvaA-crtE-3*.

5 Table 26: Oligonucleotides and templates used for PCR in the construction of plasmids TOPO-*mvd*<sup>OCV</sup>, TOPO-*pmk*<sup>OCV</sup> and TOPO-*hcs*<sup>OCV</sup>.

Gene	Forward primer		Reverse primer		Template
	Name	Sequence (5'-3')	Name	Sequence (5'-3')	
<i>Hcs</i>	Hcs-Nde	AAGGCCTCATATGAAA GTGCCTAAGATGA (SEQ ID NO:123)	Hcs-mut3	CCGGATCCTCATGCC TGCCGGTCGACATAG (SEQ ID NO:153)	pBBR-tK- <i>PcrE-hcs</i>
<i>Pmk</i>	Pmk-mut5	GAAGGCACATATGAAT CAGGTCATCCGCGC (SEQ ID NO:154)	Pmk-mut3	GCCGGATCCTCATTC ATCGAAAACAAGTCC (SEQ ID NO:155)	pBBR-tK- <i>PcrE-pmk</i>
<i>Mvd</i>	Mvd-Nde	AAGGCCTCATATGACT GATGCCGTCCGCGA (SEQ ID NO:129)	Mvd-mut3	ACGCCGGATCCTCAT CGCCCCTCGAACGGC (SEQ ID NO:156)	pBBR-tK- <i>PcrE-mvd</i>

**Example 9: Cloning and Sequencing of the *ispA* Gene Encoding FPP Synthase from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114**

- 10 Because FPP synthase lies in the central pathway for zeaxanthin biosynthesis in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114, increasing the activity of this enzyme by increasing the dosage of the *ispA* gene has the potential to improve zeaxanthin production. For this reason, the *ispA* gene from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 was cloned and sequenced as follows. The amino acid sequences of six bacterial FPP synthases were obtained from public databases. These
- 15 sequences have several highly conserved regions. Two such regions, and the oligonucleotides used for PCR, are shown in Table 27. PCR with oligonucleotides GTT-1 and GTT-2, using *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 DNA as template, gave a product of the expected size. The PCR product was cloned in the vector pCR<sup>®</sup>2.1-TOPO and sequenced. The cloned fragment was used as a probe for a Southern analysis of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 DNA
- 20 and was found to hybridize to a *Bam*HI-*Nco*I fragment of about 1.9 kb. *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 DNA was cut with *Bam*HI and *Nco*I and the fragments were separated by agarose gel electrophoresis. The region between 1.5 and 2.1 kb was isolated and cloned in the *Bam*HI and *Nco*I sites of a cloning vector. This partial library was then screened using the *ispA*-PCR fragment as a probe, and two positive clones were isolated. Sequencing con-
- 25 firmed that the plasmids of both clones contained the *ispA* gene. Upstream of *ispA* (SEQ ID NO:159) is the gene for the small subunit of exonuclease VII, XseB (SEQ ID NO:158),

- 96 -

and downstream is the *dxs* gene (SEQ ID NO:160) encoding the 1-deoxyxylulose-5-phosphate synthase. This is the same gene arrangement as found in *E. coli*. The sequence of the *NcoI*-*Bam*HI fragment is illustrated in SEQ ID NO:157, the amino acid sequences of XseB, IspA and Dxs are illustrated in SEQ ID NO:158, SEQ ID NO:159, and SEQ ID NO:160, respectively. The start codon of *ispA* may be GTG or ATG resulting in two or one methionine residues, respectively, at the amino-terminus of the native IspA.

Using the same general cloning strategy described in Examples 5-7, a new plasmid, pBBR-tK-*PcrtE-ispA*-2 was constructed to allow for over-expression of the *ispA* gene in the native host *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114. The plasmid was introduced into strain R114 by electroporation, and transformants were confirmed by PCR. Three representative transformants and a control strain (R114/pBBR-K) were grown in 362F/2 medium (Example 11), crude extracts were prepared and assayed for activity of the *ispA* gene product, FPP synthase according to the methods described in Example 1. The basal (chromosomally-encoded) FPP synthase specific activity in R114/pBBR-K was 62.6 U/mg. The FPP synthase activity in the three transformants was 108.3 U/mg (73% increase), 98.5 U/mg (57% increase) and 83.8 U/mg (34% increase), demonstrating the over-expression of the *ispA* gene and over-production of its product, FPP synthase, in an active form in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.

Table 27: Oligonucleotides designed from two conserved bacterial IspA peptides.

<b>Peptide 1</b> <i>Bradyrhizobium japonicum</i> <i>Rhizobium</i> sp. strain NGR234 <i>Bacillus stearothermophilus</i> <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> <i>Escherichia coli</i> <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> Oligonucleotide GTT-1 (5'-3')	Val His Asp Asp Leu Pro (SEQ ID NO:161) Val His Asp Asp Leu Pro (SEQ ID NO:162) Ile His Asp Asp Leu Pro (SEQ ID NO:163) Ile His Asp Asp Leu Pro (SEQ ID NO:164) Ile His Asp Asp Leu Pro (SEQ ID NO:165) Ile His Asp Asp Leu Pro (SEQ ID NO:166) tc cay gay gay ctg cc (SEQ ID NO:167)
<b>Peptide 2</b> <i>Bradyrhizobium japonicum</i> <i>Rhizobium</i> sp. strain NGR234 <i>Bacillus stearothermophilus</i> <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> <i>Escherichia coli</i> <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> Reverse complement of Oligonucleotide GTT-2 (5'-3')	Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp (SEQ ID NO:168) Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp (SEQ ID NO:169) Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp (SEQ ID NO:170) Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp (SEQ ID NO:171) Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp (SEQ ID NO:172) Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp (SEQ ID NO:173) gay gay atc ctg gay (SEQ ID NO:174)

Y = C or T

**Example 10: Cloning and Sequencing of the Genes Coding for Acetyl-CoA**

**Acetyltransferase from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114**

The first committed step in IPP biosynthesis is the condensation of acetyl-CoA and aceto-  
5 acetyl-CoA to hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA (HMG-CoA) by HMG-CoA synthase. The sub-  
strate acetoacetyl-CoA is formed by the enzyme acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase (also known  
as acetoacetyl-CoA thiolase or  $\beta$ -ketothiolase) by condensation of two molecules of acetyl-  
CoA. Because this reaction links central metabolism (at acetyl-CoA) to isoprenoid biosyn-  
thesis via the mevalonate pathway, increasing the activity of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase  
10 by gene amplification has the potential to increase carbon flow to carotenoids and other  
isoprenoids *in vivo*. In *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114, there are at least two genes, *atoB* and  
*phaA*, that encode acetyl-CoA acetyltransferases. The end of the *atoB* gene is 165 nucleo-  
tides upstream of the start of *crtE* in *Paracoccus* sp. strains R1534 (US 6,087,152) and R114  
(this work). The nucleotide sequence of the *atoB* gene and the corresponding amino acid  
15 sequence of the encoded acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 are  
illustrated in SEQ ID NO:175 and SEQ ID NO:176, respectively.

Using the same general strategy as described in Example 5, the *atoB* gene was cloned in  
plasmids pDS and pDS-His. The new plasmids, pDS-*atoB* and pDS-His-*atoB* were intro-  
duced into *E. coli* strain M15. The resulting strains M15/pDS-*atoB* and M15/pDS-His-  
20 *atoB* were grown with and without IPTG induction (as described in Example 5), and crude  
extracts were prepared for acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase assays (methods used were  
described in Example 1) and SDS-PAGE analysis. The acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase  
specific activities in extracts of M15/pDS-*atoB* and M15/pDS-His-*atoB* (with IPTG  
induction) were 0.2 U/mg and 13.52 U/mg, respectively. The basal activity measured in *E.*  
25 *coli* without the plasmids was 0.006 U/mg. Upon IPTG induction the *atoB* gene product,  
acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase, is overproduced in *E. coli* M15. Both the native (M15/pDS-  
*atoB*) and His-tagged (M15/pDS/his-*atoB*) forms were overproduced. The degree of  
overproduction was much higher in M15/pDS-His-*atoB*, consistent with the measured  
acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase activity in the (induced) extracts of the two strains.

30 Acetoacetyl-CoA is also the substrate for the first committed step in poly-  
hydroxyalkanoate (PHA) biosynthesis. In many bacteria the genes involved in PHA  
biosynthesis are grouped in operons [Madison and Huisman, Microbiol. Mol. Biol. Rev.,  
63:21-53 (1999)]. In *Paracoccus denitrificans* the *phaA* and *phaB* genes, encoding the  
acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase and acetoacetyl-CoA reductase, respectively, are clustered in

an operon [Yabutani et al., FEMS Microbiol. Lett. 133:85-90 (1995)] whereas *phaC*, the gene encoding the last enzyme in the pathway, poly(3-hydroxyalkanoate) synthase, is not part of this operon [Ueda et al., J. Bacteriol. 178:774-779 (1995)]. PCR fragments containing parts of *phaA* from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 and *phaC* from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 were obtained using primers based on the *P. denitrificans* *phaA* and *phaC* gene sequences. The PCR fragments were then used as probes to screen a *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114  $\lambda$ -library (see Example 4). Several  $\lambda$ -clones hybridizing with the *phaA* or the *phaC* probes were isolated, and the presence of the *phaA* or *phaC* genes in the inserts was verified by sequence analysis. Three *phaA*  $\lambda$ -clones were further analyzed by subcloning and sequencing, whereby the *phaB* was found downstream of *phaA*. Therefore, as is the case in *P. denitrificans*, the *phaA* and *phaB* genes are clustered whereas the *phaC* gene is located elsewhere in the genome. The nucleotide sequence of the *phaAB* cluster from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 and the deduced amino acid sequences of the acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase (PhaA) are illustrated in SEQ ID NO:177, and SEQ ID NOs:178 and 179, respectively. The clustering of genes involved in PHA biosynthesis in operons suggests that at least *phaA* and *phaB* are expressed together when the cell produces poly(3-hydroxyalkanoates). On the other hand, a putative transcriptional stop signal is found between the *phaA* and *phaB* genes from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 which is absent in the *P. denitrificans* *phaAB* operon (Yabutani et al., supra). Thus, the expression of the two genes might not be coupled in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.

Using the same general strategy as described in Example 5, the *phaA* gene was cloned in plasmid pDS-His. The new plasmid, pDS-His-*phaA*, was introduced into *E. coli* strain M15. The resulting strain M15/pDS-His-*phaA* was grown with and without IPTG induction (as described in Example 5) and crude extracts were prepared for SDS-PAGE analysis. The cloned His-tagged *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 PhaA (acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase) is overproduced upon IPTG induction in the *E. coli* M15 host.

The potential benefit of amplifying the *atoB* or *phaA* genes, encoding acetyl-Co acetyltransferase, on zeaxanthin production is mentioned above. In addition, it may be beneficial for zeaxanthin production to decrease or eliminate the activity of acetoacetyl-CoA reductase (the *phaB* gene product) to avoid diversion of some of the acetoacetyl-CoA formed *in vivo* to the PHA pathway. Mutants of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 lacking activity of *phaB* could be obtained by gene replacement techniques (specifically replacing the wild-type *phaB* gene in the chromosome with an inactive form of the gene) or by classical mutagenesis and screening.

**Example 11: Model for the Industrial Production of Lycopene Using Mutants Derived from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114**

Lycopene is a red carotenoid that is an intermediate in the biosynthesis of zeaxanthin in the new *Paracoccus* species represented by strain R-1512 and its mutant derivatives R1534 and R114. As lycopene itself has significant commercial potential, it was of interest to test the potential of the new *Paracoccus* species to produce lycopene by industrial fermentation. To obtain mutants blocked in zeaxanthin biosynthesis that accumulated lycopene, *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 was subjected to mutagenesis with ultraviolet (UV) light followed by screening for red colonies. The UV mutagenesis was performed as follows.

10 An overnight culture of strain R114 was grown in ME medium (see Example 2). The overnight culture was subcultured into fresh ME medium (initial  $OD_{610} = 0.1$ ) and incubated at 28°C for 3 hours. Aliquots of this culture were centrifuged and the pellet washed with 20mM potassium phosphate buffer (pH 7.2). After a second centrifugation, the pellet was resuspended to a final  $OD_{610}$  of 0.1. Ten milliliter aliquots of the cell

15 suspension were placed in a sterile 100-ml glass beaker. The thin layer of cell suspension was irradiated with UV light at a flux of  $1450\mu W/cm^2$  for a pre-determined optimal length of time. The cell suspension was mixed during the irradiation by means of a paper clip in the beaker and a magnetic stirrer. The mutagenized cell suspensions (and the unmutagenized controls) were plated on 362/F2 agar medium (Table 28). Triplicate viable

20 plate counts (in dim room light) were done on suspensions before and after mutagenesis. Plates were incubated for 4-5 days at 28°C, and the colonies were scored. Several red colonies (putative lycopene producers) were identified and purified by re-streaking. One mutant, designated UV7-1, was further evaluated for lycopene production.

Table 29 shows the zeaxanthin production and lycopene production by the control strain

25 R114 and its mutant derivative UV7-1. Strain R114 produced only zeaxanthin. Mutant UV7-1 produced mostly lycopene, but also produced a residual amount of zeaxanthin, suggesting that the mutational block in UV7-1 (presumably in the *crtY* gene) is not complete. These results show that it is possible to derive lycopene producing strains from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114.



Table 28. Recipe and preparation for medium 362F/2

Component	Amount
Glucose monohydrate	33 g
Yeast extract	10 g
Tryptone	10 g
NaCl	5 g
MgSO <sub>4</sub> ·7H <sub>2</sub> O	2.5 g
Agar (for solid medium)	20 g
Distilled water	To 932 ml
-adjust pH to 7.4	
-sterilize by filtration (liquid medium) or autoclaving (solid medium)	
-Add 2.5 ml each of microelements solution, NKP solution and CaFe solution	
Microelements solution	Amount per liter distilled water
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Fe(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ·6H <sub>2</sub> O	80 g
ZnSO <sub>4</sub> ·7H <sub>2</sub> O	6 g
MnSO <sub>4</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O	2 g
NiSO <sub>4</sub> ·6H <sub>2</sub> O	0.2 g
EDTA	6 g
-sterilize by filtration	
NKP solution	Amount per liter distilled water
K <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	250 g
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	300 g
-sterilize by filtration	
CaFe solution	Amount per liter distilled water
CaCl <sub>2</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O	75 g
FeCl <sub>3</sub> ·6H <sub>2</sub> O	5 g
Concentrated HCl	3.75 ml
-sterilize by filtration	

Table 29. Zeaxanthin and lycopene production by *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 and its red mutant derivative UV7-1.

	Zeaxanthin (mg/l)	Lycopene (mg/l)
24 hours		
R114	36.65	0
UV7-1	3.85	20.85
48 hours		
R114	72.95	0
UV7-1	5.75	85.95
72 hours		
R114	83.9	0
UV7-1	5.85	124.55

Example 12: Model for the Industrial Production of Astaxanthin by Fermentation Using

5                      Strains Derived from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114

Astaxanthin is a commercially important carotenoid used primarily in the aquaculture industry. EP 872,554 showed that astaxanthin production could be achieved in *E. coli* by introducing plasmids containing combinations of the cloned carotenoid (*crt*) genes from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 and *Paracoccus carotinifaciens* E-396<sup>T</sup>. Together, the cloned *crt* genes (*crtEBIYZ*) and *crtW* ( $\beta$ -carotene  $\beta$ -4 oxygenase) encoded a total biosynthetic path-  
 10 way from FPP through zeaxanthin to astaxanthin. The sequences of the *P. carotinifaciens* E-396 *crtW*, *Paracoccus* sp. R1534 *crtZ*, and *Paracoccus* sp. R1534 *crtE* genes and encoded polypeptides are set forth in (SEQ ID NOs:180 and 181 (*crtW*); 182 and 184 (*crtZ*); and 184 and 185 (*crtE*)). However, it was not shown that astaxanthin production could be  
 15 achieved in the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 host family. To demonstrate the utility of recombinant strains derived from strain R114 for astaxanthin production, the cloned *crtW* gene (SEQ ID NO:180) was introduced into strain R114 as follows.

Table 30. PCR primers used for the work described in Example 12.

Primer name	Sequence
CrtW-Nde	5' AAGGCCTCATATGAGCGCACATGCCCTGCC 3' (SEQ ID NO:186)
CrtW-Bam	5' CGGGATCCTCATGCGGTGTCCCCCTTGG 3' (SEQ ID NO:187)
CrtZ-Nde	5' AAGGCCTCATATGAGCACTTGGGCCGCAAT 3' (SEQ ID NO:188)
CrtZ-Bam	5' AGGATCCTCATGTATTGCGATCCGCCCTT 3' (SEQ ID NO:189)

The *crtW* gene was amplified by PCR from the cloned *crt* cluster of *Paracoccus carotini-faciens* strain E-396<sup>T</sup> (Tsubokura et al., supra; EP 872,554) using the primers *crtW*-Nde and *crtW*-Bam (Table 30). The primers were designed such that the ATG start codon constitutes the second half of an *NdeI* site (cleavage recognition site CATATG), and a *Bam*HI site (GGATCC) was introduced immediately after the stop codon. The PCR product was  
5 cloned in the pCR<sup>®</sup>2.1-TOPO vector, resulting in plasmid TOPO-*crtW*. The *crtW* gene was excised with *NdeI* and *Bam*HI and subcloned in the *NdeI*-*Bam*HI cut vector pBBR-K-*PcrtE* (described in Example 6) to create plasmid pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtW*.

Plasmid pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtW* was transferred to *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 using a standard  
10 bacterial conjugation procedure (*E. coli* strain S17 [Priefer et al., J. Bacteriol. 163:324-330 (1985)] was the donor organism}. Transconjugants were selected on medium 362F/2 agar (Table 28) containing 50 mg/l kanamycin and purified by restreaking on the same medium. The presence of plasmid pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtW* in the strain was confirmed by PCR. Carotenoid production by strains R114 (host control), R114/pBBR-K (empty vector  
15 control) and R114/ pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtW* was measured in shake flask cultures as described in Examples 1 and 2, except that liquid 362F/2 medium was used instead of ME medium. These results are shown in Table 31. The control strains R114 and R114/pBBR-K produced only zeaxanthin. In strain R114/ pBBR-K-*PcrtE*-*crtW*, the zeaxanthin was completely consumed by the plasmid-encoded  $\beta$ -carotene  $\beta$ -4 oxygenase. However, although asta-  
20 xanthin was produced, two other ketocarotenoids, adonixanthin and canthaxanthin, accumulated at higher levels. This indicated an imbalance *in vivo* of the  $\beta$ -carotene hydroxylase (encoded by the chromosomal *crtZ* gene in strain R114) and the cloned  $\beta$  carotene  $\beta$ -4 oxygenase (*CrtW*).

To test this hypothesis, two new plasmids were created that contained the *crtZ* and *crtW*  
25 genes together in mini-operons. The order of the genes was made different in the two constructs (i.e., *crtZ*-*crtW* and *crtW*-*crtZ*) to try and create different ratios of expression of the *crtZ* and *crtW* genes. The construction of the new plasmids required the assembly of a special set of cloning vectors as follows. A series of operon construction vectors (based on the vector pCR<sup>®</sup>2.1-TOPO) was designed to facilitate the assembly of genes (in this case,  
30 *crtZ* and *crtW*) into operons. The genes of interest must have an ATG start codon, embedded in an *NdeI* site (CATATG), and a TGA stop codon immediately followed by a *Bam*HI site.

Table 31. Astaxanthin production in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 containing plasmids expressing the *crtW* gene alone and in combination with the *crtZ* gene.

	24 hours					
Strain	ZXN	ADN	CXN	AXN	Total	Sp. Form. <sup>a</sup>
R114	46.5	0	0	0	46.5	2.1
R114/pBBR-K	38.8	0	0	0	41.4	2.2
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtW</i>	0	13.0	21.8	2.3	37.5	2.1
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtWZ</i>	0	14.9	29.5	1.3	45.6	2.1
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtZW</i>	0	18.0	20.4	7.3	45.65	2.1
	48 hours					
R114	72.6	0	0	0	74.4	2.8
R114/pBBR-K	70.1	0	0	0	70.1	3.1
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtW</i>	0	26.7	22.0	26.9	75.5	3.9
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtWZ</i>	0	30.9	27.2	34.8	92.9	4.0
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtZW</i>	0	15.7	11.2	58.3	85.1	4.1
	72 hours					
R114	82.5	0	0	0	82.5	5.3
R114/pBBR-K	82.9	0	0	0	82.9	5.1
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtW</i>	0	19.7	17.0	46.8	83.5	5.2
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtWZ</i>	0	28.7	26.4	43.8	98.8	6.1
R114/pBBR-K- <i>PcrtE</i> - <i>crtZW</i>	0	18.3	14.4	66.3	98.9	5.9

<sup>a</sup>ZXN, zeaxanthin; ADN, adonixanthin; CXN, canthaxanthin; AXN, astaxanthin.

<sup>b</sup>Specific Formation, expressed as mg/l total carotenoid/OD<sub>660</sub>.

- 5 Furthermore, the first nucleotide after the start codon and the last nucleotide before the stop codon must be adenine and the gene must lack sites for at least one of the enzymes *BsgI*, *BseMII*, *BseRI* and *GsuI*. Four operon construction vectors were constructed, differing in the arrangements of their polylinker sequences (SEQ ID NOs: 190-197). The cleavage sites of the first two enzymes are within the *NdeI* site. The cleavage sites of the
- 10 last two enzymes are before the *BamHI* site. The *BseRI* site in pOCV-1 and pOCV-4 is not unique and cannot be used for operon construction.

The genes to be assembled in operons are first inserted individually between the *NdeI* and the *BamHI* sites of the appropriate operon construction vectors. The resulting plasmid with the upstream gene of the envisioned operon is then cut with one of the two enzymes

at the end of the polylinker and with an enzyme, which has a unique site within the vector backbone. The plasmid containing the downstream gene of the envisioned operon is cut with one of the first two enzymes of the polylinker and with the same enzyme (with a unique site in the vector backbone) used for the first plasmid (containing the desired upstream gene). The fragments carrying the genes are isolated and ligated, resulting in a pOCV plasmid with both genes between the *NdeI* and the *BamHI* sites. More genes can be added in an analogous fashion. The assembled genes overlap such that the first two nucleotides, TG, of the TGA stop codon of the upstream gene coincide the last two nucleotides of the ATG start codon of the downstream gene. The same overlap is found between all genes in the carotenoid (*crt*) operon (*crtZYIB*) in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 (Pasamontes et al., supra).

The pOCV backbone is derived from pCR<sup>®</sup>2.1-TOPO. The *BseMII* site in the region necessary for replication, upstream of the *ColE1* origin, was eliminated by site directed mutagenesis changing the site from CTCAG into CACAG. The remaining three *BseMII* sites and one *GsuI* site were eliminated by removing a 0.8 kb *DdeI*-*Asp700* fragment. The remaining vector was blunt-end ligated after fill-in of the *DdeI* recessed end. The polylinkers were inserted between the *BamHI* and *XbaI* sites by means of annealed oligonucleotides with the appropriate 5' overhangs.

Plasmid pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtZW*, was constructed using the operon construction vector pOCV-2 as follows. The *crtZ* gene was amplified by PCR from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 using the primers *crtZ*-*Nde* and *crtZ*-*Bam* (Table 30). The primers were designed such that the ATG start codon constitutes the second half of a *NdeI* site (cleavage recognition site CATATG) and a *BamHI* site (GGATCC) was introduced immediately after the stop codon. The PCR product was cloned in the pCR<sup>®</sup>2.1-TOPO vector, resulting in plasmid TOPO-*crtZ*. To assemble the two genes in a mini-operon, both genes, *crtZ* and *crtW* were excised with *NdeI* and *BamHI* from the plasmids TOPO-*crtZ* and TOPO-*crtW* and subcloned in the *NdeI*-*BamHI* cut vector pOCV-2, creating plasmids pOCV-2-*crtZ* and pOCV-2-*crtW*. Plasmid pOCV-2-*crtZ* was cut with *BseMII* and *PstI* (there is a unique *PstI* site in the kanamycin resistance gene) and the 2.4 kb fragment (containing *crtZ*) was ligated with the *crtW*-containing 1876 bp *BseRI*-*PstI* fragment from pOCV-2-*crtW*. The resulting plasmid, pOCV-2-*crtZW*, was cut with *NdeI* and *BamHI* and the *crtZW* fragment was ligated with the *NdeI*-*BamHI* backbone of pBBR-K-*PcrtE* to yield pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtZW*. Plasmid pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtWZ*, was constructed in an analogous fashion.

The data in Table 31 show that the ratio of adonixanthin, canthaxanthin and astaxanthin did not change appreciably in strain R114/ pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtWZ* compared to strain

pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtW*. However, in strain pBBR-K-*PcrtE-crtZW*, the production of the ketocarotenoids was shifted in favor of astaxanthin. This result indicates that the level of expression is dependent on the position of the gene within the mini-operon, and suggests that increasing the *in vivo* level of  $\beta$ -carotene hydroxylase activity creates a balance  
5 between the activities of this enzyme and  $\beta$ -carotene  $\beta$ -4 oxygenase that is more favorable for full conversion of zeaxanthin to astaxanthin.

The results described in this Example also show that it is possible, through appropriate genetic engineering, to produce not only astaxanthin, but also other ketocarotenoids of commercial interest in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 or its relatives. For example, expression  
10 of a gene coding for  $\beta$ -carotene  $\beta$ -4 oxygenase in a *crtZ* mutant of strain R114 (lacking  $\beta$ -carotene hydroxylase activity) would provide for production of exclusively ketocarotenoids, e.g., echinenone or canthaxanthin, without co-production of hydroxylated carotenoids. Taken together, the results presented in this Example and Example 11 show the broad utility of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 and its relatives to produce industrially im-  
15 portant carotenoids.

**Example 13: Accumulation of mevalonate in cultures of *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 overexpressing genes of the mevalonate pathway**

Overexpression of the genes of the mevalonate pathway in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 leads to increased carbon flow to through the mevalonate pathway. The construction of plasmid  
20 pBBR-K-mev-op16-2 was described in Example 5. Plasmid pBBR-K-mev-op-up-4 was constructed as follows. A DNA fragment containing containing most of the *mvaA* gene and the entire *idi* and *hcs* genes was obtained on a 3.1 kb *SmaI-SalI* fragment following partial digestion of a  $\lambda$ -clone containing the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 mevalonate operon (see Example 4). This fragment was subcloned in pUC19, yielding the plasmid  
25 pUC19mev-op-up'. To facilitate subcloning, the *KpnI-HindIII* fragment of pUC19mev-op-up' containing the mevalonate genes was recloned in the vector pBluescriptKS<sup>+</sup>, resulting in plasmid pBluKSp-mev-op-up'. A 1.7 kb *SalI* fragment from pUC19mev-op-up' was then cloned in the *SalI* site of plasmid 2ES2-1, which is a pUC19-derived plasmid containing the cloned *SalI-EcoRI* fragment M from *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 (refer to  
30 Example 4). This resulted in plasmid pUC19mev-op-up-2. Plasmid pUCmev-op-up-3 was then obtained by combining the *BbsI-BsaI* fragment from pUC19mev-op-up-2 carrying the beginning of the mevalonate operon with the *BbsI-BsaI* fragment from pBluKSp-mev-op-up' containing *idi* and *hcs*. Separately, a unique *MluI* site was introduced between the *NsiI* and *KpnI* sites of the vector pBBR1MCS-2 (refer to Example  
35 5) by inserting an annealed primer containing an *MluI* restriction site. The resulting new

- 106 -

cloning vector pBBR-K-Mlu was cut with *Mlu*I and *Kpn*I and the *Mlu*I-*Kpn*I fragment from pUCmev-op-up-3, containing the first three genes of the mevalonate operon, was inserted, yielding plasmid pBBR-K-mev-op-up-3. Plasmid pBBR-K-mev-op-up-4 was then constructed by insertion of the *Sma*I fragment from plasmid 16SB3, which contains  
5 most of the *mvk* gene and the 5' end of *pmk* (plasmid 16SB3 is a pUC19-derived plasmid containing the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 *Sall*-*Bam*HI fragment A; refer to Example 4). The insert of plasmid pBBR-K-mev-op-up-4 contains the putative mevalonate operon promoter region, the first four genes of the mevalonate operon and the 5' end of *pmk*.

Plasmids pBBR-K-mev-op16-2 and pBBR-K-mev-op-up-4 were each introduced into  
10 *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 by electroporation. Production of zeaxanthin and mevalonate by the new strains were compared to the control strain R114. The strains were grown in baffled shake flasks in liquid medium 362F/2 (see Example 11) for 72 hours. For strains R114/pBBR-K-mev-op16-2 and R114/pBBR-K-mev-op-up-4, kanamycin (50 mg/l) was also added to the cultures. The cultivation temperature was 28°C and shaking was at 200  
15 rpm. Zeaxanthin was measured by the method set forth in Example 1, while mevalonate in the culture supernatants was measured as follows: A 0.6 ml sample of the culture was centrifuged for 4 minutes at 13,000 x g. Four hundred microliters of the supernatant were added to 400 microliters of methanol and mixed by vortexing for 1 min. The mixture was centrifuged again for 4 minutes at 13,000 x g. The resulting supernatant was then analyzed  
20 directly by gas chromatography (GC) using the method of Lindemann et al. [J. Pharm. Biomed. Anal. 9:311-316 (1991)] with minor modification as follows. The GC was a Hewlett-Packard 6890plus instrument (Hewlett-Packard, Avondale, PA, USA) equipped with a cool-on-column injector and a flame ionization detector. One microliter of sample prepared as described above was injected onto a fused silica capillary column (15m length  
25 x 0.32mm ID) coated with a 0.52 micron film of crosslinked modified polyethylene glycol (HP-FFAP, Agilent Technologies, USA). Helium was used as the carrier gas at an inlet pressure of 0.6 bar. The temperature of the programmable injector was ramped from 82°C to 250°C at a rate of 30°C/minute. The column temperature profile was 80°C for 0.5 minutes, followed by a linear temperature gradient at 15°C/min to 250°C and finally held  
30 at 250°C for 5 minutes. The detector temperature was maintained at 320°C.

In the first experiment, zeaxanthin and mevalonate production were measured in strains R114 and R114/pBBR-K-mev-op16-2 (Table 32). Both strains produced similar amounts of zeaxanthin, but strain R114/pBBR-K-mev-op16-2 produced a four-fold higher level of mevalonate. These results show that overexpression of the genes of the mevalonate path-  
35 way in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 results in increased carbon flow through the mevalonate

- 107 -

pathway. The accumulation of mevalonate was expected because strain R114/pBBR-K-mev-op16-2 does not have an overexpressed *crtE* gene, and the *crtE* gene product (GGPP synthase) is known to be a limiting step in zeaxanthin production in *Paracoccus* sp. strain R114 (see Examples 6 and 8). Cells having a limiting amount of GGPP synthase, upon overproduction of the enzymes of the mevalonate pathway, would be expected to accumulate FPP, and it is well known that FPP is a potent inhibitor of mevalonate kinase [Dorsey and Porter, J. Biol. Chem. 243:4667-4670 (1968); Gray and Kekwick, BBA 279:290-296 (1972); Hinson et al. J. Lipids Res. 38:2216-2223 (1997)]. Therefore, accumulation of FPP resulting from overexpression of the genes of the mevalonate pathway would cause inhibition of mevalonate kinase, which in turn is manifested as mevalonate accumulation in the culture.

Table 32. Zeaxanthin and mevalonate production in strains R114 and R114/pBBR-K-mev-op16-2.

Strain/plasmid	Mevalonate (mg/l)	Zeaxanthin(mg/l)
R114	50.5	70.0
R114/pBBR-K-mev-op16-2	208.2	65.2

In a second experiment, zeaxanthin and mevalonate production were measured in strain R114 and two independent isolates of R114/pBBR-K-mev-op-up-4 (Table 33). These results again show that overexpression of the genes of the mevalonate pathway increased carbon flow through the mevalonate pathway.

Table 33. Zeaxanthin and mevalonate production in strains R114 and R114/pBBR-K-mev-op-up-4.

Strain/plasmid	Mevalonate (mg/l)	Zeaxanthin(mg/l)
R114	45	67.5
R114/pBBR-K-mev-op-up-4 (Isolate 1)	133.2	53.7
R114/pBBR-K-mev-op-up-4 (Isolate 2)	163.7	47.6



- 108 -

The following biological material was deposited under the terms of the Budapest Treaty with the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) at 10801 University Blvd., Manassas, VA 20110-2201, USA, and were assigned the following accession numbers:

Strain	Accession No.	Date of Deposit
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. R114	PTA-3335	April 24, 2001
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. R1534	PTA-3336	April 24, 2001
<i>Paracoccus</i> sp. R-1506	PTA-3431	June 5, 2001

- 5 All patents, patent applications, and publications cited above are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety as if recited in full herein.

The invention being thus described, it will be obvious that the same may be varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the invention and all such modifications are intended to be included within the scope of

10 the following claims.

What is Claimed Is:

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 340 of SEQ ID NO:43;
  - 5 (b) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 349 of SEQ ID NO:45;
  - (c) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 388 of SEQ ID NO:47;
  - (d) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 378 of SEQ ID NO:49;
  - (e) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 305 of SEQ ID NO:51;
  - (f) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 332 of SEQ ID NO:53;
  - 10 (g) a fragment of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53, wherein said fragment has at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues;
  - (h) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53, the fragment having the activity of
  - 15 hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase (HMG-CoA reductase), isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA synthase (HMG-CoA synthase), mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, or diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase;
  - (i) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive
  - 20 nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:42 or a complement of SEQ ID NO:42, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of HMG-CoA reductase, isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, HMG-CoA synthase, mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, or diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase; and
  - (j) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:43, 45, 47, 49, 51 or 53.
- 25 2. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 287 of SEQ ID NO:159;
  - (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:159;
  - (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of SEQ ID NO: 159, the fragment having the
  - 30 activity of farnesyl diphosphate synthase (FPP synthase);
  - (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides spanning positions 295-1158 of SEQ ID NO:157 or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of FPP synthase; and
  - 35 (e) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:159.

- 110 -

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 142 of SEQ ID NO:160;
  - (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:160;
  - 5 (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of SEQ ID NO: 160, the fragment having the activity of 1-deoxyxylulose-5-phosphate synthase (DXPS);
  - (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides spanning positions 1185-1610 of SEQ ID NO:157 or a complement thereof,
  - 10 wherein the polypeptide has the activity of DXPS;
  - (e) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:160.
4. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 390 of SEQ ID NO:178;
  - 15 (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:178;
  - (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 178, the fragment having the activity of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase;
  - (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive
  - 20 nucleotides spanning positions 1-1170 of SEQ ID NO:177 or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase; and
  - (e) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:178.
5. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- 25 (a) an amino acid sequence shown as residues 1 to 240 of SEQ ID NO:179;
  - (b) at least 30 contiguous amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:179;
  - (c) an amino acid sequence of a fragment of a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 179, the fragment having the activity of acetoacetyl-CoA reductase;
  - (d) an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide that hybridizes
  - 30 under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe comprising at least 30 consecutive nucleotides spanning positions 1258-1980 of SEQ ID NO:177 or a complement thereof, wherein the polypeptide has the activity of acetoacetyl-CoA reductase; and
  - (e) a conservatively modified variant of SEQ ID NO:179.
6. An isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the
- 35 group consisting of SEQ ID NO:42, variants of SEQ ID NO:42 containing one or more

- 111 -

substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain R1534 codon usage table, fragments of SEQ ID NO:42 that encode a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase (HMG-CoA reductase), isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA synthase (HMG-CoA synthase),  
5 mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, and diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:42, or the complement of SEQ ID NO:42, which polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of HMG-CoA reductase,  
10 isopentenyl diphosphate isomerase, HMG-CoA synthase, mevalonate kinase, phosphomevalonate kinase, and diphosphomevalonate decarboxylase.

7. An isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:157, variants of SEQ ID NO:157 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain  
15 R1534 codon usage table, fragments of SEQ ID NO:157 that encode a polypeptide having farnesyl diphosphate (FPP) synthase activity, 1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate synthase activity or a polypeptide having the activity of XseB, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:157, or the complement  
20 of SEQ ID NO:157, which polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of FPP synthase activity, 1-deoxy-D-xylulose 5-phosphate synthase activity, and the activity of XseB.

8. An isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:177, variants of SEQ ID NO:177 containing one or more substitutions according to the *Paracoccus* sp. strain  
25 R1534 codon usage table, fragments of SEQ ID NO:177 that encode a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase and acetoacetyl-CoA reductase, and polynucleotide sequences that hybridize under stringent conditions to a hybridization probe the nucleotide sequence of which consists of at least 30  
30 contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:177, or the complement of SEQ ID NO:177, which polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having an activity selected from the group consisting of acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase and acetoacetyl-CoA reductase.

9. An isolated polynucleotide sequence comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:157, SEQ ID NO:177, and combinations  
35 thereof.

10. An expression vector comprising the polynucleotide sequence according to claim 6, 7, 8 or 9.
11. An expression vector selected from the group consisting of pBBR-K-mev-op16-1, pBBR-K-mev-op16-2, pDS-*mvaA*, pDS-*idi*, pDS-*hcs*, pDS-*mvk*, pDS-*pmk*, pDS-*mvd*, pDS-  
5 His-*mvaA*, pDS-His-*idi*, pDS-His-*hcs*, pDS-His-*mvk*, pDS-His-*pmk*, pDS-His-*mvd*, pBBR-K-Zea4, pBBR-K-Zea4-up, pBBR-K-Zea4-down, pBBR-K-*PctE-crtE*-3, pBBR-tK-*PctE-mvaA*, pBBR-tK-*PctE-idi*, pBBR-tK-*PctE-hcs*, pBBR-tK-*PctE-mvk*, pBBR-tK-*PctE-pmk*, pBBR-tK-*PctE-mvd*, pBBR-K-*PctE-mvaA-crtE*-3, pDS-His-*phaA*, pBBR-K-*PctE-crtW*, pBBR-K-*PctE-crtWZ*, pBBR-K-*PctE-crtZW*, and combinations thereof.
- 10 12. A cultured cell comprising the polynucleotide sequence according to claim 6, 7, 8 or 9, or an expression vector according to claim 10 or 11, or a progeny of the cell, wherein the cell expresses a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide sequence.
13. A method of producing a carotenoid comprising culturing a cell according to claim 12 under conditions permitting expression of a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide  
15 sequence, and isolating the carotenoid from the cell or the medium of the cell.
14. A method of making a carotenoid-producing cell comprising:  
(a) introducing into a cell a polynucleotide sequence encoding an enzyme in the mevalon-  
ate pathway, which enzyme is expressed in the cell; and  
(b) selecting a cell containing the polynucleotide sequence of step (a) that produces a  
20 carotenoid at a level that is about 1.1-1,000 times the level of the carotenoid produced by the cell before introduction of the polynucleotide sequence.
15. A method for engineering a bacterium to produce an isoprenoid compound comprising:  
(a) culturing a parent bacterium in a medium under conditions permitting expression of  
25 an isoprenoid compound, and selecting a mutant bacterium from the culture medium that produces about 1.1-1,000 times more of an isoprenoid compound than the parent bacterium;  
(b) introducing into the mutant bacterium an expression vector comprising a polynucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:42 operably linked to an expression  
30 control sequence; and  
(c) selecting a bacterium that contains the expression vector and produces at least about 1.1 times more of an isoprenoid compound than the mutant in step (a).

- 113 -

16. A microorganism of the genus *Paracoccus*, which microorganism has the following characteristics:
- (i) a sequence similarity to SEQ ID NO:12 of >97% using a similarity matrix obtained from a homology calculation using GeneCompar v. 2.0 software with a gap penalty of 0%;  
5 a homology to strain R-1512, R1534, R114 or R-1506 of >70% using DNA:DNA hybridization at 81.5°C;  
a G+C content of its genomic DNA that varies less than 1% from the G+C content of the genomic DNA of R114, R-1512, R1534, and R-1506; and  
an average DNA fingerprint that clusters at about 58% similarity to strains R-1512, R1534,  
10 R114 and R-1506 using the AFLP procedure of Example 2, with the proviso that the microorganism is not *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966);
  - (ii) 18:1w7c comprising at least about 75% of the total fatty acids of the cell membranes;  
an inability to use adonitol, i-erythritol, gentiobiose,  $\beta$ -methylglucoside, D-sorbitol, xylitol and quinic acid as carbon sources for growth; and  
15 an ability to use L-asparagine and L-aspartic acid as carbon sources for growth, with the proviso that the microorganism is not *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966); or
  - (iii) an ability to grow at 40°C;  
an ability to grow in a medium having 8% NaCl;  
an ability to grow in a medium having a pH of 9.1; and  
20 a yellow-orange colony pigmentation, with the proviso that the microorganism is not *Paracoccus* sp. (MBIC3966).

## SEQUENCE LISTING

&lt;110&gt; BERRY, Alan

BRETZEL, Werner

HUMBELIN, Markus

LOPEZ-ULIBARRI, Rual

MAYER, Anne

YELISEEV, Alexei

&lt;120&gt; IMPROVED ISOPRENOID PRODUCTION

&lt;130&gt; C38435/121966

&lt;160&gt; 197

&lt;170&gt; PatentIn version 3.0

&lt;210&gt; 1

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; synthetic construct

<400> 1  
agagtttgat cctggctcag

20

&lt;210&gt; 2

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; synthetic construct

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> n is c or t

<400> 2

ctggctcagg angaacgctg

20

<210> 3

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 3

aaggaggtga tccagccgca

20

<210> 4

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 4

ctcctacggg aggcagcagt

20

<210> 5

<211> 18

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 5

cagcagccgc ggtaatac

18

<210> 6



<211> 19

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 6

aactcaaagg aattgacgg

19

<210> 7

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 7

agtcccgcaa cgagcgcaac

20

<210> 8

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 8

gctacacacg tgctacaatg

20

<210> 9

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 9

actgctgcct cccgtaggag

20

<210> 10

<211> 18

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 10

gtattaccgc ggctgctg

18

<210> 11

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 11

gttgcgctcg ttgcgggact

20

<210> 12

<211> 1404

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R-1512

<400> 12

gcggcaggct taacacatgc aagtcgagcg aggtcttcgg acctagcggc ggacgggtga 60

gtaacgcgtg ggaacgtgcc ctttgctacg gaatagtcgc gggaaactgg gtttaataacc 120

gtatgtgccc tacgggggaa agatttatcg gcaaaggatc ggcccgcgtt ggattaggtg 180

gttggtgggg taatggccta ccaagccgac gatccatagc tggtttgaga ggatgatcag 240

ccacactggg actgagacac ggcccagact cctacgggag gcagcagtgg ggaatcttag 300

acaatggggg caaccctgat ctagccatgc cgcgtgagtg atgaaggccc tagggttgta 360

aagctctttc agctgggaag ataatgacgg taccagcaga agaagccccg gctaactccg 420

tgccagcagc cgcggttaata cggagggggc tagcgttggt cggaattact gggcgtaaag 480

cgcacgtagg cggactggaa agttgggggt gaaatcccgg ggctcaacct cggaactgcc 540

tccaaaacta tcagtctgga gttcgagaga ggtgagtgga ataccgagtg tagaggtgaa 600

attcgtagat attcgggtga acaccagtgg cgaaggcggc tcaactggctc gatactgacg 660

ctgaggtgcg aaagcgtggg gagcaaacag gattagatac cctggtagtc cacgccgtaa 720  
 acgatgaatg ccagtcgtcg ggttgcatgc aattcgggtga cacacctaac ggattaagca 780  
 ttccgcctgg ggagtacggt cgcaagatta aaactcaaag gaattgacgg gggcccgcac 840  
 aagcgggtgga gcatgtggtt taattcgaag caacgcgcag aaccttacca acccttgaca 900  
 tccctggaca tcccagagaga tcgggctttc acttcgggtga ccaggagaca ggtgctgcat 960  
 ggctgtcgtc agctcgtgtc gtgagatgtt cggttaagtc cggcaacgag cgcaaccac 1020  
 gtccctagtt gccagcattc agttgggcac tctatggaaa ctgccgatga taagtcggag 1080  
 gaaggtgtgg atgacgtcaa gtcctcatgg cccttacggg ttgggctaca cacgtgctac 1140  
 aatggtggtg acagtgggtt aatcccaaaa agccatctca gttcggattg tcctctgcaa 1200  
 ctcgagggca tgaagttgga atcgctagta atcgcggaac agcatgccgc ggtgaatacg 1260  
 ttcccggggc ttgtacacac cgcccgtcac accatgggag ttggttctac ccgacgacgc 1320  
 tgcgctaacc cttcggggag gcaggcggcc acggtaggat cagcgactgg ggtgaagtcg 1380  
 taacaaggta gccgtagggg aacc 1404

<210> 13

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 13

tcgtagactg cgtacaggcc

20

<210> 14

<211> 14

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 14

catctgacgc atgt

14

<210> 15

<211> 16

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 15

gacgatgagt cctgac

16

<210> 16

<211> 14

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 16

tactcaggac tggc

14

<210> 17

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 17

gactgcgtac aggcca

17

<210> 18

<211> 18

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 18

cgatgagtcc tgaccgaa

18

<210> 19

<211> 18

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 19

cgatgagtcc tgaccgac

18

<210> 20

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 20

gactgcgtac aggcccc

17

<210> 21

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 21

gactgcgtac aggcccg

17

<210> 22

<211> 18

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 22

cgatgagtcc tgaccgag

18

<210> 23

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<220>

<221> UNSURE

<222> (2)..(2)

<223> Xaa is Leu or Ile

<400> 23

Ala Xaa Ile Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys  
1 5

<210> 24

<211> 27

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 24

ccsctgatca artaytgggg baaratc

27

<210> 25

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 25

gcsctgatca artaytgggg

20

<210> 26

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 26  
gcsatcatca artaytgggg 20

<210> 27

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 27  
atcaartayt ggggtaa 17

<210> 28

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 28  
atcaartayt ggggcaa 17

<210> 29

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 29  
atcaartayt gggggaa 17

<210> 30

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 30  
atcaartayt ggggaaa

17

<210> 31

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<220>

<221> UNSURE

<222> (7)..(7)

<223> Xaa is Asn or Gln

<400> 31

Thr Met Asp Ala Gly Pro Xaa Val  
1 5

<210> 32

<211> 24

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (19)..(19)

<223> n is a or c

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (21)..(21)



<223> n is y or r

<400> 32  
acsatggayg csggbccsna ngts

24

<210> 33

<211> 24

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (19)..(19)

<223> n is t or g

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (21)..(21)

<223> n is r or y

<400> 33  
tgstacctr c gscvgsnt ncas

24

<210> 34

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 34  
tggtacctac gscvvgg

17

<210> 35

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> *Paracoccus* sp. R1534

<400> 35

tggtacctgc gscvvgg

17

<210> 36

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> *Paracoccus* sp. R1534

<400> 36

tgctacctac gscvvgg

17

<210> 37

<211> 17

<212> DNA

<213> *Paracoccus* sp. R1534

<400> 37

tgctacctgc gscvvgg

17

<210> 38

<211> 20

<212> DNA

<213> *Paracoccus* sp. R1534

<400> 38

tacctacgsc cvggsttrca

20

<210> 39

<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 39  
tacctgcgsc cvggsttrca 20

<210> 40  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 40  
tacctacgsc cvggsgtyca 20

<210> 41  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 41  
tacctgcgsc cvggsgtyca 20

<210> 42  
<211> 9066  
<212> DNA  
<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

<220>  
<221> CDS  
<222> (2622) .. (3644)  
<223> mvaA gene

<400> 42  
ggatccggca gctcgacacg ccgcagaacc tgtacgaacg tccccccagc cgcttcgctc 60  
cggaattcgt cggggcgagg acggtggtgc ccgtgcaggc ccatgacggc gcgggcccgc 120  
cccgcatcct gggggccgag gtggcggtga acgccgcccc gcaatcgcg cttgtcgatc 180  
acgtctgcct gcgccccgag aaccttgcca tctccgagac gggcgacctg cgcgccaagg 240  
tcgcgcgcgt cacctatctt ggcgggaaat acctgctgga aaccgtgctg gattgaggca 300  
cccgctggt gaccgagacc cgcgcccgtc tcgatacggg cgcgcagctt ggctgacca 360  
tcaacgcccc ctgggccttt gccgaggatt gaatggacag cgtgaagatc ctttcgggca 420  
tgggcgtgaa gggccctgcc tgcatacggc tggatgtcgg cgggatgcgc ctgatacctc 480  
attgcgggac cggcccggac gagggcgcg agttcgaccc cgctggctg gcggacgcgg 540  
atgcggtgct gatcacccat gaccacgtgg accatatcgg cggcgcgct caccgggtc 600  
cggcggggct gccgatccat gcgacgcggc agacggcggg gttgctgcc gcgggggagg 660  
atctgcgct gctgcccga cgcggtgtca cgcggatcgc cggggtcgat ctgacgaccg 720  
gtcgcaacgg gcatgccgc ggcggcgtct ggatgcattt cgacatgggc gaggggctgt 780  
tctattccgg cgactggtcc gaggaatccg actggttcgc cttcgatccg cccccgcctg 840  
cggggacggc gattctcgac tgctcctatg gcggtttcga cgtggcgcaa tcggattgca 900  
tcgcggacct ggacgacctg ctcgaggtgc tgccggggca ggtactgctg ccggtgccgc 960  
catccggccg cgcggccgag ctggccctgc ggctgatccg ccgccacgga ccgggcagcg 1020  
tgatggctga cgacgcctgc ctgccggcca tcgcgcaact gcccagaggc cgcggactgg 1080  
cctacgccac cgaggcacgc tttcttgtct gcgacacgcc gaacgccga agccggcgcg 1140  
gcatggcggc atctgcaagc atggcgcgat gcgggcaggc tggggcgagg cgcgcatgtc 1200  
gtcttcaccg ggcacatgaa cgtccatgcg cgcgcattct gcgaccgcc cggcgggcat 1260  
ttccgcccgt ggaacgtgca tccgccgtg cgcgaccagc gacggatgct ggaacggctg 1320  
gccgcgggc gctttgcccc ggccttctgc cccgaccccg agatctatct ggcgctggac 1380  
atgggcgcgc aggtcttcat gcaccaggag gtgacgccat gatccccgc cgcagcttct 1440  
gcctgatccg ccacggcgaa acgaccgcca atgcaggggc gatcatcgc ggcgcaaccg 1500  
atgtgcccct gacgccaagg ggccgcgatc agggcgcg cctggcaggg cgcgaatggc 1560  
catcgggcat cgcgctgttc gccagcccga tgcgcgtgc ccgcgatacc gcgctgctgg 1620

cctttccggg ggcgcaccac cagcccgaac ccgatctgcy cgaacgcgac tggggcatct	1680
tcgagggacg ccccgctgcc gatctgcccc cgcgcgaaat cacgccgcag gggggcgagg	1740
gctgggacga cgtgatggcc cgcgtggacc ggcgatccg gcgatctgc gcgacctcg	1800
gcgatgcgt gccgggtgctg gtctgccatt cgggcgtgat ccgtgccgcg cgcgtgctgt	1860
ggaccaccgg cgatgcgggc gatcgtccgc ccaacgccac gccgatcctg ttcagcccgg	1920
acggcgaccg attaaaggaa ggaacgatat gaccgccacc acccctgcy tcgtcttcga	1980
acgtggacgg cacgcttgcc gaattcgacg ccgaccgcct gggccatctt gtccacggca	2040
cgaccaagca ctgggacgcc ttccaccacg cgatggccga cgcgccgcc atccccgagg	2100
tcgcccgcct gatgcgcaag ctgaaggagg ggggcgagac ggtcgtcatc tgctcggggc	2160
ggcccccgcg ctggcaggat cagacgatcy catggctgcy caagcacgac ctgcccttcg	2220
acgggatcta tctgcgcccc gaggatcagg acggcgccag cgaccccgag gtcaagcgcc	2280
gcgccctagc cgagatgcgc gccgacgggc tggcgccctg gctggctcgtg gacgaccggc	2340
ggtccgctgt ggatgcctgg cgggcccagg ggctggtctg cctgcaatgc gcgccggggg	2400
acttctaggg ccgcgcgacg ggggcgcgga caggctgggc gggaaaccgc cccgccacca	2460
tgtcctgcac gcgtcgaacc gccgtccga cgcgggttc cgcacggaaa cgcgcggcaa	2520
gttgacataa cttgcacgcy acgtctcgat tctgcccgcg aagaatgcga tgcattcaga	2580
tgatgcagaa cgaagaagcy gaagcgcccg tgaaagacca g atg att tcc cat acc	2636
	Met Ile Ser His Thr
	1 5
ccg gtg ccc acg caa tgg gtc ggc ccg atc ctg ttc cgc ggc ccc gtc	2684
Pro Val Pro Thr Gln Trp Val Gly Pro Ile Leu Phe Arg Gly Pro Val	
	10 15 20
gtc gag ggc ccg atc agc gcg ccg ctg gcc acc tac gag acg ccg ctc	2732
Val Glu Gly Pro Ile Ser Ala Pro Leu Ala Thr Tyr Glu Thr Pro Leu	
	25 30 35
tgg ccc tcg acc gcg cgg ggg gca ggg gtt tcc cgg cat tcg ggc ggg	2780
Trp Pro Ser Thr Ala Arg Gly Ala Gly Val Ser Arg His Ser Gly Gly	
	40 45 50
atc cag gtc tcg ctg gtc gac gaa cgc atg agc cgc tcg atc gcg ctg	2828
Ile Gln Val Ser Leu Val Asp Glu Arg Met Ser Arg Ser Ile Ala Leu	
	55 60 65
cgg gcg cat gac ggg gcg gcg gcg acc gcc gcc tgg cag tcg atc aag	2876
Arg Ala His Asp Gly Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala Trp Gln Ser Ile Lys	
	70 75 80 85

gcc cgc cag gaa gag gtc gcg gcc gtg gtc gcc acc acc agc cgc ttc Ala Arg Gln Glu Glu Val Ala Ala Val Val Ala Thr Thr Ser Arg Phe 90 95 100	2924
gcc cgc ctt gtc gag ctg aat cgc cag atc gtg ggc aac ctg ctt tac Ala Arg Leu Val Glu Leu Asn Arg Gln Ile Val Gly Asn Leu Leu Tyr 105 110 115	2972
atc cgc atc gaa tgc gtg acg ggc gac gcc tcg ggt cac aac atg gtc Ile Arg Ile Glu Cys Val Thr Gly Asp Ala Ser Gly His Asn Met Val 120 125 130	3020
acc aag gcc gcc gag gcc gtg cag ggc tgg atc ctg tcg gaa tac ccg Thr Lys Ala Ala Glu Ala Val Gln Gly Trp Ile Leu Ser Glu Tyr Pro 135 140 145	3068
atg ctg gcc tat tcc acg atc tcg ggg aac ctg tgc acc gac aag aag Met Leu Ala Tyr Ser Thr Ile Ser Gly Asn Leu Cys Thr Asp Lys Lys 150 155 160 165	3116
gcg tcg gcg gtc aac ggc atc ctg ggc cgc ggc aaa tac gcc gtc gcc Ala Ser Ala Val Asn Gly Ile Leu Gly Arg Gly Lys Tyr Ala Val Ala 170 175 180	3164
gag gtc gag atc ccg cgc aag atc ctg acc cgc gtg ctg cgc acc agc Glu Val Glu Ile Pro Arg Lys Ile Leu Thr Arg Val Leu Arg Thr Ser 185 190 195	3212
gcc gag aag atg gtc cgc ctg aac tac gag aag aac tat gtc ggg ggt Ala Glu Lys Met Val Arg Leu Asn Tyr Glu Lys Asn Tyr Val Gly Gly 200 205 210	3260
acg ctg gcg ggg tcg ctg cgc agt gcg aac gcg cat ttc gcc aac atg Thr Leu Ala Gly Ser Leu Arg Ser Ala Asn Ala His Phe Ala Asn Met 215 220 225	3308
ctg ctg ggc ttc tac ctg gcg acg ggg cag gac gcg gcc aac atc atc Leu Leu Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala Thr Gly Gln Asp Ala Ala Asn Ile Ile 230 235 240 245	3356
gag gcc agc cag ggc ttc gtc cat tgc gag gcc cgc ggc gag gat ctg Glu Ala Ser Gln Gly Phe Val His Cys Glu Ala Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu 250 255 260	3404
tat ttc tcg tgc acg ctg ccc aac ctc atc atg ggc tcg gtc ggt gcc Tyr Phe Ser Cys Thr Leu Pro Asn Leu Ile Met Gly Ser Val Gly Ala 265 270 275	3452
ggc aag ggc atc ccc tcg atc gag gag aac ctg tcg cgg atg ggc tgc Gly Lys Gly Ile Pro Ser Ile Glu Glu Asn Leu Ser Arg Met Gly Cys 280 285 290	3500
cgc cag ccg ggc gaa ccc ggc gac aac gcg cgc cgt ctt gcg gcg atc Arg Gln Pro Gly Glu Pro Gly Asp Asn Ala Arg Arg Leu Ala Ala Ile 295 300 305	3548
tgc gcg ggc gtc gtg ctg tgt ggt gaa ttg tcg ctg ctt gcg gcc cag	3596

Cys	Ala	Gly	Val	Val	Leu	Cys	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gln	
310					315					320					325	
acc aac ccc gga gag ttg gtc cgc acc cac atg gag atg gag cga tga																3644
Thr Asn Pro Gly Glu Leu Val Arg Thr His Met Glu Met Glu Arg																
				330						335					340	
ccgacagcaa ggatcaccat gtcgcggggc gcaagctgga ccatctgctg gcattggacg																3704
acgatgcgga tatcgaccgg ggcgacagcg gcttcgaccg catcgcgctg acccatcgcg																3764
ccctgcccga ggtggatttc gacgccatcg acacggcgac cagcttcctg ggccgtgaac																3824
tgtccttccc gctgctgata tgcgtccatga ccggcggcac cggcgaggag atcgagcgca																3884
tcaaccgcaa cctggccgct ggtgccgagg agggccgctg cgccatggcg gtgggctcgc																3944
agcgcgtgat gttcaccgac ccctcggcgc gggccagctt cgacctgcgc gcccatgcgc																4004
ccaccgtgcc gctgctggcc aatatcggcg cgggtgcagct gaacatgggg ctggggctga																4064
aggaatgcct ggccgcgata gaggtgctgc agggcgacgg cctgtatctg cacctgaacc																4124
ccctgcaaga ggccgtccag ccgagggggg atcgcgactt tgccgatctg ggcagcaaga																4184
tgcgggcat cgcccgcgac gttcccgctc ccgtcctgct gaaggagggt ggctgcggcc																4244
tgtcggcggc cgatatcgcc atcgggctgc gcgccgggat ccggcatttc gacgtggccg																4304
gtcgcggcgg cacatcctgg agccggatcg agtatcgccg ccgccagcgg gccgatgacg																4364
acctgggcct ggtcttccag gactggggcc tgcagaccgt ggacgccctg cgcgaggcgc																4424
ggcccgcgct tgcggcccat gatggaacca gcgtgctgat cgccagcggc ggcattccga																4484
acggtgtcga catggcgaaa tgcgtcatcc tggggggcca catgtgcggg gtcgccgcgc																4544
ccctgctgaa agcggcccaa aactcgcgcg aggcgggtgt atccgccatc cggaaactgc																4604
atctggagtt ccggacagcc atgttctctc tgggttgccg cacgcttgcc gacctgaagg																4664
acaattcctc gcttatccgt caatgaaagt gcctaagatg accgtgacag gaatcgaagc																4724
gatcagcttc tacaccccc agaactacgt gggactggat atccttgccg cgcatcacgg																4784
gatcgacccc gagaagttct cgaaggggat cgggcaggag aaaatcgcac tgcccgcca																4844
tgacgaggat atcgtgacca tggccgccga ggccgcgctg ccgatcatcg aacgcgcggg																4904
cacgcagggc atcgacacgg ttctgttcgc caccgagagc gggatcgacc agtcgaaggc																4964
cgccgccatc tatctgcgcc gcctgctgga cctgtcgccc aactgccgtt gcgtcgagct																5024
gaagcaggcc tgctattccg cgacggcggc gctgcagatg gcctgcgcgc atgtcgcccg																5084
caagcccgcg cgcaagggtg tggatgatgc gtccgatgct gcgcgctatg accgcgaaag																5144

ctcgggagcag ggcagcagg gtgcgggagc cgtcgccatc cttgtcagcg ccgatcccaa	5204
ggtggccgag atcggcaccg tctcggggct gttcaccgag gatatcatgg atttctggcg	5264
gccgaaccac cgccgcacgc cctgtttcga cggcaaggca tcgacgctgc gctatctgaa	5324
cgcgctggtc gaggcgtgga acgactatcg cgcgaatggc ggccacgagt tcgccgattt	5384
cgcgcatttc tgctatcacg tgccgtttct gcggatgggc gagaaggcga acagccacct	5444
ggccaaggcg aacaagacgc cgggtggacat ggggcaggctg cagacggggc tgatctacaa	5504
ccggcaggctc gggaactgct ataccgggtc gatctacctg gcattcgctt cgctgctgga	5564
gaacgctcag gaggacctga ccggcgcgct ggtcgggtctg ttcagctatg gctcgggtgc	5624
gacgggagaa ttcttcgatg cgcggatcgc gcccggttac cgcgaccacc tgttcgcgga	5684
acgccatcgc gaattgctgc aggatcgcac gcccgtcaca tatgacgaat acgttgccct	5744
gtgggacgag atcgacctga cgcaggggcg gcccgacaag gcgcgcggtc gtttcaggct	5804
ggcaggatc gaggacgaga agcgcatcta tgtcgaccgg caggcctgaa gcaggcgccc	5864
atgccccggg caagctgatc ctgtccgggg aacattccgt gctctatggt gcgcccgcgc	5924
ttgccatggc catcgccgc tataccgagg tgtggttcac gccgcttggc attggcgagg	5984
ggatacgcac gacattcgcc aatctctcgg gcggggcgac ctattcgctg aagctgctgt	6044
cgggggttaa gtcgcggctg gaccgccggt tcgagcagtt cctgaacggc gacctaaagg	6104
tgcacaaggc cctgacctat ccgcagatc tggcggtcta tgcgctggcg tcgcttctgc	6164
acgacaagcc gccggggacc gccgcgatgc cgggcacgag cgcgatgcac cacctgccgc	6224
gaccgggtga gctgggcagc cggacggagc tgcccatcgg cgcgggcatg gggtcgtctg	6284
cggccatcgt cgcggccacc acggtcctgt tcgagacgct gctggaccgg cccaagacgc	6344
ccgaacagcg cttcgaccgc gtccgcttct gcgagcgggt gaagcacggc aaggccggtc	6404
ccatcgacgc ggccagcgtc gtgcgaggcg ggcttgtccg cgtgggaggg aacgggcccg	6464
gttcgatcag cagcttcgat ttgcccagg atcacgacct tgtcgcgga cgcggctggt	6524
actgggtact gcacggggcg cccgtcagcg ggaccggcga atgcgtcagc gcggtcgcg	6584
cggcgcatgg tcgcgatgcg gcgctgtggg acgccttcgc agtctgcacc cgcgcgttgg	6644
aggccgcgct gctgtctggg ggcagccccg acgccgccat caccgagaac cagcgcttgc	6704
tggaaacgat cggcgctctg ccggcagcga cgcaggccct cgtggcccag atcgaggagg	6764
cgggtggcg gcgcaagatc tgccggcgag gttccgtgcg gggcgatcac ggcggggcg	6824
tcctcgtgcg gattgacgac gcgcaggcga tggcttcggt catggcgcg catccccgac	6884



tcgactgggc gccctgcg atgtcgcgca cgggggcggc acccgcccc gcgcgcgtg	6944
cgcaaccgct gccggggcag ggctgatgga tcaggtcatc cgcgccagcg cgccgggttc	7004
ggtcatgatc acggggcaac atgccgtggt ctatggacac cgcgccatcg tcgcccggat	7064
cgagcagcgc gcccatgtga cgatcgcccc gcgtgccgac cgcattgttc gcatcacctc	7124
gcagatcggg gcgccgcagc aggggtcgct ggacgatctg cctgcgggcg ggacctatcg	7184
cttcgtgctg gccgccatcg cgcgacacgc gccggacctg ccttgccgggt tcgacatgga	7244
catcacctcg gggatcgatc cgaggctcgg gcttggtatc tcggcgccgg tgacgggtcg	7304
ctgcctcggc gcgctgtcgc ggctggcggg gcgggggacc gaggggctgc atgacgacgc	7364
gctgcgcacg gtccgcgcca tccaggcagc gggcagcggg gccgatctgg cggccagcct	7424
gcattggcggc ttcgtcgctc atcgcgcgcc cgatggcggg gccgcgcaga tcgaggcgct	7484
tccggtgccg ccggggccgt tcggcctcgc ctatgcgggc tacaagacc cgacagccga	7544
ggtgctgcgc cttgtggccg atcggtggc gggcaacgag gccgctttcg acgcgtctc	7604
ctcccggatg ggcgcaagcg cagatgccgc gatccgcgcg gcgcaagggc tggactgggc	7664
tgcattccac gacgcgtga acgaatacca gcgcctgatg gagcagctgg gcgtgtccga	7724
cgacacgctg gacgcgatca tccgcgaggc gcgcgacgcg ggcgccgag tcgccaagat	7784
ctccggctcg gggctggggg attgctgctt ggcactgggc gaccagccca agggtttcgt	7844
gcccgcgaagc attgccgaga agggacttgt tttcgatgac tgatgccgtc cgcgacatga	7904
tcgcccgtgc catggcgggc gcgaccgaca tccgagcagc cgaggcttat gcgcccagca	7964
acatcgcgct gtcgaaatac tggggcaagc gcgacgccgc gcggaacctt ccgctgaaca	8024
gctccgtctc gatctcgttg gcgaactggg gctctcatal gcgggtcgag gggtcgggca	8084
cgggccacga cgagtgcat cacaacggca cgctgctgga tccgggcgac gccttcgcgc	8144
gccgcgcgtt ggcattcgct gacctgttc ggggggggag gcacctgccg ctgaggatca	8204
cgacgcagaa ctcgatcccc acggcgggcg ggcttgctc gtcggcctcg gggttcgcg	8264
cgctgacctg tgcgtggcg ggggcgttcg ggctggatct ggacgacacg gatctgagcc	8324
gcacgcccc gatcggcagt ggcagcgccg cccgctcgat ctggcacggc ttcgtccgct	8384
ggaaccgggg cgaggccgag gatgggcatg acagccacgg cgtcccgtg gacctgcgt	8444
ggcccggctt ccgcatcgcg atcgtggccg tggacaagg gccaagcct ttcagttcgc	8504
gcgacggcat gaaccacacg gtcgagacca gcccgctgtt cccgccctgg cctgcgcagg	8564

```

cggaagcgga ttgccgcgtc atcgaggatg cgatcgccgc ccgcgacatg gccgccctgg 8624
gtccgcgggt cgaggcgaac gcccttgca tgcacgccac gatgatggcc gcgcgccgc 8684
cgctctgcta cctgacgggc ggcagctggc aggtgctgga acgcctgtgg caggcccgcg 8744
cggacgggct tgcggccttt gcgacgatgg atgccggccc gaacgtcaag ctgatcttcg 8804
aggaaagcag cgccgccgac gtgctgtacc tgttccccga cgccagcctg atcgcgccgt 8864
tcgaggggcg ttgaacgct aagacgacca ctgggtaagg ttctgccgcg cgtgggtctcg 8924
actgcctgca aagaggtgct tgagttgctg cgtgactgcg ggggccgact tcgtgggact 8984
tgcccgccac gctgacgcgc tggaaacgcg cccgcggatt acgaccgct cattgcctg 9044
aaccaatttc ccgtcggtcg ac 9066

```

&lt;210&gt; 43

&lt;211&gt; 340

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;400&gt; 43

```

Met Ile Ser His Thr Pro Val Pro Thr Gln Trp Val Gly Pro Ile Leu
1           5           10           15

```

```

Phe Arg Gly Pro Val Val Glu Gly Pro Ile Ser Ala Pro Leu Ala Thr
          20           25           30

```

```

Tyr Glu Thr Pro Leu Trp Pro Ser Thr Ala Arg Gly Ala Gly Val Ser
35           40           45

```

```

Arg His Ser Gly Gly Ile Gln Val Ser Leu Val Asp Glu Arg Met Ser
50           55           60

```

```

Arg Ser Ile Ala Leu Arg Ala His Asp Gly Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala
65           70           75           80

```

```

Trp Gln Ser Ile Lys Ala Arg Gln Glu Glu Val Ala Ala Val Val Ala
          85           90           95

```

```

Thr Thr Ser Arg Phe Ala Arg Leu Val Glu Leu Asn Arg Gln Ile Val
          100          105          110

```

Gly Asn Leu Leu Tyr Ile Arg Ile Glu Cys Val Thr Gly Asp Ala Ser  
 115 120 125

Gly His Asn Met Val Thr Lys Ala Ala Glu Ala Val Gln Gly Trp Ile  
 130 135 140

Leu Ser Glu Tyr Pro Met Leu Ala Tyr Ser Thr Ile Ser Gly Asn Leu  
 145 150 155 160

Cys Thr Asp Lys Lys Ala Ser Ala Val Asn Gly Ile Leu Gly Arg Gly  
 165 170 175

Lys Tyr Ala Val Ala Glu Val Glu Ile Pro Arg Lys Ile Leu Thr Arg  
 180 185 190

Val Leu Arg Thr Ser Ala Glu Lys Met Val Arg Leu Asn Tyr Glu Lys  
 195 200 205

Asn Tyr Val Gly Gly Thr Leu Ala Gly Ser Leu Arg Ser Ala Asn Ala  
 210 215 220

His Phe Ala Asn Met Leu Leu Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala Thr Gly Gln Asp  
 225 230 235 240

Ala Ala Asn Ile Ile Glu Ala Ser Gln Gly Phe Val His Cys Glu Ala  
 245 250 255

Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Tyr Phe Ser Cys Thr Leu Pro Asn Leu Ile Met  
 260 265 270

Gly Ser Val Gly Ala Gly Lys Gly Ile Pro Ser Ile Glu Glu Asn Leu  
 275 280 285

Ser Arg Met Gly Cys Arg Gln Pro Gly Glu Pro Gly Asp Asn Ala Arg  
 290 295 300

Arg Leu Ala Ala Ile Cys Ala Gly Val Val Leu Cys Gly Glu Leu Ser  
 305 310 315 320

Leu Leu Ala Ala Gln Thr Asn Pro Gly Glu Leu Val Arg Thr His Met  
 325 330 335

Glu Met Glu Arg  
340

<210> 44

<211> 9066

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (3641)..(4690)

<223> idi

<400> 44

ggatccggca gctcgacacg ccgcagaacc tgtacgaacg tcccgccagc cgcttcgctg	60
cggaattcgt cgggcgcggg acggtggtgc ccgtgcaggc ccatgacggc gcgggccgcg	120
cccgcatcct gggggccgag gtggcggtga acgccgcccc gcaatcgcg cttgtcgatc	180
acgtctgcct gcgccccgag aaccttgcca tctccgagac gggcgacctg cgcgccaagg	240
tcgcgcgcgt cacctatctt ggcgggaaat acctgctgga aaccgtgctg gattgcgcca	300
cccggctggt gaccgagacc cgcgcccgct tcgatacggg cgcgcagctt ggctgacca	360
tcaacgcccc ctgggccttt gccgaggatt gaatggacag cgtgaagatc ctttcgggca	420
tgggcgtgaa gggccctgcc tgcacaggc tggatgtcgg cgggatgcgc ctgacccctg	480
attgcgggac cggcccggac gagggcgcg agttcgacct cgccctggctg gcggacgcgg	540
atgcggtgct gatcacccat gaccacgtgg accatatcgg cggcgcgcg caccggtcgc	600
cggcggggct gccgatccat gcgacgcggc agacggcggg gttgctgccc gcgggggcgg	660
atctgcgctt gctgcccga cgcggtgtca cgcggatcgc cggggtcgat ctgacgaccg	720
gtcgcaacgg gcatgccgcg ggcggcgctt ggatgcattt cgacatgggc gaggggctgt	780
tctattccgg cgaactggtc gaggaatccg actggttcgc cttcgatccg cccccgctg	840
cggggacggc gattctcgac tgctcctatg gcggtttcga cgtggcgcaa tcggattgca	900
tcgcggaact ggaacgacct ctcgaggtgc tgccggggca ggtactgctg ccggtgccgc	960

catccggccg cgcgcccgag ctggccctgc ggctgatccg ccgccacgga ccgggcagcg	1020
tgatggtcga cgacgcctgc ctgccggcca tcgcgcaact gcccaggcg cgcgactgg	1080
cctacgccac cgaggcacgc tttcttgtct gcgacacgcc gaacgccgaa agccggcgcg	1140
gcatggcggc atctgcaagc atggcgcgat gcgggcaggc tggggcgga cgcgcatgtc	1200
gtcttcaccg ggcacatgaa cgtccatgcg cgcgattct gcgaccgcc cgcgggcat	1260
ttccgccgct ggaacgtgca tccgccgctg cgcgaccagc gacggatgct ggaacggctg	1320
gccgcgcggc gctttgcccc ggcttctgc cccgaccccg agatctatct ggcgctggac	1380
atgggcgcgc aggtcttcat gcaccaggag gtgacgccat gatccccgcc cgcgattct	1440
gcctgatccg ccacggcgaa acgaccgcca atgcaggggc gatcatcgcg ggcgcaaccg	1500
atgtgccct gacgccaagg ggccgcgatc agggccgcgc cctggcaggg cgcgaaatggc	1560
catcgggcat cgcgctgttc gccagcccga tgcgcgtgc ccgcgatacc gcgctgctgg	1620
cctttccggg gcgcgaccac cagcccgaac ccgatctgcg cgaacgcgac tggggcatct	1680
tcgagggacg ccccgctgcc gatctgcccc cgcgcgaaat cacgccgcag gggggcgagg	1740
gctgggacga cgtgatggcc cgcgaggacc gcgcgatccg gcggatctgc gcgacctcg	1800
gcgatgcgct gccggtgctg gtctgccatt cgggcgtgat ccgtgccgcg cgcgctgtgt	1860
ggaccaccgg cgatgcgggc gatcgctccg ccaacgccac gccgatcctg ttcagcccgg	1920
acggcgaccg attaaaggaa ggaacgatat gaccgccacc accccctgcg tcgtcttcga	1980
acgtggacgg cacgcttgcc gaattcgacg ccgaccgcct ggccatctt gtccacggca	2040
cgaccaagca ctgggacgcc ttccaccacg cgatggcga cgccccgcc atccccagg	2100
tcgcccgcct gatgcgcaag ctgaaggagg ggggcgagac ggtcgatc tcgctggggc	2160
ggccccgcgg ctggcaggat cagacgatcg catggctgcg caagcacgac ctgcccttcg	2220
acgggatcta tctgcgcccc gaggatcagg acggcgccag cgaccccgag gtcaagcgcc	2280
gcgccctagc cgagatgcgc gccgacgggc tggcgccctg gctggctcgtg gacgaccggc	2340
ggtccgtcgt ggatgcctgg cgggcccagg ggctggctct cctgcaatgc gcgccgggg	2400
acttctaggg ccgcgcgacg ggggcgcgga caggctgggc gggaaaccgc cccgccacca	2460
tgtcctgcac gcgtcgaacc gcccgctcga cgccggtttc cgacaggaaa cgcgcgcaa	2520
gttgacataa cttgcacgcg acgtctcgat tctgcccgcg aagaatgcga tgcattcaga	2580
tgatgcagaa cgaagaagcg gaagcgcccc tgaaagacca gatgatttcc cataccccgg	2640

tgccacgca atgggtcggc ccgatacctgt tccgcggccc cgtcgtcgag ggcccgatca	2700
gcgcgccgct ggccacctac gagacgccgc tctggccctc gaccgcgcgg ggggcagggg	2760
tttcccggca ttcgggcggg atccaggtct cgctggtcga cgaacgcatg agccgctcga	2820
tcgcgctgcg ggcgcatgac ggggcggcgg cgaccgccgc ctggcagtcg atcaaggccc	2880
gccaggaaga ggtcgcggcc gtggtcgcca ccaccagccg cttcgcccgc cttgtcgagc	2940
tgaatcgcca gatcgtgggc aacctgcttt acatccgcat cgaatgcgtg acgggcgacg	3000
cctcgggtca caacatggtc accaaggccg ccgaggccgt gcagggtg atcctgtcgg	3060
aatacccgat gctggcctat tccacgatct cggggaacct gtgcaccgac aagaaggcgt	3120
cggcgggtcaa cggcatcctg ggccgcggca aatacgccgt cgccgaggtc gagatccgc	3180
gcaagatcct gaccgcgctg ctgcgcacca gcgcgagaa gatggtcgc ctgaactacg	3240
agaagaacta tgtcgggggt acgctggcgg ggtcgtgcg cagtgcgaac gcgcatttcg	3300
ccaacatgct gctgggcttc tacctggcga cggggcagga cgcgccaac atcatcgagg	3360
ccagccaggg cttcgtccat tgcgaggccc gcggcgagga tctgtatttc tcgtgcacgc	3420
tgcccaacct catcatgggc tcggtcggtg ccggcaaggg catcccctcg atcgaggaga	3480
acctgtcgcg gatgggctgc cgccagccgg gcgaaccgg cgacaacgcg cgccgtcttg	3540
cggcgatctg cgcgggcgtc gtgctgtgtg gtgaattgtc gctgcttgcg gccagacca	3600
accccggaga gttggtcgcg acccacatgg agatggagcg atg acc gac agc aag	3655
	Met Thr Asp Ser Lys
	1 5
gat cac cat gtc gcg ggg cgc aag ctg gac cat ctg cgt gca ttg gac	3703
Asp His His Val Ala Gly Arg Lys Leu Asp His Leu Arg Ala Leu Asp	
	10 15 20
gac gat gcg gat atc gac cgg ggc gac agc ggc ttc gac cgc atc gcg	3751
Asp Asp Ala Asp Ile Asp Arg Gly Asp Ser Gly Phe Asp Arg Ile Ala	
	25 30 35
ctg acc cat cgc gcc ctg ccc gag gtg gat ttc gac gcc atc gac acg	3799
Leu Thr His Arg Ala Leu Pro Glu Val Asp Phe Asp Ala Ile Asp Thr	
	40 45 50
gcg acc agc ttc ctg ggc cgt gaa ctg tcc ttc ccg ctg ctg atc tcg	3847
Ala Thr Ser Phe Leu Gly Arg Glu Leu Ser Phe Pro Leu Leu Ile Ser	
	55 60 65
tcc atg acc ggc ggc acc ggc gag gag atc gag cgc atc aac cgc aac	3895
Ser Met Thr Gly Gly Thr Gly Glu Glu Ile Glu Arg Ile Asn Arg Asn	
	70 75 80 85
ctg gcc gct ggt gcc gag gag gcc cgc gtc gcc atg gcg gtg ggc tcg	3943

Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala	Glu	Glu	Ala	Arg	Val	Ala	Met	Ala	Val	Gly	Ser		
				90					95					100			
cag	cgc	gtg	atg	ttc	acc	gac	ccc	tcg	gcg	cgg	gcc	agc	ttc	gac	ctg	3991	
Gln	Arg	Val	Met	Phe	Thr	Asp	Pro	Ser	Ala	Arg	Ala	Ser	Phe	Asp	Leu		
			105					110					115				
cgc	gcc	cat	gcg	ccc	acc	gtg	cgc	ctg	ctg	gcc	aat	atc	ggc	gcg	gtg	4039	
Arg	Ala	His	Ala	Pro	Thr	Val	Pro	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Ile	Gly	Ala	Val		
		120					125					130					
cag	ctg	aac	atg	ggg	ctg	ggg	ctg	aag	gaa	tgc	ctg	gcc	gcg	atc	gag	4087	
Gln	Leu	Asn	Met	Gly	Leu	Gly	Leu	Lys	Glu	Cys	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ile	Glu		
	135				140						145						
gtg	ctg	cag	gcg	gac	ggc	ctg	tat	ctg	cac	ctg	aac	ccc	ctg	caa	gag	4135	
Val	Leu	Gln	Ala	Asp	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Leu	His	Leu	Asn	Pro	Leu	Gln	Glu		
	150				155					160					165		
gcc	gtc	cag	ccc	gag	ggg	gat	cgc	gac	ttt	gcc	gat	ctg	ggc	agc	aag	4183	
Ala	Val	Gln	Pro	Glu	Gly	Asp	Arg	Asp	Phe	Ala	Asp	Leu	Gly	Ser	Lys		
				170					175					180			
atc	gcg	gcc	atc	gcc	cgc	gac	gtt	ccc	gtg	ccc	gtc	ctg	ctg	aag	gag	4231	
Ile	Ala	Ala	Ile	Ala	Arg	Asp	Val	Pro	Val	Pro	Val	Leu	Leu	Lys	Glu		
			185					190						195			
gtg	ggc	tgc	ggc	ctg	tcg	gcg	gcc	gat	atc	gcc	atc	ggg	ctg	cgc	gcc	4279	
Val	Gly	Cys	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ala	Ile	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ala		
		200					205					210					
ggg	atc	cgg	cat	ttc	gac	gtg	gcc	ggt	cgc	ggc	ggc	aca	tcc	tgg	agc	4327	
Gly	Ile	Arg	His	Phe	Asp	Val	Ala	Gly	Arg	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ser	Trp	Ser		
	215					220					225						
cgg	atc	gag	tat	cgc	cgc	cgc	cag	cgg	gcc	gat	gac	gac	ctg	ggc	ctg	4375	
Arg	Ile	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Arg	Arg	Gln	Arg	Ala	Asp	Asp	Asp	Leu	Gly	Leu		
	230				235					240					245		
gtc	ttc	cag	gac	tgg	ggc	ctg	cag	acc	gtg	gac	gcc	ctg	cgc	gag	gcg	4423	
Val	Phe	Gln	Asp	Trp	Gly	Leu	Gln	Thr	Val	Asp	Ala	Leu	Arg	Glu	Ala		
				250					255					260			
cgg	ccc	gcg	ctt	gcg	gcc	cat	gat	gga	acc	agc	gtg	ctg	atc	gcc	agc	4471	
Arg	Pro	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ala	His	Asp	Gly	Thr	Ser	Val	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ser		
			265					270					275				
ggc	ggc	atc	cgc	aac	ggt	gtc	gac	atg	gcg	aaa	tgc	gtc	atc	ctg	ggg	4519	
Gly	Gly	Ile	Arg	Asn	Gly	Val	Asp	Met	Ala	Lys	Cys	Val	Ile	Leu	Gly		
		280					285					290					
gcc	gac	atg	tgc	ggg	gtc	gcc	gcg	ccc	ctg	ctg	aaa	gcg	gcc	caa	aac	4567	
Ala	Asp	Met	Cys	Gly	Val	Ala	Ala	Pro	Leu	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ala	Gln	Asn		
		295				300					305						
tcg	cgc	gag	gcg	gtt	gta	tcc	gcc	atc	cgg	aaa	ctg	cat	ctg	gag	ttc	4615	
Ser	Arg	Glu	Ala	Val	Val	Ser	Ala	Ile	Arg	Lys	Leu	His	Leu	Glu	Phe		

310	315	320	325	
cgg aca gcc atg ttc ctc ctg ggt tgc ggc acg ctt gcc gac ctg aag				4663
Arg Thr Ala Met Phe Leu Leu Gly Cys Gly Thr Leu Ala Asp Leu Lys				
	330	335	340	
gac aat tcc tcg ctt atc cgt caa tga aagtgcctaa gatgaccgtg				4710
Asp Asn Ser Ser Leu Ile Arg Gln				
	345			
acaggaatcg aagcgatcag cttctacacc cccagaaact acgtgggact ggatatacctt				4770
gccgcgcatac acgggatcga ccccgagaag ttctcgaagg ggatcgggca ggagaaaatc				4830
gcactgccccg gccatgacga ggatatacgtg accatggccg ccgaggccgc gctgccgatac				4890
atcgaacgcg cgggcacgca gggcatcgac acggttctgt tcgccaccga gagcgggatac				4950
gaccagtcga aggccgccgc catctatctg cgccgcctgc tggacctgtc gcccactgc				5010
cgttgcgctcg agctgaagca ggccctgctat tccgcgacgg cggcgctgca gatggcctgc				5070
gcgcatgtcg cccgcaagcc cgaccgcaag gtgctggtga tcgctccga tgtcgcgcgc				5130
tatgaccgcg aaagctcggg cgaggcgacg caggggtgcg gcgccgtgc catccttgtc				5190
agcgcgatac ccaaggtggc cgagatcggc accgtctcgg ggctgttcac cgaggatatac				5250
atggattttct ggccggccgaa ccaccgccgc acgcccctgt tcgacggcaa ggcatacgacg				5310
ctgcgctatac tgaacgcgct ggtcgaggcg tggaacgact atcgcgcgaa tggcggccac				5370
gagttcgccg atttcgcgca tttctgctat cacgtgccgt tctcgcgat gggcgagaag				5430
gcgaacagcc acctggccaa ggcgacaag acgccggtgg acatggggca ggtgcagacg				5490
ggcctgatct acaaccggca ggtcgggaac tgctataccg ggtcgatcta cctggcattc				5550
gcctcgctgc tggagaacgc tcaggaggac ctgaccggcg cgctggtcgg tctgttcagc				5610
tatggctcgg gtgcgacggg cgaattcttc gatgcgcgga tcgcgcccg ttaccgcgac				5670
cacctgttcg cggaacgcca tcgcgaattg ctgcaggatac gcacgcccg cacatatgac				5730
gaatacgttg ccctgtggga cgagatcgac ctgacgcagg gcgcgccga caaggcgcg				5790
ggtcgtttca ggctggcagg tatcgaggac gagaagcgca tctatgtcga ccggcaggcc				5850
tgaagcaggc gcccatgccc cgggcaagct gatcctgtcc ggggaacatt ccgtgctcta				5910
tggtgcgccc gcgcttgcca tggccatcgc ccgctatacc gaggtgtggt tcacgccgct				5970
tggcattggc gaggggatac gcacgacatt cgccaatctc tcgggcgggg cgacctattc				6030
gctgaagctg ctgtcgggggt tcaagtcgcg gctggaccgc cggttcgagc agttcctgaa				6090
cggcgacctc aaggtgcaca aggtcctgac ccaccccgac gatctggcgg tctatgcgct				6150



ggcgtcgctt	ctgcacgaca	agccgccggg	gaccgccgcg	atgccgggca	tcggcgcgat	6210
gcaccacctg	ccgcgaccgg	gtgagctggg	cagccggacg	gagctgcca	tcggcgcggg	6270
catggggctg	tctgcggcca	tcgtcgcggc	caccacggtc	ctgttcgaga	cgctgctgga	6330
ccggcccaag	acgcccgaac	agcgcttcga	ccgcgtccgc	ttctcgagc	ggttgaagca	6390
cggcaaggcc	ggccccatcg	acgcggccag	cgctgtgcgc	ggcgggcttg	tcgcgtggg	6450
cgggaacggg	ccgggttcga	tcagcagctt	cgatttgccc	gaggatcacg	accttgctgc	6510
gggacgcggc	tggctactggg	tactgcacgg	gcgccccgtc	agcgggaccg	gcgaatgcgt	6570
cagcgcggtc	gcggcgggcg	atggtcgcga	tgcgcgctg	tgggacgcct	tcgcagtctg	6630
caccgcgcg	ttggaggccg	cgctgctgtc	tgggggcagc	ccgacgcgcg	ccatcaccga	6690
gaaccagcgc	ctgctggaac	gcatcggcgt	cgtgccggca	gcgacgcagg	ccctcgtggc	6750
ccagatcgag	gaggcgggtg	gcgcggccaa	gatctgcggc	gcaggttccg	tgcggggcga	6810
tcacggcggg	gcggtcctcg	tgcggttgga	cgacgcgcag	gcgatggctt	cggtcatggc	6870
gcgccatccc	gacctcgact	gggcgcccct	gcgcatgtcg	cgcacggggg	cggcacccgg	6930
ccccgcgcgc	cgtgcgcaac	cgctgccggg	gcagggtcga	tggatcaggt	catccgcgcc	6990
agcgcgcgcg	gttcgggtcat	gatcacgggc	gaacatgccg	tggcttatgg	acaccgcgcc	7050
atcgtcgcgc	ggatcgagca	gcgcgcccac	gtgacgatcg	tcccgcgtgc	cgaccgcatg	7110
tttcgcatca	cctcgcagat	cggggcgccg	cagcaggggt	cgctggacga	tctgcctgcg	7170
ggcgggacct	atcgcttcgt	gctggccgcc	atcgcgcgac	acgcgccgga	cctgccttgc	7230
gggttcgaca	tggacatcac	ctcggggatc	gatccgaggc	tcgggcttgg	atcctcggcg	7290
gcggtgacgg	tcgcctgcct	cggcgcgctg	tcgcggctgg	cggggcgggg	gaccgagggg	7350
ctgcatgacg	acgcgctgcg	catcgtccgc	gccatccagg	gcaggggcag	cggggccgat	7410
ctggcgggcca	gcctgcatgg	cggttcgtc	gcctatcgcg	cgcccgatgg	cggtgccgcg	7470
cagatcgagg	cgcttcgggt	gccgccgggg	ccgttcggcc	tgcgctatgc	gggctacaag	7530
accccgacag	ccgagggtgct	gcgccttggt	gccgatcgga	tggcgggcaa	cgaggccgct	7590
ttcgacgcgc	tctactcccg	gatgggcgca	agcgcagatg	ccgcgatccg	cgcggcgcaa	7650
gggttggaact	gggtgcatt	ccacgacgcg	ctgaacgaat	accagcgcct	gatggagcag	7710
ctgggcgtgt	ccgacgacac	gctggacgcg	atcatccgcg	aggcgcgcga	cgcgggcgcc	7770
gcagtcgcca	agatctccgg	ctcggggctg	ggggattgcg	tgctggcact	gggcgaccag	7830

```

cccaaggggtt tegtgtccgc aagcattgcc gagaagggac ttgttttcga tgactgatgc 7890
cgtccgcgac atgatcgccc gtgccatggc gggcgcgacc gacatccgag cagccgaggc 7950
ttatgcgccc agcaacatcg cgctgtcgaa atactggggc aagcgcgacg ccgcgcggaa 8010
ccttccgctg aacagctccg tctcgatctc gttggcgaaac tggggctctc atacgcgggt 8070
cgaggggtcc ggcacgggcc acgacgaggt gcatcacaac ggcaacgctgc tggatccggg 8130
cgacgccttc gcgcgcgcg cgttggcatt cgctgacctg ttccgggggg ggaggcacct 8190
gccgctgcgg atcacgacgc agaactcgat cccgacggcg gcggggcttg cctcgtcggc 8250
ctcgggggttc gggcgctga cccgtgcgct ggcggggggc ttccgggctgg atctggacga 8310
cacggatctg agccgcatcg cccggatcgg cagtggcagc gccgccgct cgatctggca 8370
cggttctgtc cgctggaacc ggggcgaggc cgaggatggg catgacagcc acggcgctcc 8430
gctggacctg cgctggcccc gcttccgcat cgcgatcgtg gccgtggaca aggggcccac 8490
gcctttcagt tcgcgcgacg gcatgaacca cacggctgag accagccgcg tgttcccgcc 8550
ctggcctgcg caggcggaag cggattgccg cgtcatcgag gatgcgatcg ccgcccgga 8610
catggccgcc ctgggtccgc gggtcgaggc gaacgccctt gcgatgcacg ccacgatgat 8670
ggccgcgcgc ccgccgtct gctacctgac gggcggcagc tggcaggtgc tggaaacgct 8730
gtggcaggcc cgcgcggacg ggcttgcggc ctttgcgacg atggatgccg gcccgaaacgt 8790
caagctgata ttcgaggaaa gcagcgccgc cgacgtgctg tacctgttcc ccgacgccag 8850
cctgatcgcg ccgttcgagg ggcgttgaac gcgtaagacg accactgggt aaggttctgc 8910
cgcgcgtggg ctcgactgcc tgcaaagagg tgcttgagtt gctgcgtgac tgcggcgggc 8970
gacttcgtgg gacttgcccc ccacgctgac gcgctggaaa cgcgcccgcg gattacgacc 9030
gcgtcattgc cctgaaccaa ttcccgctc gtcgac 9066

```

&lt;210&gt; 45

&lt;211&gt; 349

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;400&gt; 45

```

Met Thr Asp Ser Lys Asp His His Val Ala Gly Arg Lys Leu Asp His
1           5           10           15

```

Leu Arg Ala Leu Asp Asp Asp Ala Asp Ile Asp Arg Gly Asp Ser Gly  
                   20                                  25                                  30

Phe Asp Arg Ile Ala Leu Thr His Arg Ala Leu Pro Glu Val Asp Phe  
                   35                                  40                                  45

Asp Ala Ile Asp Thr Ala Thr Ser Phe Leu Gly Arg Glu Leu Ser Phe  
                   50                                  55                                  60

Pro Leu Leu Ile Ser Ser Met Thr Gly Gly Thr Gly Glu Glu Ile Glu  
                   65                                  70                                  75                                  80

Arg Ile Asn Arg Asn Leu Ala Ala Gly Ala Glu Glu Ala Arg Val Ala  
                                   85                                  90                                  95

Met Ala Val Gly Ser Gln Arg Val Met Phe Thr Asp Pro Ser Ala Arg  
                   100                                  105                                  110

Ala Ser Phe Asp Leu Arg Ala His Ala Pro Thr Val Pro Leu Leu Ala  
                   115                                  120                                  125

Asn Ile Gly Ala Val Gln Leu Asn Met Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Glu Cys  
                   130                                  135                                  140

Leu Ala Ala Ile Glu Val Leu Gln Ala Asp Gly Leu Tyr Leu His Leu  
                   145                                  150                                  155                                  160

Asn Pro Leu Gln Glu Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Gly Asp Arg Asp Phe Ala  
                                   165                                  170                                  175

Asp Leu Gly Ser Lys Ile Ala Ala Ile Ala Arg Asp Val Pro Val Pro  
                   180                                  185                                  190

Val Leu Leu Lys Glu Val Gly Cys Gly Leu Ser Ala Ala Asp Ile Ala  
                   195                                  200                                  205

Ile Gly Leu Arg Ala Gly Ile Arg His Phe Asp Val Ala Gly Arg Gly  
                   210                                  215                                  220

Gly Thr Ser Trp Ser Arg Ile Glu Tyr Arg Arg Arg Gln Arg Ala Asp  
                   225                                  230                                  235                                  240

Asp Asp Leu Gly Leu Val Phe Gln Asp Trp Gly Leu Gln Thr Val Asp  
 245 250 255

Ala Leu Arg Glu Ala Arg Pro Ala Leu Ala Ala His Asp Gly Thr Ser  
 260 265 270

Val Leu Ile Ala Ser Gly Gly Ile Arg Asn Gly Val Asp Met Ala Lys  
 275 280 285

Cys Val Ile Leu Gly Ala Asp Met Cys Gly Val Ala Ala Pro Leu Leu  
 290 295 300

Lys Ala Ala Gln Asn Ser Arg Glu Ala Val Val Ser Ala Ile Arg Lys  
 305 310 315 320

Leu His Leu Glu Phe Arg Thr Ala Met Phe Leu Leu Gly Cys Gly Thr  
 325 330 335

Leu Ala Asp Leu Lys Asp Asn Ser Ser Leu Ile Arg Gln  
 340 345

<210> 46

<211> 9066

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (4687)..(5853)

<223> hcs

<400> 46

ggatccggca gctcgacacg ccgcagaacc tgtacgaacg tcccgccagc cgcttcgctg 60

cggaattcgt cgggcgcggg acggtggtgc ccgtgcaggc ccatgacggc gcgggcccgc 120

cccgcatcct gggggccgag gtggcgggtga acgccgcccc gcaatcgcg c tttgtcgatc 180

acgtctgcct gcgccccgag aaccttgcca tctccgagac gggcgacctg cgcgccaagg 240

tcgcgcgcgt cacctatctt ggcgggaaat acctgctgga aaccgtgctg gattgcggca	300
cccggctggg gaccgagacc cgcgcccgtc tcgatacggg cgcgcagctt ggcctgacca	360
tcaacgcccc ctgggccttt gccgaggatt gaatggacag cgtgaagatc ctttcgggca	420
tgggcgtgaa gggccctgcc tgcacagggc tggatgtcgg cgggatgcgc ctgatectcg	480
attgcgggac cggcccggac gagggcgcgg agttcgaccc cgcctggctg gcggacgcgg	540
atgcggtgct gatcacccat gaccacgtgg accatatcgg cggcgcgcgt caccggtcgc	600
cggcggggct gccgatccat gcgacgcggc agacggcggg gttgctgccc gcgggggcgg	660
atctgcgcct gctgcccga cgcggtgtca cgcggatgc cggggtcgat ctgacgaccg	720
gtcgcaacgg gcatgccgcg ggcggcgtct ggatgcattt cgacatgggc gaggggctgt	780
tctattccgg cgactggctc gaggaatccg actgggtcgc cttcgatccg cccccgcctg	840
cggggacggc gattctcgac tgctcctatg gcggtttcga cgtggcgcaa tcggattgca	900
tcgcggacct ggacgacctg ctcgaggtgc tgccggggca ggtactgctg ccggtgccgc	960
catccggccg cgcggccgag ctggccctgc ggctgatccg ccgccacgga ccgggcagcg	1020
tgatggtcga cgacgcctgc ctgccggcca tcgcgcaact gcccgaggcg cgcggactgg	1080
cctacgccac cgaggcacgc tttcttgtct gcgacacgcc gaacgccgaa agccggcgcg	1140
gcatggcggc atctgcaagc atggcgcgat gcgggcaggc tggggcggga cgcgcatgtc	1200
gtcttcaccg ggacatgaa cgtccatgcg cgcgcattct gcgaccgcc cggcgggcat	1260
ttccgcgcgt ggaacgtgca tccgccgctg cgcgaccagc gacggatgct ggaacggctg	1320
gccgcgcggc gctttgcccc ggccttctgc cccgaccccg agatctatct ggcgctggac	1380
atgggcgcgc aggtcttcat gcaccaggag gtgacgccat gatccccgcc cgcagcttct	1440
gcctgatccg ccacggcgaa acgaccgcca atgcaggggc gatcatcgcg ggcgcaaccg	1500
atgtgcccct gacgccaagg ggccgcgac aggcccgcgc cctggcaggg cgcgaatggc	1560
catcgggcat cgcgctgttc gccagcccga tgtcgcgtgc ccgcgatacc gcgctgctgg	1620
cctttccggg gcgcgaccac cagcccgaac ccgatctgcg cgaacgcgac tggggcatct	1680
tcgagggacg ccccgctgcc gatctgcccc cgcgcgaaat caccgcgcag gggggcgagg	1740
gctgggacga cgtgatggcc cgcgtggacc gcgcgatccg gcggatctgc gcgacctcgg	1800
gcgatgcgct gccggtgctg gtctgccatt cgggcgtgat ccgtgccgcg cgcgtgctgt	1860
ggaccaccgg cgatgcgggc gatcgtccgc ccaacgccac gccgatcctg ttcagcccgg	1920

acggcgaccg attaaaggaa ggaacgatat gaccgccacc accccctgcg tcgtcttcga 1980  
 acgtggacgg cacgcttgcc gaattcgacg ccgaccgcct gggccatctt gtccacggca 2040  
 cgaccaagca ctgggacgcc ttccaccacg cgatggccga cggcccgccc atccccgagg 2100  
 tcgcccgcct gatgcgcaag ctgaaggagg ggggcgagac ggtcgtcatc tgctcggggc 2160  
 ggcccgcgcg ctggcaggat cagacgatcg catggctgcg caagcacgac ctgcccttcg 2220  
 acgggatcta tctgcgcccc gaggatcagg acggcgccag cgaccccgag gtcaagcgcc 2280  
 gcgcccctagc cgagatgcgc gccgacgggc tggcgccctg gctggtcgtg gacgaccggc 2340  
 ggtccgtcgt ggatgcctgg cgggcgagg ggtggtctg cctgcaatgc gcgccggggg 2400  
 acttctaggg ccgcgcgacg ggggcgcgga caggctgggc gggaaaccgc cccgccacca 2460  
 tgtcttcgac gcgtcgaacc gcccgccga cgcgggttc cgcacggaaa cgcgcggcaa 2520  
 gttgacataa cttgcacgcg acgtctcgat tctgcccgcg aagaatgcga tgcattccaga 2580  
 tgatgcagaa cgaagaagcg gaagcgcccc tgaaagacca gatgatttcc cataccccgg 2640  
 tgcccacgca atgggtcggc ccgatacctgt tccggggccc cgtcgtcgag ggcccgatca 2700  
 gcgcgcgcgt ggccacctac gagacgcgc tctggccctc gaccgcgcg ggggcagggg 2760  
 tttcccgcca ttggggcggt atccaggctc cgctggctga cgaacgcgt agccgctcga 2820  
 tcgcgctgcg ggcgcgtgac ggggcggcg cgaccgcgc ctggcagtcg atcaaggccc 2880  
 gccaggaaga ggtcgcggcc gtggtcgcca ccaccagccg cttcgccgc cttgtcgagc 2940  
 tgaatcgcca gatcgtgggc aacctgcttt acatccgcat cgaatgcgtg acgggcgacg 3000  
 cctcggttca caacatggtc accaaggccg ccgaggccgt gcagggctgg atcctgtcgg 3060  
 aataccgat gctggcctat tccacgatct cggggaacct gtgcaccgac aagaaggcgt 3120  
 cggcggtcaa cggcactctg ggccgcggca aatacgccgt cgccgaggtc gagatccgc 3180  
 gcaagatcct gaccgcgtg ctgcgcacca gcgccgagaa gatggtcgc ctgaactacg 3240  
 agaagaacta tgtcgggggt acgctggcg ggtcgtcgc cagtgcgaac gcgcatttcg 3300  
 ccaacatgct gctgggcttc tacctggcga cggggcagga cgcggccaac atcatcgagg 3360  
 ccagccaggg cttcgtccat tgcgaggccc gcggcgagga tctgtatttc tcgtgcacgc 3420  
 tgcccaacct catcatgggc tcggtcgggt ccggcaagg catccctcg atcgaggaga 3480  
 acctgtcgc gatgggctgc cgccagccgg gcgaaccgg cgacaacgc cgccgtcttg 3540  
 cggcgatctg cgcgggcgtc gtgctgtgtg gtgaattgtc gctgcttgc gccagacca 3600  
 accccggaga gttggtccgc acccacatgg agatggagcg atgaccgaca gcaaggatca 3660

ccatgtcgcg gggcgcaagc tggaccatct gcgtgcattg gacgacgatg cggatatcga 3720  
 ccggggcgac agcggcttcg accgcatcgc gctgacccat cgcgccctgc ccgaggtgga 3780  
 tttcgacgcc atcgacacgg cgaccagctt cctgggcccgt gaactgtcct tcccgtgct 3840  
 gatctcgtcc atgaccggcg gcaccggcga ggagatcgag cgcatacaacc gcaacctggc 3900  
 cgctgggtgcc gaggaggccc gcgtcgccat ggcgggtgggc tcgcagcgcg tgatgttcac 3960  
 cgaccctcgc gcgcgggcca gtttcgacct gcgcgcccat gcgccaccg tgccgtgct 4020  
 ggccaatatc ggcgcggtgc agctgaacat ggggctgggg ctgaaggaaat gcctggccgc 4080  
 gatcgaggtg ctgcaggcgg acggcctgta tctgcacctg aacccctgc aagaggccgt 4140  
 ccagcccagag ggggatcgcg actttgccga tctgggcagc aagatcgcg ccacgcgccg 4200  
 cgacgttccc gtgcccgtcc tgctgaagga ggtgggctgc ggcctgtcgg cggccgatat 4260  
 cgccatcggg ctgcgcgccg ggatccggca tttcgacgtg gccggtcgcg gcggcacatc 4320  
 ctggagccgg atcgagtatc gccgccgcca gcgggccgat gacgacctgg gcctggcttt 4380  
 ccaggactgg ggcctgcaga ccgtggacgc cctgcgcgag gcgcggcccgc cgcttgccgc 4440  
 ccatgatgga accagcgtgc tgatcgccag cggcggcatc cgcaacggtg tcgacatggc 4500  
 gaaatgcgtc atcctggggg ccgacatgtg cggggtcgcc gcgccctgc tgaaagcggc 4560  
 ccaaaactcg cgcgaggcgg ttgtatccgc catccgaaa ctgcatctgg agttccggac 4620  
 agccatgttc ctctgggtt gcggcacgct tgccgacctg aaggacaatt cctcgcttat 4680  
 ccgtca atg aaa gtg cct aag atg acc gtg aca gga atc gaa gcg atc 4728  
 Met Lys Val Pro Lys Met Thr Val Thr Gly Ile Glu Ala Ile  
 1 5 10  
 agc ttc tac acc ccc cag aac tac gtg gga ctg gat atc ctt gcc gcg 4776  
 Ser Phe Tyr Thr Pro Gln Asn Tyr Val Gly Leu Asp Ile Leu Ala Ala  
 15 20 25 30  
 cat cac ggg atc gac ccc gag aag ttc tcg aag ggg atc ggg cag gag 4824  
 His His Gly Ile Asp Pro Glu Lys Phe Ser Lys Gly Ile Gly Gln Glu  
 35 40 45  
 aaa atc gca ctg ccc ggc cat gac gag gat atc gtg acc atg gcc gcc 4872  
 Lys Ile Ala Leu Pro Gly His Asp Glu Asp Ile Val Thr Met Ala Ala  
 50 55 60  
 gag gcc gcg ctg ccg atc atc gaa cgc gcg ggc acg cag ggc atc gac 4920  
 Glu Ala Ala Leu Pro Ile Ile Glu Arg Ala Gly Thr Gln Gly Ile Asp  
 65 70 75  
 acg gtt ctg ttc gcc acc gag agc ggg atc gac cag tcg aag gcc gcc 4968  
 Thr Val Leu Phe Ala Thr Glu Ser Gly Ile Asp Gln Ser Lys Ala Ala

80	85	90	
gcc atc tat ctg cgc cgc ctg ctg gac ctg tcg ccc aac tgc cgt tgc Ala Ile Tyr Leu Arg Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu Ser Pro Asn Cys Arg Cys 95 100 105 110			5016
gtc gag ctg aag cag gcc tgc tat tcc gcg acg gcg gcg ctg cag atg Val Glu Leu Lys Gln Ala Cys Tyr Ser Ala Thr Ala Ala Leu Gln Met 115 120 125			5064
gcc tgc gcg cat gtc gcc cgc aag ccc gac cgc aag gtg ctg gtg atc Ala Cys Ala His Val Ala Arg Lys Pro Asp Arg Lys Val Leu Val Ile 130 135 140			5112
gcg tcc gat gtc gcg cgc tat gac cgc gaa agc tcg ggc gag gcg acg Ala Ser Asp Val Ala Arg Tyr Asp Arg Glu Ser Ser Gly Glu Ala Thr 145 150 155			5160
cag ggt gcg ggc gcc gtc gcc atc ctt gtc agc gcc gat ccc aag gtg Gln Gly Ala Gly Ala Val Ala Ile Leu Val Ser Ala Asp Pro Lys Val 160 165 170			5208
gcc gag atc ggc acc gtc tcg ggg ctg ttc acc gag gat atc atg gat Ala Glu Ile Gly Thr Val Ser Gly Leu Phe Thr Glu Asp Ile Met Asp 175 180 185 190			5256
ttc tgg cgg ccg aac cac cgc cgc acg ccc ctg ttc gac ggc aag gca Phe Trp Arg Pro Asn His Arg Arg Thr Pro Leu Phe Asp Gly Lys Ala 195 200 205			5304
tcg acg ctg cgc tat ctg aac gcg ctg gtc gag gcg tgg aac gac tat Ser Thr Leu Arg Tyr Leu Asn Ala Leu Val Glu Ala Trp Asn Asp Tyr 210 215 220			5352
cgc gcg aat ggc ggc cac gag ttc gcc gat ttc gcg cat ttc tgc tat Arg Ala Asn Gly Gly His Glu Phe Ala Asp Phe Ala His Phe Cys Tyr 225 230 235			5400
cac gtg ccg ttc tcg cgg atg ggc gag aag gcg aac agc cac ctg gcc His Val Pro Phe Ser Arg Met Gly Glu Lys Ala Asn Ser His Leu Ala 240 245 250			5448
aag gcg aac aag acg ccg gtg gac atg ggg cag gtg cag acg ggc ctg Lys Ala Asn Lys Thr Pro Val Asp Met Gly Gln Val Gln Thr Gly Leu 255 260 265 270			5496
atc tac aac cgg cag gtc ggg aac tgc tat acc ggg tcg atc tac ctg Ile Tyr Asn Arg Gln Val Gly Asn Cys Tyr Thr Gly Ser Ile Tyr Leu 275 280 285			5544
gca ttc gcc tcg ctg ctg gag aac gct cag gag gac ctg acc ggc gcg Ala Phe Ala Ser Leu Leu Glu Asn Ala Gln Glu Asp Leu Thr Gly Ala 290 295 300			5592
ctg gtc ggt ctg ttc agc tat ggc tcg ggt gcg acg ggc gaa ttc ttc Leu Val Gly Leu Phe Ser Tyr Gly Ser Gly Ala Thr Gly Glu Phe Phe 305 310 315			5640



gat gcg cgg atc gcg ccc ggt tac cgc gac cac ctg ttc gcg gaa cgc Asp Ala Arg Ile Ala Pro Gly Tyr Arg Asp His Leu Phe Ala Glu Arg 320 325 330	5688
cat cgc gaa ttg ctg cag gat cgc acg ccc gtc aca tat gac gaa tac His Arg Glu Leu Leu Gln Asp Arg Thr Pro Val Thr Tyr Asp Glu Tyr 335 340 345 350	5736
gtt gcc ctg tgg gac gag atc gac ctg acg cag ggc gcg ccc gac aag Val Ala Leu Trp Asp Glu Ile Asp Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Pro Asp Lys 355 360 365	5784
gcg cgc ggt cgt ttc agg ctg gca ggt atc gag gac gag aag cgc atc Ala Arg Gly Arg Phe Arg Leu Ala Gly Ile Glu Asp Glu Lys Arg Ile 370 375 380	5832
tat gtc gac cgg cag gcc tga agcagggcgcc catgccccgg gcaagctgat Tyr Val Asp Arg Gln Ala 385	5883
cctgtccggg gaacattccg tgctctatgg tgcgcccgcg cttgccatgg ccatcgcccc	5943
ctataccgag gtgtgggtca cgccgcttgg cattggcgag gggatacgca cgacattcgc	6003
caatctctcg ggcggggcga cctattcgct gaagctgctg tcgggggtca agtcgcggct	6063
ggaccgccgg ttcgagcagt tcctgaacgg cgacctaaag gtgcacaagg tcctgaccca	6123
tcccgcagat ctggcgggtct atgcgctggc gtcgcttctg caccgacaagc cgccggggac	6183
cgccgcgatg cggggcatcg gcgcgatgca ccacctgccg cgaccgggtg agctgggcag	6243
ccggacggag ctgcccacg gcgcgggcat ggggtcgtct gcggccatcg tcgcggccac	6303
cacggctctg ttcgagacgc tgctggaccg gcccaagacg cccgaacagc gcttcgaccg	6363
cgtccgcttc tgcgagcggg tgaagcacgg caaggccggg cccatcgacg cggccagcgt	6423
cgtgcgcggc gggcttgtcc gcgtgggcgg gaacggggcg ggttcgatca gcagcttcga	6483
tttgcccagag gatcacgacc ttgtcgcggg acgcggctgg tactgggtac tgcacgggcg	6543
ccccgtcagc gggaccggcg aatgcgtcag cgcggtcgcg gcggcgcatg gtcgcgatgc	6603
ggcgctgtgg gacgccttcg cagtctgcac ccgcgcgttg gaggccgcgc tgctgtctgg	6663
gggcagcccc gacgccgcca tcaccgagaa ccagcgctg ctggaacgca tcggcgctgt	6723
gccggcagcg acgcaggccc tcgtggccca gatcgaggag gcgggtggcg cggccaagat	6783
ctgcggcgca ggttccgtgc gggcgatca cggcgggcg gtcctcgtgc ggattgacga	6843
cgcgcaggcg atggcttcgg tcatggcgcg ccatcccgac ctcgactggg cgcccctgcg	6903
catgtcgcgc acggggggcg caccggcccc cgcgcccggt gcgcaaccgc tgccggggca	6963

gggctgatgg atcagggtcat ccgcgccagc gcgcggggtt cggtcgatgat cacgggcgaa	7023
catgccgtgg tctatggaca ccgcgccatc gtcgcgggga tcgagcagcg cgcccatgtg	7083
acgatcgtcc cgcgtgccga ccgcattgtt cgcatacct cgcagatcgg ggccgccgag	7143
caggggtcgc tggacgatct gcctgcgggc gggacctatc gcttcgtgct ggccgccatc	7203
gcgcgacacg cgccggacct gccttgccgg ttcgacatgg acatcacctc ggggatcgat	7263
ccgaggctcg ggcttgatc ctcggcgccg gtgacggctg cctgcctcgg cgcgctgtcg	7323
cggctggcgg ggccggggac cgaggggctg catgacgacg cgtgcgcat cgtccgcgcc	7383
atccagggca ggggcagcgg ggccgatctg gcggccagcc tgcattggcg cttcgtcgcc	7443
tatcgcgcg ccgatggcgg tgcgcgcag atcgaggcgc ttccggtgcc gccggggccg	7503
ttcggcctgc gctatgcggg ctacaagacc ccgacagccg aggtgctcg ccttgtggcc	7563
gatcggatgg cgggcaacga ggccgctttc gacgcgtct actcccggat gggcgcaagc	7623
gcagatgccg cgatccgcgc ggcgcaagg ctggactgg ctgcattcca cgacgcgctg	7683
aacgaatacc agcgctgat ggagcagctg ggcgtgtccg acgacacgct ggacgcgatc	7743
atccgcgagg cgcgcgacgc gggcgccgca gtcgccaaga tctccgctc ggggctgggg	7803
gattgcgtgc tggcactgg cgaccagccc aagggtttcg tgcccgcaag cattgccgag	7863
aagggaactg ttttcgatga ctgatgccgt ccgcgacatg atcgcccgct ccatggcggg	7923
cgcgaccgac atccgagcag ccgaggctta tgcgcccagc aacatcgcg tgtcgaaata	7983
ctggggcaag cgcgacgcc cgcggaacct tccgtgaac agctccgtct cgatctcgtt	8043
ggcgaactgg ggctctcata cgcggttcga ggggtccggc acggggccag acgaggtgca	8103
tcacaacggc acgtgctgg atccgggcga cgcttcgcg cgccgcgct tggcattcgc	8163
tgacctgttc cgggggggga ggcacctgcc gctgcggatc acgacgcaga actcgatccc	8223
gacggcgccg gggcttgct cgtcggcctc ggggttcgcg gcgctgacct gtgcgctggc	8283
gggggcgttc gggctggatc tggacgacac ggatctgagc cgcatacgcc ggatcggcag	8343
tggcagcgcc gcccgctcga tctggcacgg cttcgtccgc tggaaccggg gcgaggccga	8403
ggatgggcat gacagccacg gcgtcccgt ggacctgcgc tggcccggct tccgcatcgc	8463
gatcgtggcc gtggacaagg ggcccaagcc tttagttcg cgcgacggca tgaaccacac	8523
ggtcgagacc agcccgctgt tccgcccctg gcctgcgcag gcggaagcgg attgccgct	8583
catcgaggat gcgatcgcc cccgcgacat ggccgccctg ggtccgcggg tcgaggcgaa	8643
cgcccttgcg atgcacgcca cgatgatggc cgcgcgccc cgcctctgct acctgacggg	8703

cggcagctgg caggtgctgg aacgcctgtg gcaggcccg gcggacgggc ttgcggcctt 8763  
 tgcgacgatg gatgccggcc cgaacgtcaa gctgatcttc gaggaaagca gcgccgccga 8823  
 cgtgctgtac ctgttccccg acgccagcct gatcgcgccg ttcgaggggc gttgaacgcg 8883  
 taagacgacc actgggtaag gttctgccgc gcgtggtctc gactgcctgc aaagaggtgc 8943  
 ttgagttgct gcgtgactgc ggcggccgac ttcgtgggac ttgcccgcca cgctgacgcg 9003  
 ctggaaacgc gcccgcgcat tacgaccgcg tcattgccct gaaccaattt cccgtcggtc 9063  
 gac 9066

<210> 47

<211> 388

<212> PRT

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

<400> 47

Met Lys Val Pro Lys Met Thr Val Thr Gly Ile Glu Ala Ile Ser Phe  
 1 5 10 15

Tyr Thr Pro Gln Asn Tyr Val Gly Leu Asp Ile Leu Ala Ala His His  
 20 25 30

Gly Ile Asp Pro Glu Lys Phe Ser Lys Gly Ile Gly Gln Glu Lys Ile  
 35 40 45

Ala Leu Pro Gly His Asp Glu Asp Ile Val Thr Met Ala Ala Glu Ala  
 50 55 60

Ala Leu Pro Ile Ile Glu Arg Ala Gly Thr Gln Gly Ile Asp Thr Val  
 65 70 75 80

Leu Phe Ala Thr Glu Ser Gly Ile Asp Gln Ser Lys Ala Ala Ala Ile  
 85 90 95

Tyr Leu Arg Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu Ser Pro Asn Cys Arg Cys Val Glu  
 100 105 110

Leu Lys Gln Ala Cys Tyr Ser Ala Thr Ala Ala Leu Gln Met Ala Cys

115	120	125
Ala His Val Ala Arg Lys Pro Asp Arg Lys Val Leu Val Ile Ala Ser		
130	135	140
Asp Val Ala Arg Tyr Asp Arg Glu Ser Ser Gly Glu Ala Thr Gln Gly		
145	150	155
Ala Gly Ala Val Ala Ile Leu Val Ser Ala Asp Pro Lys Val Ala Glu		
	165	170
Ile Gly Thr Val Ser Gly Leu Phe Thr Glu Asp Ile Met Asp Phe Trp		
	180	185
Arg Pro Asn His Arg Arg Thr Pro Leu Phe Asp Gly Lys Ala Ser Thr		
	195	200
Leu Arg Tyr Leu Asn Ala Leu Val Glu Ala Trp Asn Asp Tyr Arg Ala		
	210	215
Asn Gly Gly His Glu Phe Ala Asp Phe Ala His Phe Cys Tyr His Val		
225	230	235
Pro Phe Ser Arg Met Gly Glu Lys Ala Asn Ser His Leu Ala Lys Ala		
	245	250
Asn Lys Thr Pro Val Asp Met Gly Gln Val Gln Thr Gly Leu Ile Tyr		
	260	265
Asn Arg Gln Val Gly Asn Cys Tyr Thr Gly Ser Ile Tyr Leu Ala Phe		
	275	280
Ala Ser Leu Leu Glu Asn Ala Gln Glu Asp Leu Thr Gly Ala Leu Val		
	290	295
Gly Leu Phe Ser Tyr Gly Ser Gly Ala Thr Gly Glu Phe Phe Asp Ala		
305	310	315
Arg Ile Ala Pro Gly Tyr Arg Asp His Leu Phe Ala Glu Arg His Arg		
	325	330
Glu Leu Leu Gln Asp Arg Thr Pro Val Thr Tyr Asp Glu Tyr Val Ala		
	340	345
		350

Leu Trp Asp Glu Ile Asp Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Pro Asp Lys Ala Arg  
 355 360 365

Gly Arg Phe Arg Leu Ala Gly Ile Glu Asp Glu Lys Arg Ile Tyr Val  
 370 375 380

Asp Arg Gln Ala  
 385

<210> 48

<211> 9066

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (5834) .. (6970)

<223> mvk

<400> 48  
 ggatccggca gctcgacacg ccgcagaacc tgtacgaacg tcccgccagc cgcttcgctcg 60  
 cggaattcgt cgggcgcggg acggtggtgc ccgtgcaggc ccatgacggc gcgggcccgcg 120  
 cccgcatacct gggggccgag gtggcgggtga acgcgcgcc gcaatcgcg tttgtcgatc 180  
 acgtctgcct gcgccccgag aaccttgcca tctccgagac gggcgacctg cgcgccaagg 240  
 tcgcgcgcgt cacctatctt ggcgggaaat acctgctgga aaccgtgctg gattgcggca 300  
 cccggctggt gaccgagacc cgcgcccgt tcgatacggg cgcgcagctt ggcctgacca 360  
 tcaacgcccc ctgggccttt gccgaggatt gaatggacag cgtgaagatc ctttcgggca 420  
 tgggcgtgaa gggccctgcc tgcatacaggc tggatgtcgg cgggatgcgc ctgatcctcg 480  
 attgcgggac cggccccgac gagggcgcgg agttcgacct cgcctggctg gcggacgcgg 540  
 atgcggtgct gatcacccat gaccacgtgg accatatcgg cggcgcgcgt cacgcggtcg 600  
 cggcggggct gccgatccat gcgacgcggc agacggcggg gttgctgccc gcgggggcgg 660

atctgcgcct gctgccccgaa cgcggtgtca cgcggtatcgc cggggtcgat ctgacgaccg	720
gtcgcaacgg gcatgcccg ggcggcgtct ggatgcattt cgacatgggc gaggggctgt	780
tctattccgg cgactggtcc gaggaatccg actggttcgc cttcgatccg cccccgcctg	840
cggggacggc gattctcgac tgctcctatg gcggtttcga cgtggcgcaa tcggattgca	900
tcgcggaact ggacgacctg ctcgaggtgc tgccggggca ggtactgctg ccggtgccgc	960
catccggccg cgcgcccgag ctggccctgc ggctgatccg ccgccacgga ccgggcagcg	1020
tgatggtcga cgacgcctgc ctgccggcca tcgcgcaact gcccaggcg cgcgactgg	1080
cctacgccac cgaggcacgc tttcttgtct gcgacacgcc gaacgccgaa agccggcgcg	1140
gcatggcggc atctgcaagc atggcgcgat gcgggcaggc tggggcgggga cgcgcatgtc	1200
gtcttcaccg ggcacatgaa cgtccatgcg cgcgattct gcgaccgcc cggcgggcat	1260
ttccgccgct ggaacgtgca tccgccgctg cgcgaccagc gacggatgct ggaacggctg	1320
gccgcgggc gctttgcccc ggctttctgc cccgaccccg agatctatct ggcgctggac	1380
atgggcgcgc aggtcttcat gcaccaggag gtgacgccat gatccccgcc cgcagcttct	1440
gcctgatccg ccacggcgaa acgaccgcca atgcaggggc gatcatcgcg ggcgcaaccg	1500
atgtgcccc tgcgccaagg ggccgcgatc agggccgcgc cctggcaggg cgcgaaatggc	1560
catcgggcat cgcgctgttc gccagcccga tgtcgcgctgc ccgcgatacc gcgctgctgg	1620
cctttccggg gcgcgaccac cagcccgaac ccgatctgcg cgaacgcgac tggggcatct	1680
tcgagggacg ccccgctgcc gatctgcccc cgcgcgaaat cacgccgag gggggcgagg	1740
gctgggacga cgtgatggcc cgcgtaggacc gcgcatccg gcggatctgc gcgacctcg	1800
gcgatgcgct gccgggtgctg gtctgccatt cgggcgtgat ccgtgccgcg cgcgtagctgt	1860
ggaccaccgg cgatgcgggc gatcgtccgc ccaacgccac gccgatcctg ttcagcccgg	1920
acggcgaccg attaaaggaa ggaacgatat gaccgccacc acccctgcg tcgtcttcga	1980
acgtggacgg cacgcttgcc gaattcgacg ccgaccgcct gggccatctt gtccacggca	2040
cgaccaagca ctgggacgcc ttccaccacg cgatggccga cgcgccgcc atccccgagg	2100
tcgcccgcct gatgcgcaag ctgaaggagg ggggcgagac ggtcgatc tcgtcggggc	2160
ggccccgcgg ctggcaggat cagacgatcg catggctgcg caagcacgac ctgcccttcg	2220
acgggatcta tctgcgcccc gaggatcagg acggcgccag cgaccccgag gtcaagcgcc	2280
gcgccctagc cgagatgcgc gccgacgggc tggcgccctg gctggctcgtg gacgaccggc	2340
ggtccgctgt ggatgcctgg cgggcccagg ggctggtctg cctgcaatgc gcgccggggg	2400

acttctaggg cgcgcgcacg ggggcgcgga caggctgggc gggaaaccgc cccgccacca	2460
tgtcctgcac gcgtcgaacc gcccgtccga cgccggtttc cgcacggaaa cgcgcggcaa	2520
gttgacataa cttgcacgcg acgtctcgat tctgcccgcg aagaatgcga tgcattccaga	2580
tgatgcagaa cgaagaagcg gaagcgcccg tgaaagacca gatgatttcc catacccccg	2640
tgcccacgca atgggtcggc ccgatcctgt tccgcggccc cgtcgtcgag ggcccgatca	2700
gcgcgcgcgt gccacctac gagacgccgc tctggccctc gaccgcgcgg ggggcagggg	2760
tttcccgga ttcgggcggg atccaggtct cgctggtcga cgaacgcatt agccgctcga	2820
tcgcgctgcg ggcgcattgac ggggcggcgg cgaccgccgc ctggcagtcg atcaaggccc	2880
gccaggaaga ggtcgcggcc gtggtcgcca ccaccagccg cttcgcccgc cttgtcgagc	2940
tgaatcgcca gatcgtgggc aacctgcttt acatccgcatt cgaatgcgtg acgggcgcacg	3000
cctcgggtca caacatggc accaaggccg ccgaggccgt gcagggtgg atcctgtcgg	3060
aatacccgat gctggcctat tccacgatct cggggaacct gtgcaccgac aagaaggcgt	3120
cggcggtcaa cggcatcctg ggccgcggca aatacgccgt cgcgagggtc gagatccccg	3180
gcaagatcct gaccgcgtg ctgcgacca gcgcgagaa gatggtccgc ctgaactacg	3240
agaagaacta tgtcgggggt acgctggcgg ggtcgtgcg cagtgcgaac gcgcatttcg	3300
ccaacatgct gctgggcttc tacctggcga cggggcagga cgcggccaac atcatcgagg	3360
ccagccaggg cttcgtccat tgcgaggccc gcggcgagga tctgtatttc tcgtgcacgc	3420
tgcccaacct catcatgggc tcggtcggtg ccggcaaggg catcccctcg atcgaggaga	3480
acctgtcgcg gatgggctgc cgccagccgg gcgaaccgg cgacaacgcg cgcgctcttg	3540
cggcgatctg cgcgggcgtc gtgctgtgtg gtgaattgtc gctgcttgcg gccagacca	3600
accccggaga gttggctccg accacatgg agatggagcg atgaccgaca gcaaggatca	3660
ccatgtcgcg gggcgcaagc tggaccatct gcgtgcattg gacgacgatg cgatatcga	3720
ccggggcgac agcggcttcg accgcattgc gctgacctat cgcgccctgc ccgaggtgga	3780
tttcgacgcc atcgacacgg cgaccagctt cctgggccgt gaactgtcct tcccgtgct	3840
gatctcgtcc atgaccggcg gcaccggcga ggagatcgag cgcattcaacc gcaacctggc	3900
cgctggtgcc gaggaggccc gcgtcgccat ggcggtgggc tcgcagcgcg tgatgttcac	3960
cgacccctcg gcgaggcca gcttcgacct gcgcgcccat gcgccaccg tgccgctgct	4020
ggccaatatc ggcgcggtgc agctgaacat ggggctgggg ctgaagggaat gcctggccgc	4080

gatcgaggtg ctgcaggcgg acggcctgta tctgcacctg aacccccctgc aagaggccgt	4140
ccagccccgag ggggatcgcg actttgccga tctgggcagc aagatcgcgg ccatcgcccc	4200
cgacgttccc gtgcccgtcc tgctgaagga ggtgggctgc ggcctgtcgg cggccgatat	4260
cgccatcggg ctgcgcgcg ggatccggca ttctgacgtg gccggtcgcg gcggcacatc	4320
ctggagccgg atcgagtatc gccgcgcga gcgggcccgat gacgacctgg gcctggtctt	4380
ccaggactgg ggcctgcaga ccgtggacgc cctgcgcgag gcgcggcccc cgcttgcggc	4440
ccatgatgga accagcgtgc tgatcgccag cggcgccatc cgcaacggtg tcgacatggc	4500
gaaatgcgtc atcctggggg ccgacatgtg cggggctgcc gcgccccctgc tgaaagcggc	4560
ccaaaactcg cgcgaggcgg ttgtatccgc catccggaaa ctgcatctgg agttccggac	4620
agccatgttc ctctggggtt gcggcacgct tgccgacctg aaggacaatt cctcgcttat	4680
ccgtcaatga aagtgcctaa gatgaccgtg acaggaatcg aagcgatcag cttctacacc	4740
ccccagaact acgtgggact ggatatcctt gccgcgcac acgggatcga ccccgagaag	4800
ttctcgaagg ggatcgggca ggagaaaatc gcaactgccc gccatgacga ggatatcgtg	4860
accatggccg ccgaggccgc gctgccgatc atcgaacgcg cgggcacgca gggcatcgac	4920
acggttctgt tcgccaccga gagcgggatc gaccagtcga aggccgccgc catctatctg	4980
cgccgcctgc tggacctgtc gcccaactgc cgttgcgctg agctgaagca ggcctgctat	5040
tccgcgacgg cggcgctgca gatggcctgc gcgcatgtcg cccgcaagcc cgaccgcaag	5100
gtgctggtga tcgctccga tgcgcgcgc tatgaccgcg aaagctcggg cgaggcgacg	5160
cagggtgcgg gcgcgctgc catccttgtc agcgcgatc ccaaggtggc cgagatcggc	5220
accgtctcgg ggctgttcac cgaggatatc atggatttct ggcgccgaa ccaccgccgc	5280
acgccccctgt tcgacggcaa ggcacgacg ctgcgctatc tgaacgcgct ggtcgaggcg	5340
tggaacgact atcgcgcgaa tggcggccac gagttcgccg atttcgcgca tttctgctat	5400
cacgtgccgt tctcgcggat gggcgagaag gcgaacagcc acctggccaa ggcgaacaag	5460
acgccggtgg acatggggca ggtgcagacg ggcctgatct acaaccggca ggtcgggaac	5520
tgctataacc ggctgatcta cctggcattc gcctcgctgc tggagaacgc tcaggaggac	5580
ctgaccggcg cgctggtcgg tctgttcagc tatggctcgg gtgcgacggg cgaattcttc	5640
gatgcgcgga tcgcgcccgg ttaccgcgac cacctgttcg cggaacgcca tcgcgaattg	5700
ctgcaggatc gcacgcccgt cacatatgac gaatacgttg ccctgtggga cgagatcgac	5760
ctgacgcagg gcgcgcccga caaggcgccg ggtcgtttca ggctggcagg tatcgaggac	5820



gagaagcgca tct atg tcg acc ggc agg cct gaa gca ggc gcc cat gcc	5869
Met Ser Thr Gly Arg Pro Glu Ala Gly Ala His Ala	
1 5 10	
ccg ggc aag ctg atc ctg tcc ggg gaa cat tcc gtg ctc tat ggt gcg	5917
Pro Gly Lys Leu Ile Leu Ser Gly Glu His Ser Val Leu Tyr Gly Ala	
15 20 25	
ccc gcg ctt gcc atg gcc atc gcc cgc tat acc gag gtg tgg ttc acg	5965
Pro Ala Leu Ala Met Ala Ile Ala Arg Tyr Thr Glu Val Trp Phe Thr	
30 35 40	
ccg ctt ggc att ggc gag ggg ata cgc acg aca ttc gcc aat ctc tcg	6013
Pro Leu Gly Ile Gly Glu Gly Ile Arg Thr Thr Phe Ala Asn Leu Ser	
45 50 55 60	
ggc ggg gcg acc tat tcg ctg aag ctg ctg tcg ggg ttc aag tcg cgg	6061
Gly Gly Ala Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Gly Phe Lys Ser Arg	
65 70 75	
ctg gac cgc cgg ttc gag cag ttc ctg aac ggc gac cta aag gtg cac	6109
Leu Asp Arg Arg Phe Glu Gln Phe Leu Asn Gly Asp Leu Lys Val His	
80 85 90	
aag gtc ctg acc cat ccc gac gat ctg gcg gtc tat gcg ctg gcg tcg	6157
Lys Val Leu Thr His Pro Asp Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Ala Leu Ala Ser	
95 100 105	
ctt ctg cac gac aag ccg ccg ggg acc gcc gcg atg ccg ggc atc ggc	6205
Leu Leu His Asp Lys Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ala Met Pro Gly Ile Gly	
110 115 120	
gcg atg cac cac ctg ccg cga ccg ggt gag ctg ggc agc cgg acg gag	6253
Ala Met His His Leu Pro Arg Pro Gly Glu Leu Gly Ser Arg Thr Glu	
125 130 135 140	
ctg ccc atc ggc gcg ggc atg ggg tcg tct gcg gcc atc gtc gcg gcc	6301
Leu Pro Ile Gly Ala Gly Met Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Ile Val Ala Ala	
145 150 155	
acc acg gtc ctg ttc gag acg ctg ctg gac cgg ccc aag acg ccc gaa	6349
Thr Thr Val Leu Phe Glu Thr Leu Leu Asp Arg Pro Lys Thr Pro Glu	
160 165 170	
cag cgc ttc gac cgc gtc cgc ttc tgc gag cgg ttg aag cac ggc aag	6397
Gln Arg Phe Asp Arg Val Arg Phe Cys Glu Arg Leu Lys His Gly Lys	
175 180 185	
gcc ggt ccc atc gac gcg gcc agc gtc gtg cgc ggc ggg ctt gtc cgc	6445
Ala Gly Pro Ile Asp Ala Ala Ser Val Val Arg Gly Gly Leu Val Arg	
190 195 200	
gtg ggc ggg aac ggg ccg ggt tcg atc agc agc ttc gat ttg ccc gag	6493
Val Gly Gly Asn Gly Pro Gly Ser Ile Ser Ser Phe Asp Leu Pro Glu	
205 210 215 220	

gat cac gac ctt gtc gcg gga cgc ggc tgg tac tgg gta ctg cac ggg Asp His Asp Leu Val Ala Gly Arg Gly Trp Tyr Trp Val Leu His Gly 225 230 235	6541
cgc ccc gtc agc ggg acc ggc gaa tgc gtc agc gcg gtc gcg gcg gcg Arg Pro Val Ser Gly Thr Gly Glu Cys Val Ser Ala Val Ala Ala Ala 240 245 250	6589
cat ggt cgc gat gcg gcg ctg tgg gac gcc ttc gca gtc tgc acc cgc His Gly Arg Asp Ala Ala Leu Trp Asp Ala Phe Ala Val Cys Thr Arg 255 260 265	6637
gcg ttg gag gcc gcg ctg ctg tct ggg ggc agc ccc gac gcc gcc atc Ala Leu Glu Ala Ala Leu Leu Ser Gly Gly Ser Pro Asp Ala Ala Ile 270 275 280	6685
acc gag aac cag cgc ctg ctg gaa cgc atc ggc gtc gtg ccg gca gcg Thr Glu Asn Gln Arg Leu Leu Glu Arg Ile Gly Val Val Pro Ala Ala 285 290 295 300	6733
acg cag gcc ctc gtg gcc cag atc gag gag gcg ggt ggc gcg gcc aag Thr Gln Ala Leu Val Ala Gln Ile Glu Glu Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Lys 305 310 315	6781
atc tgc ggc gca ggt tcc gtg cgg ggc gat cac ggc ggg gcg gtc ctc Ile Cys Gly Ala Gly Ser Val Arg Gly Asp His Gly Gly Ala Val Leu 320 325 330	6829
gtg cgg att gac gac gcg cag gcg atg gct tcg gtc atg gcg cgc cat Val Arg Ile Asp Asp Ala Gln Ala Met Ala Ser Val Met Ala Arg His 335 340 345	6877
ccc gac ctc gac tgg gcg ccc ctg cgc atg tcg cgc acg ggg gcg gca Pro Asp Leu Asp Trp Ala Pro Leu Arg Met Ser Arg Thr Gly Ala Ala 350 355 360	6925
ccc ggc ccc gcg ccg cgt gcg caa ccg ctg ccg ggg cag ggc tga Pro Gly Pro Ala Pro Arg Ala Gln Pro Leu Pro Gly Gln Gly 365 370 375	6970
tggatcaggt catccgcgcc agcgcgccgg gttegggtcat gatcacgggc gaacatgccg	7030
tgggtctatgg acaccgcgcc atcgtcgccg ggatcgagca gcgcgccccat gtgacgatcg	7090
tcccgcgtgc cgaccgcatg tttcgcatca cctcgagat cggggcgccg cagcaggggt	7150
cgetggacga tctgcctgcg ggcgggacct atcgcttcgt gctggccgcc atcgcgcgac	7210
acgcgccgga cctgccttgc gggttcgaca tggacatcac ctcggggatc gatccgaggc	7270
tcgggcttg atcctcggcg gcggtgacgg tcgcctgcct cggcgcgctg tcgcggctgg	7330
cggggcgggg gaccgagggg ctgcatgacg acgcgtgcg catcgctccg gccatccagg	7390
gcaggggcag cggggccgat ctggcgcca gcctgcatgg cggcttcgtc gcctatcgcg	7450
cgcccgatgg cggtgccgcg cagatcgagg cgcttcgggt gccgccgggg ccgttcggcc	7510

tgcgctatgc gggctacaag accccgacag ccgaggtgct gcgccttgtg gccgatcgga 7570  
 tggcgggcaa cgaggccgct ttcgacgcgc tctactcccg gatgggcgca agcgcagatg 7630  
 ccgcgatccg cgcggcgcaa gggctggact gggctgcatt ccacgacgcg ctgaacgaat 7690  
 accagcgcct gatggagcag ctgggcgtgt ccgacgacac gctggacgcg atcatccgcg 7750  
 aggcgcgcga cgcgggcgcc gcagtcgcca agatctcccg ctcggggctg ggggattgcg 7810  
 tgctggcact gggcgaccag cccaagggtt tcgtgcccgc aagcattgcc gagaagggac 7870  
 ttgttttcga tgactgatgc cgtccgcgac atgatcgccc gtgcatggc gggcgcgacc 7930  
 gacatccgag cagccgagge ttatgcgccc agcaacatcg cgctgtcgaa atactggggc 7990  
 aagcgcgacg ccgcgcggaa ccttccgctg aacagctccg tctcgatctc gttggcgaaac 8050  
 tggggctctc atacgcgggt cgaggggtcc ggcacgggcc acgacgaggt gcatcacaac 8110  
 ggcacgctgc tggatccggg cgacgccttc gcgcgccgcg cgttggcatt cgctgacctg 8170  
 ttccgggggg ggaggcacct gccgctgcgg atcacgacgc agaactcgat cccgacggcg 8230  
 gcggggcttg cctcgtcggc ctcggggttc gggcgctga cccgtgcgct ggcgggggcg 8290  
 ttcgggctgg atctggacga cacggatctg agccgcatcg cccggatcg cagtggcagc 8350  
 gccgcccgt cgatctggca cggcttcgtc cgctggaacc gggcgagggc cgaggatggg 8410  
 catgacagcc acggcgtccc gctggacctg cgctggcccg gcttccgcat cgcgatcgtg 8470  
 gccgtggaca agggggccaa gcctttcagt tcgcgcgacg gcatgaacca cacggtcgag 8530  
 accagcccgc tgttcccgc ctggcctgcg caggcggaag cggattgccg cgtcacgag 8590  
 gatgcgatcg ccgccgcga catggccgcc ctgggtccgc gggtcgagggc gaacgcctt 8650  
 gcgatgcacg ccacgatgat ggccgcgcgc ccgccgtct gctacctgac gggcggcagc 8710  
 tggcaggtgc tggaacgcct gtggcaggcc cgcgcgacg ggcttgcggc ctttgcgacg 8770  
 atggatgccg gcccgaacgt caagctgatc ttcgaggaaa gcagcgccgc cgacgtgctg 8830  
 tactgttcc ccgacgccag cctgatcgcg ccgttcgagg ggcgttgaaac gcgtaagacg 8890  
 accactgggt aaggttctgc cgcgcgtggg ctcgactgcc tgcaaagagg tgcttgagtt 8950  
 gctgcgtgac tgcggcggcc gacttcgtgg gacttgcccg ccacgctgac gcgctggaaa 9010  
 cgcgcccgcg gattacgacc gcgtcattgc cctgaaccaa tttcccgtcg gtcgac 9066

<210> 49

<211> 378

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;400&gt; 49

Met Ser Thr Gly Arg Pro Glu Ala Gly Ala His Ala Pro Gly Lys Leu  
 1 5 10 15

Ile Leu Ser Gly Glu His Ser Val Leu Tyr Gly Ala Pro Ala Leu Ala  
 20 25 30

Met Ala Ile Ala Arg Tyr Thr Glu Val Trp Phe Thr Pro Leu Gly Ile  
 35 40 45

Gly Glu Gly Ile Arg Thr Thr Phe Ala Asn Leu Ser Gly Gly Ala Thr  
 50 55 60

Tyr Ser Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Gly Phe Lys Ser Arg Leu Asp Arg Arg  
 65 70 75 80

Phe Glu Gln Phe Leu Asn Gly Asp Leu Lys Val His Lys Val Leu Thr  
 85 90 95

His Pro Asp Asp Leu Ala Val Tyr Ala Leu Ala Ser Leu Leu His Asp  
 100 105 110

Lys Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ala Met Pro Gly Ile Gly Ala Met His His  
 115 120 125

Leu Pro Arg Pro Gly Glu Leu Gly Ser Arg Thr Glu Leu Pro Ile Gly  
 130 135 140

Ala Gly Met Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Ile Val Ala Ala Thr Thr Val Leu  
 145 150 155 160

Phe Glu Thr Leu Leu Asp Arg Pro Lys Thr Pro Glu Gln Arg Phe Asp  
 165 170 175

Arg Val Arg Phe Cys Glu Arg Leu Lys His Gly Lys Ala Gly Pro Ile  
 180 185 190

Asp Ala Ala Ser Val Val Arg Gly Gly Leu Val Arg Val Gly Gly Asn  
 195 200 205

Gly Pro Gly Ser Ile Ser Ser Phe Asp Leu Pro Glu Asp His Asp Leu  
 210 215 220

Val Ala Gly Arg Gly Trp Tyr Trp Val Leu His Gly Arg Pro Val Ser  
 225 230 235 240

Gly Thr Gly Glu Cys Val Ser Ala Val Ala Ala Ala His Gly Arg Asp  
 245 250 255

Ala Ala Leu Trp Asp Ala Phe Ala Val Cys Thr Arg Ala Leu Glu Ala  
 260 265 270

Ala Leu Leu Ser Gly Gly Ser Pro Asp Ala Ala Ile Thr Glu Asn Gln  
 275 280 285

Arg Leu Leu Glu Arg Ile Gly Val Val Pro Ala Ala Thr Gln Ala Leu  
 290 295 300

Val Ala Gln Ile Glu Glu Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Lys Ile Cys Gly Ala  
 305 310 315 320

Gly Ser Val Arg Gly Asp His Gly Gly Ala Val Leu Val Arg Ile Asp  
 325 330 335

Asp Ala Gln Ala Met Ala Ser Val Met Ala Arg His Pro Asp Leu Asp  
 340 345 350

Trp Ala Pro Leu Arg Met Ser Arg Thr Gly Ala Ala Pro Gly Pro Ala  
 355 360 365

Pro Arg Ala Gln Pro Leu Pro Gly Gln Gly  
 370 375

<210> 50

<211> 9066

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; CDS

&lt;222&gt; (6970) .. (7887)

&lt;223&gt; pmk

&lt;400&gt; 50

```

ggatccggca gctcgacacg ccgcagaacc tgtacgaacg tcccgccagc cgcttcgctg      60
cggaattcgt cgggcgcggg acggtggtgc ccgtgcaggc ccatgacggc gcgggcccgc      120
cccgcatcct gggggccgag gtggcgggtga acgccgcccc gcaatcgcg c ttgtcgatc      180
acgtctgcct gcgccccgag aaccttgcca tctccgagac gggcgacctg cgcgccaagg      240
tcgcgcgcgt cacctatctt ggcgggaaat acctgctgga aaccgtgctg gattgcggca      300
cccggctggt gaccgagacc cgcgcccgtc tcgatacggg cgcgcagctt ggcctgacca      360
tcaacgcccc ctgggccttt gccgaggatt gaatggacag cgtgaagatc ctttcgggca      420
tgggcgtgaa gggccctgcc tgcatacaggc tggatgtcgg cgggatgcgc ctgatcctcg      480
attgcgggac cggcccggac gagggcgcg agttcgaccc cgcctggctg gcggacgcgg      540
atgcggtgct gatcacccat gaccacgtgg accatatcgg cggcgcgcg ctcacgcggtcg      600
cggcggggct gccgatccat gcgacgcggc agacggcggg gttgctgccc gcgggggagg      660
atctgcgcct gctgcccga cgcggtgtca cgcggatgc cggggtcgat ctgacgaccg      720
gtcgcaacgg gcatgccgcg ggcggcgtct ggatgcattt cgacatgggc gaggggctgt      780
tctattccgg cgactggtcc gaggaatccg actggttcgc cttcgatccg cccccgcctg      840
cggggacggc gattctcgac tgctcctatg gcggtttcga cgtggcgcaa tcggattgca      900
tcgcggacct ggacgacctg ctcgaggtgc tgccggggca ggtactgctg ccggtgccgc      960
catccggccg cgcggccgag ctggccctgc ggctgatccg ccgccacgga ccgggcagcg     1020
tgatggtcga cgacgcctgc ctgccggcca tcgcgcaact gcccgaggcg cgcggactgg     1080
cctacgccac cgaggcacgc tttcttgtct gcgacacgcc gaacgccgaa agccggcgcg     1140
gcatggcggc atctgcaagc atggcgcgat gcgggcaggc tggggcgggg cgcgcattgc     1200
gtcttcaccg ggcacatgaa cgtccatgcg cgcgcattct gcgaccgcc cggcgggcat     1260
ttccgccgct ggaacgtgca tccgccgctg cgcgaccagc gacggatgct ggaacggctg     1320
gccgcgcggc gctttgcccc ggccttctgc cccgaccccg agatctatct ggcgctggac     1380

```

atgggcgcg aggtcttcat gcaccaggag gtgacgccat gatccccgcc cgcagcttct 1440  
 gcctgatccg ccacggcgaa acgaccgcca atgcaggggc gatcatcgcg ggcgcaaccg 1500  
 atgtgcccct gacgccaagg ggccgcatc aggcccgcg cctggcaggg cgcgaatggc 1560  
 catcgggcat cgcgctgttc gccagcccga tgtcgcgtgc ccgcgatacc gcgctgctgg 1620  
 cctttccggg gcgcgaccac cagcccgaac ccgatctgcg cgaacgcgac tggggcatct 1680  
 tcgaggagcg ccccgctgcc gatctgcccc cgcgcgaaat cacgccgcag gggggcgagg 1740  
 gctgggacga cgtgatggcc cgcgtggacc gcgcgatccg gcggatctgc gcgacctcg 1800  
 gcgatgcgct gccggtgctg gtctgccatt cgggcgtgat ccgtgccgcg cgcgtgctgt 1860  
 ggaccaccgg cgatgcgggc gatcgtccgc ccaacgccac gccgatcctg ttcagcccg 1920  
 acggcgaccg attaaaggaa ggaacgatat gaccgccacc acccctgcg tcgtcttcga 1980  
 acgtggacgg cacgcttgcc gaattcgacg ccgaccgcct gggccatctt gtccacggca 2040  
 cgaccaagca ctgggacgcc ttccaccacg cgatggccga cgcgccgcc atccccgagg 2100  
 tcgcccgcct gatgcgcaag ctgaaggagg ggggcgagac ggtcgtcatc tgctcggggc 2160  
 ggcccccgcg ctggcaggat cagacgatcg catggctgcg caagcacgac ctgcccttcg 2220  
 acgggatcta tctgcgcccc gaggatcagg acggcgccag cgaccccgag gtcaagcgcc 2280  
 gcgccctagc cgagatgcgc gccgacgggc tggcgccctg gctggctcgtg gacgaccggc 2340  
 ggtccgtcgt ggatgcctgg cgggcccagg ggctggtctg cctgcaatgc gcgccggggg 2400  
 acttctaggg ccgcgcgacg ggggcgcgga caggctgggc gggaaaccgc cccgccacca 2460  
 tgtcctgcac gcgtcgaacc gcccgctccga cgccggtttc cgcacggaaa cgcgcggcaa 2520  
 gttgacataa cttgcacgcg acgtctcgat tctgcccgcg aagaatgcga tgcattcaga 2580  
 tgatgcagaa cgaagaagcg gaagcgcccg tgaaagacca gatgatttcc cataccccgg 2640  
 tgcccacgca atgggtcggc ccgatcctgt tccgcggccc cgtcgtcgag ggcccgatca 2700  
 gcgcgcgct ggccacctac gagacgccgc tctggccctc gaccgcgcg ggggcagggg 2760  
 tttccggca ttcgggcggg atccaggtct cgtggtcga cgaacgcag agccgctcga 2820  
 tcgcgctgcg ggcgcatgac ggggcggcg cgaccgccgc ctggcagtcg atcaaggccc 2880  
 gccaggaaga ggtcgcggcc gtggtcgcca ccaccagccg cttcgccgc cttgtcgagc 2940  
 tgaatcgcca gatcgtggc aacctgctt acatccgcat cgaatgcgtg acgggcgacg 3000  
 cctcgggtca caacatggc accaaggccg ccgaggccgt gcagggtg atcctgtcgg 3060

aatacccgat gctggcctat tccacgatct cggggaacct gtgcaccgac aagaaggcgt	3120
cggcgggtcaa cggcatcctg ggccgcggca aatacgccgt cgccgaggtc gagatccccg	3180
gcaagatcct gaccgcgtg ctgcgcacca gcgcgagaa gatgggtccg ctgaactacg	3240
agaagaacta tgtcgggggt acgctggcgg ggtcgtgctg cagtgcgaac gcgcatttcg	3300
ccaacatgct gctgggcttc tacctggcga cggggcagga cgccggccaac atcatcgagg	3360
ccagccaggg cttcgtccat tgcgaggccc gcggcgagga tctgtatttc tcgtgcacgc	3420
tgcccaacct catcatgggc tcggtcgggt cgggcaaggg catcccctcg atcgaggaga	3480
acctgtcgcg gatgggctgc cgccagccgg gcgaaccgg cgacaacgcg cgccgtcttg	3540
cggcgatctg cgccggcgtc gtgctgtgtg gtgaattgtc gctgcttgcg gccagacca	3600
accccgagga gttgggtccg accacatgg agatggagcg atgaccgaca gcaaggatca	3660
ccatgtcgcg gggcgcaagc tggaccatct gcgtgcattg gacgacgat cgcatatcga	3720
ccggggcgac agcggcttcg accgcatcgc gctgacccat cgcgccctgc ccgaggtgga	3780
tttcgacgcc atcgacacgg cgaccagctt cctgggcccgt gaactgtcct tcccgtgct	3840
gatctcgtec atgaccggcg gcaccggcga ggagatcgag cgcatcaacc gcaacctggc	3900
cgctggtgcc gaggaggccc gcgtcgccat ggcgggtggc tcgcagcgcg tgatgttcac	3960
cgacccctcg gcgcgggcca gcttcgacct gcgcgccc atgcgccaccg tgccgtgct	4020
ggccaatata ggcgcggtgc agctgaacat ggggctgggg ctgaaggaaat gcctggccgc	4080
gatcgagggt ctgcaggcgg acggcctgta tctgcacctg aacccctgc aagaggccgt	4140
ccagccccgag ggggatcgcg actttgccga tctgggcagc aagatcgcg ccacgccccg	4200
cgacgttccc gtgcccgtcc tgctgaagga ggtgggctgc ggcctgtcgg cggccgatat	4260
cgccatcggg ctgcgcgccg ggatccggca tttcgacgtg gccggtcgcg gcggcacatc	4320
ctggagccgg atcgagtatc gccgcccga gcgggccc atgacacctg gcctgggtctt	4380
ccaggactgg ggcctgcaga ccgtggacgc cctgcgcgag gcgcggcccg cgcttgccgc	4440
ccatgatgga accagcgtgc tgatcgccag cggcgccatc cgcaacggtg tcgacatggc	4500
gaaatgcgtc atcctggggg ccgacatgtg cggggtcgcc gcgcccctgc tgaaagcggc	4560
ccaaaactcg cgcgaggcgg ttgtatcgc catccgaaa ctgcatctgg agttccggac	4620
agccatgttc ctctggggt gcggcacgct tgccgacctg aaggacaatt cctcgcttat	4680
ccgtcaatga aagtgcctaa gatgaccgtg acaggaatcg aagcgatcag cttctacacc	4740
ccccagaact acgtgggact ggatatactt gccgcgcac acgggatcga ccccgagaag	4800



ttctcgaagg ggatcgggca ggagaaaatc gcactgcccg gccatgacga ggatatcgtg	4860
accatggccg cagaggccgc gctgccgac atcgaacgcg cgggcacgca gggcatcgac	4920
acggttctgt tcgccaccga gagcgggac gaccagtcga aggcgcgcgc catctatctg	4980
cgcgcctgc tggacctgtc gcccactgc cgttgcgctg agctgaagca ggctgctat	5040
tccgcgacgg cggcgctgca gatggcctgc gcgcatgtcg cccgcaagcc cgaccgcaag	5100
gtgctggtga tcgcgtccga tgtcgcgcgc tatgaccgcg aaagctcggg cgaggcgacg	5160
cagggtgcgg gcgcgctgc catccttgtc agcgcgcgc ccaaggtggc cgagatcggc	5220
accgtctcgg ggctgttcac cgaggatata atggatttct ggcgccgaa ccaccgcgc	5280
acgccccgtg tcgacggcaa ggcacgacg ctgcgctatc tgaacgcgct ggtcgaggcg	5340
tggaacgact atcgcgcgaa tggcgccac gagttcgccg atttcgcgca tttctgctat	5400
cacgtgccgt tctcgcggat gggcgagaag gcgaacagcc acctggccaa ggcgacaag	5460
acgcccgtgg acatggggca ggtgcagac ggctgatct acaaccggca ggtcgggaac	5520
tgctataccg ggtcgatcta cctggcattc gcctcgctgc tggagaacgc tcaggaggac	5580
ctgaccggcg cgctggtcgg tctgttcagc tatggctcgg gtgcgacggg cgaattcttc	5640
gatgcgcgga tcgcgcccgg ttaccgcgac cacctgttcg cggaacgcca tcgcgaattg	5700
ctgcaggatc gcacgcccg cacaatgac gaatacgttg ccctgtggga cgagatcgac	5760
ctgacgcagg gcgcgcccga caaggcgcgc ggtcgtttca ggctggcagg tatcgaggac	5820
gagaagcgca tctatgtcga ccggcaggcc tgaagcaggc gcccatgcc cgggcaagct	5880
gacctgttcc ggggaacatt ccgtgctcta tgggtgcgcc gcgcttgcca tggccatcgc	5940
ccgctatacc gaggtgtggt tcacgccgct tggcattggc gaggggatac gcacgacatt	6000
cgccaatctc tcgggcgggg cgacctattc gctgaagctg ctgtcgggg tcaagtcgcg	6060
gctggaccgc cggttcgagc agttcctgaa cggcgacct aaggtgcaca aggtcctgac	6120
ccatcccagc gatctggcgg tctatgcgct ggcgtcgctt ctgcacgaca agccgcggg	6180
gaccgccgcg atgccgggca tcggcgcgat gcaccacct cgcgcaccgg gtgagctggg	6240
cagccggacg gagctgcca tcggcgcggg catggggtcg tctgcggcca tcgtcgggc	6300
caccacggtc ctgttcgaga cgctgctgga ccggcccaag acgcccgaac agcgcttcga	6360
ccgcgtccgc ttctgcgagc ggttgaagca cggcaaggcc ggtcccatcg acgcccag	6420
cgtcgtgcgc ggcgggcttg tccgcgtggg cgggaacggg ccgggttcga tcagcagctt	6480

cgatttgccc gaggatcacg accttgctgc gggacgcggc tggctactggg tactgcacgg	6540
gcgccccgtc agcgggaccg gcgaatgcgt cagcgcggtc gggcgggcgc atggctcgga	6600
tgcggcgctg tgggacgcct tcgcagtctg caccgcgcgc ttggaggccg cgctgctgtc	6660
tgggggcagc cccgacgccg ccatcaccga gaaccagcgc ctgctggaac gcatcggcgt	6720
cgtgccggca gcgacgcagg ccctcgtggc ccagatcgag gaggcgggtg gcgcggccaa	6780
gatctgcggc gcaggttccg tgcggggcga tcacggcggg gcggtcctcg tgcggattga	6840
cgacgcgcag gcgatggctt cggtcattggc gcgccatccc gacctcgact gggcgccctt	6900
gcgcatgtcg cgcacggggg cggcaccggg cccgcgcggc cgtgcgcaac cgctgccggg	6960
gcagggctg atg gat cag gtc atc cgc gcc agc gcg ccg ggt tcg gtc atg	7011
Met Asp Gln Val Ile Arg Ala Ser Ala Pro Gly Ser Val Met	
1 5 10	
atc acg ggc gaa cat gcc gtg gtc tat gga cac cgc gcc atc gtc gcc	7059
Ile Thr Gly Glu His Ala Val Val Tyr Gly His Arg Ala Ile Val Ala	
15 20 25 30	
ggg atc gag cag cgc gcc cat gtg acg atc gtc ccg cgt gcc gac cgc	7107
Gly Ile Glu Gln Arg Ala His Val Thr Ile Val Pro Arg Ala Asp Arg	
35 40 45	
atg ttt cgc atc acc tcg cag atc ggg gcg ccg cag cag ggg tcg ctg	7155
Met Phe Arg Ile Thr Ser Gln Ile Gly Ala Pro Gln Gln Gly Ser Leu	
50 55 60	
gac gat ctg cct gcg ggc ggg acc tat cgc ttc gtg ctg gcc gcc atc	7203
Asp Asp Leu Pro Ala Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Phe Val Leu Ala Ala Ile	
65 70 75	
gcg cga cac gcg ccg gac ctg cct tgc ggg ttc gac atg gac atc acc	7251
Ala Arg His Ala Pro Asp Leu Pro Cys Gly Phe Asp Met Asp Ile Thr	
80 85 90	
tcg ggg atc gat ccg agg ctc ggg ctt gga tcc tcg gcg gcg gtg acg	7299
Ser Gly Ile Asp Pro Arg Leu Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Thr	
95 100 105 110	
gtc gcc tgc ctc ggc gcg ctg tcg cgg ctg gcg ggg cgg ggg acc gag	7347
Val Ala Cys Leu Gly Ala Leu Ser Arg Leu Ala Gly Arg Gly Thr Glu	
115 120 125	
ggg ctg cat gac gac gcg ctg cgc atc gtc cgc gcc atc cag ggc agg	7395
Gly Leu His Asp Asp Ala Leu Arg Ile Val Arg Ala Ile Gln Gly Arg	
130 135 140	
ggc agc ggg gcc gat ctg gcg gcc agc ctg cat ggc ggc ttc gtc gcc	7443
Gly Ser Gly Ala Asp Leu Ala Ala Ser Leu His Gly Gly Phe Val Ala	
145 150 155	
tat cgc gcg ccc gat ggc ggt gcc gcg cag atc gag gcg ctt ccg gtg	7491

Tyr	Arg	Ala	Pro	Asp	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gln	Ile	Glu	Ala	Leu	Pro	Val	
160							165				170					
ccg	ccg	ggg	ccg	ttc	ggc	ctg	cgc	tat	gcg	ggc	tac	aag	acc	ccg	aca	7539
Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Thr	
175					180					185					190	
gcc	gag	gtg	ctg	cgc	ctt	gtg	gcc	gat	cgg	atg	gcg	ggc	aac	gag	gcc	7587
Ala	Glu	Val	Leu	Arg	Leu	Val	Ala	Asp	Arg	Met	Ala	Gly	Asn	Glu	Ala	
				195					200					205		
gct	ttc	gac	gcg	ctc	tac	tcc	cgg	atg	ggc	gca	agc	gca	gat	gcc	gcg	7635
Ala	Phe	Asp	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Met	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ala	
			210					215					220			
atc	cgc	gcg	gcg	caa	ggg	ctg	gac	tgg	gct	gca	ttc	cac	gac	gcg	ctg	7683
Ile	Arg	Ala	Ala	Gln	Gly	Leu	Asp	Trp	Ala	Ala	Phe	His	Asp	Ala	Leu	
		225					230					235				
aac	gaa	tac	cag	cgc	ctg	atg	gag	cag	ctg	ggc	gtg	tcc	gac	gac	acg	7731
Asn	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Arg	Leu	Met	Glu	Gln	Leu	Gly	Val	Ser	Asp	Asp	Thr	
	240					245					250					
ctg	gac	gcg	atc	atc	cgc	gag	gcg	cgc	gac	gcg	ggc	gcc	gca	gtc	gcc	7779
Leu	Asp	Ala	Ile	Ile	Arg	Glu	Ala	Arg	Asp	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala	Val	Ala	
255					260					265					270	
aag	atc	tcc	ggc	tcg	ggg	ctg	ggg	gat	tgc	gtg	ctg	gca	ctg	ggc	gac	7827
Lys	Ile	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Leu	Gly	Asp	Cys	Val	Leu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Asp	
				275					280					285		
cag	ccc	aag	ggt	ttc	gtg	ccc	gca	agc	att	gcc	gag	aag	gga	ctt	gtt	7875
Gln	Pro	Lys	Gly	Phe	Val	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ile	Ala	Glu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Val	
		290						295					300			
ttc	gat	gac	tga	tgccgtccgc	gacatgatcg	cccgtgccat	ggcgggcgcg									7927
Phe	Asp	Asp														
		305														
accgacatcc	gagcagccga	ggcttatgcg	cccagcaaca	tcgcgctgtc	gaaatactgg											7987
ggcaagcgcg	acgccgcgcg	gaaccttccg	ctgaacagct	ccgtctcgat	ctcgttggcg											8047
aactggggct	ctcatacgcg	ggtcgagggg	tccggcacgg	gccacgacga	ggtgcatcac											8107
aacggcacgc	tgctggatcc	gggcgacgcc	ttcgcgcgcc	gcgcgttgge	attcgctgac											8167
ctgttccggg	gggggaggca	cctgccgctg	cggatcacga	cgcagaactc	gatccccgacg											8227
gcggcggggc	ttgctctgct	ggcctcgggg	ttcgcgcgcc	tgacctgtgc	gctggcgggg											8287
gcgttcgggc	tggatctgga	cgacacggat	ctgagccgca	tcgcccggat	cggcagtgge											8347
agcgccgccc	gctcgatctg	gcacggcttc	gtccgctgga	accggggcga	ggccgaggat											8407
gggcatgaca	gccacggcgt	cccgtggac	ctgcgctggc	ccggcttccg	catcgcgatc											8467

gtggccgtgg acaaggggcc caagcctttc agttcgcgcg acggcatgaa ccacacggtc 8527  
 gagaccagcc cgtgtttccc gccctggcct gcgcaggcgg aagcggattg ccgcgtcatc 8587  
 gaggatgcga tcgccgcccg cgacatggcc gccctgggtc cgcgggtcga ggcgaaacgcc 8647  
 cttgcgatgc acgccacgat gatggccgcg cgcgcgccgc tctgtacct gacgggcggc 8707  
 agctggcagg tgctggaacg cctgtggcag gcccgcgcg acgggcttgc ggcttttgcg 8767  
 acgatggatg cgggcccga cgtcaagctg atcttcgagg aaagcagcgc cgccgacgtg 8827  
 ctgtacctgt tccccgacgc cagcctgac gcgcggttc aggggcgttg aacgcgtaag 8887  
 acgaccactg ggtaaggttc tgccgcgcgt ggtctcgact gcctgcaaag aggtgcttga 8947  
 gttgctgcgt gactgcggcg gccgacttcg tgggacttgc ccgccacgct gacgcgctgg 9007  
 aaacgcgccc gcggattacg accgcgtcat tgccctgaac caatttccc tcggtcgac 9066

<210> 51

<211> 305

<212> PRT

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

<400> 51

Met Asp Gln Val Ile Arg Ala Ser Ala Pro Gly Ser Val Met Ile Thr  
1 5 10 15

Gly Glu His Ala Val Val Tyr Gly His Arg Ala Ile Val Ala Gly Ile  
20 25 30

Glu Gln Arg Ala His Val Thr Ile Val Pro Arg Ala Asp Arg Met Phe  
35 40 45

Arg Ile Thr Ser Gln Ile Gly Ala Pro Gln Gln Gly Ser Leu Asp Asp  
50 55 60

Leu Pro Ala Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Phe Val Leu Ala Ala Ile Ala Arg  
65 70 75 80

His Ala Pro Asp Leu Pro Cys Gly Phe Asp Met Asp Ile Thr Ser Gly  
85 90 95

Ile Asp Pro Arg Leu Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Thr Val Ala  
 100 105 110

Cys Leu Gly Ala Leu Ser Arg Leu Ala Gly Arg Gly Thr Glu Gly Leu  
 115 120 125

His Asp Asp Ala Leu Arg Ile Val Arg Ala Ile Gln Gly Arg Gly Ser  
 130 135 140

Gly Ala Asp Leu Ala Ala Ser Leu His Gly Gly Phe Val Ala Tyr Arg  
 145 150 155 160

Ala Pro Asp Gly Gly Ala Ala Gln Ile Glu Ala Leu Pro Val Pro Pro  
 165 170 175

Gly Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Tyr Ala Gly Tyr Lys Thr Pro Thr Ala Glu  
 180 185 190

Val Leu Arg Leu Val Ala Asp Arg Met Ala Gly Asn Glu Ala Ala Phe  
 195 200 205

Asp Ala Leu Tyr Ser Arg Met Gly Ala Ser Ala Asp Ala Ala Ile Arg  
 210 215 220

Ala Ala Gln Gly Leu Asp Trp Ala Ala Phe His Asp Ala Leu Asn Glu  
 225 230 235 240

Tyr Gln Arg Leu Met Glu Gln Leu Gly Val Ser Asp Asp Thr Leu Asp  
 245 250 255

Ala Ile Ile Arg Glu Ala Arg Asp Ala Gly Ala Ala Val Ala Lys Ile  
 260 265 270

Ser Gly Ser Gly Leu Gly Asp Cys Val Leu Ala Leu Gly Asp Gln Pro  
 275 280 285

Lys Gly Phe Val Pro Ala Ser Ile Ala Glu Lys Gly Leu Val Phe Asp  
 290 295 300

Asp  
 305

<210> 52

&lt;211&gt; 9066

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; CDS

&lt;222&gt; (7880) .. (8878)

&lt;223&gt; mvd

```

<400> 52
ggatccggca gctcgacacg ccgcagaacc tgtacgaacg tcccgccagc cgcttcgctc 60
cggaattcgt cgggcgcggg acggtggtgc ccgtgcaggc ccatgacggc gcgggccgcg 120
cccgcatect gggggccgag gtggcggtga acgccgcccc gcaatcgcg cttgtcgatc 180
acgtctgcct gcgccccgag aaccttgcca tctccgagac gggcgacctg cgcgccaaagg 240
tcgcgcgcgt cacctatctt ggcgggaaat acctgctgga aaccgtgctg gattgcggca 300
cccggctggt gaccgagacc cgcgcgcgt tcgatacggg cgcgcagctt ggcctgacca 360
tcaacgcccc ctgggccttt gccgaggatt gaatggacag cgtgaagatc ctttcgggca 420
tgggcgtgaa gggccctgcc tgcatacaggc tggatgtcgg cgggatgcgc ctgatacctc 480
attgcgggac cggcccggac gagggcgcgg agttcgaccc cgcctggctg gcggacgcgg 540
atgcggtgct gatcacccat gaccacgtgg accatatcgg cggcgcgct caccgcggtc 600
cggcggggct gccgatccat gcgacgcggc agacggcggg gttgctgccc gcgggggcgg 660
atctgcgcct gctgcccga a cgcggtgtca cgcggatcgc cggggtcgat ctgacgaccg 720
gtcgcaacgg gcatgccgcg ggcggtgtct ggatgcattt cgacatgggc gaggggctgt 780
tctattccgg cgactggtcc gaggaatccg actggttcgc cttcgatccg cccccgcctg 840
cggggacggc gattctcgac tgctcctatg gcggtttcga cgtggcgcaa tcggattgca 900
tcgcggacct ggacgacctg ctcgaggtgc tgccggggca ggtactgctg ccggtgccgc 960
catccggccg cgcggccgag ctggccctgc ggctgatccg ccgccacgga ccgggcagcg 1020
tgatggctga cgacgcctgc ctgccggcca tcgcgcaact gcccagggcg cgcggactgg 1080
cctacgccac cgaggcacgc tttcttgtct gcgacacgcc gaacgccgaa agccggcgcg 1140

```

gcatggcggc atctgcaagc atggcgcgat gcgggcaggc tggggcgga cgcgcatgtc 1200  
 gtcttcaccg ggcacatgaa cgtccatgcg cgcgcattct gcgaccgcc cggcgggcat 1260  
 ttccgccgct ggaacgtgca tccgccgctg cgcgaccagc gacggatgct ggaacggctg 1320  
 gccgcgcggc gctttgcccc ggcttctgc cccgaccccg agatctatct ggcgctggac 1380  
 atgggcgcgc aggtcttcat gcaccaggag gtgacgcat gatccccgcc cgcagcttct 1440  
 gcctgatccg ccacggcgaa acgaccgcca atgcaggggc gatcatcgcg ggcgcaaccg 1500  
 atgtgcccct gacgccaagg ggccgcgatc agggccgcgc cctggcaggg cgccaatggc 1560  
 catcgggcat cgcgctgttc gccagcccga tgtcgcgtgc ccgcgatacc gcgctgctgg 1620  
 cctttccggg gcgcgaccac cagcccgaac ccgatctgcg cgaacgcgac tggggcatct 1680  
 tcgagggacg ccccgctgcc gatctgcccc cgcgcgaaat cacgccgag gggggcgagg 1740  
 gctgggacga cgtgatggc cgcgtggacc gcgcgatccg gcggatctgc gcgacctcg 1800  
 gcgatgcgt gccggtgctg gtctgccatt cgggcgtgat ccgtgccgcg cgcgtgctgt 1860  
 ggaccaccgg cgatgcgggc gatcgtccgc ccaacgccac gccgatcctg ttcagcccg 1920  
 acggcgaccg attaaaggaa ggaacgatat gaccgccacc acccctgcg tcgtcttcga 1980  
 acgtggacgg cacgcttgcc gaattcgacg ccgaccgcct gggccatctt gtccacggca 2040  
 cgaccaagca ctgggacgcc ttccaccacg cgatggccga cggcccgccc atccccgagg 2100  
 tcgcccgcct gatgcgcaag ctgaaggagg ggggcgagac ggtcgtcatc tgctcggggc 2160  
 ggccccgcgg ctggcaggat cagacgatcg catggctgcg caagcacgac ctgcccttcg 2220  
 acgggatcta tctgcgcccc gaggatcagg acggcgccag cgaccccgag gtcaagcgcc 2280  
 gcgccctagc cgagatgcgc gccgacgggc tggcgccctg gctggctctg gacgaccggc 2340  
 ggtccgtcgt ggatgcctgg cgggccgagg ggctggtctg cctgcaatgc gcgccggggg 2400  
 acttctaggg ccgcgcgacg ggggcgcgga caggctgggc gggaaaccgc cccgccacca 2460  
 tgtctgcac gcgtcgaacc gccgctccga cgcgggttcc cgcacggaaa cgcgcggcaa 2520  
 gttgacataa cttgcacgcg acgtctcgat tctgcccgcg aagaatgcga tgcatccaga 2580  
 tgatgcagaa cgaagaagcg gaagcggccg tgaaagacca gatgatttcc cataccccgg 2640  
 tgcccacgca atgggtcggc ccgatcctgt tccgcggccc cgtcgtcgag ggcccgatca 2700  
 gcgcgccgct ggccacctac gagacgcgc tctggccctc gaccgcgcgg ggggcagggg 2760  
 tttcccggca ttcgggcggg atccaggtct cgctggtcga cgaacgcatg agccgctcga 2820

tcgcgctgcg ggcgcacatgac ggggcggcgg cgaccgccgc ctggcagtcg atcaaggccc	2880
gccaggaaga ggtcgcggcc gtggtcgcca ccaccagccg cttcgcccgc cttgtcgagc	2940
tgaatcgcca gatcgtgggc aacctgcttt acatccgcac cgaatgcgtg acggggcgacg	3000
cctcgggtca caacatggtc accaaggccg ccgaggccgt gcagggctgg atcctgtcgg	3060
aatacccgat gctggcctat tccacgatct cggggaacct gtgcaccgac aagaaggcgt	3120
cgcggtcaa cggcacctg ggccgcggca aatacgccgt cgccgaggtc gagatcccgc	3180
gcaagatcct gacccgcgtg ctgcgcacca ggcgcgagaa gatggtccgc ctgaactacg	3240
agaagaacta tgtcgggggt acgctggcgg ggtcgcctgc cagtgcgaac gcgcatttcg	3300
ccaacatgct gctgggcttc tacctggcga cggggcagga cgcgccaac atcatcgagg	3360
ccagccaggg cttcgtccat tgcgaggccc ggcgcgagga tctgtatttc tcgtgcacgc	3420
tgcccaacct catcatgggc tcggtcgggt cgggcaaggg catcccctcg atcgaggaga	3480
acctgtcgcg gatgggtgc cgccagccgg gcgaaccgg cgacaacgcg cgccgtcttg	3540
cggcgatctg cgcgggcgtc gtgctgtgtg gtgaattgtc gctgcttgcg gccagacca	3600
accccgagga gttggtccgc acccacatgg agatggagcg atgaccgaca gcaaggatca	3660
ccatgtcgcg gggcgcaagc tggaccatct gcgtgcattg gacgacgatg cggatatcga	3720
ccggggcgac agcggcttcg accgcacgc gctgaccat cgcgccctgc ccgaggtgga	3780
tttcgacgcc atcgacacgg cgaccagctt cctgggccgt gaactgtcct tcccgtgct	3840
gatctcgtcc atgaccggcg gcaccggcga ggagatcgag cgcatcaacc gcaacctggc	3900
cgttggtgcc gaggaggccc gcgtcgccat ggcggtgggc tcgcagcgcg tgatgttcac	3960
cgacccctcg gcgcgggcca gcttcgacct gcgcgcccac gcgcccaccg tgccgtgct	4020
ggccaatc ggcgcgggtgc agctgaacat ggggctgggg ctgaaggaat gcctggccgc	4080
gatcgagggt ctgcaggcgg acggcctgta tctgcacctg aacccctgc aagaggccgt	4140
ccagcccag ggggatcgcg actttgccga tctgggcagc aagatcgcg ccacgcgccg	4200
cgacgttccc gtgcccgtcc tgctgaagga ggtgggctgc ggcctgtcgg cgccgatata	4260
cgccatcggg ctgcgcgccg ggatccggca tttcgacgtg gccggtcgcg gcggcacatc	4320
ctggagccgg atcgagtac gccgcgcga gcgggcccga gacgacctgg gcctggctct	4380
ccaggactgg ggcctgcaga ccgtggacgc cctgcgcgag gcgcggccc cgcttgccgc	4440
ccatgatgga accagcgtgc tgatcgccag cggcggcatc cgcaacgggt tcgacatggc	4500
gaaatgcgtc atcctggggg ccgacatgtg cggggtcgcc gcgcccctgc tgaaagcggc	4560



ccaaaactcg cgcgagggcg ttgtatccgc catccggaaa ctgcatctgg agttccggac 4620  
 agccatgttc ctctggggtt gcggcacgct tgccgacctg aaggacaatt cctcgcttat 4680  
 ccgtcaatga aagtgcctaa gatgaccgtg acaggaatcg aagcgatcag cttctacacc 4740  
 cccagaact acgtgggact ggatatcctt gccgcgcac acgggatcga ccccgagaag 4800  
 ttctcgaagg ggatcgggca ggagaaaatc gcactgcccg gccatgacga ggatatcgtg 4860  
 accatggccg ccgaggccgc gctgccgatc atcgaacgcg cgggcacgca gggcatcgac 4920  
 acggttctgt tcgccaccga gagcgggatc gaccagtcga aggcgcgcgc catctatctg 4980  
 cgccgcctgc tggacctgtc gcccaactgc cgttgcgtcg agctgaagca ggcctgctat 5040  
 tccgcgacgg cggcgctgca gatggcctgc gcgcagtgcg cccgcaagcc cgaccgcaag 5100  
 gtgctggtga tcgctccga tgtcgcgcgc tatgaccgcg aaagctcggg cgaggcgacg 5160  
 cagggtgccg gcgccgtcgc catccttgtc agcgcgatc ccaaggtggc cgagatcggc 5220  
 accgtctcgg ggctgttcac cgaggatatc atggatttct ggcgccgaa ccaccgccgc 5280  
 acgcccctgt tcgacggcaa ggcacgcacg ctgcgctatc tgaacgcgct ggtcgaggcg 5340  
 tggaacgact atcgcgcgaa tggcggccac gagttcgccg atttcgcgca tttctgctat 5400  
 cacgtgccgt tctcgcggat gggcgagaag gcgaacagcc acctggccaa ggcaacaag 5460  
 acgccggtgg acatggggca ggtgcagacg ggcctgatct acaaccggca ggtcgggaac 5520  
 tgctataccg ggtcgatcta cctggcattc gcctcgtcgc tggagaacgc tcaggaggac 5580  
 ctgaccggcg cgctggtcgg tctgttcagc tatggctcgg gtgcgacggg cgaattcttc 5640  
 gatgcgggga tcgcgcgccg ttaccgcgac cacctgttcg cggaacgcca tcggaattg 5700  
 ctgcaggatc gcacgcccg t cacatatgac gaatacgttg ccctgtggga cgagatcgac 5760  
 ctgacgcagg gcgcgcccga caaggcgcgc ggtcgtttca ggctggcagg tatcgaggac 5820  
 gagaagcgca tctatgtcga ccggcaggcc tgaagcaggc gcccatgccc cgggcaagct 5880  
 gatcctgtcc ggggaacatt ccgtgctcta tgggtgcgcc gcgcttgcca tggccatcgc 5940  
 ccgctatacc gaggtgtggt tcacgccgct tggcattggc gaggggatac gcacgacatt 6000  
 cgccaatctc tcgggcgggg cgacctattc gctgaagctg ctgtcgggg tcaagtcgcg 6060  
 gctggaccgc cggttcgagc agttcctgaa cggcgacct aaggtgcaca aggtcctgac 6120  
 ccatcccgac gatctggcgg tctatgcgct ggcgtcgctt ctgcacgaca agccgccggg 6180  
 gaccgcgcg atgccgggca tcggcgcgat gcaccacctg ccgcgaccgg gtgagctggg 6240

cagccggacg	gagctgcca	tcggcgcg	catggggtcg	tctgcggcca	tcgtcgcg	6300
caccacggtc	ctgttcgaga	cgctgctgga	ccggcccaag	acgcccgaac	agcgcttcga	6360
ccgcgtccgc	ttctgcgagc	ggttgaagca	cggcaaggcc	ggteccatcg	acgcggccag	6420
cgtcgtgcgc	ggcgggcttg	tccgcgtggg	cgggaacggg	ccgggttcga	tcagcagctt	6480
cgatttgccc	gaggatcacg	accttgctgc	gggacgcggc	tggtagctggg	tactgcacgg	6540
gcgccccgtc	agcgggaccg	gcgaatgctg	cagcgcggtc	gcggcggcgc	atggtcgcgga	6600
tgcggcgctg	tgggacgcct	tcgcagtctg	caccgcgcgc	ttggaggccg	cgctgctgtc	6660
tgggggcagc	cccgcgcgcg	ccatcaccca	gaaccagcgc	ctgctggaac	gcacgcggct	6720
cgtgccggca	gcgacgcagg	ccctcgctgg	ccagatcgag	gaggcggttg	gcgcggccaa	6780
gatctgcggc	gcaggttccg	tgcggggcga	tcacggcggg	gcggtcctcg	tgcggattga	6840
cgacgcgcag	gcgatggctt	cggatcatgg	gcgccatccc	gacctcgact	gggcgcccct	6900
gcgcgatgtc	gcgacggggg	cggcaccgcg	ccccgcgcgc	cgtgcgcaac	cgctgccggg	6960
gcagggctga	tggatcaggt	catccgcgcc	agcgcgcgcg	gttcgggtcat	gatcacgggc	7020
gaacatgccg	tgggtctatg	acaccgcgcc	atcgctgcgc	ggatcgagca	gcgcgcccct	7080
gtgacgatcg	tcccgcgtgc	cgaccgcatg	tttcgcatca	cctcgagat	cggggcgccg	7140
cagcaggggt	cgctggacga	tctgcctgcg	ggcgggacct	atcgcttcgt	gctggccgcc	7200
atcgcgcgac	acgcgccgga	cctgccttgc	gggttcgaca	tggacatcac	ctcgggggatc	7260
gatccgaggg	tcgggcttgg	atcctcggcg	gcggtgacgg	tcgcctgcct	cggcgcgctg	7320
tcgcggtctg	cggggcgggg	gaccgagggg	ctgcatgacg	acgcgctgcg	catcgctccg	7380
gccatccagg	gcaggggcag	cggggccgat	ctggcgcca	gcctgcatgg	cggcttcgtc	7440
gcctatcgcg	cggccgatgg	cgggtgccgc	cagatcgagg	cgcttcgggt	gccgcccggg	7500
ccgttcggcc	tgcgctatgc	gggctacaag	accccgacag	ccgaggtgct	gcgccttgtg	7560
gccgatcgga	tggcgggcaa	cgaggccgct	ttcgacgcgc	tctactcccg	gatgggcgca	7620
agcgagatg	ccgcgatccg	cgcggcgcaa	gggttgact	gggtgcatt	ccacgacgcg	7680
ctgaacgaat	accagcgcct	gatggagcag	ctgggcgtgt	ccgacgacac	gctggacgcg	7740
atcatccgcg	aggcgcgcca	cgcgggcgcc	gcagtcgcca	agatctccgg	ctcggggctg	7800
ggggattgct	tgctggcact	gggcgaccag	cccaagggtt	tcgtgcccgc	aagcattgcc	7860
gagaagggac	ttgttttcg	atg act gat	gcc gtc cgc	gac atg atc	gcc cgt	7912
		Met Thr Asp	Ala Val Arg	Asp Met Ile	Ala Arg	
		1	5		10	

gcc atg gcg ggc gcg acc gac atc cga gca gcc gag gct tat gcg ccc Ala Met Ala Gly Ala Thr Asp Ile Arg Ala Ala Glu Ala Tyr Ala Pro 15 20 25	7960
agc aac atc gcg ctg tcg aaa tac tgg ggc aag cgc gac gcc gcg cgg Ser Asn Ile Ala Leu Ser Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys Arg Asp Ala Ala Arg 30 35 40	8008
aac ctt ccg ctg aac agc tcc gtc tcg atc tcg ttg gcg aac tgg ggc Asn Leu Pro Leu Asn Ser Ser Val Ser Ile Ser Leu Ala Asn Trp Gly 45 50 55	8056
tct cat acg cgg gtc gag ggg tcc ggc acg ggc cac gac gag gtg cat Ser His Thr Arg Val Glu Gly Ser Gly Thr Gly His Asp Glu Val His 60 65 70 75	8104
cac aac ggc acg ctg ctg gat ccg ggc gac gcc ttc gcg cgc cgc gcg His Asn Gly Thr Leu Leu Asp Pro Gly Asp Ala Phe Ala Arg Arg Ala 80 85 90	8152
ttg gca ttc gct gac ctg ttc ccg ggg ggg agg cac ctg ccg ctg cgg Leu Ala Phe Ala Asp Leu Phe Arg Gly Gly Arg His Leu Pro Leu Arg 95 100 105	8200
atc acg acg cag aac tcg atc ccg acg gcg gcg ggg ctt gcc tcg tcg Ile Thr Thr Gln Asn Ser Ile Pro Thr Ala Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ser 110 115 120	8248
gcc tcg ggg ttc gcg gcg ctg acc cgt gcg ctg gcg ggg gcg ttc ggg Ala Ser Gly Phe Ala Ala Leu Thr Arg Ala Leu Ala Gly Ala Phe Gly 125 130 135	8296
ctg gat ctg gac gac acg gat ctg agc cgc atc gcc ccg atc ggc agt Leu Asp Leu Asp Asp Thr Asp Leu Ser Arg Ile Ala Arg Ile Gly Ser 140 145 150 155	8344
ggc agc gcc gcc cgc tcg atc tgg cac ggc ttc gtc cgc tgg aac cgg Gly Ser Ala Ala Arg Ser Ile Trp His Gly Phe Val Arg Trp Asn Arg 160 165 170	8392
ggc gag gcc gag gat ggg cat gac agc cac ggc gtc ccg ctg gac ctg Gly Glu Ala Glu Asp Gly His Asp Ser His Gly Val Pro Leu Asp Leu 175 180 185	8440
cgc tgg ccc ggc ttc cgc atc gcg atc gtg gcc gtg gac aag ggg ccc Arg Trp Pro Gly Phe Arg Ile Ala Ile Val Ala Val Asp Lys Gly Pro 190 195 200	8488
aag cct ttc agt tcg cgc gac ggc atg aac cac acg gtc gag acc agc Lys Pro Phe Ser Ser Arg Asp Gly Met Asn His Thr Val Glu Thr Ser 205 210 215	8536
ccg ctg ttc ccg ccc tgg cct gcg cag gcg gaa gcg gat tgc cgc gtc Pro Leu Phe Pro Pro Trp Pro Ala Gln Ala Glu Ala Asp Cys Arg Val 220 225 230 235	8584

atc gag gat gcg atc gcc gcc cgc gac atg gcc gcc ctg ggt ccg cgg 8632  
 Ile Glu Asp Ala Ile Ala Ala Arg Asp Met Ala Ala Leu Gly Pro Arg  
 240 245 250  
 gtc gag gcg aac gcc ctt gcg atg cac gcc acg atg atg gcc gcg cgc 8680  
 Val Glu Ala Asn Ala Leu Ala Met His Ala Thr Met Met Ala Ala Arg  
 255 260 265  
 ccg ccg ctc tgc tac ctg acg gcc gcc agc tgg cag gtg ctg gaa cgc 8728  
 Pro Pro Leu Cys Tyr Leu Thr Gly Gly Ser Trp Gln Val Leu Glu Arg  
 270 275 280  
 ctg tgg cag gcc cgc gcg gac ggg ctt gcg gcc ttt gcg acg atg gat 8776  
 Leu Trp Gln Ala Arg Ala Asp Gly Leu Ala Ala Phe Ala Thr Met Asp  
 285 290 295  
 gcc gcc ccg aac gtc aag ctg atc ttc gag gaa agc agc gcc gcc gac 8824  
 Ala Gly Pro Asn Val Lys Leu Ile Phe Glu Glu Ser Ser Ala Ala Asp  
 300 305 310 315  
 gtg ctg tac ctg ttc ccc gac gcc agc ctg atc gcg ccg ttc gag ggg 8872  
 Val Leu Tyr Leu Phe Pro Asp Ala Ser Leu Ile Ala Pro Phe Glu Gly  
 320 325 330  
 cgt tga acgcgtaaga cgaccactgg gtaaggttct gccgcgcgtg gtctcgactg 8928  
 Arg  
 cctgcaaaga ggtgcttgag ttgctgcgtg actgcggcgg ccgacttcgt gggacttgcc 8988  
 cgccacgctg acgcgctgga aacgcgcccc cggattacga ccgcgtcatt gccctgaacc 9048  
 aatttcccggt cggtcgac 9066

&lt;210&gt; 53

&lt;211&gt; 332

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;400&gt; 53

Met Thr Asp Ala Val Arg Asp Met Ile Ala Arg Ala Met Ala Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15

Thr Asp Ile Arg Ala Ala Glu Ala Tyr Ala Pro Ser Asn Ile Ala Leu  
 20 25 30

Ser Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys Arg Asp Ala Ala Arg Asn Leu Pro Leu Asn  
 35 40 45

Ser Ser Val Ser Ile Ser Leu Ala Asn Trp Gly Ser His Thr Arg Val  
 50 55 60

Glu Gly Ser Gly Thr Gly His Asp Glu Val His His Asn Gly Thr Leu  
 65 70 75 80

Leu Asp Pro Gly Asp Ala Phe Ala Arg Arg Ala Leu Ala Phe Ala Asp  
 85 90 95

Leu Phe Arg Gly Gly Arg His Leu Pro Leu Arg Ile Thr Thr Gln Asn  
 100 105 110

Ser Ile Pro Thr Ala Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser Gly Phe Ala  
 115 120 125

Ala Leu Thr Arg Ala Leu Ala Gly Ala Phe Gly Leu Asp Leu Asp Asp  
 130 135 140

Thr Asp Leu Ser Arg Ile Ala Arg Ile Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Ala Arg  
 145 150 155 160

Ser Ile Trp His Gly Phe Val Arg Trp Asn Arg Gly Glu Ala Glu Asp  
 165 170 175

Gly His Asp Ser His Gly Val Pro Leu Asp Leu Arg Trp Pro Gly Phe  
 180 185 190

Arg Ile Ala Ile Val Ala Val Asp Lys Gly Pro Lys Pro Phe Ser Ser  
 195 200 205

Arg Asp Gly Met Asn His Thr Val Glu Thr Ser Pro Leu Phe Pro Pro  
 210 215 220

Trp Pro Ala Gln Ala Glu Ala Asp Cys Arg Val Ile Glu Asp Ala Ile  
 225 230 235 240

Ala Ala Arg Asp Met Ala Ala Leu Gly Pro Arg Val Glu Ala Asn Ala  
 245 250 255

Leu Ala Met His Ala Thr Met Met Ala Ala Arg Pro Pro Leu Cys Tyr  
 260 265 270

Leu Thr Gly Gly Ser Trp Gln Val Leu Glu Arg Leu Trp Gln Ala Arg  
 275 280 285

Ala Asp Gly Leu Ala Ala Phe Ala Thr Met Asp Ala Gly Pro Asn Val  
 290 295 300

Lys Leu Ile Phe Glu Glu Ser Ser Ala Ala Asp Val Leu Tyr Leu Phe  
 305 310 315 320

Pro Asp Ala Ser Leu Ile Ala Pro Phe Glu Gly Arg  
 325 330

<210> 54

<211> 353

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces sp. strain CL190

<400> 54

Met Thr Glu Thr His Ala Ile Ala Gly Val Pro Met Arg Trp Val Gly  
 1 5 10 15

Pro Leu Arg Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ala Glu Thr Glu Thr Gln Val Pro  
 20 25 30

Leu Ala Thr Tyr Glu Ser Pro Leu Trp Pro Ser Val Gly Arg Gly Ala  
 35 40 45

Lys Val Ser Arg Leu Thr Glu Lys Gly Ile Val Ala Thr Leu Val Asp  
 50 55 60

Glu Arg Met Thr Arg Ser Val Ile Val Glu Ala Thr Asp Ala Gln Thr  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Tyr Met Ala Ala Gln Thr Ile His Ala Arg Ile Asp Glu Leu Arg  
 85 90 95

Glu Val Val Arg Gly Cys Ser Arg Phe Ala Gln Leu Ile Asn Ile Lys  
 100 105 110

His Glu Ile Asn Ala Asn Leu Leu Phe Ile Arg Phe Glu Phe Thr Thr  
 115 120 125

Gly Asp Ala Ser Gly His Asn Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Ser Asp Val Leu  
 130 135 140

Leu Gly His Leu Leu Glu Thr Ile Pro Gly Ile Ser Tyr Gly Ser Ile

145                      150                      155                      160  
 Ser Gly Asn Tyr Cys Thr Asp Lys Lys Ala Thr Ala Ile Asn Gly Ile  
                                  165                      170                      175  
 Leu Gly Arg Gly Lys Asn Val Ile Thr Glu Leu Leu Val Pro Arg Asp  
                                  180                      185                      190  
 Val Val Glu Asn Asn Leu His Thr Thr Ala Ala Lys Ile Val Glu Leu  
                                  195                      200                      205  
 Asn Ile Arg Lys Asn Leu Leu Gly Thr Leu Leu Ala Gly Gly Ile Arg  
                                  210                      215                      220  
 Ser Ala Asn Ala His Phe Ala Asn Met Leu Leu Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala  
 225                                   230                      235                      240  
 Thr Gly Gln Asp Ala Ala Asn Ile Val Glu Gly Ser Gln Gly Val Val  
                                  245                      250                      255  
 Met Ala Glu Asp Arg Asp Gly Asp Leu Tyr Phe Ala Cys Thr Leu Pro  
                                  260                      265                      270  
 Asn Leu Ile Val Gly Thr Val Gly Asn Gly Lys Gly Leu Gly Phe Val  
                                  275                      280                      285  
 Glu Thr Asn Leu Ala Arg Leu Gly Cys Arg Ala Asp Arg Glu Pro Gly  
                                  290                      295                      300  
 Glu Asn Ala Arg Arg Leu Ala Val Ile Ala Ala Ala Thr Val Leu Cys  
 305                                   310                      315                      320  
 Gly Glu Leu Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Gln Thr Asn Pro Gly Glu Leu Met  
                                  325                      330                      335  
 Arg Ala His Val Gln Leu Glu Arg Asp Asn Lys Thr Ala Lys Val Gly  
                                  340                      345                      350

Ala

&lt;210&gt; 55

&lt;211&gt; 353

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> *Streptomyces griseolosporeus*

&lt;400&gt; 55

Met Thr Glu Ala His Ala Thr Ala Gly Val Pro Met Arg Trp Val Gly  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Pro Val Arg Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ala Thr Ile Glu Thr Gln Val Pro

20					25					30					
Leu	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Pro	Leu	Trp	Pro	Ser	Val	Gly	Arg	Gly	Ala
	35						40					45			
Lys	Val	Ser	Arg	Leu	Thr	Glu	Lys	Gly	Ile	Val	Ala	Thr	Leu	Val	Asp
	50					55					60				
Glu	Arg	Met	Thr	Arg	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	Glu	Ala	Thr	Asp	Ala	Leu	Thr
65						70					75				80
Ala	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Arg	Thr	Ile	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ile	Asp	Glu	Leu	Arg
				85					90					95	
Glu	Leu	Val	Arg	Gly	Cys	Ser	Arg	Phe	Ala	Gln	Leu	Ile	Gly	Ile	Arg
			100					105					110		
His	Glu	Ile	Thr	Gly	Asn	Leu	Leu	Phe	Val	Arg	Phe	Glu	Phe	Ser	Thr
	115						120					125			
Gly	Asp	Ala	Ser	Gly	His	Asn	Met	Ala	Thr	Leu	Ala	Ser	Asp	Val	Leu
	130					135					140				
Leu	Gln	His	Leu	Leu	Glu	Thr	Val	Pro	Gly	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Ile
145						150					155				160
Ser	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Cys	Thr	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ile	Asn	Gly	Ile
				165					170					175	
Leu	Gly	Arg	Gly	Lys	Asn	Val	Val	Thr	Glu	Leu	Leu	Val	Pro	Arg	Asp
			180					185					190		
Val	Val	Ala	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ile	Ala	Glu	Leu
		195					200					205			
Asn	Leu	Arg	Lys	Asn	Leu	Leu	Gly	Thr	Leu	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ile	Arg
	210					215					220				
Ser	Ala	Asn	Ala	His	Tyr	Ala	Asn	Met	Leu	Leu	Ala	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Ala
225						230					235				240
Thr	Gly	Gln	Asp	Ala	Ala	Asn	Ile	Val	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gln	Gly	Val	Val
				245					250					255	
Thr	Ala	Glu	Asp	Arg	Asp	Gly	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Cys	Thr	Leu	Pro
			260					265					270		
Asn	Leu	Ile	Val	Gly	Thr	Val	Gly	Asn	Gly	Lys	Gly	Leu	Gly	Phe	Val
		275					280					285			
Glu	Thr	Asn	Leu	Asn	Arg	Leu	Gly	Cys	Arg	Ala	Asp	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gly
						295					300				
Glu	Asn	Ala	Arg	Arg	Leu	Ala	Val	Ile	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Cys
305						310					315				320
Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Asn	Pro	Gly	Glu	Leu	Met



325                      330                      335  
 Arg Ala His Val Gln Leu Glu Arg Gly His Thr Thr Ala Lys Ala Gly  
                          340                      345                      350  
 Val  
  
 <210> 56  
 <211> 353  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Streptomyces sp. strain KO-3899  
  
 <400> 56  
 Met Thr Asp Thr His Ala Ile Ala Met Val Pro Met Lys Trp Val Gly  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Pro Leu Arg Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ala Thr Thr Glu Thr His Val Pro  
                          20                      25                      30  
 Leu Ala Thr Tyr Glu Thr Pro Leu Trp Pro Ser Val Gly Arg Gly Ala  
                          35                      40                      45  
 Lys Val Ser Met Leu Ser Glu Arg Gly Ile Ala Ala Thr Leu Val Asp  
                          50                      55                      60  
 Glu Arg Met Thr Arg Ser Val Leu Val Glu Ala Thr Asp Ala Gln Thr  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Ala Tyr Thr Ala Ala Arg Ala Ile Glu Ala Arg Ile Glu Glu Leu Arg  
                          85                      90                      95  
 Ala Val Val Arg Thr Cys Ser Arg Phe Ala Glu Leu Leu Gln Val Arg  
                          100                      105                      110  
 His Glu Ile Ala Gly Asn Leu Leu Phe Val Arg Phe Glu Phe Ser Thr  
                          115                      120                      125  
 Arg Arg Pro Ser Gly His Asn Met Ala Thr Leu Ala Ser Asp Ala Leu  
                          130                      135                      140  
 Leu Ala His Leu Leu Gln Thr Ile Pro Gly Ile Ser Tyr Gly Ser Ile  
 145                      150                      155                      160  
 Ser Gly Asn Tyr Cys Thr Asp Lys Lys Ala Thr Ala Ile Asn Gly Ile  
                          165                      170                      175  
 Leu Gly Arg Gly Lys Asn Val Val Thr Glu Leu Val Val Pro Arg Glu  
                          180                      185                      190  
 Val Val Glu Arg Val Leu His Thr Thr Ala Ala Lys Ile Val Glu Leu

195	200	205
Asn Ile Arg Lys Asn Leu Leu Gly Thr Leu Leu Ala Gly Gly Ile Arg 210 215 220		
Ser Ala Asn Ala His Tyr Ala Asn Met Leu Leu Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala 225 230 235 240		
Thr Gly Gln Asp Ala Ala Asn Ile Val Glu Gly Ser Gln Gly Val Thr 245 250 255		
Leu Ala Glu Asp Arg Asp Gly Asp Leu Tyr Phe Ser Cys Asn Leu Pro 260 265 270		
Asn Leu Ile Val Gly Thr Val Gly Asn Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Phe Val 275 280 285		
Glu Thr Asn Leu Asn Arg Leu Gly Cys Arg Glu Asp Arg Ala Pro Gly 290 295 300		
Glu Asn Ala Arg Arg Leu Ala Val Ile Ala Ala Ala Thr Val Leu Cys 305 310 315 320		
Gly Glu Leu Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Gln Thr Asn Pro Gly Glu Leu Met 325 330 335		
Arg Ala His Val Glu Leu Glu Arg Asp Asn Thr Thr Ala Glu Val Gly 340 345 350		

Val

&lt;210&gt; 57

&lt;211&gt; 347

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Erwinia herbicola

&lt;400&gt; 57

Met Lys Asp Glu Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Lys Asn Asp His Leu Asp Ile 1 5 10 15
Val Leu Asp Pro Arg Arg Ala Val Thr Gln Ala Ser Ala Gly Phe Glu 20 25 30
Arg Trp Arg Phe Thr His Cys Ala Leu Pro Glu Leu Asn Phe Ser Asp 35 40 45
Ile Thr Leu Glu Thr Thr Phe Leu Asn Arg Gln Leu Gln Ala Pro Leu 50 55 60
Leu Ile Ser Ser Met Thr Gly Gly Val Glu Arg Ser Arg His Ile Asn

65		70		75		80
Arg His Leu Ala	Glu Ala Ala Gln Val Leu Lys Ile Ala Met Gly Val					
	85		90		95	
Gly Ser Gln Arg Val Ala Ile Glu Ser Asp Ala Gly Leu Gly Leu Asp						
	100		105		110	
Lys Thr Leu Arg Gln Leu Ala Pro Asp Val Pro Leu Leu Ala Asn Leu						
	115		120		125	
Gly Ala Ala Gln Leu Thr Gly Arg Lys Gly Ile Asp Tyr Ala Arg Arg						
	130		135		140	
Ala Val Glu Met Ile Glu Ala Asp Ala Leu Ile Val His Leu Asn Pro						
	145		150		155	160
Leu Gln Glu Ala Leu Gln Pro Gly Gly Asp Arg Asp Trp Arg Gly Arg						
	165		170		175	
Leu Ala Ala Ile Glu Thr Leu Val Arg Glu Leu Pro Val Pro Leu Val						
	180		185		190	
Val Lys Glu Val Gly Ala Gly Ile Ser Arg Thr Val Ala Gly Gln Leu						
	195		200		205	
Ile Asp Ala Gly Val Thr Val Ile Asp Val Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Thr						
	210		215		220	
Ser Trp Ala Ala Val Glu Gly Glu Arg Ala Ala Thr Glu Gln Gln Arg						
	225		230		235	240
Ser Val Ala Asn Val Phe Ala Asp Trp Gly Ile Pro Thr Ala Glu Ala						
	245		250		255	
Leu Val Asp Ile Ala Glu Ala Trp Pro Gln Met Pro Leu Ile Ala Ser						
	260		265		270	
Gly Gly Ile Lys Asn Gly Val Asp Ala Ala Lys Ala Leu Arg Leu Gly						
	275		280		285	
Ala Cys Met Val Gly Gln Ala Ala Val Leu Gly Ser Ala Gly Val						
	290		295		300	
Ser Thr Glu Lys Val Ile Asp His Phe Asn Val Ile Ile Glu Gln Leu						
	305		310		315	320
Arg Val Ala Cys Phe Cys Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Leu Ser Asp Leu Lys						
	325		330		335	
Gln Ala Asp Ile Arg Tyr Val Arg Asp Thr Pro						
	340		345			

&lt;210&gt; 58

&lt;211&gt; 360

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> *Borrelia burgdorferi*

&lt;400&gt; 58

```

Met Met Asp Thr Glu Phe Met Gly Ile Glu Pro Asn Ile Leu Glu Asn
1          5          10          15

Lys Lys Arg His Ile Glu Ile Cys Leu Asn Lys Asn Asp Val Lys Gly
          20          25          30

Gly Cys Asn Phe Leu Lys Phe Ile Lys Leu Lys His Asn Ala Leu Ser
          35          40          45

Asp Phe Asn Phe Ser Glu Ile Asn Ile Lys Glu Glu Ile Phe Gly Tyr
          50          55          60

Asn Ile Ser Met Pro Val Phe Ile Ser Ser Met Thr Gly Gly Ser Lys
65          70          75          80

Glu Gly Asn Asp Phe Asn Lys Ser Leu Val Arg Ile Ala Asn Tyr Leu
          85          90          95

Lys Ile Pro Ile Gly Leu Gly Ser Phe Lys Leu Leu Phe Lys Tyr Pro
          100          105          110

Glu Tyr Ile Arg Asp Phe Thr Leu Lys Arg Tyr Ala His Asn Ile Pro
          115          120          125

Leu Phe Ala Asn Val Gly Ala Val Gln Ile Val Glu Phe Gly Ile Ser
          130          135          140

Lys Ile Ala Glu Met Ile Lys Arg Leu Glu Val Asp Ala Ile Ile Val
145          150          155          160

His Leu Asn Ala Gly Gln Glu Leu Met Lys Val Asp Gly Asp Arg Asn
          165          170          175

Phe Lys Gly Ile Arg Glu Ser Ile Ala Lys Leu Ser Asp Phe Leu Ser
          180          185          190

Val Pro Leu Ile Val Lys Glu Thr Gly Phe Gly Ile Ser Pro Lys Asp
          195          200          205

Val Lys Glu Leu Phe Ser Leu Gly Ala Ser Tyr Val Asp Leu Ala Gly
          210          215          220

Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Trp Ile Leu Val Glu Gly Met Lys Ser Asn Asn
225          230          235          240

Leu Asn Ile Ala Ser Cys Phe Ser Asp Trp Gly Ile Pro Ser Val Phe
          245          250          255

Thr Leu Leu Ser Ile Asp Asp Ser Leu Lys Ala Asn Ile Phe Ala Ser

```

260					265					270					
Gly	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Thr	Gly	Met	Asp	Ile	Ala	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ala	Leu	Gly
		275					280					285			
Ala	Arg	Leu	Ile	Gly	Val	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Leu	Arg	Ala	Phe	Tyr	Asp
	290					295					300				
Ser	Gly	Glu	Asp	Ala	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Phe	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Glu	His	Ile
305					310					315					320
Leu	Lys	Met	Ser	Met	Phe	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Lys	Ser	Leu	Leu	Glu	Phe
				325					330					335	
Arg	Asn	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Asp	Glu	Leu	Gly
			340					345					350		
Val	Phe	Lys	Gln	Phe	Tyr	Gly	Thr								
		355					360								

<210> 59

<211> 349

<212> PRT

<213> Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803

<400> 59

Met	Asp	Ser	Thr	Pro	His	Arg	Lys	Ser	Asp	His	Ile	Arg	Ile	Val	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Glu	Glu	Asp	Val	Val	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Thr	Gly	Phe	Glu	Arg	Leu
			20					25					30		
Met	Leu	Glu	His	Cys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Val	Asp	Leu	Asp	Ala	Val	Asp
		35					40					45			
Leu	Gly	Leu	Thr	Leu	Trp	Gly	Lys	Ser	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Trp	Leu	Ile
	50					55					60				
Ser	Ser	Met	Thr	Gly	Gly	Thr	Pro	Glu	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ile	Asn	Leu	Phe
65					70					75					80
Leu	Ala	Glu	Val	Ala	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ile	Ala	Met	Gly	Leu	Gly	Ser
				85					90					95	
Gln	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ile	Glu	Asn	Pro	Asp	Leu	Ala	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Val
			100					105					110		
Arg	Ser	Val	Ala	Pro	Asp	Ile	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gly	Leu	Val
		115					120					125			
Gln	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Glu	Gln	Ala	Gln	Arg	Ala	Val	Asp

130                      135                      140  
 Met Ile Glu Ala Asp Ala Leu Ile Leu His Leu Asn Pro Leu Gln Glu  
 145                      150                      155                      160  
 Ala Val Gln Pro Asp Gly Asp Arg Leu Trp Ser Gly Leu Trp Ser Lys  
 165                      170                      175  
 Leu Glu Ala Leu Val Glu Ala Leu Glu Val Pro Val Ile Val Lys Glu  
 180                      185                      190  
 Val Gly Asn Gly Ile Ser Gly Pro Val Ala Lys Arg Leu Gln Glu Cys  
 195                      200                      205  
 Gly Val Gly Ala Ile Asp Val Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Thr Ser Trp Ser  
 210                      215                      220  
 Glu Val Glu Ala His Arg Gln Thr Asp Arg Gln Ala Lys Glu Val Ala  
 225                      230                      235                      240  
 His Asn Phe Ala Asp Trp Gly Leu Pro Thr Ala Trp Ser Leu Gln Gln  
 245                      250                      255  
 Val Val Gln Asn Thr Glu Gln Ile Leu Val Phe Ala Ser Gly Gly Ile  
 260                      265                      270  
 Arg Ser Gly Ile Asp Gly Ala Lys Ala Ile Ala Leu Gly Ala Thr Leu  
 275                      280                      285  
 Val Gly Ser Ala Ala Pro Val Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Ile Asn Ala Gln  
 290                      295                      300  
 Arg Val Tyr Asp His Tyr Gln Ala Arg Leu Arg Glu Leu Gln Ile Ala  
 305                      310                      315                      320  
 Ala Phe Cys Cys Asp Ala Ala Asn Leu Thr Gln Leu Ala Gln Val Pro  
 325                      330                      335  
 Leu Trp Asp Arg Gln Ser Gly Gln Arg Leu Thr Lys Pro  
 340                      345

&lt;210&gt; 60

&lt;211&gt; 361

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptomyces sp. CL190

&lt;400&gt; 60

Met Thr Ser Ala Gln Arg Lys Asp Asp His Val Arg Leu Ala Ile Glu  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Gln His Asn Ala His Ser Gly Arg Asn Gln Asp Asp Val Ser Phe Val

```

                20                25                30
His His Ala Leu Ala Gly Ile Asp Arg Pro Asp Val Ser Leu Ala Thr
   35                40                45
Ser Phe Ala Gly Ile Ser Trp Gln Val Pro Ile Tyr Ile Asn Ala Met
   50                55                60
Thr Gly Gly Ser Glu Lys Thr Gly Leu Ile Asn Arg Asp Leu Ala Thr
   65                70                75                80
Ala Ala Arg Glu Thr Gly Val Pro Ile Ala Ser Gly Ser Met Asn Ala
   85                90                95
Tyr Ile Lys Asp Pro Cys Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Val Leu Arg Asp Glu
  100                105                110
Asn Pro Asn Gly Phe Val Ile Ala Asn Ile Asn Ala Thr Thr Thr Val
  115                120                125
Asp Asn Ala Gln Arg Ala Ile Asp Leu Ile Glu Ala Asn Ala Leu Gln
  130                135                140
Ile His Ile Asn Thr Ala Gln Glu Thr Pro Met Pro Glu Gly Asp Arg
  145                150                155                160
Ser Phe Ala Ser Trp Val Pro Gln Ile Glu Lys Ile Ala Ala Ala Val
  165                170                175
Asp Ile Pro Val Ile Val Lys Glu Val Gly Asn Gly Leu Ser Arg Gln
  180                185                190
Thr Ile Leu Leu Leu Ala Asp Leu Gly Val Gln Ala Ala Asp Val Ser
  195                200                205
Gly Arg Gly Gly Thr Asp Phe Ala Arg Ile Glu Asn Gly Arg Arg Glu
  210                215                220
Leu Gly Asp Tyr Ala Phe Leu His Gly Trp Gly Gln Ser Thr Ala Ala
  225                230                235                240
Cys Leu Leu Asp Ala Gln Asp Ile Ser Leu Pro Val Leu Ala Ser Gly
  245                250                255
Gly Val Arg His Pro Leu Asp Val Val Arg Ala Leu Ala Leu Gly Ala
  260                265                270
Arg Ala Val Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly Phe Leu Arg Thr Leu Met Asp Asp
  275                280                285
Gly Val Asp Ala Leu Ile Thr Lys Leu Thr Thr Trp Leu Asp Gln Leu
  290                295                300
Ala Ala Leu Gln Thr Met Leu Gly Ala Arg Thr Pro Ala Asp Leu Thr
  305                310                315                320
Arg Cys Asp Val Leu Leu His Gly Glu Leu Arg Asp Phe Cys Ala Asp

```

325 330 335  
 Arg Gly Ile Asp Thr Arg Arg Leu Ala Gln Arg Ser Ser Ser Ile Glu  
 340 345 350  
 Ala Leu Gln Thr Thr Gly Ser Thr Arg  
 355 360  
 <210> 61  
 <211> 364  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Streptomyces griseolosporeus  
  
 <400> 61  
 Met Ser Ser Ala Gln Arg Lys Asp Asp His Val Arg Leu Ala Thr Glu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gln Gln Arg Ala His Ser Gly Arg Asn Gln Phe Asp Asp Val Ser Phe  
 20 25 30  
 Val His His Ala Leu Ala Gly Ile Asp Arg Pro Asp Val Arg Leu Ala  
 35 40 45  
 Thr Thr Phe Ala Gly Ile Thr Trp Arg Leu Pro Leu Tyr Ile Asn Ala  
 50 55 60  
 Met Thr Gly Gly Ser Ala Lys Thr Gly Ala Ile Asn Arg Asp Leu Ala  
 65 70 75 80  
 Val Ala Ala Arg Glu Thr Gly Ala Ala Ile Ala Ser Gly Ser Met His  
 85 90 95  
 Ala Phe Phe Arg Asp Pro Ser Cys Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Val Leu Arg  
 100 105 110  
 Thr Glu Asn Pro Asp Gly Phe Val Met Ala Asn Val Asn Ala Thr Ala  
 115 120 125  
 Ser Val Asp Asn Ala Arg Arg Ala Val Asp Leu Ile Glu Ala Asn Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Gln Ile His Leu Asn Thr Ala Gln Glu Thr Pro Met Pro Glu Gly  
 145 150 155 160  
 Asp Arg Ser Phe Gly Ser Trp Pro Ala Gln Ile Ala Lys Ile Thr Ala  
 165 170 175  
 Ala Val Asp Val Pro Val Ile Val Lys Glu Val Gly Asn Gly Leu Ser  
 180 185 190  
 Arg Gln Thr Leu Leu Ala Leu Pro Asp Leu Gly Val Arg Val Ala Asp



195	200	205
Val Ser Gly Arg Gly Gly Thr Asp Phe Ala Arg Ile Glu Asn Ser Arg		
210	215	220
Arg Pro Leu Gly Asp Tyr Ala Phe Leu His Gly Trp Gly Gln Ser Thr		
225	230	235 240
Pro Ala Cys Leu Leu Asp Ala Gln Asp Val Gly Phe Pro Leu Leu Ala		
	245	250 255
Ser Gly Gly Ile Arg Asn Pro Leu Asp Val Ala Arg Ala Leu Ala Leu		
	260	265 270
Gly Ala Gly Ala Val Gly Ser Ser Gly Val Phe Leu Arg Thr Leu Ile		
	275	280 285
Asp Gly Gly Val Ser Ala Leu Val Ala Gln Ile Ser Thr Trp Leu Asp		
	290	295 300
Gln Leu Ala Ala Leu Gln Thr Met Leu Gly Ala Arg Thr Pro Ala Asp		
	305	310 315 320
Leu Thr Arg Cys Asp Val Leu Ile His Gly Pro Leu Arg Ser Phe Cys		
	325	330 335
Thr Asp Arg Gly Ile Asp Ile Gly Arg Phe Ala Arg Arg Ser Ser Ser		
	340	345 350
Ala Asp Ile Arg Ser Glu Met Thr Gly Ser Thr Arg		
	355	360

&lt;210&gt; 62

&lt;211&gt; 368

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Sulfolobus solfataricus

&lt;400&gt; 62

Met Pro Asp Ile Val Asn Arg Lys Val Glu His Val Glu Ile Ala Ala	
1	5 10 15
Phe Glu Asn Val Asp Gly Leu Ser Ser Ser Thr Phe Leu Asn Asp Val	
	20 25 30
Ile Leu Val His Gln Gly Phe Pro Gly Ile Ser Phe Ser Glu Ile Asn	
	35 40 45
Thr Lys Thr Lys Phe Phe Arg Lys Glu Ile Ser Ala Pro Ile Met Val	
	50 55 60
Thr Gly Met Thr Gly Gly Arg Asn Glu Leu Gly Arg Ile Asn Arg Ile	

65		70		75		80									
Ile	Ala	Glu	Val	Ala	Glu	Lys	Phe	Gly	Ile	Pro	Met	Gly	Val	Gly	Ser
				85					90					95	
Gln	Arg	Val	Ala	Ile	Glu	Lys	Ala	Glu	Ala	Arg	Glu	Ser	Phe	Thr	Ile
			100					105					110		
Val	Arg	Lys	Val	Ala	Pro	Thr	Ile	Pro	Ile	Ile	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gly	Met
		115					120					125			
Pro	Gln	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Lys	Glu	Phe	Gln	Asp	Ala	Ile
	130					135					140				
Gln	Met	Ile	Glu	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ile	Ala	Val	His	Leu	Asn	Pro	Ala	Gln
145					150					155					160
Glu	Val	Phe	Gln	Pro	Glu	Gly	Glu	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Leu
				165				170						175	
Glu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Asp	Ile	Ser	Lys	Glu	Leu	Ser	Val	Pro	Ile	Ile	Val
			180					185					190		
Lys	Glu	Ser	Gly	Asn	Gly	Ile	Ser	Met	Glu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Leu	Leu	Tyr
	195						200					205			
Ser	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Lys	Asn	Phe	Asp	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gln	Gly	Gly	Thr	Asn
	210					215					220				
Trp	Ile	Ala	Ile	Glu	Met	Ile	Arg	Asp	Ile	Arg	Arg	Gly	Asn	Trp	Lys
225					230					235					240
Ala	Glu	Ser	Ala	Lys	Asn	Phe	Leu	Asp	Trp	Gly	Val	Pro	Thr	Ala	Ala
				245					250					255	
Ser	Ile	Ile	Glu	Val	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Pro	Asp	Ala	Phe	Leu	Val	Gly
			260					265					270		
Ser	Gly	Gly	Ile	Arg	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Ala	Leu
		275					280					285			
Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ala	Gly	Met	Ala	Leu	Pro	Val	Leu	Lys	Ser	Ala	Ile
	290					295					300				
Glu	Gly	Lys	Glu	Ser	Leu	Glu	Gln	Phe	Phe	Arg	Lys	Ile	Ile	Phe	Glu
305					310					315					320
Leu	Lys	Ala	Thr	Met	Met	Leu	Thr	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asn	Val	Glu	Ala	Leu
				325					330					335	
Lys	Arg	Ser	Ser	Ile	Val	Ile	Leu	Gly	Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Trp	Ala	Glu
			340					345					350		
Tyr	Arg	Gly	Ile	Asn	Leu	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Val	Arg	Lys	Arg	Glu
		355					360					365			

&lt;210&gt; 63

&lt;211&gt; 342

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Rickettsia prowazekii

&lt;400&gt; 63

```

Met Pro Lys Glu Gln Asn Leu Asp Ile Glu Arg Lys Gln Glu His Ile
1          5          10          15
Glu Ile Asn Leu Lys Gln Asn Val Asn Ser Thr Leu Lys Ser Gly Leu
20          25          30
Glu Ser Ile Lys Phe Ile His Asn Ala Leu Pro Glu Ile Asn Tyr Asp
35          40          45
Ser Ile Asp Thr Thr Thr Thr Phe Leu Gly Lys Asp Met Lys Ala Pro
50          55          60
Ile Leu Ile Ser Ser Met Thr Gly Gly Thr Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp Ile
65          70          75          80
Asn Tyr Arg Leu Ala Gln Ala Ala Gln Lys Ser Gly Ile Ala Met Gly
85          90          95
Leu Gly Ser Met Arg Ile Leu Leu Thr Lys Pro Asp Thr Ile Lys Thr
100         105         110
Phe Thr Val Arg His Val Ala Pro Asp Ile Pro Leu Leu Ala Asn Ile
115         120         125
Gly Ala Val Gln Leu Asn Tyr Gly Val Thr Pro Lys Glu Cys Gln Tyr
130         135         140
Leu Ile Asp Thr Ile Lys Ala Asp Ala Leu Ile Leu His Leu Asn Val
145         150         155         160
Leu His Glu Leu Thr Gln Pro Glu Gly Asn Lys Asn Trp Glu Asn Leu
165         170         175
Leu Pro Lys Ile Lys Glu Val Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ser Val Pro Val Ile
180         185         190
Val Lys Glu Val Gly Tyr Gly Leu Ser Lys Gln Val Ala Lys Lys Leu
195         200         205
Ile Lys Ala Gly Val Lys Val Leu Asp Ile Ala Gly Ser Gly Gly Thr
210         215         220
Ser Trp Ser Gln Val Glu Ala Tyr Arg Ala Lys Asn Ser Met Gln Asn
225         230         235         240
Arg Ile Ala Ser Ser Phe Ile Asn Trp Gly Ile Thr Thr Leu Asp Ser

```

245                      250                      255  
 Leu Lys Met Leu Gln Glu Ile Ser Lys Asp Ile Thr Ile Ile Ala Ser  
                          260                      265                      270  
 Gly Gly Leu Gln Ser Gly Ile Asp Gly Ala Lys Ala Ile Arg Met Gly  
                          275                      280                      285  
 Ala Asn Ile Phe Gly Leu Ala Gly Lys Leu Leu Lys Ala Ala Asp Ile  
                          290                      295                      300  
 Ala Glu Ser Leu Val Leu Glu Glu Ile Gln Val Ile Ile Glu Gln Leu  
                          305                      310                      315                      320  
 Lys Ile Thr Met Leu Cys Thr Gly Ser Cys Thr Leu Lys Asp Leu Ala  
                          325                      330                      335  
 Lys Ala Glu Ile Met Trp  
                          340

&lt;210&gt; 64

&lt;211&gt; 286

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Deinococcus radiodurans

&lt;400&gt; 64

Met Arg Leu Asp Thr Val Phe Leu Gly Arg Arg Leu Lys Ala Pro Val  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Leu Ile Gly Ala Met Thr Gly Gly Ala Glu Lys Ala Gly Val Ile Asn  
                          20                      25                      30  
 Arg Asn Leu Ala Thr Ala Ala Arg Asn Leu Gly Leu Gly Met Met Leu  
                          35                      40                      45  
 Gly Ser Gln Arg Val Met Leu Glu His Pro Asp Ala Trp Glu Ser Phe  
                          50                      55                      60  
 Asn Val Arg Glu Val Ala Pro Glu Ile Leu Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Gly  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Ala Ala Gln Phe Met Leu Gly Tyr Gly Ala Glu Gln Ala Arg Arg Ala  
                          85                      90                      95  
 Val Asp Glu Val Met Ala Asp Ala Leu Ala Ile His Leu Asn Pro Leu  
                          100                      105                      110  
 Gln Glu Ala Leu Gln Arg Gly Gly Asp Thr Arg Trp Gln Gly Val Thr  
                          115                      120                      125  
 Tyr Arg Leu Lys Gln Val Ala Arg Glu Leu Asp Phe Pro Val Ile Ile

130                      135                      140  
 Lys Glu Val Gly His Gly Leu Asp Ala Ala Thr Leu Arg Ala Leu Ala  
 145                      150                      155                      160  
 Asp Gly Pro Phe Ala Ala Tyr Asp Val Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Thr Ser  
                     165                      170                      175  
 Trp Ala Arg Val Glu Gln Leu Val Ala His Gly Gln Val His Ser Pro  
                     180                      185                      190  
 Asp Leu Cys Glu Leu Gly Val Pro Thr Ala Gln Ala Leu Arg Gln Ala  
                     195                      200                      205  
 Arg Lys Thr Leu Pro Gly Ala Gln Leu Ile Ala Ser Gly Gly Ile Arg  
                     210                      215                      220  
 Ser Gly Leu Asp Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ala Glu Val Val  
 225                      230                      235                      240  
 Ala Val Ala Arg Pro Leu Leu Glu Pro Ala Leu Asp Ser Ser Glu Ala  
                     245                      250                      255  
 Ala Glu Ala Trp Leu Arg Asn Phe Ile Gln Glu Leu Arg Val Ala Leu  
                     260                      265                      270  
 Phe Val Gly Gly Tyr Arg Asp Val Arg Glu Val Arg Gly Gly  
                     275                      280                      285

&lt;210&gt; 65

&lt;211&gt; 361

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> *Aeropyrum pernix*

&lt;400&gt; 65

Met Ile Val Ser Ser Lys Val Glu Ser Arg Glu Ser Thr Leu Leu Glu  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Tyr Val Arg Ile Val His Asn Pro Thr Pro Glu Val Asn Leu Gly Asp  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Val Ser Leu Glu Ile Asp Phe Cys Gly Gly Arg Leu Arg Ala Pro Leu  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Val Ile Thr Gly Met Thr Gly Gly His Pro Asp Val Glu Trp Ile Asn  
                     50                      55                      60  
 Arg Glu Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Glu Glu Leu Gly Ile Ala Ile Gly Val  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Gly Ser Gln Arg Ala Ala Ile Glu Asp Pro Ser Leu Ala Arg Thr Phe

				85				90				95			
Arg	Ala	Ala	Arg	Glu	Ala	Ala	Pro	Asn	Ala	Phe	Leu	Ile	Ala	Asn	Leu
			100					105						110	
Gly	Ala	Pro	Gln	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Val	Arg	Glu	Val	Arg	Met
			115				120				125				
Ala	Val	Glu	Met	Ile	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ile	Ala	Ile	His	Leu	Asn	Pro
			130				135				140				
Gly	Gln	Glu	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Pro	Glu	Gly	Asp	Pro	Phe	Tyr	Arg	Gly	Val
				150				155							160
Val	Gly	Lys	Ile	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Val	Pro	Val	Ile
			165					170						175	
Val	Lys	Glu	Thr	Gly	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ser	Arg	Glu	Ala	Val	Ala	Gln	Leu
			180					185						190	
Arg	Ala	Leu	Gly	Val	Arg	Cys	Phe	Asp	Val	Ala	Gly	Leu	Gly	Gly	Thr
			195				200				205				
Asn	Trp	Ile	Lys	Ile	Glu	Val	Leu	Arg	Gly	Arg	Lys	Ala	Gly	Ser	Pro
			210				215				220				
Leu	Glu	Ala	Gly	Pro	Leu	Gln	Asp	Phe	Trp	Gly	Asn	Pro	Thr	Ala	
				230				235							240
Ala	Leu	Met	Glu	Ala	Arg	Thr	Ala	Ala	Pro	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Ile	Ala
			245					250						255	
Ser	Gly	Gly	Val	Arg	Asn	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ala	Arg	Ala	Ile	Ala	Leu
			260					265						270	
Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ala	Gly	Val	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Ile	Arg	Ser	Leu	Leu
			275				280				285				
Ser	Gly	Gly	Arg	Gln	Ala	Thr	Leu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ile	Glu	Tyr
			290				295				300				
Gln	Leu	Lys	Thr	Ala	Val	Tyr	Met	Val	Gly	Glu	Thr	Arg	Val	Arg	Gly
				310				315							320
Leu	Trp	Arg	Ala	Pro	Ile	Val	Val	Trp	Gly	Arg	Leu	Ala	Glu	Glu	Ala
			325					330						335	
Glu	Ala	Arg	Gly	Ile	Asp	Pro	Arg	Trp	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Thr	Leu	Arg	Leu
			340					345						350	
Glu	Ala	Leu	Val	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Val	Lys							
			355				360								

<210> 66

<211> 379

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Halobacterium sp. NRC-1

&lt;400&gt; 66

Met Gly Glu Ser Arg Tyr Asn Ser Ile Val Phe Pro Ser Leu Val Gln  
 1 5 10 15  
 Thr Arg Leu Met Thr Ala Gln Asp Ser Thr Gln Thr Glu Asp Arg Lys  
 20 25 30  
 Asp Asp His Leu Gln Ile Val Gln Glu Arg Asp Val Glu Thr Thr Gly  
 35 40 45  
 Thr Gly Phe Asp Asp Val His Leu Val His Asn Ala Leu Pro Glu Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Asp Tyr Asp Ala Ile Asp Pro Ser Ile Asp Phe Leu Gly His Asp Leu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ser Ala Pro Ile Phe Ile Glu Ser Met Thr Gly Gly His His Asn Thr  
 85 90 95  
 Thr Glu Ile Asn Arg Ala Leu Ala Arg Ala Ala Ser Glu Thr Gly Ile  
 100 105 110  
 Ala Met Gly Leu Gly Ser Gln Arg Ala Gly Leu Glu Leu Asp Asp Glu  
 115 120 125  
 Arg Val Leu Glu Ser Tyr Thr Val Val Arg Asp Ala Ala Pro Asp Ala  
 130 135 140  
 Phe Ile Tyr Gly Asn Leu Gly Ala Ala Gln Leu Arg Glu Tyr Asp Ile  
 145 150 155 160  
 Glu Met Val Glu Gln Ala Val Glu Met Ile Asp Ala Asp Ala Leu Ala  
 165 170 175  
 Val His Leu Asn Phe Leu Gln Glu Ala Thr Gln Pro Glu Gly Asp Val  
 180 185 190  
 Asp Gly Arg Asn Cys Val Ala Ala Ile Glu Arg Val Ser Glu Ala Leu  
 195 200 205  
 Ser Val Pro Ile Ile Val Lys Glu Thr Gly Asn Gly Ile Ser Gly Glu  
 210 215 220  
 Thr Ala Arg Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala Gly Val Asp Ala Leu Asp Val Ala  
 225 230 235 240  
 Gly Lys Gly Gly Thr Thr Trp Ser Gly Ile Glu Ala Tyr Arg Ala Ala  
 245 250 255  
 Ala Ala Asn Ala Pro Arg Gln Lys Gln Ile Gly Thr Leu Phe Arg Glu

260                      265                      270  
 Trp Gly Ile Pro Thr Ala Ala Ser Thr Ile Glu Cys Val Ala Glu His  
       275                      280                      285  
 Asp Cys Val Ile Ala Ser Gly Gly Val Arg Thr Gly Leu Asp Val Ala  
       290                      295                      300  
 Lys Ala Ile Ala Leu Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Leu Ala Lys Pro Phe  
 305                      310                      315                      320  
 Leu Lys Pro Ala Thr Asp Gly Pro Asp Ala Val Ile Glu Arg Val Gly  
                     325                      330                      335  
 Asp Leu Ile Ala Glu Leu Arg Thr Ala Met Phe Val Thr Gly Ser Gly  
                     340                      345                      350  
 Ser Ile Asp Glu Leu Gln Gln Val Glu Tyr Val Leu His Gly Lys Thr  
                     355                      360                      365  
 Arg Glu Tyr Val Glu Gln Arg Thr Ser Ser Glu  
       370                      375  
 <210> 67  
 <211> 317  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Archaeoglobus fulgidus  
  
 <400> 67  
 Met Met Leu Ile His Lys Ala Leu Pro Glu Val Asp Tyr Trp Lys Ile  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Asp Thr Glu Ile Glu Phe Phe Gly Lys Lys Leu Ser Phe Pro Leu Leu  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Ile Ala Ser Met Thr Gly Gly His Pro Glu Thr Lys Glu Ile Asn Ala  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Arg Leu Gly Glu Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Gly Ile Gly Met Gly Val Gly  
       50                      55                      60  
 Ser Gln Arg Ala Ala Ile Glu Asp Glu Ser Leu Ala Asp Ser Phe Thr  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Val Val Arg Glu Lys Ala Pro Asn Ala Phe Val Tyr Ala Asn Ile Gly  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Met Pro Gln Val Ile Glu Arg Gly Val Glu Ile Val Asp Arg Ala Val  
                     100                      105                      110  
 Glu Met Ile Asp Ala Asp Ala Val Ala Ile His Leu Asn Tyr Leu Gln



115                      120                      125  
 Glu Ala Ile Gln Pro Glu Gly Asp Leu Asn Ala Glu Lys Gly Leu Glu  
     130                      135                      140  
 Val Leu Glu Glu Val Cys Arg Ser Val Lys Val Pro Val Ile Ala Lys  
     145                      150                      155                      160  
 Glu Thr Gly Ala Gly Ile Ser Arg Glu Val Ala Val Met Leu Lys Arg  
                     165                      170                      175  
 Ala Gly Val Ser Ala Ile Asp Val Gly Gly Lys Gly Gly Thr Thr Phe  
                     180                      185                      190  
 Ser Gly Val Glu Val Tyr Arg Val Asn Asp Glu Val Ser Lys Ser Val  
                     195                      200                      205  
 Gly Ile Asp Phe Trp Asp Trp Gly Leu Pro Thr Ala Phe Ser Ile Val  
                     210                      215                      220  
 Asp Cys Arg Gly Ile Leu Pro Val Ile Ala Thr Gly Gly Leu Arg Ser  
     225                      230                      235                      240  
 Gly Leu Asp Val Ala Lys Ser Ile Ala Ile Gly Ala Glu Leu Gly Ser  
                     245                      250                      255  
 Ala Ala Leu Pro Phe Leu Arg Ala Ala Val Glu Ser Ala Glu Lys Val  
                     260                      265                      270  
 Arg Glu Glu Ile Glu Tyr Phe Arg Arg Gly Leu Lys Thr Ala Met Phe  
                     275                      280                      285  
 Leu Thr Gly Cys Lys Asn Val Glu Glu Leu Lys Gly Leu Lys Val Phe  
                     290                      295                      300  
 Val Ser Gly Arg Leu Lys Glu Trp Ile Asp Phe Arg Gly  
     305                      310                      315

&lt;210&gt; 68

&lt;211&gt; 370

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Pyrococcus abyssi

&lt;400&gt; 68

Met Glu Glu Gln Thr Ile Leu Arg Lys Phe Glu His Ile Lys His Cys  
     1                      5                      10                      15  
 Leu Thr Lys Asn Val Glu Ala His Val Thr Asn Gly Phe Glu Asp Val  
                     20                      25                      30  
 His Leu Ile His Lys Ser Leu Pro Glu Ile Asp Lys Asp Glu Ile Asp

35	40	45
Leu Ser Val Lys Phe Leu Gly Arg Lys Phe Asp Tyr Pro Ile Met Ile		
50	55	60
Thr Gly Met Thr Gly Gly Thr Arg Lys Gly Glu Ile Ala Trp Arg Ile		
65	70	75
Asn Arg Thr Leu Ala Gln Ala Ala Gln Glu Leu Asn Ile Pro Leu Gly		
	85	90
Leu Gly Ser Gln Arg Ala Met Ile Glu Lys Pro Glu Thr Trp Glu Ser		
	100	105
Tyr Tyr Val Arg Asp Val Ala Pro Asp Val Phe Leu Val Gly Asn Leu		
	115	120
Gly Ala Pro Gln Phe Gly Arg Asn Ala Lys Lys Arg Tyr Ser Val Asp		
	130	135
Glu Val Leu Tyr Ala Ile Glu Lys Ile Glu Ala Asp Ala Ile Ala Ile		
145	150	155
His Met Asn Pro Leu Gln Glu Ser Ile Gln Pro Glu Gly Asp Thr Thr		
	165	170
Phe Ser Gly Val Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Glu Ile Thr Ser Thr Ile Asp		
	180	185
Tyr Pro Val Ile Ala Lys Glu Thr Gly Ala Gly Val Ser Lys Glu Val		
	195	200
Ala Val Glu Leu Glu Ala Val Gly Val Asp Ala Ile Asp Ile Ser Gly		
	210	215
Leu Gly Gly Thr Ser Trp Ser Ala Val Glu Tyr Tyr Arg Thr Lys Asp		
225	230	235
Gly Glu Lys Arg Asn Leu Ala Leu Lys Phe Trp Asp Trp Gly Ile Lys		
	245	250
Thr Ala Ile Ser Leu Ala Glu Val Arg Trp Ala Thr Asn Leu Pro Ile		
	260	265
Ile Ala Ser Gly Gly Met Arg Asp Gly Ile Thr Met Ala Lys Ala Leu		
	275	280
Ala Met Gly Ala Ser Met Val Gly Ile Ala Leu Pro Val Leu Arg Pro		
	290	300
Ala Ala Lys Gly Asp Val Glu Gly Val Ile Arg Ile Ile Lys Gly Tyr		
305	310	315
Ala Glu Glu Ile Arg Asn Val Met Phe Leu Val Gly Ala Arg Asn Ile		
	325	330
Lys Glu Leu Arg Lys Val Pro Leu Val Ile Thr Gly Phe Val Arg Glu		

340 345 350  
 Trp Leu Leu Gln Arg Ile Asp Leu Asn Ser Tyr Leu Arg Ala Arg Phe  
 355 360 365  
 Lys Met  
 370  
 <210> 69  
 <211> 371  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> *Pyrococcus horikoshii*  
 <400> 69  
 Met Lys Glu Glu Leu Thr Ile Leu Arg Lys Phe Glu His Ile Glu His  
 1 5 10 15  
 Cys Leu Lys Arg Asn Val Glu Ala His Val Ser Asn Gly Phe Glu Asp  
 20 25 30  
 Val Tyr Phe Val His Lys Ser Leu Pro Glu Ile Asp Lys Asp Glu Ile  
 35 40 45  
 Asp Leu Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Gly Arg Lys Phe Asp Tyr Pro Ile Met  
 50 55 60  
 Ile Thr Gly Met Thr Gly Gly Thr Arg Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Gly Lys  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ile Asn Arg Thr Leu Ala Met Ala Ala Glu Glu Leu Asn Ile Pro Phe  
 85 90 95  
 Gly Val Gly Ser Gln Arg Ala Met Ile Glu Lys Pro Glu Thr Trp Glu  
 100 105 110  
 Ser Tyr Tyr Val Arg Asp Val Ala Pro Asp Ile Phe Leu Ile Gly Asn  
 115 120 125  
 Leu Gly Ala Pro Gln Phe Gly Lys Asn Ala Lys Lys Arg Tyr Ser Val  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Glu Val Leu Tyr Ala Ile Glu Lys Ile Glu Ala Asp Ala Ile Ala  
 145 150 155 160  
 Ile His Met Asn Pro Leu Gln Glu Ser Val Gln Pro Glu Gly Asp Thr  
 165 170 175  
 Thr Tyr Ala Gly Val Leu Glu Ala Leu Ala Glu Ile Lys Ser Ser Ile  
 180 185 190  
 Asn Tyr Pro Val Ile Ala Lys Glu Thr Gly Ala Gly Val Ser Lys Glu

195	200	205
Val 210	Ala 215	Ile 220
Ile	Glu	Leu
Glu	Ser	Val
Val	Gly	Ile
Asp	Ala	Ile
Asp	Ile	Ser
Gly 225	Leu 230	Gly 235
Gly	Thr	Ser
Thr	Trp	Ala
Ser	Val	Glu
Tyr	Tyr	Arg
Ala	Lys	Lys
Asp	Ser	Glu
Lys	Arg	Lys
Ile	Ala	Leu
Ala	Lys	Phe
Trp	Asp	Trp
Gly	Ile	Lys
Lys	Thr	Ala
Ala	Ile	Ser
Ser	Leu	Ala
Glu	Val	Arg
Val	Arg	Trp
Ala	Thr	Asn
Leu	Pro	Lys
Ala	Lys	Ala
Ile	Ile	Ala
Ala	Ser	Gly
Gly	Gly	Met
Met	Arg	Asp
Asp	Gly	Val
Met	Met	Ala
Lys	Ala	Lys
Ala	Lys	Ala
Leu	Ala	Met
Gly	Ala	Ser
Ser	Leu	Val
Val	Gly	Ile
Ala	Leu	Pro
Val	Leu	Arg
Pro	Ala	Ala
Arg	Gly	Asp
Val	Glu	Gly
Val	Val	Arg
Ile	Ile	Arg
Gly	Ala	Arg
Asn	Arg	Asn
Tyr	Ala	Glu
Glu	Ile	Lys
Lys	Asn	Val
Met	Phe	Leu
Val	Gly	Ala
Arg	Ala	Arg
Asn	Arg	Asn
Ile	Arg	Glu
Leu	Arg	Arg
Val	Pro	Leu
Val	Ile	Thr
Gly	Phe	Val
Arg	Val	Arg
Glu	Trp	Leu
Leu	Gln	Arg
Ile	Asp	Leu
Asn	Ser	Tyr
Leu	Arg	Ser
Arg	Ser	Arg
Phe	Lys	His
370		

&lt;210&gt; 70

&lt;211&gt; 349

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum

&lt;400&gt; 70

Met 1	Ile	Ser	Asp	Arg	Lys	Leu	Glu	His	Leu	Ile	Leu	Cys	Ala	Ser	Cys
Asp	Val	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Lys	Thr	Gly	Phe	Glu	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ile	Val
His	Arg	Ala	Ile	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Glu	Lys	Ile	Asp	Ile	Ser	Leu
Asp	Phe	Leu	Gly	Arg	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ser	Pro	Val	Met	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ile

50	55	60
Thr Gly Gly His Pro Ala Ser Met Lys Ile Asn Arg Glu Leu Ala Arg		
65	70	75 80
Ala Ala Glu Lys Leu Gly Ile Ala Leu Gly Leu Gly Ser Gln Arg Ala		
	85	90 95
Gly Val Glu His Pro Glu Leu Glu Gly Thr Tyr Thr Ile Ala Arg Glu		
	100	105 110
Glu Ala Pro Ser Ala Met Leu Ile Gly Asn Ile Gly Ser Ser His Ile		
	115	120 125
Glu Tyr Ala Glu Arg Ala Val Glu Met Ile Asp Ala Asp Ala Leu Ala		
	130	135 140
Val His Leu Asn Pro Leu Gln Glu Ser Ile Gln Pro Gly Gly Asp Val		
145	150	155 160
Asp Ser Ser Gly Ala Leu Glu Ser Ile Ser Ala Ile Val Glu Ser Val		
	165	170 175
Asp Val Pro Val Met Val Lys Glu Thr Gly Ala Gly Ile Cys Ser Glu		
	180	185 190
Asp Ala Ile Glu Leu Glu Ser Cys Gly Val Ser Ala Ile Asp Val Ala		
	195	200 205
Gly Ala Gly Gly Thr Ser Trp Ala Ala Val Glu Thr Tyr Arg Ala Asp		
	210	215 220
Asp Arg Tyr Leu Gly Glu Leu Phe Trp Asp Trp Gly Ile Pro Thr Ala		
225	230	235 240
Ala Ser Thr Val Glu Val Val Glu Ser Val Ser Ile Pro Val Ile Ala		
	245	250 255
Ser Gly Gly Ile Arg Ser Gly Ile Asp Ala Ala Lys Ala Ile Ser Leu		
	260	265 270
Gly Ala Glu Met Val Gly Ile Ala Leu Pro Val Leu Glu Ala Ala Gly		
	275	280 285
His Gly Tyr Arg Glu Val Ile Lys Val Ile Glu Gly Phe Asn Glu Ala		
	290	295 300
Leu Arg Thr Ala Met Tyr Leu Ala Gly Ala Glu Thr Leu Asp Asp Leu		
305	310	315 320
Lys Lys Ser Pro Val Ile Ile Thr Gly His Thr Gly Glu Trp Leu Asn		
	325	330 335
Gln Arg Gly Phe Glu Thr Lys Lys Tyr Ala Arg Arg Ser		
	340	345

&lt;210&gt; 71

&lt;211&gt; 359

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Methanococcus jannaschii

&lt;400&gt; 71

```

Met Val Asn Asn Arg Asn Glu Ile Glu Val Arg Lys Leu Glu His Ile
1          5          10          15

Phe Leu Cys Ser Tyr Cys Asn Val Glu Tyr Glu Lys Thr Thr Leu Leu
          20          25          30

Glu Asp Ile Glu Leu Ile His Lys Gly Thr Cys Gly Ile Asn Phe Asn
          35          40          45

Asp Ile Glu Thr Glu Ile Glu Leu Phe Gly Lys Lys Leu Ser Ala Pro
          50          55          60

Ile Ile Val Ser Gly Met Thr Gly Gly His Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Ile
65          70          75          80

Asn Lys Asn Ile Ala Lys Ala Val Glu Glu Leu Gly Leu Gly Met Gly
          85          90          95

Val Gly Ser Gln Arg Ala Ala Ile Val Asn Asp Glu Leu Ile Asp Thr
          100          105          110

Tyr Ser Ile Val Arg Asp Tyr Thr Asn Asn Leu Val Ile Gly Asn Leu
          115          120          125

Gly Ala Val Asn Phe Ile Val Asp Asp Trp Asp Glu Glu Ile Ile Asp
          130          135          140

Lys Ala Ile Glu Met Ile Asp Ala Asp Ala Ile Ala Ile His Phe Asn
145          150          155          160

Pro Leu Gln Glu Ile Ile Gln Pro Glu Gly Asp Leu Asn Phe Lys Asn
          165          170          175

Leu Tyr Lys Leu Lys Glu Ile Ile Ser Asn Tyr Lys Lys Ser Tyr Lys
          180          185          190

Asn Ile Pro Phe Ile Ala Lys Gln Val Gly Glu Gly Phe Ser Lys Glu
          195          200          205

Asp Ala Leu Ile Leu Lys Asp Ile Gly Phe Asp Ala Ile Asp Val Gln
          210          215          220

Gly Ser Gly Gly Thr Ser Trp Ala Lys Val Glu Ile Tyr Arg Val Lys
225          230          235          240

Glu Glu Glu Ile Lys Arg Leu Ala Glu Lys Phe Ala Asn Trp Gly Ile

```

245 250 255  
 Pro Thr Ala Ala Ser Ile Phe Glu Val Lys Ser Val Tyr Asp Gly Ile  
 260 265 270  
 Val Ile Gly Ser Gly Gly Ile Arg Gly Gly Leu Asp Ile Ala Lys Cys  
 275 280 285  
 Ile Ala Ile Gly Cys Asp Cys Cys Ser Val Ala Leu Pro Ile Leu Lys  
 290 295 300  
 Ala Ser Leu Lys Gly Trp Glu Glu Val Val Lys Val Leu Glu Ser Tyr  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ile Lys Glu Leu Lys Ile Ala Met Phe Leu Val Gly Ala Glu Asn Ile  
 325 330 335  
 Glu Glu Leu Lys Lys Thr Ser Tyr Ile Val Lys Gly Thr Leu Lys Glu  
 340 345 350  
 Trp Ile Ser Gln Arg Leu Lys  
 355  
 <210> 72  
 <211> 348  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Thermoplasma acidophilum  
  
 <400> 72  
 Met Ile Gly Lys Arg Lys Glu Glu His Ile Arg Ile Ala Glu Asn Glu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asp Val Ser Ser Phe His Asn Phe Trp Asp Asp Ile Ser Leu Met His  
 20 25 30  
 Glu Ala Asp Pro Glu Val Asn Tyr Asp Glu Ile Asp Thr Ser Val Asp  
 35 40 45  
 Phe Leu Gly Lys Lys Leu Lys Phe Pro Met Ile Ile Ser Ser Met Thr  
 50 55 60  
 Gly Gly Ala Glu Ile Ala Lys Asn Ile Asn Arg Asn Leu Ala Val Ala  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ala Glu Arg Phe Gly Ile Gly Met Gly Val Gly Ser Met Arg Ala Ala  
 85 90 95  
 Ile Val Asp Arg Ser Ile Glu Asp Thr Tyr Ser Val Ile Asn Glu Ser  
 100 105 110  
 His Val Pro Leu Lys Ile Ala Asn Ile Gly Ala Pro Gln Leu Val Arg

115					120					125					
Gln	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ala	Val	Ser	Asn	Arg	Asp	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Tyr	Asp
130					135					140					
Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Asp	Phe	Leu	Ala	Val	His	Phe	Asn	Phe	Leu	Gln	Glu
145					150					155					
Met	Val	Gln	Pro	Glu	Gly	Asp	Arg	Asn	Ser	Lys	Gly	Val	Ile	Asp	Arg
165					170					175					
Ile	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Phe	Asn	Ile	Ile	Ala	Lys	Glu	Thr	Gly
180					185					190					
Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser	Arg	Arg	Thr	Ala	Glu	Arg	Leu	Ile	Asp	Ala	Gly	Val
195					200					205					
Lys	Ala	Ile	Glu	Val	Ser	Gly	Val	Ser	Gly	Thr	Thr	Phe	Ala	Ala	Val
210					215					220					
Glu	Tyr	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Arg	Lys	Glu	Asn	Asn	Leu	Glu	Lys	Met	Arg	Ile
225					230					235					
Gly	Glu	Thr	Phe	Trp	Asn	Trp	Gly	Ile	Pro	Ser	Pro	Ala	Ser	Val	Tyr
245					250					255					
Tyr	Cys	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ala	Pro	Val	Ile	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Leu	Arg	Asn
260					265					270					
Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Ala	Met	Gly	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Gly
275					280					285					
Phe	Ala	Arg	Ser	Leu	Leu	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asp	Thr	Asp	Pro	Glu	Met	Leu
290					295					300					
Met	Lys	Asn	Ile	Glu	Leu	Ile	Gln	Arg	Glu	Phe	Arg	Val	Ala	Leu	Phe
305					310					315					
Leu	Thr	Gly	Asn	Lys	Asn	Val	Tyr	Glu	Leu	Lys	Phe	Thr	Lys	Lys	Val
325					330					335					
Ile	Val	Asp	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Trp	Leu	Glu	Ala	Lys				
340					345										

&lt;210&gt; 73

&lt;211&gt; 357

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Leishmania major

&lt;400&gt; 73

Met Ser Ser Arg Asp Cys Thr Val Asp Arg Glu Ala Ala Val Gln Lys



1	5	10	15
Arg Lys Lys Asp His Ile Asp Ile Cys Leu His Gln Asp Val Glu Pro	20	25	30
His Lys Arg Arg Thr Ser Ile Trp Asn Lys Tyr Thr Leu Pro Tyr Lys	35	40	45
Ala Leu Pro Glu Val Asp Leu Gln Lys Ile Asp Thr Ser Cys Glu Phe	50	55	60
Met Gly Lys Arg Ile Ser Phe Pro Phe Phe Ile Ser Ser Met Thr Gly	65	70	75
Gly Glu Ala His Gly Arg Val Ile Asn Glu Asn Leu Ala Lys Ala Cys	85	90	95
Glu Ala Glu Lys Ile Pro Phe Gly Leu Gly Ser Met Arg Ile Ile Asn	100	105	110
Arg Tyr Ala Ser Ala Val His Thr Phe Asn Val Lys Glu Phe Cys Pro	115	120	125
Ser Val Pro Met Leu Ala Asn Ile Gly Leu Val Gln Leu Asn Tyr Gly	130	135	140
Phe Gly Pro Lys Glu Val Asn Asn Leu Val Asn Ser Val Arg Ala Asp	145	150	155
Gly Leu Cys Ile His Leu Asn His Thr Gln Glu Val Cys Gln Pro Glu	165	170	175
Gly Asp Thr Asn Phe Glu Gly Leu Ile Glu Lys Leu Arg Gln Leu Leu	180	185	190
Pro His Ile Lys Val Pro Val Leu Val Lys Gly Val Gly His Gly Ile	195	200	205
Asp Tyr Glu Ser Met Val Ala Ile Lys Ala Ser Gly Val Lys Tyr Val	210	215	220
Asp Val Ser Gly Cys Gly Gly Thr Ser Trp Ala Trp Ile Glu Gly Arg	225	230	235
Arg Gln Pro Tyr Lys Ala Glu Glu Glu Asn Ile Gly Tyr Leu Leu Arg	245	250	255
Asp Ile Gly Val Pro Thr Asp Val Cys Leu Arg Glu Ser Ala Pro Leu	260	265	270
Thr Val Asn Gly Asp Leu His Leu Ile Ala Gly Gly Gly Ile Arg Asn	275	280	285
Gly Met Asp Val Ala Lys Ala Leu Met Met Gly Ala Glu Tyr Ala Thr	290	295	300
Ala Ala Met Pro Phe Leu Ala Ala Ala Leu Glu Ser Ser Glu Ala Val			

305                      310                      315                      320  
 Arg Ala Val Ile Gln Arg Met Arg Gln Glu Leu Arg Val Ser Met Phe  
                                  325                      330                      335  
 Thr Cys Gly Ala Arg Asn Ile Glu Glu Leu Arg Arg Met Lys Val Ile  
                                  340                      345                      350  
 Glu Leu Gly His Leu  
                                  355  
 <210> 74  
 <211> 398  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Streptococcus pneumoniae  
  
 <400> 74  
 Met Asn Asp Lys Thr Glu Val Asn Met Thr Ile Gly Ile Asp Lys Ile  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Gly Phe Ala Thr Ser Gln Tyr Val Leu Lys Leu Gln Asp Leu Ala Glu  
                                  20                      25                      30  
 Ala Arg Gly Ile Asp Pro Glu Lys Leu Ser Lys Gly Leu Leu Leu Lys  
                                  35                      40                      45  
 Glu Leu Ser Ile Ala Pro Leu Thr Glu Asp Ile Val Thr Leu Ala Ala  
 50                      55                      60  
 Ser Ala Ser Asp Ser Ile Leu Thr Glu Gln Glu Arg Gln Glu Val Asp  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Met Val Ile Val Ala Thr Glu Ser Gly Ile Asp Gln Ser Lys Ala Ala  
                                  85                      90                      95  
 Ala Val Phe Val His Gly Leu Leu Gly Ile Gln Pro Phe Ala Arg Ser  
                                  100                      105                      110  
 Phe Glu Ile Lys Glu Ala Cys Tyr Gly Ala Thr Ala Ala Leu His Tyr  
                                  115                      120                      125  
 Ala Lys Leu His Val Glu Asn Ser Pro Glu Ser Lys Val Leu Val Ile  
                                  130                      135                      140  
 Ala Ser Asp Ile Ala Lys Tyr Gly Ile Glu Thr Pro Gly Glu Pro Thr  
 145                      150                      155                      160  
 Gln Gly Ala Gly Ser Val Ala Met Leu Ile Thr Gln Asn Pro Arg Met  
                                  165                      170                      175  
 Met Ala Phe Asn Asn Asp Asn Val Ala Gln Thr Arg Asp Ile Met Asp

180					185					190					
Phe	Trp	Arg	Pro	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Thr	Thr	Pro	Tyr	Val	Asn	Gly	Val	Tyr
		195					200					205			
Ser	Thr	Gln	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Ser	Leu	Lys	Thr	Thr	Trp	Leu	Glu	Tyr
		210				215					220				
Gln	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Thr	Leu	Asp	Asp	Phe	Ala	Ala	Val	Cys	Phe
225					230					235					240
His	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Pro	Lys	Leu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Lys	Lys	Ile	Met
				245					250					255	
Asp	Lys	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gln	Glu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu	Leu	Gln	Lys	His	Phe
			260					265					270		
Asp	Gln	Ser	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Lys	Val	Gly	Asn	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Gly
		275					280					285			
Ser	Leu	Phe	Leu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Thr	Asp	Ser	Leu
		290				295					300				
Lys	Ala	Gly	Asp	Lys	Ile	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ala	Val
305					310					315					320
Ala	Glu	Phe	Phe	Ser	Gly	Glu	Leu	Val	Glu	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Tyr	Leu
				325					330					335	
Asp	Lys	Asp	Arg	Leu	Asn	Lys	Leu	Asn	Gln	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ser	Val
			340					345					350		
Ala	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Val	Phe	Phe	Glu	Glu	Val	Asn	Leu	Asp	Glu	Thr
		355					360					365			
Asn	Ser	Ala	Gln	Phe	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Asn	Gln	Asp	Phe	Ala	Leu	Val
		370				375					380				
Glu	Ile	Leu	Asp	His	Gln	Arg	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Val	Glu	Lys		
385					390					395					

<210> 75

<211> 391

<212> PRT

<213> Streptococcus pyrogenes

<400> 75

Met Thr Ile Gly Ile Asp Lys Ile Gly Phe Ala Thr Ser Gln Tyr Val  
1 5 10 15

Leu Lys Leu Glu Asp Leu Ala Leu Ala Arg Gln Val Asp Pro Ala Lys

20					25					30					
Phe	Ser	Gln	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ile	Glu	Ser	Phe	Ser	Val	Ala	Pro	Ile	Thr
		35					40					45			
Glu	Asp	Ile	Ile	Thr	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ala	Asp	Gln	Ile	Leu	Thr
	50					55					60				
Asp	Glu	Asp	Arg	Ala	Lys	Ile	Asp	Met	Val	Ile	Leu	Ala	Thr	Glu	Ser
65						70					75				80
Ser	Thr	Asp	Gln	Ser	Lys	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Val	His	His	Leu	Val
				85					90					95	
Gly	Ile	Gln	Pro	Phe	Ala	Arg	Ser	Phe	Glu	Val	Lys	Gln	Ala	Cys	Tyr
			100					105					110		
Ser	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asp	Tyr	Ala	Lys	Leu	His	Val	Ala	Ser	Lys
		115					120					125			
Pro	Asp	Ser	Arg	Val	Leu	Val	Ile	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Gly
	130					135					140				
Val	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ala	Leu
145						150					155				160
Leu	Val	Thr	Ala	Asp	Pro	Arg	Ile	Leu	Ala	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asp	Asn	Val
				165					170					175	
Ala	Gln	Thr	Arg	Asp	Ile	Met	Asp	Phe	Trp	Arg	Pro	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Phe
			180					185					190		
Thr	Pro	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Cys
		195					200					205			
Leu	Glu	Thr	Thr	Trp	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Arg	Glu	Asn	Leu	Gln	Leu
	210					215					220				
Ser	Asp	Phe	Ala	Ala	Val	Cys	Phe	His	Ile	Pro	Phe	Pro	Lys	Leu	Ala
225						230					235				240
Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ile	Met	Asp	Asn	Thr	Val	Pro	Pro	Glu	His
				245					250					255	
Arg	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ile	Glu	Ala	Phe	Gln	Ala	Ser	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Lys
			260					265					270		
Gln	Ile	Gly	Asn	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ser
		275					280					285			
Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Ser	Lys	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gly	Asp	Lys	Ile	Gly	Phe
	290					295					300				
Phe	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ala	Val	Ser	Glu	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Gln	Leu
305						310					315				320
Val	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Met	Leu	Met	Thr	Asn	Arg	Gln	Ala	Leu	Leu

[illegible]

				165					170					175			
Met	Leu	Thr	Gln	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Asp	Phe	Trp	Arg	Pro	Thr	Gly	His	Pro		
			180					185					190				
Tyr	Pro	Met	Val	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Gln	Ser		
		195					200					205					
Phe	Ala	Gln	Val	Trp	Asp	Glu	His	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	Gly	Leu	Asp	Phe		
	210					215					220						
Ala	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Ala	Leu	Ala	Phe	His	Ile	Pro	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Met	Gly		
225					230					235					240		
Lys	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ile	Ser	Asp	Gln	Thr	Glu	Ala	Glu	Gln		
			245						250					255			
Glu	Arg	Ile	Leu	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Arg		
			260					265					270				
Val	Gly	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ile	Ser	Leu		
		275					280					285					
Leu	Glu	Asn	Ala	Thr	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gln	Ile	Gly	Leu	Phe		
	290					295					300						
Ser	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ala	Val	Ala	Glu	Phe	Phe	Thr	Gly	Glu	Leu	Val		
305					310					315					320		
Ala	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Asn	His	Leu	Gln	Lys	Glu	Thr	His	Leu	Ala	Leu	Leu		
				325					330					335			
Asp	Asn	Arg	Thr	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ile	Ala	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Met	Phe	Ala		
			340					345					350				
Glu	Thr	Leu	Asp	Thr	Asp	Ile	Asp	Gln	Thr	Leu	Glu	Asp	Glu	Leu	Lys		
		355					360					365					
Tyr	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ile	Asn	Asn	Thr	Val	Arg	Ser	Tyr	Arg	Asn			
	370					375						380					

<210> 77

<211> 384

<212> PRT

<213> Enterococcus faecium

<400> 77

Met Lys Ile Gly Ile Asp Arg Leu Ser Phe Phe Ile Pro Asn Leu Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Leu Asp Met Thr Glu Leu Ala Glu Ser Arg Gly Asp Asp Pro Ala Lys

20					25					30					
Tyr	His	Ile	Gly	Ile	Gly	Gln	Asp	Gln	Met	Ala	Val	Asn	Arg	Ala	Asn
		35					40					45			
Glu	Asp	Ile	Ile	Thr	Leu	Gly	Ala	Asn	Ala	Ala	Ser	Lys	Ile	Val	Thr
	50					55					60				
Glu	Lys	Asp	Arg	Glu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Met	Val	Ile	Val	Gly	Thr	Glu	Ser
65					70				75					80	
Gly	Ile	Asp	His	Ser	Lys	Ala	Ser	Ala	Val	Ile	Ile	His	His	Leu	Leu
				85					90					95	
Lys	Ile	Gln	Ser	Phe	Ala	Arg	Ser	Phe	Glu	Val	Lys	Glu	Ala	Cys	Tyr
			100					105					110		
Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu	His	Met	Ala	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Val	Lys	Asn	His
		115					120					125			
Pro	Glu	Arg	Lys	Val	Leu	Val	Ile	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Gly
	130					135					140				
Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly	Gly	Glu	Val	Thr	Gln	Gly	Val	Gly	Ala	Val	Ala	Met
145					150					155					160
Met	Ile	Thr	Gln	Asn	Pro	Arg	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ile	Glu	Asp	Asp	Ser	Val
				165					170					175	
Phe	Leu	Thr	Glu	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Asp	Phe	Trp	Arg	Pro	Asp	Tyr	Ser	Glu
		180						185					190		
Phe	Pro	Val	Val	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Ser
		195					200					205			
Phe	Gln	Lys	Val	Trp	Asn	Arg	His	Lys	Glu	Leu	Ser	Gly	Arg	Gly	Leu
	210					215					220				
Glu	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ala	Phe	His	Ile	Pro	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Met	Gly
225					230					235					240
Lys	Lys	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Val	Leu	Asp	Gln	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asp	Asn	Gln
			245						250					255	
Glu	Arg	Leu	Met	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Arg
		260						265					270		
Ile	Gly	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Leu	Thr	Ser	Leu
		275					280					285			
Leu	Glu	Asn	Ser	Lys	Ser	Leu	Gln	Pro	Gly	Asp	Arg	Ile	Gly	Leu	Phe
	290					295					300				
Ser	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ala	Val	Ser	Glu	Phe	Phe	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Glu
305					310					315					320
Glu	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Ala	Gln	Ser	His	Gln	Glu	Met	Leu

325								330				335			
Asp	Ser	Arg	Thr	Arg	Ile	Thr	Val	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Thr	Ile	Phe	Ser
340				345				350							
Glu	Thr	Leu	Pro	Glu	His	Gly	Glu	Cys	Ala	Glu	Tyr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Val
355				360				365							
Pro	Phe	Ser	Ile	Thr	Lys	Ile	Glu	Asn	Asp	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Ile
370				375				380							

<210> 78

<211> 388

<212> .PRT

<213> Staphylococcus haemolyticus

<400> 78

Met Ser Ile Gly Ile Asp Lys Ile Asn Phe Tyr Val Pro Lys Tyr Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Val Asp Met Ala Lys Leu Ala Glu Ala Arg Gln Val Asp Pro Asn Lys  
20 25 30

Phe Leu Ile Gly Ile Gly Gln Thr Gln Met Ala Val Ser Pro Val Ser  
35 40 45

Gln Asp Ile Val Ser Met Gly Ala Asn Ala Ala Lys Asp Ile Ile Thr  
50 55 60

Asp Asp Asp Lys Lys His Ile Gly Met Val Ile Val Ala Thr Glu Ser  
65 70 75 80

Ala Ile Asp Asn Ala Lys Ala Ala Ala Val Gln Ile His Asn Leu Leu  
85 90 95

Gly Val Gln Pro Phe Ala Arg Cys Phe Glu Met Lys Glu Ala Cys Tyr  
100 105 110

Ala Ala Thr Pro Ala Ile Gln Leu Ala Lys Asp Tyr Ile Glu Lys Arg  
115 120 125

Pro Asn Glu Lys Val Leu Val Ile Ala Ser Asp Thr Ala Arg Tyr Gly  
130 135 140

[illegible]

Leu Ile Ser Asn Asn Pro Ser Ile Leu Glu Leu Asn Asp Asp Ala Val  
165 170 175

Ala Tyr Thr Glu Asp Val Tyr Asp Phe Trp Arg Pro Thr Gly His Lys



180					185					190					
Tyr	Pro	Leu	Val	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Ser
		195					200					205			
Phe	Gln	Glu	Ser	Trp	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Arg	Glu	Asp	Lys	Thr	Leu
	210					215					220				
Ser	Asp	Phe	Glu	Ser	Leu	Cys	Phe	His	Val	Pro	Phe	Thr	Lys	Met	Gly
225					230					235					240
Lys	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asp	Ser	Ile	Ile	Asn	Asp	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Thr	Gln
				245					250					255	
Glu	Arg	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Asp	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Tyr
			260					265					270		
Val	Gly	Asn	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ser	Leu
		275					280					285			
Leu	Glu	Asn	Arg	Ser	Leu	Lys	Gly	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ile	Gly	Leu	Phe	Ser
	290					295					300				
Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Gly	Glu	Phe	Phe	Ser	Ala	Thr	Leu	Val	Glu
305					310					315					320
Gly	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Gln	Leu	Asp	Ile	Glu	Gly	His	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Asn
				325					330					335	
Glu	Arg	Gln	Glu	Val	Ser	Val	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Phe	Phe	Lys	Arg
			340					345					350		
Phe	Asp	Asp	Leu	Glu	Phe	Asp	His	Ala	Thr	Glu	Gln	Thr	Asp	Asp	Asp
		355					360					365			
Lys	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn	Ile	Gln	Asp	Asp	Ile	Arg	Gln	Tyr
	370					375					380				
His	Ile	Pro	Lys												
385															

<210> 79

<211> 388

<212> PRT

<213> Staphylococcus epidermis

<400> 79

Met Asn Ile Gly Ile Asp Lys Ile Ser Phe Tyr Val Pro Lys Tyr Tyr  
1 5 10 15

Val Asp Met Ala Lys Leu Ala Glu Ala Arg Gln Val Asp Pro Asn Lys

20					25					30					
Phe	Leu	Ile	Gly	Ile	Gly	Gln	Thr	Glu	Met	Thr	Val	Ser	Pro	Val	Asn
	35						40					45			
Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Ser	Met	Gly	Ala	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Asp	Ile	Ile	Thr
	50					55					60				
Glu	Glu	Asp	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ile	Gly	Met	Val	Ile	Val	Ala	Thr	Glu	Ser
65					70					75				80	
Ala	Ile	Asp	Asn	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ala	Ala	Val	Gln	Ile	His	His	Leu	Leu
			85						90					95	
Gly	Ile	Gln	Pro	Phe	Ala	Arg	Cys	Phe	Glu	Met	Lys	Glu	Ala	Cys	Tyr
			100					105					110		
Ala	Ala	Thr	Pro	Ala	Ile	Gln	Leu	Ala	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Gln	Arg
		115					120					125			
Pro	Asn	Glu	Lys	Val	Leu	Val	Ile	Ala	Ser	Asp	Thr	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Gly
	130					135					140				
Ile	His	Ser	Gly	Gly	Glu	Pro	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala	Val	Ala	Met
145					150					155					160
Met	Ile	Ser	His	Asp	Pro	Ser	Ile	Leu	Lys	Leu	Asn	Asp	Asp	Ala	Val
				165					170					175	
Ala	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Val	Tyr	Asp	Phe	Trp	Arg	Pro	Thr	Gly	His	Gln
			180					185					190		
Tyr	Pro	Leu	Val	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Ser
		195					200					205			
Phe	Gln	Glu	Ser	Trp	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Arg	His	Asn	Lys	Thr	Leu
	210					215					220				
Ala	Asp	Phe	Ala	Ser	Leu	Cys	Phe	His	Val	Pro	Phe	Thr	Lys	Met	Gly
225					230					235				240	
Gln	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asp	Ser	Ile	Ile	Asn	His	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Thr	Gln
				245					250					255	
Asp	Arg	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Ala	Val	Asp	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Tyr
		260						265					270		
Val	Gly	Asn	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ser	Leu
		275					280					285			
Leu	Glu	Thr	Arg	Asp	Leu	Lys	Gly	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ile	Gly	Leu	Phe	Ser
	290					295					300				
Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Gly	Glu	Phe	Phe	Ser	Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Asp
305					310					315					320
Gly	Phe	Lys	Glu	Gln	Leu	Asp	Val	Glu	Arg	His	Lys	Ser	Leu	Leu	Asn

325 330 335  
 Asn Arg Ile Glu Val Ser Val Asp Glu Tyr Glu His Phe Phe Lys Arg  
 340 345 350  
 Phe Asp Gln Leu Glu Leu Asn His Glu Leu Glu Lys Ser Asn Ala Asp  
 355 360 365  
 Arg Asp Ile Phe Tyr Leu Lys Ser Ile Asp Asn Asn Ile Arg Glu Tyr  
 370 375 380  
 His Ile Ala Glu  
 385  
 <210> 80  
 <211> 388  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Staphylococcus aureus  
  
 <400> 80  
 Met Thr Ile Gly Ile Asp Lys Ile Asn Phe Tyr Val Pro Lys Tyr Tyr  
 1 5 10 15  
 Val Asp Met Ala Lys Leu Ala Glu Ala Arg Gln Val Asp Pro Asn Lys  
 20 25 30  
 Phe Leu Ile Gly Ile Gly Gln Thr Glu Met Ala Val Ser Pro Val Asn  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Asp Ile Val Ser Met Gly Ala Asn Ala Ala Lys Asp Ile Ile Thr  
 50 55 60  
 Asp Glu Asp Lys Lys Lys Ile Gly Met Val Ile Val Ala Thr Glu Ser  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ala Val Asp Ala Ala Lys Ala Ala Ala Val Gln Ile His Asn Leu Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Gly Ile Gln Pro Phe Ala Arg Cys Phe Glu Met Lys Glu Ala Cys Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Ala Ala Thr Pro Ala Ile Gln Leu Ala Lys Asp Tyr Leu Ala Thr Arg  
 115 120 125  
 Pro Asn Glu Lys Val Leu Val Ile Ala Thr Asp Thr Ala Arg Tyr Gly  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Asn Ser Gly Gly Glu Pro Thr Gln Gly Ala Gly Ala Val Ala Met  
 145 150 155 160  
 Val Ile Ala His Asn Pro Ser Ile Leu Ala Leu Asn Glu Asp Ala Val

165										170					175				
Ala	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Val	Tyr	Asp	Phe	Trp	Arg	Pro	Thr	Gly	His	Lys				
			180					185					190						
Tyr	Pro	Leu	Val	Asp	Gly	Ala	Leu	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Arg	Ser				
		195					200					205							
Phe	Gln	Gln	Ser	Trp	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Lys	Arg	Gln	Gly	Lys	Ser	Leu				
	210					215					220								
Ala	Asp	Phe	Ala	Ser	Leu	Cys	Phe	His	Val	Pro	Phe	Thr	Lys	Met	Gly				
225					230					235					240				
Lys	Lys	Ala	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Ile	Asp	Asn	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Thr	Gln				
			245					250						255					
Glu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Asp	Ala	Val	Asp	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Tyr				
		260					265						270						
Val	Gly	Asn	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ser	Leu				
	275					280						285							
Leu	Glu	Asn	Arg	Asp	Leu	Gln	Ala	Gly	Glu	Thr	Ile	Gly	Leu	Phe	Ser				
	290					295					300								
Tyr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Val	Glu	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Ala	Thr	Leu	Val	Val				
305					310					315					320				
Gly	Tyr	Lys	Asp	His	Leu	Asp	Gln	Ala	Ala	His	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Asn				
			325					330						335					
Asn	Arg	Thr	Glu	Val	Ser	Val	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Thr	Phe	Phe	Lys	Arg				
		340						345					350						
Phe	Asp	Asp	Val	Glu	Phe	Asp	Glu	Glu	Gln	Asp	Ala	Val	His	Glu	Asp				
	355						360					365							
Arg	His	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Asn	Ile	Glu	Asn	Asn	Val	Arg	Glu	Tyr				
	370					375					380								

His Arg Pro Glu  
385

<210> 81

<211> 389

<212> PRT

<213> Staphylococcus carnosus

<400> 81

Met Thr Ile Gly Ile Asp Gln Leu Asn Phe Tyr Ile Pro Asn Phe Tyr

1	5	10	15
Val Asp Met	Ala Glu Leu	Ala Glu Arg Gly	Val Asp Pro Asn Lys
	20	25	30
Phe Leu Ile	Gly Ile Gly Gln	Ser Gln Met Ala	Val Ser Pro Val Ser
	35	40	45
Gln Asp Ile	Val Ser Met Gly	Ala Asn Ala Ala	Gln Pro Ile Leu Ser
	50	55	60
Glu Gln Asp	Lys Lys Asp Ile	Thr Met Val Ile	Val Ala Thr Glu Ser
	65	70	75
Ala Ile Asp	Ser Ala Lys Ala	Ser Ala Val Gln	Ile His His Leu Leu
	85	90	95
Gly Ile Gln	Pro Phe Ala Arg	Cys Phe Glu Met	Lys Glu Ala Cys Tyr
	100	105	110
Ala Ala Thr	Pro Ala Ile Gln	Leu Ala Lys Asp	Tyr Leu Val Pro Arg
	115	120	125
Pro Lys Glu	Lys Val Leu Val	Ile Ala Ser Asp	Thr Ala Arg Tyr Gly
	130	135	140
Leu Asn Ser	Gly Gly Glu Pro	Thr Gln Gly Ala	Gly Ala Val Ala Met
	145	150	155
Val Ile Ser	His Asn Pro Ser	Ile Leu Glu Leu	His Asp Asp Ser Val
	165	170	175
Ala Tyr Thr	Glu Asp Val Tyr	Asp Phe Trp Arg	Pro Ser Gly Glu Ile
	180	185	190
Tyr Pro Leu	Val Ala Gly Lys	Leu Ser Lys Asp	Ala Tyr Ile Lys Ser
	195	200	205
Phe Gln Glu	Ser Trp Asn Glu	Tyr Ala Lys Arg	His His Lys Ser Leu
	210	215	220
Ser Asp Phe	Ala Ala Leu Cys	Phe His Val Pro	Phe Thr Lys Met Gly
	225	230	235
Gln Lys Ala	Leu Asp Ser Ile	Leu Thr Asp Ser	Ala Ser Glu Asp Thr
	245	250	255
Gln Ala Arg	Leu Asn Glu Gly	Tyr Lys Ser Ala	Thr Asp Tyr Asn Arg
	260	265	270
Tyr Val Gly	Asn Val Tyr Thr	Gly Ser Leu Tyr	Leu Ser Leu Ile Ser
	275	280	285
Leu Leu Glu	Asn His Lys Leu	Asn Gly Gly Asp	Asn Ile Gly Leu Phe
	290	295	300
Ser Tyr Gly	Ser Gly Ser Val	Gly Glu Phe Phe	Ser Ala Thr Leu Val

305                      310                      315                      320  
 Asp Asn Tyr Gln Asp His Leu Asp Val Lys Ala His Lys Ala Met Leu  
                                  325                      330                      335  
 Asp Asn Arg Lys Ala Leu Ser Val Glu Glu Tyr Glu Lys Phe Phe Asn  
                                  340                      345                      350  
 Arg Phe Asp Asn Leu Glu Phe Asp Thr Glu Thr Glu Leu Glu Val Glu  
                                  355                      360                      365  
 Pro Lys Gly Asn Phe Tyr Leu Lys Glu Ile Ser Asp Asn Ile Arg Tyr  
                                  370                      375                      380  
 Tyr Asp Thr Val Lys  
 385  
 <210> 82  
 <211> 389  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Streptomyces sp. CL190  
  
 <400> 82  
 Met Ser Ile Ser Ile Gly Ile His Asp Leu Ser Phe Ala Thr Thr Glu  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Phe Val Leu Pro His Thr Ala Leu Ala Glu Tyr Asn Gly Thr Glu Ile  
                                  20                      25                      30  
 Gly Lys Tyr His Val Gly Ile Gly Gln Gln Ser Met Ser Val Pro Ala  
                                  35                      40                      45  
 Ala Asp Glu Asp Ile Val Thr Met Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala Arg Pro Ile  
                                  50                      55                      60  
 Ile Glu Arg Asn Gly Lys Ser Arg Ile Arg Thr Val Val Phe Ala Thr  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Glu Ser Ser Ile Asp Gln Ala Lys Ala Gly Gly Val Tyr Val His Ser  
                                  85                      90                      95  
 Leu Leu Gly Leu Glu Ser Ala Cys Arg Val Val Glu Leu Lys Gln Ala  
                                  100                      105                      110  
 Cys Tyr Gly Ala Thr Ala Ala Leu Gln Phe Ala Ile Gly Leu Val Arg  
                                  115                      120                      125  
 Arg Asp Pro Ala Gln Gln Val Leu Val Ile Ala Ser Asp Val Ser Lys  
                                  130                      135                      140  
 Tyr Glu Leu Asp Ser Pro Gly Glu Ala Thr Gln Gly Ala Ala Val

145                      150                      155                      160  
 Ala Met Leu Val Gly Ala Asp Pro Ala Leu Leu Arg Ile Glu Glu Pro  
                                  165                                   170                                   175  
 Ser Gly Leu Phe Thr Ala Asp Val Met Asp Phe Trp Arg Pro Asn Tyr  
                                  180                                   185                                   190  
 Leu Thr Thr Ala Leu Val Asp Gly Gln Glu Ser Ile Asn Ala Tyr Leu  
                                  195                                   200                                   205  
 Gln Ala Val Glu Gly Ala Trp Lys Asp Tyr Ala Glu Gln Asp Gly Arg  
                                  210                                   215                                   220  
 Ser Leu Glu Glu Phe Ala Ala Phe Val Tyr His Gln Pro Phe Thr Lys  
 225                                   230                                   235                                   240  
 Met Ala Tyr Lys Ala His Arg His Leu Leu Asn Phe Asn Gly Tyr Asp  
                                  245                                   250                                   255  
 Thr Asp Lys Asp Ala Ile Glu Gly Ala Leu Gly Gln Thr Thr Ala Tyr  
                                  260                                   265                                   270  
 Asn Asn Val Ile Gly Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ala Ser Val Tyr Leu Gly Leu  
                                  275                                   280                                   285  
 Ala Ala Leu Leu Asp Gln Ala Asp Asp Leu Thr Gly Arg Ser Ile Gly  
                                  290                                   295                                   300  
 Phe Leu Ser Tyr Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Ala Glu Phe Phe Ser Gly Thr  
 305                                   310                                   315                                   320  
 Val Val Ala Gly Tyr Arg Glu Arg Leu Arg Thr Glu Ala Asn Gln Glu  
                                  325                                   330                                   335  
 Ala Ile Ala Arg Arg Lys Ser Val Asp Tyr Ala Thr Tyr Arg Glu Leu  
                                  340                                   345                                   350  
 His Glu Tyr Thr Leu Pro Ser Asp Gly Gly Asp His Ala Thr Pro Val  
                                  355                                   360                                   365  
 Gln Thr Thr Gly Pro Phe Arg Leu Ala Gly Ile Asn Asp His Lys Arg  
                                  370                                   375                                   380  
 Ile Tyr Glu Ala Arg  
 385

&lt;210&gt; 83

&lt;211&gt; 389

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptomyces griseolosporeus

&lt;400&gt; 83

```

Met Pro Leu Ala Ile Gly Ile His Asp Leu Ser Phe Ala Thr Gly Glu
1          5          10          15

Phe Val Leu Pro His Thr Ala Leu Ala Ala His Asn Gly Thr Glu Ile
          20          25          30

Gly Lys Tyr His Ala Gly Ile Gly Gln Glu Ser Met Ser Val Pro Ala
          35          40          45

Ala Asp Glu Asp Ile Val Thr Leu Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala Ala Pro Ile
          50          55          60

Val Ala Arg His Gly Ser Asp Arg Ile Arg Thr Val Val Leu Ala Thr
65          70          75          80

Glu Ser Ser Ile Asp Gln Ala Lys Ser Ala Gly Val Tyr Val His Ser
          85          90          95

Leu Leu Gly Leu Pro Ser Ala Thr Arg Val Val Glu Leu Lys Gln Ala
          100          105          110

Cys Tyr Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Gln Phe Ala Ile Gly Leu Val Gln
          115          120          125

Arg Asp Pro Ala Gln Gln Val Leu Val Ile Ala Ser Asp Val Ser Lys
          130          135          140

Tyr Asp Leu Asp Ser Pro Gly Glu Ala Thr Gln Gly Ala Ala Ala Val
145          150          155          160

Ala Met Leu Val Gly Ala Asp Pro Gly Leu Val Arg Ile Glu Asp Pro
          165          170          175

Ser Gly Leu Phe Thr Val Asp Val Met Asp Phe Trp Arg Pro Asn Tyr
          180          185          190

Arg Thr Thr Ala Leu Val Asp Gly Gln Glu Ser Ile Gly Ala Tyr Leu
          195          200          205

Gln Ala Val Glu Gly Ala Trp Lys Asp Tyr Ser Glu Arg Gly Gly His
          210          215          220

Ser Leu Glu Gln Phe Ala Ala Phe Cys Tyr His Gln Pro Phe Thr Lys
225          230          235          240

Met Ala His Lys Ala His Arg His Leu Leu Asn Tyr Cys Ser His Asp
          245          250          255

Ile His His Asp Asp Val Thr Arg Ala Val Gly Arg Thr Thr Ala Tyr
          260          265          270

Asn Arg Val Ile Gly Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ala Ser Val Tyr Leu Gly Leu
          275          280          285

Ala Ala Leu Leu Asp Gln Ala Asp Asp Leu Thr Gly Glu Arg Ile Gly

```



290                      295                      300  
 Phe Leu Ser Tyr Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Ala Glu Phe Phe Gly Gly Ile  
 305                      310                      315                      320  
 Val Val Ala Gly Tyr Arg Asp Arg Leu Arg Thr Ala Ala Asn Ile Glu  
                     325                      330                      335  
 Ala Val Ser Arg Arg Arg Pro Ile Asp Tyr Ala Gly Tyr Arg Glu Leu  
                     340                      345                      350  
 His Glu Trp Ala Phe Pro Ala Arg Arg Gly Ala His Ser Thr Pro Gln  
                     355                      360                      365  
 Gln Thr Thr Gly Pro Phe Arg Leu Ser Gly Ile Ser Gly His Lys Arg  
                     370                      375                      380  
 Leu Tyr Arg Ala Cys  
 385  
 <210> 84  
 <211> 407  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> *Borrelia burgdorferi*  
  
 <400> 84  
 Met Arg Ile Gly Ile Ser Asp Ile Arg Ile Phe Leu Pro Leu Asn Tyr  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Leu Asp Phe Ser Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Pro Leu Tyr Phe Ser Asn Glu  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Val Phe Phe Lys Lys Ile Asn Arg Ala Ile Asp Ala Thr Leu Gln Lys  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Gly Phe Arg Phe Thr Ser Pro Asn Glu Asp Ser Val Thr Met Ala Ser  
                     50                      55                      60  
 Ser Ala Val Lys Leu Ile Phe Asp Asn Asn Asn Leu Asp Leu Ser Lys  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Ile Arg Ile Leu Leu Gly Gly Thr Glu Thr Gly Val Asp His Ser Lys  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Ala Ile Ser Ser Tyr Val Phe Gly Ala Leu Lys Gln Ser Gly Ile Cys  
                     100                      105                      110  
 Leu Gly Asn Asn Phe Leu Thr Phe Gln Val Gln His Ala Cys Ala Gly  
                     115                      120                      125  
 Ala Ala Met Ser Leu His Thr Val Ala Ser Val Leu Ser His Ser Asn

130	135	140
Asn Ser Glu Tyr Gly Ile Val Phe Ser Ser Asp Ile Ala His Tyr Ser		
145	150	155 160
Asn Leu Thr Thr Ala Glu Ile Thr Gln Gly Ala Gly Ala Thr Ala Ile		
	165	170 175
Leu Ile Glu Lys Asn Pro Lys Ile Leu Ser Ile Asn Leu Ser Glu Phe		
	180	185 190
Gly Val Tyr Thr Asp Asp Val Asp Asp Phe Phe Arg Pro Phe Gly Ser		
	195	200 205
Val Glu Ala Lys Val Arg Gly Gln Tyr Ser Val Glu Cys Tyr Asn Asn		
	210	215 220
Ala Asn Glu Asn Ala Leu Arg Asp Phe Ala Phe Lys Lys Gln Leu Ser		
	225	230 235 240
Met Lys Asp Leu Phe Ser Asn Tyr Arg Phe Val Leu His Val Pro Phe		
	245	250 255
Ala Lys Met Pro Ile Asp Ser Met His Tyr Ile Leu Lys Lys Tyr Tyr		
	260	265 270
Ser Asp Asp Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Ala Tyr Leu Glu Ser Ile Asp Phe		
	275	280 285
Tyr Asp Gly Val Glu Ala Ala Met Glu Val Gly Asn Leu Tyr Thr Gly		
	290	295 300
Ser Ile Phe Leu Ser Leu Ala Phe Tyr Leu Lys Arg Val Phe Ser Lys		
	305	310 315 320
Lys Asp Ile Thr Gly Glu Lys Ile Leu Phe Cys Ser Tyr Gly Ser Gly		
	325	330 335
Asn Ile Met Ile Ile Tyr Glu Leu Thr Ile Glu Lys Ser Ala Phe Asp		
	340	345 350
Val Ile Lys Leu Trp Asp Leu Glu Gly Leu Ile Lys Asn Arg Asn Asn		
	355	360 365
Ala Asn Phe Glu Glu Tyr Lys Asp Phe Phe Gln Asn Lys Ile Ile Pro		
	370	375 380
Gly Glu Ser Arg Gly Phe Tyr Leu Lys Glu Leu Arg Asn Asp Gly Tyr		
	385	390 395 400
Arg Val Tyr Gly Tyr Arg Ala		
	405	

&lt;210&gt; 85

&lt;211&gt; 317

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptococcus pneumoniae

&lt;400&gt; 85

```

Met Asp Arg Glu Pro Val Thr Val Arg Ser Tyr Ala Asn Ile Ala Ile
1          5          10          15

Ile Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys Lys Lys Glu Lys Glu Met Val Pro Ala Thr
20          25          30

Ser Ser Ile Ser Leu Thr Leu Glu Asn Met Tyr Thr Glu Thr Thr Leu
35          40          45

Ser Pro Leu Pro Ala Asn Val Thr Ala Asp Glu Phe Tyr Ile Asn Gly
50          55          60

Gln Leu Gln Asn Glu Val Glu His Ala Lys Met Ser Lys Ile Ile Asp
65          70          75          80

Arg Tyr Arg Pro Ala Gly Glu Gly Phe Val Arg Ile Asp Thr Gln Asn
85          90          95

Asn Met Pro Thr Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Leu Ser
100         105         110

Ala Leu Val Lys Ala Cys Asn Ala Tyr Phe Lys Leu Gly Leu Asp Arg
115         120         125

Ser Gln Leu Ala Gln Glu Ala Lys Phe Ala Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser Arg
130         135         140

Ser Phe Tyr Gly Pro Leu Gly Ala Trp Asp Lys Asp Ser Gly Glu Ile
145         150         155         160

Tyr Pro Val Glu Thr Asp Leu Lys Leu Ala Met Ile Met Leu Val Leu
165         170         175

Glu Asp Lys Lys Lys Pro Ile Ser Ser Arg Asp Gly Met Lys Leu Cys
180         185         190

Val Glu Thr Ser Thr Thr Phe Asp Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ser Glu Lys
195         200         205

Asp Tyr Gln Asp Met Leu Ile Tyr Leu Lys Glu Asn Asp Phe Ala Lys
210         215         220

Ile Gly Glu Leu Thr Glu Lys Asn Ala Leu Ala Met His Ala Thr Thr
225         230         235         240

Lys Thr Ala Ser Pro Ala Phe Ser Tyr Leu Thr Asp Ala Ser Tyr Glu
245         250         255

Ala Met Ala Phe Val Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu Lys Gly Glu Ala Cys Tyr

```

260                      265                      270  
 Phe Thr Met Asp Ala Gly Pro Asn Val Lys Val Phe Cys Gln Glu Lys  
           275                      280                      285  
 Asp Leu Glu His Leu Ser Glu Ile Phe Gly Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu Ile  
           290                      295                      300  
 Val Ser Lys Thr Lys Asp Leu Ser Gln Asp Asp Cys Cys  
           305                      310                      315  
 <210> 86  
 <211> 314  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Streptococcus pyrogenes  
  
 <400> 86  
 Met Asp Pro Asn Val Ile Thr Val Thr Ser Tyr Ala Asn Ile Ala Ile  
   1                      5                      10                      15  
 Ile Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys Glu Asn Gln Ala Lys Met Ile Pro Ser Thr  
           20                      25                      30  
 Ser Ser Ile Ser Leu Thr Leu Glu Asn Met Phe Thr Thr Thr Ser Val  
           35                      40                      45  
 Ser Phe Leu Pro Asp Thr Ala Thr Ser Asp Gln Phe Tyr Ile Asn Gly  
           50                      55                      60  
 Val Leu Gln Asn Asp Glu Glu His Thr Lys Ile Ser Thr Ile Ile Asp  
           65                      70                      75                      80  
 Gln Phe Arg Gln Pro Gly Gln Ala Phe Val Lys Met Glu Thr Gln Asn  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Asn Met Pro Thr Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Leu Ser  
           100                      105                      110  
 Ala Leu Val Lys Ala Cys Asp Gln Leu Phe Asp Thr Gln Leu Asp Gln  
           115                      120                      125  
 Lys Ala Leu Ala Gln Lys Ala Lys Phe Ala Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser Arg  
           130                      135                      140  
 Ser Phe Phe Gly Pro Val Ala Ala Trp Asp Lys Asp Ser Gly Ala Ile  
           145                      150                      155                      160  
 Tyr Lys Val Glu Thr Asp Leu Lys Met Ala Met Ile Met Leu Val Leu  
                     165                      170                      175  
 Asn Ala Ala Lys Lys Pro Ile Ser Ser Arg Glu Gly Met Lys Leu Cys

[illegible]

<210> 87

<211> 331

<212> PRT

<213> Enterococcus faecalis

<400> 87

Met	Leu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ala	Arg	Ala	His	Thr	Asn	Ile	Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys
1				5					10					15	
Tyr	Trp	Gly	Lys	Ala	Asn	Glu	Glu	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Pro	Met	Asn	Ser	Ser
			20					25					30		
Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ala	Phe	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Thr	Thr	Val	Thr	Phe
			35				40						45		
Asp	Ala	His	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Asp	Val	Phe	Ile	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Leu	Gln
	50					55					60				
Asn	Glu	Lys	Gln	Thr	Lys	Lys	Val	Lys	Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	Leu	Val	Arg
65					70					75					80
Gln	Gln	Ala	Asp	Cys	Thr	Trp	Phe	Ala	Lys	Val	Glu	Ser	Gln	Asn	Phe
				85					90					95	
Val	Pro	Thr	Ala	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ala

100	105	110
Leu Ala Gly Ala Cys Asn Val	Ala Leu Gly Leu Asn	Leu Ser Ala Lys
115	120	125
Asp Leu Ser Arg Leu Ala Arg Arg	Gly Ser Gly Ser	Ala Cys Arg Ser
130	135	140
Ile Phe Gly Gly Phe Ala Gln Trp	Asn Lys Gly His Ser Asp	Glu Thr
145	150	155
Ser Phe Ala Glu Asn Ile Pro Ala	Asn Asn Trp Glu Asn	Glu Leu Ala
165	170	175
Met Leu Phe Ile Leu Ile Asn Asp	Gly Glu Lys Asp Val	Ser Ser Arg
180	185	190
Asp Gly Met Lys Arg Thr Val Glu	Thr Ser Ser Phe Tyr	Gln Gly Trp
195	200	205
Leu Asp Asn Val Glu Lys Asp Leu	Ser Gln Val His Glu	Ala Ile Lys
210	215	220
Thr Lys Asp Phe Pro Arg Leu Gly	Glu Ile Ile Glu Ala Asn	Gly Leu
225	230	235
Arg Met His Gly Thr Thr Leu Gly	Ala Val Pro Pro Phe Thr	Tyr Trp
245	250	255
Ser Pro Gly Ser Leu Gln Ala Met	Ala Leu Val Arg Gln	Ala Arg Ala
260	265	270
Lys Gly Ile Pro Cys Tyr Phe Thr	Met Asp Ala Gly Pro	Asn Val Lys
275	280	285
Val Leu Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Leu	Glu Ala Leu Lys Thr Phe	Leu Ser
290	295	300
Glu His Phe Ser Lys Glu Gln Leu	Val Pro Ala Phe Ala Gly	Pro Gly
305	310	315
Ile Glu Leu Phe Glu Thr Lys Gly	Met Asp Lys	
325	330	

&lt;210&gt; 88

&lt;211&gt; 325

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Enterococcus faecium

&lt;400&gt; 88

Met Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Arg Ala Tyr Thr Asn Ile Ala Leu Ile Lys

1	5	10	15
Tyr Trp Gly	Lys Lys Asn Glu Glu	Leu Ile Leu Pro Met	Asn Asn Ser
	20	25	30
Leu Ser Leu Thr	Leu Asp Ala Phe Tyr Thr	Glu Thr Glu Val Ile Phe	
	35	40	45
Ser Asp Ser Tyr Met	Val Asp Glu Phe Tyr Leu Asp	Gly Thr Leu Gln	
	50	55	60
Asp Glu Lys Ala Thr	Lys Lys Val Ser Gln Phe Leu Asp	Leu Phe Arg	
	65	70	75
Lys Glu Ala Gly Leu	Ser Leu Lys Ala Ser Val Ile Ser	Gln Asn Phe	
	85	90	95
Val Pro Thr Ala Ala	Gly Leu Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser	Gly Leu Ala Ala	
	100	105	110
Leu Ala Gly Ala Cys	Asn Thr Ala Leu Lys Leu Gly	Leu Asp Asp Leu	
	115	120	125
Ser Leu Ser Arg Phe	Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser	Ala Cys Arg Ser	
	130	135	140
Ile Phe Gly Gly Phe	Val Glu Trp Glu Lys Gly His Asp Asp	Leu Ser	
	145	150	155
Ser Tyr Ala Lys Pro	Val Pro Ser Asp Ser Phe Glu Asp Asp	Leu Ala	
	165	170	175
Met Val Phe Val Leu	Ile Asn Asp Gln Lys Lys Glu Val Ser Ser Arg		
	180	185	190
Asn Gly Met Arg Arg	Thr Val Glu Thr Ser Asn Phe Tyr Gln Gly Trp		
	195	200	205
Leu Asp Ser Val Glu	Gly Asp Leu Tyr Gln Leu Lys Gln Ala Ile Lys		
	210	215	220
Thr Lys Asp Phe Gln	Leu Leu Gly Glu Thr Met Glu Arg Asn Gly Leu		
	225	230	235
Lys Met His Gly Thr	Thr Leu Ala Ala Gln Pro Pro Phe Thr Tyr Trp		
	245	250	255
Ser Pro Asn Ser Leu	Lys Ala Met Asp Ala Val Arg Gln Leu Arg Lys		
	260	265	270
Gln Gly Ile Pro Cys	Tyr Phe Thr Met Asp Ala Gly Pro Asn Val Lys		
	275	280	285
Val Leu Val Glu Asn	Ser His Leu Ser Glu Val Gln Glu Thr Phe Thr		
	290	295	300
Lys Leu Phe Ser Lys	Glu Gln Val Ile Thr Ala His Ala Gly Pro Gly		

305                      310                      315                      320  
 Ile Ala Ile Ile Glu  
                                  325  
  
 <210> 89  
  
 <211> 327  
  
 <212> PRT  
  
 <213> Staphylococcus haemolyticus  
  
  
  
 <400> 89  
  
 Met Lys Lys Ser Gly Lys Ala Arg Ala His Thr Asn Ile Ala Leu Ile  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
  
 Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys Ala Asp Glu Ala Leu Ile Ile Pro Met Asn Asn  
                                  20                      25                      30  
  
 Ser Leu Ser Val Thr Leu Asp Arg Phe Tyr Thr Glu Thr Arg Val Thr  
                                  35                      40                      45  
  
 Phe Asp Glu Thr Leu Thr Glu Asp Gln Leu Ile Leu Asn Gly Glu Ala  
                                  50                      55                      60  
  
 Val Asn Ala Lys Glu Ser Ala Lys Ile Gln Arg Tyr Met Glu Met Ile  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
  
 Arg Lys Glu Ala Gly Ile Ser His Glu Ala Leu Ile Glu Ser Glu Asn  
                                  85                      90                      95  
  
 Phe Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser Ala Tyr Ala  
                                  100                      105                      110  
  
 Ala Leu Ala Gly Ala Cys Asn Glu Ala Leu Gln Leu Gly Leu Ser Asp  
                                  115                      120                      125  
  
 Lys Asp Leu Ser Arg Leu Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser Arg  
                                  130                      135                      140  
  
 Ser Ile Tyr Gly Gly Phe Ala Glu Trp Glu Lys Gly Asn Asp Asp Glu  
 145                      150                      155                      160  
  
 Thr Ser Phe Ala His Arg Val Glu Ala Asp Gly Trp Glu Asn Glu Leu  
                                  165                      170                      175  
  
 Ala Met Val Phe Val Val Ile Asn Asn Lys Ser Lys Lys Val Ser Ser  
                                  180                      185                      190  
  
 Arg Ser Gly Met Ser Leu Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Arg Phe Tyr Gln Tyr  
                                  195                      200                      205  
  
 Trp Leu Asp Asn Val Glu Pro Asp Leu Lys Glu Thr Lys Glu Ala Ile



210                      215                      220  
 Ala Gln Lys Asp Phe Lys Arg Met Gly Glu Val Ile Glu Ala Asn Gly  
 225                      230                      235                      240  
 Leu Arg Met His Ala Thr Asn Leu Gly Ala Gln Pro Pro Phe Thr Tyr  
                     245                      250                      255  
 Leu Val Pro Glu Ser Tyr Asp Ala Met Arg Ile Val His Glu Cys Arg  
                     260                      265                      270  
 Glu Ala Gly Leu Pro Cys Tyr Phe Thr Met Asp Ala Gly Pro Asn Val  
                     275                      280                      285  
 Lys Val Leu Ile Glu Lys Lys Asn Gln Gln Ala Ile Val Asp Lys Phe  
                     290                      295                      300  
 Leu Gln Glu Phe Asp Gln Ser Gln Ile Ile Thr Ser Asp Ile Thr Gln  
 305                      310                      315                      320  
 Ser Gly Val Glu Ile Ile Lys  
                     325

<210> 90

<211> 327

<212> PRT

<213> Staphylococcus epidermis

<400> 90

Met Val Lys Ser Gly Lys Ala Arg Ala His Thr Asn Ile Ala Leu Ile  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys Ala Asp Glu Thr Tyr Ile Ile Pro Met Asn Asn  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Ser Leu Ser Val Thr Leu Asp Arg Phe Tyr Thr Glu Thr Lys Val Thr  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Phe Asp Pro Asp Phe Thr Glu Asp Cys Leu Ile Leu Asn Gly Asn Glu  
                     50                      55                      60  
 Val Asn Ala Lys Glu Lys Glu Lys Ile Gln Asn Tyr Met Asn Ile Val  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Arg Asp Leu Ala Gly Asn Arg Leu His Ala Arg Ile Glu Ser Glu Asn  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Tyr Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser Ala Tyr Ala  
                     100                      105                      110  
 Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Cys Asn Glu Ala Leu Ser Leu Asn Leu Ser Asp

115	120	125
Thr Asp Leu Ser Arg Leu Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser Arg		
130	135	140
Ser Ile Phe Gly Gly Phe Ala Glu Trp Glu Lys Gly His Asp Asp Leu		
145	150	155
Thr Ser Tyr Ala His Gly Ile Asn Ser Asn Gly Trp Glu Lys Asp Leu		
	165	170
Ser Met Ile Phe Val Val Ile Asn Asn Gln Ser Lys Lys Val Ser Ser		
	180	185
Arg Ser Gly Met Ser Leu Thr Arg Asp Thr Ser Arg Phe Tyr Gln Tyr		
	195	200
Trp Leu Asp His Val Asp Glu Asp Leu Asn Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Val		
	210	215
Lys Asn Gln Asp Phe Gln Arg Leu Gly Glu Val Ile Glu Ala Asn Gly		
	225	230
Leu Arg Met His Ala Thr Asn Leu Gly Ala Gln Pro Pro Phe Thr Tyr		
	245	250
Leu Val Gln Glu Ser Tyr Asp Ala Met Ala Ile Val Glu Gln Cys Arg		
	260	265
Lys Ala Asn Leu Pro Cys Tyr Phe Thr Met Asp Ala Gly Pro Asn Val		
	275	280
Lys Val Leu Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Lys Gln Ala Val Met Glu Gln Phe		
	290	295
Leu Lys Val Phe Asp Glu Ser Lys Ile Ile Ala Ser Asp Ile Ile Ser		
	305	310
Ser Gly Val Glu Ile Ile Lys		
	325	

&lt;210&gt; 91

&lt;211&gt; 327

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Staphylococcus aureus

&lt;400&gt; 91

Met Ile Lys Ser Gly Lys Ala Arg Ala His Thr Asn Ile Ala Leu Ile
1 5 10 15

Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys Lys Asp Glu Ala Leu Ile Ile Pro Met Asn Asn
---

20					25					30						
Ser	Ile	Ser	Val	Thr	Leu	Glu	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Thr	Lys	Val	Thr	
35					40					45						
Phe	Asn	Asp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Asp	Gln	Phe	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Glu	Lys	
50					55					60						
Val	Ser	Gly	Lys	Glu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Ile	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Met	Asp	Ile	Val	
65					70					75					80	
Arg	Asn	Arg	Ala	Gly	Ile	Asp	Trp	Tyr	Ala	Glu	Ile	Glu	Ser	Asp	Asn	
85					90					95						
Phe	Val	Pro	Thr	Ala	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ala	Tyr	Ala	
100					105					110						
Ala	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Cys	Asn	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gln	Leu	Ser	Asp	
115					120					125						
Lys	Asp	Leu	Ser	Arg	Leu	Ala	Arg	Ile	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Arg	
130					135					140						
Ser	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Phe	Ala	Glu	Trp	Glu	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Asp	Glu	
145					150					155					160	
Thr	Ser	Tyr	Ala	Val	Pro	Leu	Glu	Ser	Asn	His	Phe	Glu	Asp	Asp	Leu	
165					170					175						
Ala	Met	Ile	Phe	Val	Val	Ile	Asn	Gln	His	Ser	Lys	Lys	Val	Pro	Ser	
180					185					190						
Arg	Tyr	Gly	Met	Ser	Leu	Thr	Arg	Asn	Thr	Ser	Arg	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Tyr	
195					200					205						
Trp	Leu	Asp	His	Ile	Asp	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ala	Ile	
210					215					220						
Gln	Asp	Lys	Asp	Phe	Lys	Arg	Leu	Gly	Glu	Val	Ile	Glu	Glu	Asn	Gly	
225					230					235					240	
Leu	Arg	Met	His	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Gly	Ser	Thr	Pro	Pro	Phe	Thr	Tyr	
245					250					255						
Leu	Val	Gln	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Val	Met	Ala	Leu	Val	His	Glu	Cys	Arg	
260					265					270						
Glu	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Cys	Tyr	Phe	Thr	Met	Asp	Ala	Gly	Pro	Asn	Val	
275					280					285						
Lys	Ile	Leu	Val	Glu	Lys	Lys	Asn	Lys	Gln	Gln	Ile	Ile	Asp	Lys	Leu	
290					295					300						
Leu	Thr	Gln	Phe	Asp	Asn	Asn	Gln	Ile	Ile	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ile	Ala	
305					310					315					320	
Thr Gly Ile Glu Ile Ile Glu																

325

&lt;210&gt; 92

&lt;211&gt; 350

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptomyces sp. CL190

&lt;400&gt; 92

Met Arg Ser Glu His Pro Thr Thr Thr Val Leu Gln Ser Arg Glu Gln  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala Thr Ala Val Ala His Pro Asn Ile Ala Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Ile Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys Arg Asp Glu Arg Leu Ile Leu Pro Cys Thr  
 35 40 45  
 Thr Ser Leu Ser Met Thr Leu Asp Val Phe Pro Thr Thr Thr Glu Val  
 50 55 60  
 Arg Leu Asp Pro Ala Ala Glu His Asp Thr Ala Ala Leu Asn Gly Glu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Val Ala Thr Gly Glu Thr Leu Arg Arg Ile Ser Ala Phe Leu Ser Leu  
 85 90 95  
 Val Arg Glu Val Ala Gly Ser Asp Gln Arg Ala Val Val Asp Thr Arg  
 100 105 110  
 Asn Thr Val Pro Thr Gly Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser Gly Phe  
 115 120 125  
 Ala Ala Leu Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Tyr Gly Leu Glu Leu Asp  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Arg Gly Leu Ser Arg Leu Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser  
 145 150 155 160  
 Arg Ser Ile Phe Gly Gly Phe Ala Val Trp His Ala Gly Pro Asp Gly  
 165 170 175  
 Thr Ala Thr Glu Ala Asp Leu Gly Ser Tyr Ala Glu Pro Val Pro Ala  
 180 185 190  
 Ala Asp Leu Asp Pro Ala Leu Val Ile Ala Val Val Asn Ala Gly Pro  
 195 200 205  
 Lys Pro Val Ser Ser Arg Glu Ala Met Arg Arg Thr Val Asp Thr Ser  
 210 215 220  
 Pro Leu Tyr Arg Pro Trp Ala Asp Ser Ser Lys Asp Asp Leu Asp Glu

225                      230                      235                      240  
 Met Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Arg Gly Asp Leu Glu Ala Val Gly Glu Ile  
                                  245                      250                      255  
 Ala Glu Arg Asn Ala Leu Gly Met His Ala Thr Met Leu Ala Ala Arg  
                                  260                      265                      270  
 Pro Ala Val Arg Tyr Leu Ser Pro Ala Thr Val Thr Val Leu Asp Ser  
                                  275                      280                      285  
 Val Leu Gln Leu Arg Lys Asp Gly Val Leu Ala Tyr Ala Thr Met Asp  
                                  290                      295                      300  
 Ala Gly Pro Asn Val Lys Val Leu Cys Arg Arg Ala Asp Ala Glu Arg  
 305                                   310                      315                      320  
 Val Ala Asp Val Val Arg Ala Ala Ala Ser Gly Gly Gln Val Leu Val  
                                  325                      330                      335  
 Ala Gly Pro Gly Asp Gly Ala Arg Leu Leu Ser Glu Gly Ala  
                                  340                      345                      350

<210> 93

<211> 331

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces griseolosporeus

<400> 93

Ala Thr Ala Val Ala Gln Pro Asn Ile Ala Leu Ile Lys Tyr Trp Gly  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Lys Lys Asp Glu His Leu Val Leu Pro Arg Thr Asp Ser Leu Ser Met  
                                  20                      25                      30  
 Thr Leu Asp Ile Phe Pro Thr Thr Thr Arg Val Gln Leu Ala Pro Gly  
                                  35                      40                      45  
 Ala Gly Gln Asp Thr Val Ala Phe Asn Gly Glu Pro Ala Thr Gly Glu  
                                  50                      55                      60  
 Ala Glu Arg Arg Ile Thr Ala Phe Leu Arg Leu Val Arg Glu Arg Ser  
 65                                   70                      75                      80  
 Gly Arg Thr Glu Arg Ala Arg Val Glu Thr Glu Asn Thr Val Pro Thr  
                                  85                      90                      95  
 Gly Ala Gly Leu Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser Gly Phe Ala Ala Leu Ala Val  
                                  100                      105                      110  
 Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Tyr Gly Leu Gly Leu Asp Ala Arg Gly Leu Ser

115	120	125
Arg Leu Ala Arg Arg Gly Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser Arg Ser Ile Phe Asp		
130	135	140
Gly Phe Ala Val Trp His Ala Gly His Ala Gly Gly Thr Pro Glu Glu		
145	150	155
Ala Asp Leu Gly Ser Tyr Ala Glu Pro Val Pro Ala Val Asp Leu Glu		
	165	170
Pro Ala Leu Val Val Ala Val Val Ser Ala Ala Pro Lys Ala Val Ser		
	180	185
Ser Arg Glu Ala Met Arg Arg Thr Val Asp Thr Ser Pro Leu Tyr Glu		
	195	200
Pro Trp Ala Val Ser Ser Arg Ala Asp Leu Ala Asp Ile Gly Ala Ala		
	210	215
Leu Ala Arg Gly Asn Leu Pro Ala Val Gly Glu Ile Ala Glu Arg Asn		
	225	230
Ala Leu Gly Met His Ala Thr Met Leu Ala Ala Arg Pro Ala Val Arg		
	245	250
Tyr Leu Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Val Leu Asp Gly Val Leu Gln Leu		
	260	265
Arg Arg Asp Gly Val Pro Ala Tyr Ala Thr Met Asp Ala Gly Pro Asn		
	275	280
Val Lys Val Leu Cys Pro Arg Ser Asp Ala Glu Arg Val Ala Glu Ala		
	290	295
Leu Arg Ala Ala Ala Pro Val Gly Ala Val His Ile Ala Gly Pro Gly		
	305	310
Arg Gly Ala Arg Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Cys Arg		
	325	330

&lt;210&gt; 94

&lt;211&gt; 312

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Borrelia burgdorferi

&lt;400&gt; 94

Met Lys Ile Lys Cys Lys Val His Ala Ser Leu Ala Leu Ile Lys Tyr
1 5 10 15
Trp Gly Lys Lys Asp Val Phe Leu Asn Ile Pro Ala Thr Ser Ser Leu

20					25					30					
Ala	Val	Ser	Val	Asp	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Ser	Glu	Leu	Glu	Leu	Ser
	35						40					45			
Asn	Arg	Asp	Glu	Ile	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ser	Lys	Pro	Val	Ile	Leu	Lys	Asn
	50					55					60				
Arg	Glu	Lys	Val	Phe	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Lys	Ile	Leu	Asn	Glu	Pro
65						70					75				80
Asn	Val	Arg	Phe	Lys	Ile	Lys	Ser	Lys	Asn	Asn	Phe	Pro	Thr	Ala	Ala
				85					90					95	
Gly	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ala	Ser	Ile	Ala	Ala	Cys	Ile
			100					105					110		
Leu	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Cys	Asn	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asn	Leu	Ala
		115					120						125		
Arg	Val	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ala	Arg	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Phe	Thr
	130						135					140			
Ile	Leu	Lys	Glu	Gly	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ser	Phe	Gln	Leu	Arg	Asp	Gln	Ser
145						150					155				160
Tyr	Phe	Asn	Asp	Leu	Arg	Ile	Ile	Phe	Ala	Ile	Ile	Asp	Ser	Asn	Glu
				165					170					175	
Lys	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ala	Ala	Met	Asn	Ile	Cys	Lys	Arg	His	Lys
			180					185					190		
Phe	Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Ala	Trp	Ile	Ala	Ser	Ser	Lys	Lys	Ile	Phe	Lys	Asp
		195					200						205		
Ala	Leu	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Phe	Ile	His	Phe	Gly	Ala	Thr
	210					215					220				
Ile	Val	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Met	Phe	Ala	Leu	Met	Phe	Ala	Ser	Ser
225						230					235				240
Ile	Phe	Tyr	Phe	Lys	Asn	Ser	Thr	Ile	Asp	Leu	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Ala
				245					250					255	
Asp	Leu	Arg	Asn	Glu	Gly	Ile	Phe	Val	Phe	Glu	Thr	Met	Asp	Ala	Gly
			260					265					270		
Pro	Gln	Val	Lys	Phe	Leu	Cys	Leu	Glu	Glu	Asn	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ile	Leu
		275					280					285			
Lys	Gly	Leu	Lys	Gln	Asn	Phe	Thr	Gly	Ile	Asp	Phe	Ile	Val	Ser	Lys
	290					295					300				
Val	Gly	Cys	Asp	Leu	Glu	Trp	Ile								
305						310									

&lt;210&gt; 95

&lt;211&gt; 292

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptococcus pneumoniae

&lt;400&gt; 95

```

Met Thr Lys Lys Val Gly Val Gly Gln Ala His Ser Lys Ile Ile Leu
1          5          10          15
Ile Gly Glu His Ala Val Val Tyr Gly Tyr Pro Ala Ile Ser Leu Pro
20          25          30
Leu Leu Glu Val Glu Val Thr Cys Lys Val Val Ser Ala Glu Ser Pro
35          40          45
Trp Arg Leu Tyr Glu Glu Asp Thr Leu Ser Met Ala Val Tyr Ala Ser
50          55          60
Leu Glu Tyr Leu Asp Ile Thr Glu Ala Cys Val Arg Cys Glu Ile Asp
65          70          75          80
Ser Ala Ile Pro Glu Lys Arg Gly Met Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Ile Ser
85          90          95
Ile Ala Ala Ile Arg Ala Val Phe Asp Tyr Tyr Gln Ala Asp Leu Pro
100         105         110
His Asp Val Leu Glu Ile Leu Val Asn Arg Ala Glu Met Ile Ala His
115        120        125
Met Asn Pro Ser Gly Leu Asp Ala Lys Thr Cys Leu Ser Asp Gln Pro
130        135        140
Ile Arg Phe Ile Lys Asn Val Gly Phe Thr Glu Leu Glu Met Asp Leu
145        150        155        160
Ser Ala Tyr Leu Val Ile Ala Asp Thr Gly Val Tyr Gly His Thr Arg
165        170        175
Glu Ala Ile Gln Val Val Gln Asn Lys Gly Lys Asp Ala Leu Pro Phe
180        185        190
Leu His Ala Leu Gly Glu Leu Thr Gln Gln Ala Glu Val Ala Ile Ser
195        200        205
Gln Lys Tyr Ala Glu Gly Leu Gly Leu Ile Phe Ser Gln Ala His Leu
210        215        220
His Leu Lys Glu Ile Gly Val Ser Ser Pro Glu Ala Asp Phe Leu Val
225        230        235        240
Glu Thr Ala Leu Ser Tyr Gly Ala Leu Gly Ala Lys Met Ser Gly Gly

```



				245						250						255	
Gly	Leu	Gly	Gly	Cys	Ile	Ile	Ala	Leu	Val	Thr	Asn	Leu	Thr	His	Ala		
			260					265					270				
Gln	Glu	Leu	Ala	Glu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Glu	Lys	Gly	Ala	Val	Gln	Thr	Trp		
		275					280					285					
Ile	Glu	Ser	Leu														
	290																
<210>	96																
<211>	292																
<212>	PRT																
<213>	Streptococcus pyrogenes																
<400>	96																
Met	Asn	Glu	Asn	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Ala	His	Ser	Lys	Ile	Ile	Leu		
1				5					10					15			
Ile	Gly	Glu	His	Ala	Val	Val	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Ile	Ala	Leu	Pro		
			20					25					30				
Leu	Thr	Asp	Ile	Glu	Val	Val	Cys	His	Ile	Phe	Pro	Ala	Asp	Lys	Pro		
		35					40					45					
Leu	Val	Phe	Asp	Phe	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Leu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Ala		
	50					55					60						
Leu	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gln	Glu	Pro	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Val		
65					70					75					80		
Ser	Gln	Val	Pro	Gln	Lys	Arg	Gly	Met	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ala	Val	Ser		
				85					90					95			
Ile	Ala	Ala	Ile	Arg	Ala	Val	Phe	Ser	Tyr	Cys	Gln	Glu	Pro	Leu	Ser		
			100					105					110				
Asp	Asp	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ile	Leu	Val	Asn	Lys	Ala	Glu	Ile	Ile	Ala	His		
		115					120					125					
Thr	Asn	Pro	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ala	Lys	Thr	Cys	Leu	Ser	Asp	His	Ala		
		130				135					140						
Ile	Lys	Phe	Ile	Arg	Asn	Ile	Gly	Phe	Glu	Thr	Ile	Glu	Ile	Ala	Leu		
145					150					155					160		
Asn	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Ile	Ala	Asp	Thr	Gly	Ile	His	Gly	His	Thr	Arg		
				165					170					175			
Glu	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys	Val	Ala	Gln	Phe	Glu	Glu	Thr	Asn	Leu	Pro	Tyr		

180                      185                      190  
 Leu Ala Lys Leu Gly Ala Leu Thr Gln Ala Leu Glu Arg Ala Ile Asn  
                     195                      200                      205  
 Gln Lys Asn Lys Val Ala Ile Gly Gln Leu Met Thr Gln Ala His Ser  
                     210                      215                      220  
 Ala Leu Lys Ala Ile Gly Val Ser Ile Ser Lys Ala Asp Gln Leu Val  
                     225                      230                      235                      240  
 Glu Ala Ala Leu Arg Ala Gly Ala Leu Gly Ala Lys Met Thr Gly Gly  
                     245                      250                      255  
 Gly Leu Gly Gly Cys Met Ile Ala Leu Ala Asp Thr Lys Asp Met Ala  
                     260                      265                      270  
 Glu Lys Ile Ser His Lys Leu Lys Glu Glu Gly Ala Val Asn Thr Trp  
                     275                      280                      285  
 Ile Gln Met Leu  
                     290  
 <210> 97  
 <211> 314  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Enterococcus faecalis  
  
 <400> 97  
 Met Asn Ile Lys Lys Gln Gly Leu Gly Gln Ala Thr Gly Lys Ile Ile  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Leu Met Gly Glu His Ala Val Val Tyr Gly Glu Pro Ala Ile Ala Phe  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Pro Phe Gln Ala Thr Glu Ile Thr Ala Val Phe Thr Pro Ala Lys Thr  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Met Gln Ile Asp Cys Ala Tyr Phe Thr Gly Leu Leu Glu Asp Val Pro  
                     50                      55                      60  
 Gln Glu Leu Ala Asn Ile Lys Glu Val Val Gln Gln Thr Leu His Phe  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Leu Lys Glu Asp Thr Phe Lys Gly Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Ser Thr Ile  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Pro Ala Glu Arg Gly Met Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Ala Val Ala Ile  
                     100                      105                      110  
 Val Arg Ser Leu Phe Asp Tyr Phe Asp Tyr Ala Tyr Thr Tyr Gln Glu

115                      120                      125  
 Leu Phe Glu Leu Val Ser Leu Ser Glu Lys Ile Ala His Gly Asn Pro  
     130                      135                      140  
 Ser Gly Ile Asp Ala Ala Ala Thr Ser Gly Ala Asp Pro Leu Phe Phe  
     145                      150                      155                      160  
 Thr Arg Gly Phe Pro Pro Thr His Phe Ser Met Asn Leu Ser Asn Ala  
                     165                      170                      175  
 Tyr Leu Val Val Ala Asp Thr Gly Ile Lys Gly Gln Thr Arg Glu Ala  
                     180                      185                      190  
 Val Lys Asp Ile Ala Gln Leu Ala Gln Asn Asn Pro Thr Ala Ile Ala  
                     195                      200                      205  
 Glu Thr Met Lys Gln Leu Gly Ser Phe Thr Lys Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala  
                     210                      215                      220  
 Ile Leu Gln Asp Asp Lys Gln Lys Leu Gly Gln Leu Met Thr Leu Ala  
                     225                      230                      235                      240  
 Gln Glu Gln Leu Gln Gln Leu Thr Val Ser Asn Asp Met Leu Asp Arg  
                     245                      250                      255  
 Leu Val Ala Leu Ser Leu Glu His Gly Ala Leu Gly Ala Lys Leu Thr  
                     260                      265                      270  
 Gly Gly Gly Arg Gly Gly Cys Met Ile Ala Leu Thr Asp Asn Lys Lys  
                     275                      280                      285  
 Thr Ala Gln Thr Ile Ala Gln Thr Leu Glu Glu Asn Gly Ala Val Ala  
                     290                      295                      300  
 Thr Trp Ile Gln Ser Leu Glu Val Lys Lys  
     305                      310

<210> 98

<211> 314

<212> PRT

<213> Enterococcus faecium

<400> 98

Met Ala Asn Tyr Gly Gln Gly Glu Ser Ser Gly Lys Ile Ile Leu Met  
     1                      5                      10                      15  
 Gly Glu His Ala Val Val Tyr Gly Glu Pro Ala Ile Ala Phe Pro Phe  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Tyr Ala Thr Lys Val Thr Ala Phe Leu Glu Glu Leu Asp Ala Met Asp

35					40					45					
Asp	Gln	Leu	Val	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Asn	Leu	Ala	Glu	Ala	Pro
50						55					60				
His	Ala	Leu	Lys	Asn	Ile	Lys	Lys	Leu	Phe	Ile	His	Leu	Lys	Lys	Gln
65						70					75				80
His	Asp	Ile	Gln	Lys	Asn	Leu	Gln	Leu	Thr	Ile	Glu	Ser	Thr	Ile	Pro
				85					90					95	
Ala	Glu	Arg	Gly	Met	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ala	Val	Ala	Thr	Ala	Val	Thr
			100					105					110		
Arg	Ala	Phe	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Phe	Pro	Leu	Ser	Arg	Glu	Ile	Leu
		115					120					125			
Leu	Glu	Asn	Val	Gln	Leu	Ser	Glu	Lys	Ile	Ala	His	Gly	Asn	Pro	Ser
130						135					140				
Gly	Ile	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gln	Pro	Ile	Tyr	Phe	Thr
145						150					155				160
Lys	Gly	His	Pro	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Ser	Leu	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ala	Phe	Leu
				165					170					175	
Ile	Val	Ala	Asp	Thr	Gly	Ile	Lys	Gly	Gln	Thr	Arg	Glu	Ala	Val	Lys
			180					185					190		
Asp	Val	Ala	His	Leu	Phe	Glu	Thr	Gln	Pro	His	Glu	Thr	Gly	Gln	Met
		195					200					205			
Ile	Gln	Lys	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Lys	Gln	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ile
	210					215					220				
Glu	Asn	Ser	Pro	Glu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Gln	Thr	Met	Asp	Glu	Ser	Gln	Ser
225						230					235				240
Leu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Asn	Asp	Phe	Leu	Asn	Leu	Leu	Ile
			245						250					255	
Gln	Thr	Ala	Lys	Asp	Thr	Gly	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ala	Lys	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly
		260						265					270		
Gly	Arg	Gly	Gly	Cys	Met	Ile	Ala	Leu	Ala	Gln	Thr	Lys	Thr	Lys	Ala
		275					280					285			
Gln	Glu	Ile	Ser	Gln	Ala	Leu	Glu	Asp	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala	Glu	Thr	Trp
	290					295					300				
Ile	Gln	Gly	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Tyr	Val						
305						310									

&lt;210&gt; 99

&lt;211&gt; 307

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Staphylococcus haemolyticus

&lt;400&gt; 99

```

Met Val Gln Arg Gly Tyr Gly Glu Ser Asn Gly Lys Ile Ile Leu Ile
1           5           10           15

Gly Glu His Ala Val Thr Phe Gly Glu Pro Ala Ile Ala Ile Pro Phe
          20           25           30

Thr Ser Gly Lys Val Lys Val Leu Ile Glu Ser Leu Glu Lys Gly Asn
          35           40           45

Tyr Ser Ala Ile Gln Ser Asp Val Tyr Asp Gly Pro Leu Tyr Asp Ala
          50           55           60

Pro Glu His Leu Lys Ser Leu Ile Gly His Phe Val Glu Asn Lys Lys
          65           70           75           80

Val Glu Glu Pro Leu Leu Ile Lys Ile Gln Ala Asn Leu Pro Pro Ser
          85           90           95

Arg Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Ala Val Ala Phe Ile Arg Ala
          100          105          110

Ser Tyr Asp Tyr Leu Gly Leu Pro Leu Thr Asp Lys Glu Leu Leu Glu
          115          120          125

Asn Ala Asp Trp Ala Glu Arg Ile Ala His Gly Lys Pro Ser Gly Ile
          130          135          140

Asp Thr Lys Thr Ile Val Thr Asn Gln Pro Val Trp Tyr Gln Lys Gly
          145          150          155          160

Glu Val Glu Ile Leu Lys Thr Leu Asp Leu Asp Gly Tyr Met Val Val
          165          170          175

Ile Asp Thr Gly Val Lys Gly Ser Thr Lys Gln Ala Val Glu Asp Val
          180          185          190

His Gln Leu Cys Asp Asn Asp Lys Asn Tyr Met Gln Val Val Lys His
          195          200          205

Ile Gly Ser Leu Val Tyr Ser Ala Ser Glu Ala Ile Glu His His Ser
          210          215          220

Phe Asp Gln Leu Ala Thr Ile Phe Asn Gln Cys Gln Asp Asp Leu Arg
          225          230          235          240

Thr Leu Thr Val Ser His Asp Lys Ile Glu Met Phe Leu Arg Leu Gly
          245          250          255

Glu Glu Asn Gly Ser Val Ala Gly Lys Leu Thr Gly Gly Gly Arg Gly

```

260 265 270  
 Gly Ser Met Leu Ile Leu Ala Lys Glu Leu Gln Thr Ala Lys Asn Ile  
 275 280 285  
 Val Ala Ala Val Glu Lys Ala Gly Ala Gln His Thr Trp Ile Glu Lys  
 290 295 300  
 Leu Gly Gly  
 305  
 <210> 100  
 <211> 306  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Staphylococcus epidermis  
  
 <400> 100  
 Met Thr Arg Gln Gly Tyr Gly Glu Ser Thr Gly Lys Ile Ile Leu Met  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Glu His Ala Val Thr Phe Gly Gln Pro Ala Ile Ala Ile Pro Phe  
 20 25 30  
 Asn Ala Gly Lys Ile Lys Val Leu Ile Glu Ser Leu Asp Glu Gly Asn  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Ser Ser Ile Thr Ser Asp Val Tyr Asp Gly Met Leu Tyr Asp Ala  
 50 55 60  
 Pro Glu His Leu Lys Ser Ile Ile Asn Arg Phe Val Glu Lys Ser Gly  
 65 70 75 80  
 Val Lys Glu Pro Leu Ser Val Lys Ile Gln Thr Asn Leu Pro Pro Ser  
 85 90 95  
 Arg Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Ala Val Ala Phe Val Arg Ala  
 100 105 110  
 Ser Tyr Asp Phe Met Asp Gln Pro Leu Asp Asp Lys Thr Leu Ile Lys  
 115 120 125  
 Glu Ala Asn Trp Ala Glu Gln Ile Ala His Gly Lys Pro Ser Gly Ile  
 130 135 140  
 Asp Thr Gln Thr Ile Val Ser Asn Lys Pro Val Trp Phe Lys Gln Gly  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gln Ala Glu Thr Leu Lys Ser Leu Lys Leu Asn Gly Tyr Met Val Val  
 165 170 175  
 Ile Asp Thr Gly Val Lys Gly Ser Thr Lys Gln Ala Val Glu Asp Val

180 185 190  
 His Val Leu Cys Glu Ser Asp Glu Tyr Met Lys Tyr Ile Glu His Ile  
 195 200 205  
 Gly Thr Leu Val His Ser Ala Ser Glu Ser Ile Glu Gln His Asp Phe  
 210 215 220  
 His His Leu Ala Asp Ile Phe Asn Ala Cys Gln Glu Asp Leu Arg His  
 225 230 235 240  
 Leu Thr Val Ser His Asp Lys Ile Glu Lys Leu Leu Gln Ile Gly Lys  
 245 250 255  
 Glu His Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Lys Leu Thr Gly Gly Gly Arg Gly Gly  
 260 265 270  
 Ser Met Leu Leu Leu Ala Glu Asn Leu Lys Thr Ala Lys Thr Ile Val  
 275 280 285  
 Ala Ala Val Glu Lys Ala Gly Ala Ala His Thr Trp Ile Glu His Leu  
 290 295 300  
 Gly Gly  
 305

&lt;210&gt; 101

&lt;211&gt; 306

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Staphylococcus aureus

&lt;400&gt; 101

Met Thr Arg Lys Gly Tyr Gly Glu Ser Thr Gly Lys Ile Ile Leu Ile  
 1 5 10 15  
 Gly Glu His Ala Val Thr Phe Gly Glu Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Pro Phe  
 20 25 30  
 Asn Ala Gly Lys Ile Lys Val Leu Ile Glu Ala Leu Glu Ser Gly Asn  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Ser Ser Ile Lys Ser Asp Val Tyr Asp Gly Met Leu Tyr Asp Ala  
 50 55 60  
 Pro Asp His Leu Lys Ser Leu Val Asn Arg Phe Val Glu Leu Asn Asn  
 65 70 75 80  
 Ile Thr Glu Pro Leu Ala Val Thr Ile Gln Thr Asn Leu Pro Pro Ser  
 85 90 95  
 Arg Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Ala Val Ala Phe Val Arg Ala

100	105	110
Ser Tyr Asp Phe Leu Gly Lys	Ser Leu Thr Lys Glu Glu	Leu Ile Glu
115	120	125
Lys Ala Asn Trp Ala Glu Gln Ile Ala His Gly Lys Pro Ser Gly Ile		
130	135	140
Asp Thr Gln Thr Ile Val Ser Gly Lys Pro Val Trp Phe Gln Lys Gly		
145	150	155
Gln Ala Glu Thr Leu Lys Thr Leu Ser Leu Asp Gly Tyr Met Val Val		
165	170	175
Ile Asp Thr Gly Val Lys Gly Ser Thr Arg Gln Ala Val Glu Asp Val		
180	185	190
His Lys Leu Cys Glu Asp Pro Gln Tyr Met Ser His Val Lys His Ile		
195	200	205
Gly Lys Leu Val Leu Arg Ala Ser Asp Val Ile Glu His His Asn Phe		
210	215	220
Glu Ala Leu Ala Asp Ile Phe Asn Glu Cys His Ala Asp Leu Lys Ala		
225	230	235
Leu Thr Val Ser His Asp Lys Ile Glu Gln Leu Met Lys Ile Gly Lys		
245	250	255
Glu Asn Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Lys Leu Thr Gly Ala Gly Arg Gly Gly		
260	265	270
Ser Met Leu Leu Leu Ala Lys Asp Leu Pro Thr Ala Lys Asn Ile Val		
275	280	285
Lys Ala Val Glu Lys Ala Gly Ala Ala His Thr Trp Ile Glu Asn Leu		
290	295	300
Gly Gly		
305		

&lt;210&gt; 102

&lt;211&gt; 345

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptomyces sp. CL190

&lt;400&gt; 102

Met Gln Lys Arg Gln Arg Glu Leu Ser Ala Leu Thr Leu Pro Thr Ser
1 5 10 15

Ala Glu Gly Val Ser Glu Ser His Arg Ala Arg Ser Val Gly Ile Gly



20					25					30					
Arg	Ala	His	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Leu	Leu	Gly	Glu	His	Ala	Val	Val	Tyr
	35					40						45			
Gly	Ala	Pro	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ile	Pro	Gln	Leu	Thr	Val	Thr	Ala
	50					55					60				
Ser	Val	Gly	Trp	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ser
65						70					75				80
Tyr	Thr	Met	Thr	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Arg	Ala	Leu	Val	Thr	Gln	Ala	Ser
				85					90					95	
Asp	Gly	Leu	His	Arg	Leu	Thr	Ala	Glu	Phe	Met	Ala	Arg	Met	Gly	Val
			100					105					110		
Thr	Asn	Ala	Pro	His	Leu	Asp	Val	Ile	Leu	Asp	Gly	Ala	Ile	Pro	His
			115				120					125			
Gly	Arg	Gly	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ser	Arg	Ala	Ile	Ala	Leu
	130					135					140				
Ala	Leu	Ala	Asp	Leu	Phe	Gly	His	Glu	Leu	Ala	Glu	His	Thr	Ala	Tyr
145						150					155				160
Glu	Leu	Val	Gln	Thr	Ala	Glu	Asn	Met	Ala	His	Gly	Arg	Ala	Ser	Gly
				165					170					175	
Val	Asp	Ala	Met	Thr	Val	Gly	Ala	Ser	Arg	Pro	Leu	Leu	Phe	Gln	Gln
			180					185					190		
Gly	Arg	Thr	Glu	Arg	Leu	Ala	Ile	Gly	Cys	Asp	Ser	Leu	Phe	Ile	Val
		195					200					205			
Ala	Asp	Ser	Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Lys	Glu	Ala	Val	Glu	Met	Leu
	210					215					220				
Arg	Glu	Gly	Phe	Thr	Arg	Ser	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gln	Glu	Arg	Phe	Val	Gly
225						230					235				240
Arg	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Thr	Glu	Ala	Ala	Arg	Gln	Ala	Leu	Ala	Asp	Gly
			245						250					255	
Arg	Pro	Glu	Glu	Leu	Gly	Ser	Gln	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	His	Glu	Leu	Leu
			260					265					270		
His	Glu	Ala	Arg	Leu	Ser	Thr	Asp	Gly	Ile	Asp	Ala	Leu	Val	Glu	Ala
		275					280					285			
Ala	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Lys	Ile	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu
	290					295					300				
Gly	Gly	Cys	Met	Ile	Ala	Gln	Ala	Arg	Pro	Glu	Gln	Ala	Arg	Glu	Val
305						310					315				320
Thr	Arg	Gln	Leu	His	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ala	Val	Gln	Thr	Trp	Val	Val	Pro

325 330 335

Leu Lys Gly Leu Asp Asn His Ala Gln  
340 345

<210> 103

<211> 334

<212> PRT

<213> Streptomyces griseolosporeus

<400> 103

Met Thr Leu Pro Thr Ser Val Glu Glu Gly Ser Lys Ala His Arg Ala  
1 5 10 15

Arg Ala Val Gly Thr Gly Arg Ala His Ala Lys Ala Ile Leu Leu Gly  
20 25 30

Glu His Ala Val Val Tyr Gly Thr Pro Ala Leu Ala Met Pro Ile Pro  
35 40 45

Gln Leu Ala Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Gly Trp Ser Gly Arg Ser Ala Glu  
50 55 60

Ser Arg Gly Gly Pro Thr Phe Thr Met Thr Gly Ser Ala Ser Arg Ala  
65 70 75 80

Val Thr Ala Gln Ala Leu Asp Gly Leu Arg Arg Leu Thr Ala Ser Val  
85 90 95

Lys Ala His Thr Gly Val Thr Asp Gly Gln His Leu Asp Val Ser Leu  
100 105 110

Asp Gly Ala Ile Pro Pro Gly Arg Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Asn  
115 120 125

Ala Arg Ala Ile Ile Leu Ala Leu Ala Asp Leu Phe Gly Arg Glu Leu  
130 135 140

Thr Glu Gly Glu Val Phe Asp Leu Val Gln Glu Ala Glu Asn Leu Thr  
145 150 155 160

His Gly Arg Ala Ser Gly Val Asp Ala Val Thr Val Gly Ala Thr Ala  
165 170 175

Pro Leu Leu Phe Arg Ala Gly Thr Ala Gln Ala Leu Asp Ile Gly Cys  
180 185 190

Asp Ala Leu Phe Val Val Ala Asp Ser Gly Thr Ala Gly Ser Thr Lys  
195 200 205

Glu Ala Ile Glu Leu Leu Arg Ala Gly Phe Arg Ala Gly Ala Gly Lys

210                      215                      220  
 Glu Glu Arg Phe Met His Arg Ala Ala His Leu Val Asp Asp Ala Arg  
 225                      230                      235                      240  
 Ala Ser Leu Ala Glu Gly Glu Pro Glu Ala Phe Gly Ser Cys Leu Thr  
                     245                      250                      255  
 Glu Tyr His Gly Leu Leu Arg Gly Ala Gly Leu Ser Thr Asp Arg Ile  
                     260                      265                      270  
 Asp Ala Leu Val Asp Ala Ala Leu Gln Ala Asp Ser Leu Gly Ala Lys  
                     275                      280                      285  
 Ile Thr Gly Gly Gly Leu Gly Gly Cys Val Leu Ala Met Ser Arg Pro  
                     290                      295                      300  
 Glu Arg Ala Glu Glu Val Ala Arg Gln Leu His Ala Ala Gly Ala Val  
 305                      310                      315                      320  
 Arg Thr Trp Ala Val Gln Leu Arg Arg Ser Thr His Glu Arg  
                     325                      330

<210> 104

<211> 296

<212> PRT

<213> *Borrelia burgdorferi*

<400> 104

Met Leu Arg Ile Arg Lys Pro Ala Lys Ile Leu Phe Leu Gly Glu His  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Ser Ala Val Tyr Gly Phe Pro Val Ile Gly Ala Thr Val Pro Ile Tyr  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Met Asp Leu Ile Tyr Ser Val Ser Lys Asn Trp Lys Tyr Leu Gly Lys  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Pro Ser Thr Arg Leu Asn Ser Leu Ile Ser Phe Ile Val Ser Asn Tyr  
                     50                      55                      60  
 Ser Lys Val Asn Pro Ile Glu Phe Asp Ile Ile Ser Glu Ile Pro Ile  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Gly Val Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ala Ser Leu Ser Leu Cys Phe Ala Glu  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Tyr Ile Thr Ser His Phe Glu Tyr Lys Asp Cys Asn Lys Ile Leu Leu  
                     100                      105                      110  
 Ala Asn Gln Ile Glu Asn Ile Phe His Gly Lys Ser Ser Gly Met Asp

115	120	125
Ile Arg Leu Ile Asp Leu Asn Gly Thr Phe Tyr Leu Glu Lys Lys Glu		
130	135	140
Asn Val Leu His Ser Lys Lys Ile Lys Asp Ser Gly Phe Tyr Phe Leu		
145	150	155
Ile Gly Ala Ile Lys Arg Asp Leu Thr Thr Lys Glu Ile Val Val Asn		
	165	170
Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Leu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Leu Phe Val Phe Ile Glu		
	180	185
Lys Leu Gly Leu Ala Val Ser Asn Ser Tyr Ala Ser Phe Gln Asn Lys		
	195	200
Asp Val Tyr Ser Leu Ala Asn Glu Met Asn Ile Ala Gln Cys Cys Leu		
	210	215
Lys Arg Leu Gly Leu Ser Asn Asp Thr Leu Asp Trp Leu Ile Ser Glu		
	225	230
Gly Ile Lys Leu Gly Ala Leu Ser Gly Lys Leu Ser Gly Ala Gly Lys		
	245	250
Gly Gly Ala Phe Ile Phe Leu Phe Glu Ser Leu Ile Lys Ala Asn Ile		
	260	265
Val Gln Lys Glu Leu Asn Asn Met Leu Asp Ser Lys Ile Asp Leu Leu		
	275	280
Leu Lys Leu Lys Val Ile Glu Thr		
	290	295

&lt;210&gt; 105

&lt;211&gt; 336

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptococcus pneumoniae

&lt;400&gt; 105

Met Ile Ala Val Lys Thr Cys Gly Lys Leu Tyr Trp Ala Gly Glu Tyr
1 5 10 15
Ala Ile Leu Glu Pro Gly Gln Leu Ala Leu Ile Lys Asp Ile Pro Ile
20 25 30
Tyr Met Arg Ala Glu Ile Ala Phe Ser Asp Ser Tyr Arg Ile Tyr Ser
35 40 45
Asp Met Phe Asp Phe Ala Val Asp Leu Arg Pro Asn Pro Asp Tyr Ser

50	55	60
Leu Ile Gln Glu Thr	Ile Ala Leu Met Gly Asp Phe Leu Ala Val Arg	
65	70	75 80
Gly Gln Asn Leu Arg Pro Phe Ser Leu Lys Ile Cys Gly Lys Met Glu		
	85	90 95
Arg Glu Gly Lys Lys Phe Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Ser Val Val Val		
	100	105 110
Leu Val Val Lys Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Tyr Asn Leu Ser Val Asp Gln		
	115	120 125
Asn Leu Leu Phe Lys Leu Thr Ser Ala Val Leu Leu Lys Arg Gly Asp		
	130	135 140
Asn Gly Ser Met Gly Asp Leu Ala Cys Ile Val Ala Glu Asp Leu Val		
	145	150 155 160
Leu Tyr Gln Ser Phe Asp Arg Gln Lys Ala Ala Ala Trp Leu Glu Glu		
	165	170 175
Glu Asn Leu Ala Thr Val Leu Glu Arg Asp Trp Gly Phe Phe Ile Ser		
	180	185 190
Gln Val Lys Pro Thr Leu Glu Cys Asp Phe Leu Val Gly Trp Thr Lys		
	195	200 205
Glu Val Ala Val Ser Ser His Met Val Gln Gln Ile Lys Gln Asn Ile		
	210	215 220
Asn Gln Asn Phe Leu Ser Ser Ser Lys Glu Thr Val Val Ser Leu Val		
	225	230 235 240
Glu Ala Leu Glu Gln Gly Lys Ala Glu Lys Val Ile Glu Gln Val Glu		
	245	250 255
Val Ala Ser Lys Leu Leu Glu Gly Leu Ser Thr Asp Ile Tyr Thr Pro		
	260	265 270
Leu Leu Arg Gln Leu Lys Glu Ala Ser Gln Asp Leu Gln Ala Val Ala		
	275	280 285
Lys Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Gly Asp Cys Gly Ile Ala Leu Ser Phe		
	290	295 300
Asp Ala Gln Ser Ser Arg Asn Thr Leu Lys Asn Arg Trp Ala Asp Leu		
	305	310 315 320
Gly Ile Glu Leu Leu Tyr Gln Glu Arg Ile Gly His Asp Asp Lys Ser		
	325	330 335
<210>	106	
<211>	335	

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Streptococcus pyrogenes

&lt;400&gt; 106

```

Met Ser Asn Tyr Cys Val Gln Thr Gly Gly Lys Leu Tyr Leu Thr Gly
1           5           10           15

Glu Tyr Ala Ile Leu Ile Pro Gly Gln Lys Ala Leu Ile His Phe Ile
20           25           30

Pro Leu Met Met Thr Ala Glu Ile Ser Pro Ala Ala His Ile Gln Leu
35           40           45

Ala Ser Asp Met Phe Ser His Lys Ala Gly Met Thr Pro Asp Ala Ser
50           55           60

Tyr Ala Leu Ile Gln Ala Thr Val Lys Thr Phe Ala Asp Tyr Leu Gly
65           70           75           80

Gln Ser Ile Asp Gln Leu Glu Pro Phe Ser Leu Ile Ile Thr Gly Lys
85           90           95

Met Glu Arg Asp Gly Lys Lys Phe Gly Ile Gly Ser Ser Gly Ser Val
100          105          110

Thr Leu Leu Thr Leu Lys Ala Leu Ser Ala Tyr Tyr Gln Ile Thr Leu
115          120          125

Thr Pro Glu Leu Leu Phe Lys Leu Ala Ala Tyr Thr Leu Leu Lys Gln
130          135          140

Gly Asp Asn Gly Ser Met Gly Asp Ile Ala Cys Ile Ala Tyr Gln Thr
145          150          155          160

Leu Val Ala Tyr Thr Ser Phe Asp Arg Glu Gln Val Ser Asn Trp Leu
165          170          175

Gln Thr Met Pro Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu Val Lys Asp Trp Gly Tyr His
180          185          190

Ile Gln Val Ile Gln Pro Ala Leu Pro Cys Asp Phe Leu Val Gly Trp
195          200          205

Thr Lys Ile Pro Ala Ile Ser Arg Gln Met Ile Gln Gln Val Thr Ala
210          215          220

Ser Ile Thr Pro Ala Phe Leu Arg Thr Ser Tyr Gln Leu Thr Gln Ser
225          230          235          240

Ala Met Val Ala Leu Gln Glu Gly His Lys Glu Glu Leu Lys Lys Ser
245          250          255

Leu Ala Gly Ala Ser His Leu Leu Lys Glu Leu His Pro Ala Ile Tyr

```

260                      265                      270  
 His Pro Lys Leu Val Thr Leu Val Ala Ala Cys Gln Lys Gln Asp Ala  
           275                      280                      285  
 Val Ala Lys Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Gly Asp Cys Gly Ile Ala Leu  
           290                      295                      300  
 Ala Phe Asn Gln Asp Ala Arg Asp Thr Leu Ile Ser Lys Trp Gln Glu  
 305                      310                      315                      320  
 Ala Asp Ile Ala Leu Leu Tyr Gln Glu Arg Trp Gly Glu Asn Asp  
                     325                      330                      335

<210> 107

<211> 368

<212> PRT

<213> Enterococcus faecalis

<400> 107

Met Ile Glu Val Thr Thr Pro Gly Lys Leu Phe Ile Ala Gly Glu Tyr  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Ala Val Val Glu Pro Gly His Pro Ala Ile Ile Val Ala Val Asp Gln  
           20                      25                      30  
 Phe Val Thr Val Thr Val Glu Glu Thr Thr Asp Glu Gly Ser Ile Gln  
           35                      40                      45  
 Ser Ala Gln Tyr Ser Ser Leu Pro Ile Arg Trp Thr Arg Arg Asn Gly  
           50                      55                      60  
 Glu Leu Val Leu Asp Ile Arg Glu Asn Pro Phe His Tyr Val Leu Ala  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Ala Ile His Leu Thr Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gln Glu Gln Asn Lys Glu Leu  
           85                      90                      95  
 Ser Phe Tyr His Leu Lys Val Thr Ser Glu Leu Asp Ser Ser Asn Gly  
           100                      105                      110  
 Arg Lys Tyr Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Ala Val Thr Val Gly Thr Val  
           115                      120                      125  
 Lys Ala Leu Asn Ile Phe Tyr Asp Leu Gly Leu Glu Asn Glu Glu Ile  
           130                      135                      140  
 Phe Lys Leu Ser Ala Leu Ala His Leu Ala Val Gln Gly Asn Gly Ser  
 145                      150                      155                      160  
 Cys Gly Asp Ile Ala Ala Ser Cys Tyr Gly Gly Trp Ile Ala Phe Ser

165										170					175				
Thr	Phe	Asp	His	Asp	Trp	Val	Asn	Gln	Lys	Val	Thr	Thr	Glu	Thr	Leu				
			180					185					190						
Thr	Asp	Leu	Leu	Ala	Met	Asp	Trp	Pro	Glu	Leu	Met	Ile	Phe	Pro	Leu				
		195					200					205							
Lys	Val	Pro	Lys	Gln	Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Ile	Gly	Trp	Thr	Gly	Ser	Pro				
	210					215					220								
Ala	Ser	Thr	Ser	Asp	Leu	Val	Asp	Arg	Val	His	Gln	Ser	Lys	Glu	Glu				
225					230				235						240				
Lys	Gln	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Phe	Leu	Met	Lys	Ser	Arg	Leu	Cys	Val				
				245					250					255					
Glu	Thr	Met	Ile	Asn	Gly	Phe	Asn	Thr	Gly	Lys	Ile	Ser	Val	Ile	Gln				
		260						265					270						
Lys	Gln	Ile	Thr	Lys	Asn	Arg	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu				
		275					280					285							
Thr	Gly	Val	Val	Ile	Glu	Thr	Glu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Asn	Leu	Cys	Asp	Leu				
	290					295					300								
Ala	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	Gly				
305					310				315						320				
Asp	Cys	Gly	Ile	Val	Ile	Phe	Arg	Gln	Lys	Ser	Gly	Ile	Leu	Pro	Leu				
			325						330					335					
Met	Thr	Ala	Trp	Glu	Lys	Asp	Gly	Ile	Thr	Pro	Leu	Pro	Leu	His	Val				
		340						345					350						
Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Lys	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Lys	His	Glu	Ser	Lys	Arg				
		355					360					365							
<210> 108																			
<211> 361																			
<212> PRT																			
<213> Enterococcus faecium																			
<400> 108																			
Met	Ile	Glu	Val	Ser	Ala	Pro	Gly	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Gly	Glu	Tyr				
1				5					10					15					
Ala	Val	Val	Glu	Thr	Gly	His	Pro	Ala	Val	Ile	Ala	Ala	Val	Asp	Gln				
			20					25						30					
Phe	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	Val	Glu	Ser	Ala	Arg	Lys	Val	Gly	Ser	Ile	Gln				



35	40	45
Ser Ala Gln Tyr Ser Gly Met Pro Val Arg Trp Thr Arg Arg Asn Gly		
50	55	60
Glu Leu Val Leu Asp Ile Arg Glu Asn Pro Phe His Tyr Ile Leu Ala		
65	70	75
Ala Ile Arg Leu Thr Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gln Glu Lys Asn Ile Leu Leu		
	85	90
Ser Phe Tyr Asp Leu Lys Val Thr Ser Glu Leu Asp Ser Ser Asn Gly		
	100	105
Arg Lys Tyr Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Ala Val Thr Val Ala Thr Val		
	115	120
Lys Ala Leu Asn Val Phe Tyr Ala Leu Asn Leu Ser Gln Leu Glu Ile		
	130	135
Phe Lys Ile Ala Ala Leu Ala Asn Leu Ala Val Gln Asp Asn Gly Ser		
145	150	155
Cys Gly Asp Ile Ala Ala Ser Cys Tyr Gly Gly Trp Ile Ala Phe Ser		
	165	170
Thr Phe Asp His Pro Trp Leu Gln Glu Gln Glu Thr Gln His Ser Ile		
	180	185
Ser Glu Leu Leu Ala Leu Asp Trp Pro Gly Leu Ser Ile Glu Pro Leu		
	195	200
Ile Ala Pro Glu Asp Leu Arg Leu Leu Ile Gly Trp Thr Gly Ser Pro		
	210	215
Ala Ser Thr Ser Asp Leu Val Asp Gln Val His Arg Ser Arg Glu Asp		
225	230	235
Lys Met Val Ala Tyr Gln Leu Phe Leu Lys Asn Ser Thr Glu Cys Val		
	245	250
Asn Glu Met Ile Lys Gly Phe Lys Glu Asn Asn Val Thr Leu Ile Gln		
	260	265
Gln Met Ile Arg Lys Asn Arg Gln Leu Leu His Asp Leu Ser Ala Ile		
	275	280
Thr Gly Val Val Ile Glu Thr Pro Ala Leu Asn Lys Leu Cys Asn Leu		
	290	295
Ala Glu Gln Tyr Glu Gly Ala Ala Lys Ser Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Gly		
305	310	315
Asp Cys Gly Ile Val Ile Val Asp Gln Lys Ser Gly Ile Leu Pro Leu		
	325	330
Met Ser Ala Trp Glu Lys Ala Glu Ile Thr Pro Leu Pro Leu His Val		

340 345 350  
 Tyr Ser Asp Gln Arg Lys Glu Asn Arg  
 355 360  
 <210> 109  
 <211> 358  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Staphylococcus haemolyticus  
 <400> 109  
 Met Ile Gln Val Lys Ala Pro Gly Lys Leu Tyr Val Ala Gly Glu Tyr  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ala Val Thr Glu Pro Gly Tyr Lys Ser Val Leu Ile Ala Val Asp Arg  
 20 25 30  
 Phe Val Thr Ala Ser Ile Glu Ala Ser Asn Ala Val Thr Ser Thr Ile  
 35 40 45  
 His Ser Lys Thr Leu His Tyr Glu Pro Val Thr Phe Asn Arg Asn Glu  
 50 55 60  
 Asp Lys Ile Asp Ile Ser Asp Ala Asn Ala Ala Ser Gln Leu Lys Tyr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Val Val Thr Ala Ile Glu Val Phe Glu Gln Tyr Ala Arg Ser Cys Asn  
 85 90 95  
 Val Lys Leu Lys His Phe His Leu Glu Ile Asp Ser Asn Leu Asp Asp  
 100 105 110  
 Ala Ser Gly Asn Lys Tyr Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Leu Val  
 115 120 125  
 Ser Val Val Lys Ala Leu Asn Glu Phe Tyr Asp Met Gln Leu Ser Asn  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Tyr Ile Tyr Lys Leu Ala Val Ile Ser Asn Met Arg Leu Gln Ser  
 145 150 155 160  
 Leu Ser Ser Cys Gly Asp Ile Ala Val Ser Val Tyr Ser Gly Trp Leu  
 165 170 175  
 Ala Tyr Ser Thr Phe Asp His Asp Trp Val Lys Gln Gln Met Glu Glu  
 180 185 190  
 Thr Ser Val Asn Glu Val Leu Glu Lys Asn Trp Pro Gly Leu His Ile  
 195 200 205  
 Glu Pro Leu Gln Ala Pro Glu Asn Met Glu Val Leu Ile Gly Trp Thr

210                      215                      220  
 Gly Ser Pro Ala Ser Ser Pro His Leu Val Ser Glu Val Lys Arg Leu  
 225                      230                      235                      240  
 Lys Ser Asp Pro Ser Phe Tyr Gly Arg Phe Leu Asp Gln Ser His Thr  
                     245                      250                      255  
 Cys Val Glu Asn Leu Ile Tyr Ala Phe Lys Thr Asp Asn Ile Lys Gly  
                     260                      265                      270  
 Val Gln Lys Met Ile Arg Gln Asn Arg Met Ile Ile Gln Gln Met Asp  
                     275                      280                      285  
 Asn Glu Ala Thr Val Asp Ile Glu Thr Glu Asn Leu Lys Met Leu Cys  
                     290                      295                      300  
 Asp Ile Gly Glu Arg Tyr Gly Ala Ala Ala Lys Thr Ser Gly Ala Gly  
 305                      310                      315                      320  
 Gly Gly Asp Cys Gly Ile Ala Ile Ile Asp Asn Arg Ile Asp Lys Asn  
                     325                      330                      335  
 Arg Ile Tyr Asn Glu Trp Ala Ser His Gly Ile Lys Pro Leu Lys Phe  
                     340                      345                      350  
 Lys Ile Tyr His Gly Gln  
                     355  
 <210> 110  
 <211> 358  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Staphylococcus epidermis

<400> 110  
 Met Ile Gln Val Lys Ala Pro Gly Lys Leu Tyr Ile Ala Gly Glu Tyr  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Ala Val Thr Glu Pro Gly Tyr Lys Ser Ile Leu Ile Ala Val Asn Arg  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Phe Val Thr Ala Thr Ile Glu Ala Ser Asn Lys Val Glu Gly Ser Ile  
                     35                      40                      45  
 His Ser Lys Thr Leu His Tyr Glu Pro Val Lys Phe Asp Arg Asn Glu  
                     50                      55                      60  
 Asp Arg Ile Glu Ile Ser Asp Val Gln Ala Ala Lys Gln Leu Lys Tyr  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Val Val Thr Ala Ile Glu Val Phe Glu Gln Tyr Val Arg Ser Cys Asn

[illegible]

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Staphylococcus aureus

&lt;400&gt; 111

```

Met Ile Gln Val Lys Ala Pro Gly Lys Leu Tyr Ile Ala Gly Glu Tyr
1           5           10           15

Ala Val Thr Glu Pro Gly Tyr Lys Ser Val Leu Ile Ala Leu Asp Arg
          20           25           30

Phe Val Thr Ala Thr Ile Glu Glu Ala Thr Gln Tyr Lys Gly Thr Ile
          35           40           45

His Ser Lys Ala Leu His His Asn Pro Val Thr Phe Ser Arg Asp Glu
          50           55           60

Asp Ser Ile Val Ile Ser Asp Pro His Ala Ala Lys Gln Leu Asn Tyr
65           70           75           80

Val Val Thr Ala Ile Glu Ile Phe Glu Gln Tyr Ala Lys Ser Cys Asp
          85           90           95

Ile Ala Met Lys His Phe His Leu Thr Ile Asp Ser Asn Leu Asp Asp
          100          105          110

Ser Asn Gly His Lys Tyr Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Ala Ala Val Leu Val
          115          120          125

Ser Val Ile Lys Val Leu Asn Glu Phe Tyr Asp Met Lys Leu Ser Asn
          130          135          140

Leu Tyr Ile Tyr Lys Leu Ala Val Ile Ala Asn Met Lys Leu Gln Ser
145          150          155          160

Leu Ser Ser Cys Gly Asp Ile Ala Val Ser Val Tyr Ser Gly Trp Leu
          165          170          175

Ala Tyr Ser Thr Phe Asp His Glu Trp Val Lys His Gln Ile Glu Asp
          180          185          190

Thr Thr Val Glu Glu Val Leu Ile Lys Asn Trp Pro Gly Leu His Ile
          195          200          205

Glu Pro Leu Gln Ala Pro Glu Asn Met Glu Val Leu Ile Gly Trp Thr
          210          215          220

Gly Ser Pro Ala Ser Ser Pro His Phe Val Ser Glu Val Lys Arg Leu
225          230          235          240

Lys Ser Asp Pro Ser Phe Tyr Gly Asp Phe Leu Glu Asp Ser His Arg
          245          250          255

Cys Val Glu Lys Leu Ile His Ala Phe Lys Thr Asn Asn Ile Lys Gly

```

260	265	270
Val Gln Lys Met Val Arg Gln Asn Arg Thr Ile Ile Gln Arg Met Asp		
275	280	285
Lys Glu Ala Thr Val Asp Ile Glu Thr Glu Lys Leu Lys Tyr Leu Cys		
290	295	300
Asp Ile Ala Glu Lys Tyr His Gly Ala Ser Lys Thr Ser Gly Ala Gly		
305	310	315
Gly Gly Asp Cys Gly Ile Thr Ile Ile Asn Lys Asp Val Asp Lys Glu		
325	330	335
Lys Ile Tyr Asp Glu Trp Thr Lys His Gly Ile Lys Pro Leu Lys Phe		
340	345	350
Asn Ile Tyr His Gly Gln		
355		
<210> 112		
<211> 374		
<212> PRT		
<213> Streptomyces sp. CL190		
<400> 112		
Met Thr Thr Gly Gln Arg Thr Ile Val Arg His Ala Pro Gly Lys Leu		
1	5	10
Phe Val Ala Gly Glu Tyr Ala Val Val Asp Pro Gly Asn Pro Ala Ile		
20	25	30
Leu Val Ala Val Asp Arg His Ile Ser Val Thr Val Ser Asp Ala Asp		
35	40	45
Ala Asp Thr Gly Ala Ala Asp Val Val Ile Ser Ser Asp Leu Gly Pro		
50	55	60
Gln Ala Val Gly Trp Arg Trp His Asp Gly Arg Leu Val Val Arg Asp		
65	70	75
Pro Asp Asp Gly Gln Gln Ala Arg Ser Ala Leu Ala His Val Val Ser		
85	90	95
Ala Ile Glu Thr Val Gly Arg Leu Leu Gly Glu Arg Gly Gln Lys Val		
100	105	110
Pro Ala Leu Thr Leu Ser Val Ser Ser Arg Leu His Glu Asp Gly Arg		
115	120	125
Lys Phe Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Ala Val Thr Val Ala Thr Val Ala		

130	135	140
Ala Val Ala Ala Phe Cys Gly Leu Glu Leu Ser Thr Asp Glu Arg Phe		
145	150	155
Arg Leu Ala Met Leu Ala Thr Ala Glu Leu Asp Pro Lys Gly Ser Gly		
	165	170
Gly Asp Leu Ala Ala Ser Thr Trp Gly Gly Trp Ile Ala Tyr Gln Ala		
	180	185
Pro Asp Arg Ala Phe Val Leu Asp Leu Ala Arg Arg Val Gly Val Asp		
	195	200
Arg Thr Leu Lys Ala Pro Trp Pro Gly His Ser Val Arg Arg Leu Pro		
	210	215
Ala Pro Lys Gly Leu Thr Leu Glu Val Gly Trp Thr Gly Glu Pro Ala		
	225	230
Ser Thr Ala Ser Leu Val Ser Asp Leu His Arg Arg Thr Trp Arg Gly		
	245	250
Ser Ala Ser His Gln Arg Phe Val Glu Thr Thr Thr Asp Cys Val Arg		
	260	265
Ser Ala Val Thr Ala Leu Glu Ser Gly Asp Asp Thr Ser Leu Leu His		
	275	280
Glu Ile Arg Arg Ala Arg Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Leu Asp Asp Glu Val		
	290	295
Gly Leu Gly Ile Phe Thr Pro Lys Leu Thr Ala Leu Cys Asp Ala Ala		
	305	310
Glu Ala Val Gly Gly Ala Ala Lys Pro Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Gly Asp		
	325	330
Cys Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Asp Ala Glu Ala Ser Arg Asp Ile Thr His		
	340	345
Val Arg Gln Arg Trp Glu Thr Ala Gly Val Leu Pro Leu Pro Leu Thr		
	355	360
Pro Ala Leu Glu Gly Ile		
370		
<210> 113		
<211> 360		
<212> PRT		
<213> Streptomyces griseolosporeus		

&lt;400&gt; 113

```

Met Thr Gly Pro Arg Ala Val Thr Arg Arg Ala Pro Gly Lys Leu Phe
 1              5              10              15

Val Ala Gly Glu Tyr Ala Val Val Glu Pro Gly Asn Arg Ala Ile Leu
      20              25              30

Val Ala Val Asp Arg Tyr Val Thr Val Thr Val Ser Asp Gly Ala Ala
      35              40              45

Pro Gly Val Val Val Ser Ser Asp Ile Gly Ala Gly Pro Val His His
 50              55              60

Pro Trp Gln Asp Gly Arg Leu Thr Gly Gly Thr Gly Thr Pro His Val
65              70              75              80

Val Ala Ala Val Glu Thr Val Ala Arg Leu Leu Ala Glu Arg Gly Arg
      85              90              95

Ser Val Pro Pro Leu Gly Trp Ser Ile Ser Ser Thr Leu His Glu Asp
      100             105             110

Gly Arg Lys Phe Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Ala Val Thr Val Ala Thr
      115             120             125

Val Ser Ala Val Ala Ala His Cys Gly Leu Glu Leu Thr Ala Glu Glu
130              135              140

Arg Phe Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Ala Ser Ala Arg Ile Asp Pro Arg Gly
145              150              155              160

Ser Gly Gly Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Thr Trp Gly Gly Trp Ile Ala Tyr
      165             170             175

Arg Ala Pro Asp Arg Asp Ala Val Leu Asp Leu Thr Arg Arg Gln Gly
      180             185             190

Val Asp Glu Ala Leu Arg Ala Pro Trp Pro Gly Phe Ser Val Arg Leu
195              200              205

Ser Pro Pro Arg Asn Leu Cys Leu Glu Val Gly Trp Thr Gly Asn Pro
210              215              220

Val Ser Thr Thr Ser Leu Leu Thr Asp Leu His Arg Arg Thr Trp Arg
225              230              235              240

Gly Ser Pro Ala Tyr Arg Arg Tyr Val Gly Ala Thr Gly Glu Leu Val
      245              250              255

Asp Ala Ala Val Ile Ala Leu Glu Asp Gly Asp Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu
260              265              270

Arg Gln Val Arg Arg Ala Arg His Glu Met Val Arg Leu Asp Asp Glu
275              280              285

Val Gly Leu Gly Ile Phe Thr Pro Glu Leu Thr Ala Leu Cys Ala Ile

```



290                      295                      300  
 Ala Glu Arg Ala Gly Ala Ala Lys Pro Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Gly Asp  
 305                      310                      315                      320  
 Cys Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Asp Ala Glu Ala Arg Tyr Asp Arg Ser Pro  
                     325                      330                      335  
 Leu His Arg Gln Trp Ala Ala Ala Gly Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Val Ser  
                     340                      345                      350  
 Pro Ala Thr Glu Gly Val Glu Glu  
                     355                      360  
 <210> 114  
 <211> 317  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> *Borrelia burgdorferi*  
  
 <400> 114  
 Met Asp Leu Ile Ser Phe Ser Val Pro Gly Asn Leu Leu Leu Met Gly  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Glu Tyr Thr Ile Leu Glu Glu Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala Ile Ala Ile  
                     20                      25                      30  
 Asn Lys Arg Ala Phe Phe Ser Phe Lys Lys Ser Asp Ser Trp Arg Phe  
                     35                      40                      45  
 Phe Ser Lys Lys Lys Lys Ile Asp Asp Phe Ser Leu Ile Glu Asn Arg  
 50                      55                      60  
 Ser Asp Phe Val Phe Lys Met Phe Ala Tyr Leu Ser Gln Asn Cys Phe  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Phe Asn Leu Glu Asn Phe Ala Tyr Asp Val Tyr Ile Asp Thr Ser Asn  
                     85                      90                      95  
 Phe Phe Phe Asn Asp Gly Thr Lys Lys Gly Phe Gly Ser Ser Ala Val  
                     100                      105                      110  
 Val Ala Ile Gly Ile Val Cys Gly Leu Phe Leu Ile His Asn Ala Thr  
                     115                      120                      125  
 Asn Val Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Ile Phe Lys Tyr Cys Leu Glu Ala Tyr  
 130                      135                      140  
 Arg Tyr Ser Gln Gly Gly Ile Gly Ser Gly Tyr Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser  
 145                      150                      155                      160  
 Ile Phe Gly Gly Val Ile Glu Phe Glu Gly Gly Phe Asn Pro Lys Cys

165										170					175				
Arg	Gln	Leu	Gly	Ala	Val	Glu	Phe	Asn	Asp	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Met	Gln	Gly				
			180					185					190						
Leu	Gln	Ala	Ile	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ser	Ile	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Lys	His				
		195					200					205							
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ile	Leu	Asp	Phe	Ile	Leu	Lys	Cys	Asn	Leu	Glu	Met	Lys				
	210					215					220								
Lys	Leu	Val	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ser	Asn	Ser	Lys	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ile	Ser	Ser				
225					230					235					240				
Leu	Arg	Arg	Ala	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ile	Gly	Glu	Ala	Ile	Gly				
				245					250						255				
Val	Ser	Ala	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ser	Ser	Phe	Asp	His	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gln	Cys				
			260					265					270						
Asp	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly	Asn	Glu	Thr	Phe	Leu	Val	Tyr				
		275					280					285							
Arg	Pro	Asn	Ile	Glu	Ala	Phe	Asn	Leu	Ser	Lys	Ile	Ile	Ser	Ile	Val				
	290					295					300								
Leu	Glu	Asn	Glu	Gly	Ile	Lys	Phe	Glu	Ser	Asp	Lys	Cys							
305					310					315									

<210> 115

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 115

gggcaagctt gtccacggca cgaccaagca

30

<210> 116

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 116

cgtaatccgc ggccgcgttt ccagcgcgtc

30

<210> 117

<211> 28

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 117

aattaaagga gggtttcata tgaattcg

28

<210> 118

<211> 28

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 118

gatccgaatt catatgaaac cctccttt

28

<210> 119

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 119

aaggcctcat atgatttccc ataccccggt

30

<210> 120

<211> 28

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 120

cgggatcctc atcgctccat ctccatgt

28

<210> 121

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 121

aaggcctcat atgaccgaca gcaaggatca

30

<210> 122

<211> 28

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 122

cgggatcctc attgacggat aagcgagg

28

<210> 123

<211> 29

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 123

aaggcctcat atgaaagtgc ctaagatga

29

<210> 124

<211> 28

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 124

cgggatcctc aggcctgccg gtcgacat

28

<210> 125

<211> 34

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 125

aaggcctcat atgagcacccg gcaggcctga agca

34

<210> 126

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 126

cgggatcctc atccctgccc cggcagcggt t

31

<210> 127

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 127

aaggcctcat atggatcagg tcatccgcgc

30

<210> 128

<211> 28

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 128

cgggatcctc agtcatcgaa aacaagtc

28

<210> 129

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 129

aaggcctcat atgactgatg ccgtccgcga

30

<210> 130

<211> 28

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 130

cgggatcctc aacgcccctc gaacggcg

28

<210> 131

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 131

ccggcattcg ggcggcatcc aggtctcgct g

31

<210> 132

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 132

cagcgagacc tggatgccgc ccgaatgccg g

31

<210> 133

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 133

cgtgcagggc tggattctgt cggaataccc g

31

<210> 134

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 134

cgggtattcc gacagaatcc agccctgcac g

31

<210> 135

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 135

gggctgcgcg ccggcatccg gcatttcgac g

31

<210> 136

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 136

cgtcgaaatg ccggatgccg gcgcgcagcc c

31

<210> 137

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 137

gggtgcgacg ggcgagttct tcgatgcgcg g

31

<210> 138

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 138

ccgcgcatcg aagaactcgc ccgtcgcacc c

31

<210> 139

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 139

cacgcccgtc acatacgacg aatacgttgc c

31

<210> 140

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 140

ggcaacgtat tcgtcgtatg tgacgggcgt g

31

<210> 141

<211> 31

<212> DNA



<213> synthetic construct

<400> 141

gaggctcggg cttggctcct cggcggcggt g

31

<210> 142

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 142

caccgccgcc gaggagccaa gcccgagcct c

31

<210> 143

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 143

cggcacgctg ctggaccgg gcgacgcctt c

31

<210> 144

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 144

gaaggcgtcg cccgggtcca gcagcgtgcc g

31

<210> 145

<211> 36

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 145  
tcagaattcg gtaccatatg aagcttggat ccgggg 36

<210> 146

<211> 29

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 146  
ggatccaagc ttcatatggt accgaattc 29

<210> 147

<211> 26

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 147  
ggaattcgct gctgaacgcg atggcg 26

<210> 148

<211> 32

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 148  
ggggtaccat atgtgccttc gttgcgtcag tc 32

<210> 149

<211> 50

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 149  
gatccggcgt gtgcgcaatt taattgcgca cagcccccct gcgtttaaac 50

<210> 150  
<211> 50  
<212> DNA  
<213> synthetic construct

<400> 150  
gatcggttaa acgcaggggg cgtgtgcgca attaaattgc gcacacgccg 50

<210> 151  
<211> 30  
<212> DNA  
<213> synthetic construct

<400> 151  
aaggcctcat atgacgccca agcagcaatt 30

<210> 152  
<211> 26  
<212> DNA  
<213> synthetic construct

<400> 152  
cgggatccta ggcgctgcgg cggatg 26

<210> 153  
<211> 30  
<212> DNA  
<213> synthetic construct

<400> 153  
ccggatcctc atgcctgccg gtcgacatag 30

<210> 154

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 154  
gaaggacat atgaatcagg tcatccgcgc 30

<210> 155

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 155  
gccggatcct cattcatcga aaacaagtcc 30

<210> 156

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 156  
acgccggatc ctcacgcgcc ctcgaacggc 30

<210> 157

<211> 1612

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; CDS

&lt;222&gt; (59) .. (292)

&lt;223&gt; XseB

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; CDS

&lt;222&gt; (1185) .. (1610)

&lt;223&gt; IspA

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; CDS

&lt;222&gt; (295) .. (1158)

&lt;223&gt; Dxs

&lt;400&gt; 157

```

ccatggcatc cgggtcggat gccgtctatg ttggcccgaa caggcagcag gaggcccc      58

atg agc gat atc cag acc ctc tcg ttc gag gaa gcc atg cgc gag ctg      106
Met Ser Asp Ile Gln Thr Leu Ser Phe Glu Glu Ala Met Arg Glu Leu
1          5          10          15

gag gcg acc gtc ggc aag ctg gaa acc ggc gag gcg acg ctc gag gac      154
Glu Ala Thr Val Gly Lys Leu Glu Thr Gly Glu Ala Thr Leu Glu Asp
          20          25          30

tcc atc gcg ctc tat gaa cgc ggg gcg gcg ctg cgc gcc cat tgc gaa      202
Ser Ile Ala Leu Tyr Glu Arg Gly Ala Ala Leu Arg Ala His Cys Glu
          35          40          45

acc cgc ctg cgc gag gcc gag gag cgg gtc gag aag atc acc ctg gcc      250
Thr Arg Leu Arg Glu Ala Glu Glu Arg Val Glu Lys Ile Thr Leu Ala
          50          55          60

gcg aac ggg cag ccg tcc gga acc gag ccc gcc gag ggc ctg tg atg      297
Ala Asn Gly Gln Pro Ser Gly Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Met
65          *          70          75          °

cag gcc cgc ctg gcc gag atc cgg ccc ctg gtc gag gcc gag ctg aac      345
Gln Ala Arg Leu Ala Glu Ile Arg Pro Leu Val Glu Ala Glu Leu Asn
80          85          90          95

```

gcc gcc atc gac gcg ctg ccc gcg ggc gat ctg tcg gat gcg atg cgc Ala Ala Ile Asp Ala Leu Pro Ala Gly Asp Leu Ser Asp Ala Met Arg 100 105 110	393
tat gcc gtg cag ggc ggc aag cgg ctg cgc gcg ttc ctg gtg atg gag Tyr Ala Val Gln Gly Gly Lys Arg Leu Arg Ala Phe Leu Val Met Glu 115 120 125	441
tcg gcg cgc ctg cac ggg ctg gac gac gac gca tcg ctg ccc gtc gcc Ser Ala Arg Leu His Gly Leu Asp Asp Asp Ala Ser Leu Pro Val Ala 130 135 140	489
gcc gcg gtc gag gcg ctg cac gcc tac agc ttg gtc cat gac gac ctg Ala Ala Val Glu Ala Leu His Ala Tyr Ser Leu Val His Asp Asp Leu 145 150 155	537
ccc gcg atg gat gac gac gac ctg cgg cgc ggt cag ccc acc gtc cac Pro Ala Met Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu Arg Arg Gly Gln Pro Thr Val His 160 165 170 175	585
gtc aaa tgg acc gag gcg acc gcg atc ctt gcg ggc gat gcg ctg cag Val Lys Trp Thr Glu Ala Thr Ala Ile Leu Ala Gly Asp Ala Leu Gln 180 185 190	633
acg ctg gcc ttc cag ctg ctg gcc gat ccg cgc gtg ggc gac gat gcg Thr Leu Ala Phe Gln Leu Leu Ala Asp Pro Arg Val Gly Asp Asp Ala 195 200 205	681
gcg cgg atg cgg ctg gtc ggt tcg ctg gcg cag gca tcg ggg gct gcg Ala Arg Met Arg Leu Val Gly Ser Leu Ala Gln Ala Ser Gly Ala Ala 210 215 220	729
ggc atg gtc tgg ggc cag gcg ctg gac atc gcg gcc gag acc tcg ggc Gly Met Val Trp Gly Gln Ala Leu Asp Ile Ala Ala Glu Thr Ser Gly 225 230 235	777
gtg ccg ctg gat ctg gac gcg atc atc cgc ctg cag ggt ggc aag acc Val Pro Leu Asp Leu Asp Ala Ile Ile Arg Leu Gln Gly Gly Lys Thr 240 245 250 255	825
ggc gcg ctg atc cgc ttt gcc gcg acc gcc ggg ccg ctg atg gcg ggc Gly Ala Leu Ile Arg Phe Ala Ala Thr Ala Gly Pro Leu Met Ala Gly 260 265 270	873
gcg gac cct gcc gcg ctg gac gat tat gcg cag gcc gtc ggg ctg gcc Ala Asp Pro Ala Ala Leu Asp Asp Tyr Ala Gln Ala Val Gly Leu Ala 275 280 285	921
ttc cag atc gcg gac gac atc ctg gac gtc gag ggc tgc gag gcc gcg Phe Gln Ile Ala Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp Val Glu Gly Cys Glu Ala Ala 290 295 300	969
acc ggc aag cgc gtc ggc aag gat gcg gat gcc aac aag gcg acc ttc Thr Gly Lys Arg Val Gly Lys Asp Ala Asp Ala Asn Lys Ala Thr Phe 305 310 315	1017
gtc tcg ctg ctg ggc ctc gag ggg gcg cgg tcc gag gcg cgt cgc ctg	1065

Val Ser Leu Leu Gly Leu Glu Gly Ala Arg Ser Glu Ala Arg Arg Leu  
 320 325 330 335  
 gcc gat gcg ggg cag gac gcg ctg gcg ggt tac ggc gat gct gcg ggg 1113  
 Ala Asp Ala Gly Gln Asp Ala Leu Ala Gly Tyr Gly Asp Ala Ala Gly  
 340 345 350  
 aac ctt cgg gac ctg gcg cgc ttc gtg atc gaa cgc gac agc tga 1158  
 Asn Leu Arg Asp Leu Ala Arg Phe Val Ile Glu Arg Asp Ser  
 355 360 365  
 tcgccgcctt cccgcccaagg ggcaag atg atg acc gac gga ccc gca acc ccg 1211  
 Met Met Thr Asp Gly Pro Ala Thr Pro  
 370  
 atc ctg gac cgc gtc cag cag cca tcc gac ctg gca tcg ctg gac gat 1259  
 Ile Leu Asp Arg Val Gln Gln Pro Ser Asp Leu Ala Ser Leu Asp Asp  
 375 380 385 390  
 gcg cag ctg cgc ctg ctg gcg gac gag ctg cgg gcc gag acc atc gac 1307  
 Ala Gln Leu Arg Leu Leu Ala Asp Glu Leu Arg Ala Glu Thr Ile Asp  
 395 400 405  
 atc gtc agc cgc acg ggc ggt cac ctg ggc gcg ggg ctg ggc gtg gtc 1355  
 Ile Val Ser Arg Thr Gly Gly His Leu Gly Ala Gly Leu Gly Val Val  
 410 415 420  
 gaa ctg acg gtc gcc ctg cac gcc gtc ttt cgg gcg ccg cgc gac aag 1403  
 Glu Leu Thr Val Ala Leu His Ala Val Phe Arg Ala Pro Arg Asp Lys  
 425 430 435  
 atc gtc tgg gac gtg ggg cat caa tgc tat ccc cac aag atc ctg acg 1451  
 Ile Val Trp Asp Val Gly His Gln Cys Tyr Pro His Lys Ile Leu Thr  
 440 445 450  
 ggc agg cgg gac cgg atg cgc acg ctg cgc atg ggc ggc ggg ctg tcg 1499  
 Gly Arg Arg Asp Arg Met Arg Thr Leu Arg Met Gly Gly Gly Leu Ser  
 455 460 465 470  
 ggg ttc acc aag cgg cag gaa agc gcg ttc gat ccg ttc ggt gcg ggg 1547  
 Gly Phe Thr Lys Arg Gln Glu Ser Ala Phe Asp Pro Phe Gly Ala Gly  
 475 480 485  
 cac agc tcg acc tcg atc tcg gcg gcg ctg ggc ttc gcg atg gcg cgt 1595  
 His Ser Ser Thr Ser Ile Ser Ala Ala Leu Gly Phe Ala Met Ala Arg  
 490 495 500  
 gaa ctt ggc ggg gat cc 1612  
 Glu Leu Gly Gly Asp  
 505

&lt;210&gt; 158

&lt;211&gt; 78

&lt;212&gt; PRT

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

<400> 158

Met Ser Asp Ile Gln Thr Leu Ser Phe Glu Glu Ala Met Arg Glu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ala Thr Val Gly Lys Leu Glu Thr Gly Glu Ala Thr Leu Glu Asp  
20 25 30

Ser Ile Ala Leu Tyr Glu Arg Gly Ala Ala Leu Arg Ala His Cys Glu  
35 40 45

Thr Arg Leu Arg Glu Ala Glu Glu Arg Val Glu Lys Ile Thr Leu Ala  
50 55 60

Ala Asn Gly Gln Pro Ser Gly Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu  
65 70 75

<210> 159

<211> 287

<212> PRT

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

<400> 159

Met Gln Ala Arg Leu Ala Glu Ile Arg Pro Leu Val Glu Ala Glu Leu  
1 5 10 15

Asn Ala Ala Ile Asp Ala Leu Pro Ala Gly Asp Leu Ser Asp Ala Met  
20 25 30

Arg Tyr Ala Val Gln Gly Gly Lys Arg Leu Arg Ala Phe Leu Val Met  
35 40 45

Glu Ser Ala Arg Leu His Gly Leu Asp Asp Asp Ala Ser Leu Pro Val  
50 55 60

Ala Ala Ala Val Glu Ala Leu His Ala Tyr Ser Leu Val His Asp Asp  
65 70 75 80



Leu Pro Ala Met Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu Arg Arg Gly Gln Pro Thr Val  
                     85                                    90                                    95

His Val Lys Trp Thr Glu Ala Thr Ala Ile Leu Ala Gly Asp Ala Leu  
                     100                                    105                                    110

Gln Thr Leu Ala Phe Gln Leu Leu Ala Asp Pro Arg Val Gly Asp Asp  
                     115                                    120                                    125

Ala Ala Arg Met Arg Leu Val Gly Ser Leu Ala Gln Ala Ser Gly Ala  
                     130                                    135                                    140

Ala Gly Met Val Trp Gly Gln Ala Leu Asp Ile Ala Ala Glu Thr Ser  
 145                                    150                                    155                                    160

Gly Val Pro Leu Asp Leu Asp Ala Ile Ile Arg Leu Gln Gly Gly Lys  
                     165                                    170                                    175

Thr Gly Ala Leu Ile Arg Phe Ala Ala Thr Ala Gly Pro Leu Met Ala  
                     180                                    185                                    190

Gly Ala Asp Pro Ala Ala Leu Asp Asp Tyr Ala Gln Ala Val Gly Leu  
                     195                                    200                                    205

Ala Phe Gln Ile Ala Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp Val Glu Gly Cys Glu Ala  
                     210                                    215                                    220

Ala Thr Gly Lys Arg Val Gly Lys Asp Ala Asp Ala Asn Lys Ala Thr  
 225                                    230                                    235                                    240

Phe Val Ser Leu Leu Gly Leu Glu Gly Ala Arg Ser Glu Ala Arg Arg  
                     245                                    250                                    255

Leu Ala Asp Ala Gly Gln Asp Ala Leu Ala Gly Tyr Gly Asp Ala Ala  
                     260                                    265                                    270

Gly Asn Leu Arg Asp Leu Ala Arg Phe Val Ile Glu Arg Asp Ser  
                     275                                    280                                    285

&lt;210&gt; 160

&lt;211&gt; 142

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;400&gt; 160

Met Met Thr Asp Gly Pro Ala Thr Pro Ile Leu Asp Arg Val Gln Gln  
 1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Asp Leu Ala Ser Leu Asp Asp Ala Gln Leu Arg Leu Leu Ala  
 20 25 30

Asp Glu Leu Arg Ala Glu Thr Ile Asp Ile Val Ser Arg Thr Gly Gly  
 35 40 45

His Leu Gly Ala Gly Leu Gly Val Val Glu Leu Thr Val Ala Leu His  
 50 55 60

Ala Val Phe Arg Ala Pro Arg Asp Lys Ile Val Trp Asp Val Gly His  
 65 70 75 80

Gln Cys Tyr Pro His Lys Ile Leu Thr Gly Arg Arg Asp Arg Met Arg  
 85 90 95

Thr Leu Arg Met Gly Gly Gly Leu Ser Gly Phe Thr Lys Arg Gln Glu  
 100 105 110

Ser Ala Phe Asp Pro Phe Gly Ala Gly His Ser Ser Thr Ser Ile Ser  
 115 120 125

Ala Ala Leu Gly Phe Ala Met Ala Arg Glu Leu Gly Gly Asp  
 130 135 140

&lt;210&gt; 161

&lt;211&gt; 6

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Bradyrhizobium japonicum

&lt;400&gt; 161

Val His Asp Asp Leu Pro  
1 5

<210> 162

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Rhizobium sp. strain NGR234

<400> 162

Val His Asp Asp Leu Pro  
1 5

<210> 163

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Bacillus stearothermophilus

<400> 163

Ile His Asp Asp Leu Pro  
1 5

<210> 164

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Bacillus subtilis

<400> 164

Ile His Asp Asp Leu Pro  
1 5

<210> 165

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Escherichia coli

<400> 165

Ile His Asp Asp Leu Pro  
1 5

<210> 166

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Haemophilus influenzae

<400> 166

Ile His Asp Asp Leu Pro  
1 5

<210> 167

<211> 16

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 167

tccaygayga yctgcc

16

<210> 168

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Bradyrhizobium japonicum

<400> 168

Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp  
1 5

<210> 169

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Rhizobium sp. strain NGR234

<400> 169

Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp  
1 5

<210> 170

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Bacillus stearothermophilus

<400> 170

Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp  
1 5

<210> 171

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Bacillus subtilis

<400> 171

Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp  
1 5

<210> 172

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Escherichia coli

<400> 172

Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp  
1 5

<210> 173

<211> 5

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Haemophilus influenzae

&lt;400&gt; 173

Asp Asp Ile Leu Asp  
 1 5

&lt;210&gt; 174

&lt;211&gt; 15

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; synthetic construct

&lt;400&gt; 174

gaygayatcc tggay

15

&lt;210&gt; 175

&lt;211&gt; 1176

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R1534

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; CDS

&lt;222&gt; (1)..(1173)

&lt;223&gt; acety-CoA acetyltransferase

&lt;400&gt; 175

atg gac ccc atc gtc atc acc ggc gcg atg cgc acc ccg atg ggg gca 48  
 Met Asp Pro Ile Val Ile Thr Gly Ala Met Arg Thr Pro Met Gly Ala  
 1 5 10 15

ttc cag ggc gat ctt gcc gcg atg gat gcc ccg acc ctt ggc gcg gcc 96  
 Phe Gln Gly Asp Leu Ala Ala Met Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Gly Ala Ala  
 20 25 30

gcg atc cgc gcc gcg ctg aac ggc ctg tcg ccc gac atg gtg gac gag 144  
 Ala Ile Arg Ala Ala Leu Asn Gly Leu Ser Pro Asp Met Val Asp Glu  
 35 40 45

gtg ctg atg ggc tgc gtc ctg ccc gcg ggc cag ggt cag gca ccg gca Val Leu Met Gly Cys Val Leu Pro Ala Gly Gln Gly Gln Ala Pro Ala 50 55 60	192
cgt cag gcg gcg ctt gac gcc gga ctg ccg ctg tcg gcg ggc gcg acc Arg Gln Ala Ala Leu Asp Ala Gly Leu Pro Leu Ser Ala Gly Ala Thr 65 70 75 80	240
acc atc aac aag atg tgc gga tcg ggc atg aag gcc gcg atg ctg ggc Thr Ile Asn Lys Met Cys Gly Ser Gly Met Lys Ala Ala Met Leu Gly 85 90 95	288
cat gac ctg atc gcc gcg gga tcg gcg ggc atc gtc gtc gcc ggc ggc His Asp Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly Ser Ala Gly Ile Val Val Ala Gly Gly 100 105 110	336
atg gag agc atg tcg aac gcc ccc tac ctg ctg ccc aag gcg cgg tcg Met Glu Ser Met Ser Asn Ala Pro Tyr Leu Leu Pro Lys Ala Arg Ser 115 120 125	384
ggg atg cgc atg ggc cat gac cgt gtg ctg gat cac atg ttc ctc gac Gly Met Arg Met Gly His Asp Arg Val Leu Asp His Met Phe Leu Asp 130 135 140	432
ggg ttg gag gac gcc tat gac aag ggc cgc ctg atg ggc acc ttc gcc Gly Leu Glu Asp Ala Tyr Asp Lys Gly Arg Leu Met Gly Thr Phe Ala 145 150 155 160	480
gag gat tgc gcc ggc gat cac ggt ttc acc cgc gag gcg cag gac gac Glu Asp Cys Ala Gly Asp His Gly Phe Thr Arg Glu Ala Gln Asp Asp 165 170 175	528
tat gcg ctg acc agc ctg gcc cgc gcg cag gac gcc atc gcc agc ggt Tyr Ala Leu Thr Ser Leu Ala Arg Ala Gln Asp Ala Ile Ala Ser Gly 180 185 190	576
gcc ttc gcc gcc gag atc gcg ccc gtg acc gtc acg gca cgc aag gtg Ala Phe Ala Ala Glu Ile Ala Pro Val Thr Val Thr Ala Arg Lys Val 195 200 205	624
cag acc acc gtc gat acc gac gag atg ccc ggc aag gcc cgc ccc gag Gln Thr Thr Val Asp Thr Asp Glu Met Pro Gly Lys Ala Arg Pro Glu 210 215 220	672
aag atc ccc cat ctg aag ccc gcc ttc cgt gac ggt ggc acg gtc acg Lys Ile Pro His Leu Lys Pro Ala Phe Arg Asp Gly Gly Thr Val Thr 225 230 235 240	720
gcg gcg aac agc tcg tcg atc tcg gac ggg gcg gcg gcg ctg gtg atg Ala Ala Asn Ser Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Ala Ala Ala Leu Val Met 245 250 255	768
atg cgc cag tcg cag gcc gag aag ctg ggc ctg acg ccg atc gcg cgg Met Arg Gln Ser Gln Ala Glu Lys Leu Gly Leu Thr Pro Ile Ala Arg 260 265 270	816

```

atc atc ggt cat gcg acc cat gcc gac cgt ccc ggc ctg ttc ccg acg      864
Ile Ile Gly His Ala Thr His Ala Asp Arg Pro Gly Leu Phe Pro Thr
      275                      280                      285

gcc ccc atc ggc gcg atg cgc aag ctg ctg gac cgc acg gac acc cgc      912
Ala Pro Ile Gly Ala Met Arg Lys Leu Leu Asp Arg Thr Asp Thr Arg
      290                      295                      300

ctt ggc gat tac gac ctg ttc gag gtg aac gag gca ttc gcc gtc gtc      960
Leu Gly Asp Tyr Asp Leu Phe Glu Val Asn Glu Ala Phe Ala Val Val
      305                      310                      315                      320

gcc atg atc gcg atg aag gag ctt ggc ctg cca cac gat gcc acg aac      1008
Ala Met Ile Ala Met Lys Glu Leu Gly Leu Pro His Asp Ala Thr Asn
      325                      330                      335

atc aac ggc ggg gcc tgc gcg ctt ggg cat ccc atc ggc gcg tcg ggg      1056
Ile Asn Gly Gly Ala Cys Ala Leu Gly His Pro Ile Gly Ala Ser Gly
      340                      345                      350

gcg cgg atc atg gtc acg ctg ctg aac gcg atg gcg gcg cgg ggc gcg      1104
Ala Arg Ile Met Val Thr Leu Leu Asn Ala Met Ala Ala Arg Gly Ala
      355                      360                      365

acg cgc ggg gcc gca tcc gtc tgc atc ggc ggg ggc gag gcg acg gcc      1152
Thr Arg Gly Ala Ala Ser Val Cys Ile Gly Gly Gly Glu Ala Thr Ala
      370                      375                      380

atc gcg ctg gaa cgg ctg agc taa      1176
Ile Ala Leu Glu Arg Leu Ser
      385                      390

<210> 176

<211> 391

<212> PRT

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 176

Met Asp Pro Ile Val Ile Thr Gly Ala Met Arg Thr Pro Met Gly Ala
1                      5                      10                      15

Phe Gln Gly Asp Leu Ala Ala Met Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Gly Ala Ala
      20                      25                      30

Ala Ile Arg Ala Ala Leu Asn Gly Leu Ser Pro Asp Met Val Asp Glu
      35                      40                      45

```



Val Leu Met Gly Cys Val Leu Pro Ala Gly Gln Gly Gln Ala Pro Ala  
 50 55 60

Arg Gln Ala Ala Leu Asp Ala Gly Leu Pro Leu Ser Ala Gly Ala Thr  
 65 70 75 80

Thr Ile Asn Lys Met Cys Gly Ser Gly Met Lys Ala Ala Met Leu Gly  
 85 90 95

His Asp Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly Ser Ala Gly Ile Val Val Ala Gly Gly  
 100 105 110

Met Glu Ser Met Ser Asn Ala Pro Tyr Leu Leu Pro Lys Ala Arg Ser  
 115 120 125

Gly Met Arg Met Gly His Asp Arg Val Leu Asp His Met Phe Leu Asp  
 130 135 140

Gly Leu Glu Asp Ala Tyr Asp Lys Gly Arg Leu Met Gly Thr Phe Ala  
 145 150 155 160

Glu Asp Cys Ala Gly Asp His Gly Phe Thr Arg Glu Ala Gln Asp Asp  
 165 170 175

Tyr Ala Leu Thr Ser Leu Ala Arg Ala Gln Asp Ala Ile Ala Ser Gly  
 180 185 190

Ala Phe Ala Ala Glu Ile Ala Pro Val Thr Val Thr Ala Arg Lys Val  
 195 200 205

Gln Thr Thr Val Asp Thr Asp Glu Met Pro Gly Lys Ala Arg Pro Glu  
 210 215 220

Lys Ile Pro His Leu Lys Pro Ala Phe Arg Asp Gly Gly Thr Val Thr  
 225 230 235 240

Ala Ala Asn Ser Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Ala Ala Ala Leu Val Met  
 245 250 255

Met Arg Gln Ser Gln Ala Glu Lys Leu Gly Leu Thr Pro Ile Ala Arg  
 260 265 270

Ile Ile Gly His Ala Thr His Ala Asp Arg Pro Gly Leu Phe Pro Thr

275	280	285
Ala Pro Ile Gly Ala Met Arg Lys Leu Leu Asp Arg Thr Asp Thr Arg		
290	295	300
Leu Gly Asp Tyr Asp Leu Phe Glu Val Asn Glu Ala Phe Ala Val Val		
305	310	315
Ala Met Ile Ala Met Lys Glu Leu Gly Leu Pro His Asp Ala Thr Asn		
325	330	335
Ile Asn Gly Gly Ala Cys Ala Leu Gly His Pro Ile Gly Ala Ser Gly		
340	345	350
Ala Arg Ile Met Val Thr Leu Leu Asn Ala Met Ala Ala Arg Gly Ala		
355	360	365
Thr Arg Gly Ala Ala Ser Val Cys Ile Gly Gly Gly Glu Ala Thr Ala		
370	375	380
Ile Ala Leu Glu Arg Leu Ser		
385	390	

&lt;210&gt; 177

&lt;211&gt; 1980

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; CDS

&lt;222&gt; (1)..(1170)

&lt;223&gt; phaA

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1179)..(1194)

<223> inverted repeat between genes constituting a putative transcripti  
onal sto

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1196)..(1210)

<223> inverted repeat between genes constituting a putative transcripti  
onal sto

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (1258)..(1980)

<223> phaB

<400> 177

atg acc aaa gcc gta atc gta tct gcc gca cgt acc ccc gtc ggc agc	48
Met Thr Lys Ala Val Ile Val Ser Ala Ala Arg Thr Pro Val Gly Ser	
1 5 10 15	
ttc atg ggc gca ttc gcc aat gtc ccc gca cat gat ctg ggc gcc gcc	96
Phe Met Gly Ala Phe Ala Asn Val Pro Ala His Asp Leu Gly Ala Ala	
20 25 30	
gtc ctg cgc gag gtc gtg gcc cgc gcc ggt gtc gac ccc gcc gag gtc	144
Val Leu Arg Glu Val Val Ala Arg Ala Gly Val Asp Pro Ala Glu Val	
35 40 45	
agc gag acg atc ctg ggc cag gtg ctg acc gcc gcg cag ggc cag aac	192
Ser Glu Thr Ile Leu Gly Gln Val Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Gly Gln Asn	
50 55 60	
ccc gcg cgc cag gcg cat atc aat gcg ggc ctg ccc aag gaa tcg gcg	240
Pro Ala Arg Gln Ala His Ile Asn Ala Gly Leu Pro Lys Glu Ser Ala	
65 70 75 80	
gcg tgg ctc atc aac cag gtc tgc ggc tcg ggg ctg cgc gcc gtc gcg	288
Ala Trp Leu Ile Asn Gln Val Cys Gly Ser Gly Leu Arg Ala Val Ala	
85 90 95	
ctg gcg gcg cag cag gtc atg ctg ggc gat gcg cag atc gtt ctg gcg	336
Leu Ala Ala Gln Gln Val Met Leu Gly Asp Ala Gln Ile Val Leu Ala	
100 105 110	
ggg ggc cag gag agc atg tcg ctg tcg acc cat gcc gcc tat ctg cgc	384
Gly Gly Gln Glu Ser Met Ser Leu Ser Thr His Ala Ala Tyr Leu Arg	

115	120	125	
gcg ggc cag aag atg ggc gac atg aag atg atc gac acc atg atc cgc Ala Gly Gln Lys Met Gly Asp Met Lys Met Ile Asp Thr Met Ile Arg 130 135 140			432
gac ggg ctg tgg gat gcc ttc aac ggc tat cac atg ggt cag acc gcc Asp Gly Leu Trp Asp Ala Phe Asn Gly Tyr His Met Gly Gln Thr Ala 145 150 155 160			480
gag aac gtg gcc gac cag tgg tcg atc agc cgc gac cag cag gac gaa Glu Asn Val Ala Asp Gln Trp Ser Ile Ser Arg Asp Gln Gln Asp Glu 165 170 175			528
ttc gcc ctg gct tcg cag aac aag gcc gag gcc gcg cag aat gcg ggc Phe Ala Leu Ala Ser Gln Asn Lys Ala Glu Ala Ala Gln Asn Ala Gly 180 185 190			576
cgc ttc gat gac gaa atc gtc gcc tat acc gtc aag ggc cgc aag ggc Arg Phe Asp Asp Glu Ile Val Ala Tyr Thr Val Lys Gly Arg Lys Gly 195 200 205			624
gac acg gtc gtc gac aag gac gaa tac atc cgc cac ggc gcc acg atc Asp Thr Val Val Asp Lys Asp Glu Tyr Ile Arg His Gly Ala Thr Ile 210 215 220			672
gag ggc atg cag aag ctg cgc ccc gcc ttc acc aag gaa ggc tcg gtc Glu Gly Met Gln Lys Leu Arg Pro Ala Phe Thr Lys Glu Gly Ser Val 225 230 235 240			720
acg gcg ggc aac gcg tcg ggc ctg aac gac ggc gcg gcg gcc gtc atg Thr Ala Gly Asn Ala Ser Gly Leu Asn Asp Gly Ala Ala Ala Val Met 245 250 255			768
gtc atg tcc gag gac gag gcc gca cgc cgc ggg ctg acg ccg ctg gcg Val Met Ser Glu Asp Glu Ala Ala Arg Arg Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Ala 260 265 270			816
cgc atc gcc tcc tat gcg acg gcg ggc ctc gac ccg gcg atc atg ggc Arg Ile Ala Ser Tyr Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Asp Pro Ala Ile Met Gly 275 280 285			864
acc ggg ccg atc ccc tcc agc cgc aag gcg ctg gaa aag gcg ggc tgg Thr Gly Pro Ile Pro Ser Ser Arg Lys Ala Leu Glu Lys Ala Gly Trp 290 295 300			912
tcg gtc ggc gac ctg gac ctg gtc gag gcg aac gag gcc ttt gcc gcg Ser Val Gly Asp Leu Asp Leu Val Glu Ala Asn Glu Ala Phe Ala Ala 305 310 315 320			960
cag gcc tgc gcc gtg aac aag gac atg ggc tgg gat ccg tcc atc gtg Gln Ala Cys Ala Val Asn Lys Asp Met Gly Trp Asp Pro Ser Ile Val 325 330 335			1008
aac gtc aac ggc ggc gcg atc gcc atc ggc cac ccg atc ggc gcc tcg Asn Val Asn Gly Gly Ala Ile Ala Ile Gly His Pro Ile Gly Ala Ser 340 345 350			1056

ggg gcg cgg atc ctg aac acc ctg ctg ttc gag atg cag cgc cgc gac Gly Ala Arg Ile Leu Asn Thr Leu Leu Phe Glu Met Gln Arg Arg Asp 355 360 365	1104
gcc aag aag ggc ctt gcg acg ctg tgc atc ggc ggc ggc atg ggc gtc Ala Lys Lys Gly Leu Ala Thr Leu Cys Ile Gly Gly Gly Met Gly Val 370 375 380	1152
gcc atg tgc ctc gaa cgc tgaacgaccg gcgtgtgcgc aatttaattg Ala Met Cys Leu Glu Arg 385 390	1200
cgcacacgcc ccctgcaaag tagcaatgtt ttacgataac gaatgaaggg gggaatc	1257
atg tcc aag gta gca ctg gtc acc ggc gga tgc cgc ggc atc ggc gcc Met Ser Lys Val Ala Leu Val Thr Gly Gly Ser Arg Gly Ile Gly Ala 395 400 405	1305
gag atc tgc aag gcg ctt cag gcc gca ggc tat acc gtc gcc gcg aac Glu Ile Cys Lys Ala Leu Gln Ala Ala Gly Tyr Thr Val Ala Ala Asn 410 415 420	1353
tat gcc ggc aat gac gac gcg gcc aag gcc ttc acc gag gaa acc ggc Tyr Ala Gly Asn Asp Asp Ala Ala Lys Ala Phe Thr Glu Glu Thr Gly 425 430 435	1401
atc aag acc tac aag tgg tgc gtc gcc gat tac gat gcc tgc aag gcc Ile Lys Thr Tyr Lys Trp Ser Val Ala Asp Tyr Asp Ala Cys Lys Ala 440 445 450	1449
ggc atc gcc cag gtc gaa gag gat ctg ggc ccg atc gcc gtg ctg atc Gly Ile Ala Gln Val Glu Glu Asp Leu Gly Pro Ile Ala Val Leu Ile 455 460 465 470	1497
aac aat gcc ggg atc acc cgc gac gcg ccc ttc cac aag atg acg ccc Asn Asn Ala Gly Ile Thr Arg Asp Ala Pro Phe His Lys Met Thr Pro 475 480 485	1545
gag aag tgg aag gag gtc atc gac acc aac ctg acc ggc acc ttc aac Glu Lys Trp Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Thr Asn Leu Thr Gly Thr Phe Asn 490 495 500	1593
atg acc cat ccg gtc tgg ccg ggc atg cgc gaa cgc aag ttc gga cgc Met Thr His Pro Val Trp Pro Gly Met Arg Glu Arg Lys Phe Gly Arg 505 510 515	1641
gtc atc aac atc agc tgc atc aac ggg cag aag ggc cag ttc ggg cag Val Ile Asn Ile Ser Ser Ile Asn Gly Gln Lys Gly Gln Phe Gly Gln 520 525 530	1689
gcg aac tat gcc gcg gcc aag gcg ggc gac ctg ggc ttc acc aag tgc Ala Asn Tyr Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Gly Asp Leu Gly Phe Thr Lys Ser 535 540 545 550	1737
ctg gcg cag gaa ggc gcg cgc aac aac atc acc gtc aac gcg atc tgc Leu Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Arg Asn Asn Ile Thr Val Asn Ala Ile Cys	1785

555	560	565	
ccc ggc tat atc gcg acg gac atg gtg atg gcc gtt ccc gaa cag gtc			1833
Pro Gly Tyr Ile Ala Thr Asp Met Val Met Ala Val Pro Glu Gln Val			
570	575	580	
cgc gag ggg atc atc gcg cag atc ccc gtc ggc cgc ttg ggc gag ccg			1881
Arg Glu Gly Ile Ile Ala Gln Ile Pro Val Gly Arg Leu Gly Glu Pro			
585	590	595	
tcc gag atc gcg cgc tgc gtg gtg ttc ctg gcc tcc gac gat gcg ggc			1929
Ser Glu Ile Ala Arg Cys Val Val Phe Leu Ala Ser Asp Asp Ala Gly			
600	605	610	
ttc gtc aca ggc tgc acc atc acg gcg aat ggc ggc cag tac tac atc			1977
Phe Val Thr Gly Ser Thr Ile Thr Ala Asn Gly Gly Gln Tyr Tyr Ile			
615	620	625	630
tga			1980

&lt;210&gt; 178

&lt;211&gt; 390

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R114

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1179)..(1194)

<223> inverted repeat between genes constituting a putative transcripti  
onal sto

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1196)..(1210)

<223> inverted repeat between genes constituting a putative transcripti  
onal sto

&lt;400&gt; 178

Met Thr Lys Ala Val Ile Val Ser Ala Ala Arg Thr Pro Val Gly Ser
1 5 10 15

Phe Met Gly Ala Phe Ala Asn Val Pro Ala His Asp Leu Gly Ala Ala
20 25 30

Val Leu Arg Glu Val Val Ala Arg Ala Gly Val Asp Pro Ala Glu Val  
 35 40 45

Ser Glu Thr Ile Leu Gly Gln Val Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Gly Gln Asn  
 50 55 60

Pro Ala Arg Gln Ala His Ile Asn Ala Gly Leu Pro Lys Glu Ser Ala  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Trp Leu Ile Asn Gln Val Cys Gly Ser Gly Leu Arg Ala Val Ala  
 85 90 95

Leu Ala Ala Gln Gln Val Met Leu Gly Asp Ala Gln Ile Val Leu Ala  
 100 105 110

Gly Gly Gln Glu Ser Met Ser Leu Ser Thr His Ala Ala Tyr Leu Arg  
 115 120 125

Ala Gly Gln Lys Met Gly Asp Met Lys Met Ile Asp Thr Met Ile Arg  
 130 135 140

Asp Gly Leu Trp Asp Ala Phe Asn Gly Tyr His Met Gly Gln Thr Ala  
 145 150 155 160

Glu Asn Val Ala Asp Gln Trp Ser Ile Ser Arg Asp Gln Gln Asp Glu  
 165 170 175

Phe Ala Leu Ala Ser Gln Asn Lys Ala Glu Ala Ala Gln Asn Ala Gly  
 180 185 190

Arg Phe Asp Asp Glu Ile Val Ala Tyr Thr Val Lys Gly Arg Lys Gly  
 195 200 205

Asp Thr Val Val Asp Lys Asp Glu Tyr Ile Arg His Gly Ala Thr Ile  
 210 215 220

Glu Gly Met Gln Lys Leu Arg Pro Ala Phe Thr Lys Glu Gly Ser Val  
 225 230 235 240

Thr Ala Gly Asn Ala Ser Gly Leu Asn Asp Gly Ala Ala Ala Val Met  
 245 250 255

Val Met Ser Glu Asp Glu Ala Ala Arg Arg Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Ala  
 260 265 270

Arg Ile Ala Ser Tyr Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Asp Pro Ala Ile Met Gly  
 275 280 285

Thr Gly Pro Ile Pro Ser Ser Arg Lys Ala Leu Glu Lys Ala Gly Trp  
 290 295 300

Ser Val Gly Asp Leu Asp Leu Val Glu Ala Asn Glu Ala Phe Ala Ala  
 305 310 315 320

Gln Ala Cys Ala Val Asn Lys Asp Met Gly Trp Asp Pro Ser Ile Val  
 325 330 335

Asn Val Asn Gly Gly Ala Ile Ala Ile Gly His Pro Ile Gly Ala Ser  
 340 345 350

Gly Ala Arg Ile Leu Asn Thr Leu Leu Phe Glu Met Gln Arg Arg Asp  
 355 360 365

Ala Lys Lys Gly Leu Ala Thr Leu Cys Ile Gly Gly Gly Met Gly Val  
 370 375 380

Ala Met Cys Leu Glu Arg  
 385 390

<210> 179

<211> 240

<212> PRT

<213> Paracoccus sp. R114

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1179)..(1194)

<223> inverted repeat between genes constituting a putative transcripti  
 onal sto

<220>



<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1196)..(1210)

<223> inverted repeat between genes constituting a putative transcripti  
onal sto

<400> 179

Met Ser Lys Val Ala Leu Val Thr Gly Gly Ser Arg Gly Ile Gly Ala  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ile Cys Lys Ala Leu Gln Ala Ala Gly Tyr Thr Val Ala Ala Asn  
20 25 30

Tyr Ala Gly Asn Asp Asp Ala Ala Lys Ala Phe Thr Glu Glu Thr Gly  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Thr Tyr Lys Trp Ser Val Ala Asp Tyr Asp Ala Cys Lys Ala  
50 55 60

Gly Ile Ala Gln Val Glu Glu Asp Leu Gly Pro Ile Ala Val Leu Ile  
65 70 75 80

Asn Asn Ala Gly Ile Thr Arg Asp Ala Pro Phe His Lys Met Thr Pro  
85 90 95

Glu Lys Trp Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Thr Asn Leu Thr Gly Thr Phe Asn  
100 105 110

Met Thr His Pro Val Trp Pro Gly Met Arg Glu Arg Lys Phe Gly Arg  
115 120 125

Val Ile Asn Ile Ser Ser Ile Asn Gly Gln Lys Gly Gln Phe Gly Gln  
130 135 140

Ala Asn Tyr Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Gly Asp Leu Gly Phe Thr Lys Ser  
145 150 155 160

Leu Ala Gln Glu Gly Ala Arg Asn Asn Ile Thr Val Asn Ala Ile Cys  
165 170 175

Pro Gly Tyr Ile Ala Thr Asp Met Val Met Ala Val Pro Glu Gln Val  
180 185 190

Arg Glu Gly Ile Ile Ala Gln Ile Pro Val Gly Arg Leu Gly Glu Pro  
 195 200 205

Ser Glu Ile Ala Arg Cys Val Val Phe Leu Ala Ser Asp Asp Ala Gly  
 210 215 220

Phe Val Thr Gly Ser Thr Ile Thr Ala Asn Gly Gly Gln Tyr Tyr Ile  
 225 230 235 240

<210> 180

<211> 729

<212> DNA

<213> *Paracoccus carotinifaciens* E-396

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (1)..(726)

<223> Beta-carotene Beta-4 oxygenase

<400> 180

atg agc gca cat gcc ctg ccc aag gca gat ctg acc gcc acc agt ttg	48
Met Ser Ala His Ala Leu Pro Lys Ala Asp Leu Thr Ala Thr Ser Leu	
1 5 10 15	

atc gtc tcg ggc ggc atc atc gcc gcg tgg ctg gcc ctg cat gtg cat	96
Ile Val Ser Gly Gly Ile Ile Ala Ala Trp Leu Ala Leu His Val His	
20 25 30	

gcg ctg tgg ttt ctg gac gcg gcg gcg cat ccc atc ctg gcg gtc gcg	144
Ala Leu Trp Phe Leu Asp Ala Ala Ala His Pro Ile Leu Ala Val Ala	
35 40 45	

aat ttc ctg ggg ctg acc tgg ctg tcg gtc ggt ctg ttc atc atc gcg	192
Asn Phe Leu Gly Leu Thr Trp Leu Ser Val Gly Leu Phe Ile Ile Ala	
50 55 60	

cat gac gcg atg cat ggg tcg gtc gtg ccg ggg cgc ccg cgc gcc aat	240
His Asp Ala Met His Gly Ser Val Val Pro Gly Arg Pro Arg Ala Asn	
65 70 75 80	

gcg gcg atg ggc cag ctt gtc ctg tgg ctg tat gcc gga ttt tcc tgg	288
Ala Ala Met Gly Gln Leu Val Leu Trp Leu Tyr Ala Gly Phe Ser Trp	
85 90 95	

cgc aag atg atc gtc aag cac atg gcc cat cat cgc cat gcc gga acc 336  
 Arg Lys Met Ile Val Lys His Met Ala His His Arg His Ala Gly Thr  
 100 105 110

gac gac gac cca gat ttc gac cat ggc ggc ccg gtc cgc tgg tac gcc 384  
 Asp Asp Asp Pro Asp Phe Asp His Gly Gly Pro Val Arg Trp Tyr Ala  
 115 120 125

cgc ttc atc ggc acc tat ttc ggc tgg cgc gag ggg ctg ctg ctg ccc 432  
 Arg Phe Ile Gly Thr Tyr Phe Gly Trp Arg Glu Gly Leu Leu Leu Pro  
 130 135 140

gtc atc gtg acg gtc tat gcg ctg atg ttg ggg gat cgc tgg atg tac 480  
 Val Ile Val Thr Val Tyr Ala Leu Met Leu Gly Asp Arg Trp Met Tyr  
 145 150 155 160

gtg gtc ttc tgg ccg ttg ccg tcg atc ctg gcg tcg atc cag ctg ttc 528  
 Val Val Phe Trp Pro Leu Pro Ser Ile Leu Ala Ser Ile Gln Leu Phe  
 165 170 175

gtg ttc ggc atc tgg ctg ccg cac cgc ccc ggc cac gac gcg ttc ccg 576  
 Val Phe Gly Ile Trp Leu Pro His Arg Pro Gly His Asp Ala Phe Pro  
 180 185 190

gac cgc cac aat gcg ccg tcg tcg ccg atc agc gac ccc gtg tcg ctg 624  
 Asp Arg His Asn Ala Arg Ser Ser Arg Ile Ser Asp Pro Val Ser Leu  
 195 200 205

ctg acc tgc ttt cac ttt ggc ggt tat cat cac gaa cac cac ctg cac 672  
 Leu Thr Cys Phe His Phe Gly Gly Tyr His His Glu His His Leu His  
 210 215 220

ccg acg gtg cct tgg tgg cgc ctg ccc agc acc cgc acc aag ggg gac 720  
 Pro Thr Val Pro Trp Trp Arg Leu Pro Ser Thr Arg Thr Lys Gly Asp  
 225 230 235 240

acc gca tga 729  
 Thr Ala

&lt;210&gt; 181

&lt;211&gt; 242

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus carotinifaciens E-396

&lt;400&gt; 181

Met Ser Ala His Ala Leu Pro Lys Ala Asp Leu Thr Ala Thr Ser Leu  
 1 5 10 15

Ile Val Ser Gly Gly Ile Ile Ala Ala Trp Leu Ala Leu His Val His  
 20 25 30

Ala Leu Trp Phe Leu Asp Ala Ala Ala His Pro Ile Leu Ala Val Ala  
 35 40 45

Asn Phe Leu Gly Leu Thr Trp Leu Ser Val Gly Leu Phe Ile Ile Ala  
 50 55 60

His Asp Ala Met His Gly Ser Val Val Pro Gly Arg Pro Arg Ala Asn  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Ala Met Gly Gln Leu Val Leu Trp Leu Tyr Ala Gly Phe Ser Trp  
 85 90 95

Arg Lys Met Ile Val Lys His Met Ala His His Arg His Ala Gly Thr  
 100 105 110

Asp Asp Asp Pro Asp Phe Asp His Gly Gly Pro Val Arg Trp Tyr Ala  
 115 120 125

Arg Phe Ile Gly Thr Tyr Phe Gly Trp Arg Glu Gly Leu Leu Leu Pro  
 130 135 140

Val Ile Val Thr Val Tyr Ala Leu Met Leu Gly Asp Arg Trp Met Tyr  
 145 150 155 160

Val Val Phe Trp Pro Leu Pro Ser Ile Leu Ala Ser Ile Gln Leu Phe  
 165 170 175

Val Phe Gly Ile Trp Leu Pro His Arg Pro Gly His Asp Ala Phe Pro  
 180 185 190

Asp Arg His Asn Ala Arg Ser Ser Arg Ile Ser Asp Pro Val Ser Leu  
 195 200 205

Leu Thr Cys Phe His Phe Gly Gly Tyr His His Glu His His Leu His  
 210 215 220

Pro Thr Val Pro Trp Trp Arg Leu Pro Ser Thr Arg Thr Lys Gly Asp  
 225 230 235 240

Thr Ala

&lt;210&gt; 182

&lt;211&gt; 510

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R1534

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; CDS

&lt;222&gt; (1)..(507)

&lt;223&gt; Beta-Carotene hydroxylase

&lt;400&gt; 182

atg agc act tgg gcc gca atc ctg acc gtc atc ctg acc gtc gcc gcg	48
Met Ser Thr Trp Ala Ala Ile Leu Thr Val Ile Leu Thr Val Ala Ala	
1 5 10 15	
atg gag ctg acg gcc tac tcc gtc cat cgg tgg atc atg cat ggc ccc	96
Met Glu Leu Thr Ala Tyr Ser Val His Arg Trp Ile Met His Gly Pro	
20 25 30	
ctg ggc tgg ggc tgg cat aaa tcg cac cac gac gag gat cac gac cac	144
Leu Gly Trp Gly Trp His Lys Ser His His Asp Glu Asp His Asp His	
35 40 45	
gcg ctc gag aag aac gac ctc tat ggc gtc atc ttc gcg gta atc tcg	192
Ala Leu Glu Lys Asn Asp Leu Tyr Gly Val Ile Phe Ala Val Ile Ser	
50 55 60	
atc gtg ctg ttc gcg atc ggc gcg atg ggg tcg gat ctg gcc tgg tgg	240
Ile Val Leu Phe Ala Ile Gly Ala Met Gly Ser Asp Leu Ala Trp Trp	
65 70 75 80	
ctg gcg gtg ggg gtc acc tgc tac ggg ctg atc tac tat ttc ctg cat	288
Leu Ala Val Gly Val Thr Cys Tyr Gly Leu Ile Tyr Tyr Phe Leu His	
85 90 95	
gac ggc ttg gtg cat ggg cgc tgg ccg ttc cgc tat gtc ccc aag cgc	336
Asp Gly Leu Val His Gly Arg Trp Pro Phe Arg Tyr Val Pro Lys Arg	
100 105 110	
ggc tat ctt cgt cgc gtc tac cag gca cac agg atg cat cac gcg gtc	384
Gly Tyr Leu Arg Arg Val Tyr Gln Ala His Arg Met His His Ala Val	
115 120 125	

cat ggc cgc gag aac tgc gtc agc ttc ggt ttc atc tgg gcg ccc tcg 432  
 His Gly Arg Glu Asn Cys Val Ser Phe Gly Phe Ile Trp Ala Pro Ser  
 130 135 140

gtc gac agc ctc aag gca gag ctg aaa cgc tcg ggc gcg ctg ctg aag 480  
 Val Asp Ser Leu Lys Ala Glu Leu Lys Arg Ser Gly Ala Leu Leu Lys  
 145 150 155 160

gac cgc gaa ggg gcg gat cgc aat aca tga 510  
 Asp Arg Glu Gly Ala Asp Arg Asn Thr  
 165

<210> 183

<211> 169

<212> PRT

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<400> 183

Met Ser Thr Trp Ala Ala Ile Leu Thr Val Ile Leu Thr Val Ala Ala  
 1 5 10 15

Met Glu Leu Thr Ala Tyr Ser Val His Arg Trp Ile Met His Gly Pro  
 20 25 30

Leu Gly Trp Gly Trp His Lys Ser His His Asp Glu Asp His Asp His  
 35 40 45

Ala Leu Glu Lys Asn Asp Leu Tyr Gly Val Ile Phe Ala Val Ile Ser  
 50 55 60

Ile Val Leu Phe Ala Ile Gly Ala Met Gly Ser Asp Leu Ala Trp Trp  
 65 70 75 80

Leu Ala Val Gly Val Thr Cys Tyr Gly Leu Ile Tyr Tyr Phe Leu His  
 85 90 95

Asp Gly Leu Val His Gly Arg Trp Pro Phe Arg Tyr Val Pro Lys Arg  
 100 105 110

Gly Tyr Leu Arg Arg Val Tyr Gln Ala His Arg Met His His Ala Val  
 115 120 125

His Gly Arg Glu Asn Cys Val Ser Phe Gly Phe Ile Trp Ala Pro Ser  
 130 135 140

Val Asp Ser Leu Lys Ala Glu Leu Lys Arg Ser Gly Ala Leu Leu Lys  
 145 150 155 160

Asp Arg Glu Gly Ala Asp Arg Asn Thr  
 165

<210> 184

<211> 888

<212> DNA

<213> Paracoccus sp. R1534

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (1)..(885)

<223> farnesyltransferase or geranylgeranyl diphosphate synthase

<400> 184

atg acg ccc aag cag caa ttc ccc cta cgc gat ctg gtc gag atc agg 48  
 Met Thr Pro Lys Gln Gln Phe Pro Leu Arg Asp Leu Val Glu Ile Arg  
 1 5 10 15

ctg gcg cag atc tcg ggc cag ttc ggc gtg gtc tcg gcc ccg ctc ggc 96  
 Leu Ala Gln Ile Ser Gly Gln Phe Gly Val Val Ser Ala Pro Leu Gly  
 20 25 30

gcg gcc atg agc gat gcc gcc ctg tcc ccc ggc aaa cgc ttt cgc gcc 144  
 Ala Ala Met Ser Asp Ala Ala Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Arg Phe Arg Ala  
 35 40 45

gtg ctg atg ctg atg gtc gcc gaa agc tcg ggc ggg gtc tgc gat gcg 192  
 Val Leu Met Leu Met Val Ala Glu Ser Ser Gly Gly Val Cys Asp Ala  
 50 55 60

atg gtc gat gcc gcc tgc gcg gtc gag atg gtc cat gcc gca tcg ctg 240  
 Met Val Asp Ala Ala Cys Ala Val Glu Met Val His Ala Ala Ser Leu  
 65 70 75 80

atc ttc gac gac atg ccc tgc atg gac gat gcc agg acc cgt cgc ggt 288  
 Ile Phe Asp Asp Met Pro Cys Met Asp Asp Ala Arg Thr Arg Arg Gly  
 85 90 95

cag ccc gcc acc cat gtc gcc cat ggc gag ggg cgc gcg gtg ctt gcg 336  
 Gln Pro Ala Thr His Val Ala His Gly Glu Gly Arg Ala Val Leu Ala  
 100 105 110

ggc atc gcc ctg atc acc gag gcc atg cgg att ttg ggc gag gcg cgc 384  
 Gly Ile Ala Leu Ile Thr Glu Ala Met Arg Ile Leu Gly Glu Ala Arg  
 115 120 125

ggc gcg acg ccg gat cag cgc gca agg ctg gtc gca tcc atg tcc cgc 432  
 Gly Ala Thr Pro Asp Gln Arg Ala Arg Leu Val Ala Ser Met Ser Arg  
 130 135 140

gcg atg gga ccg gtg ggg ctg tgc gca ggg cag gat ctg gac ctg cac 480  
 Ala Met Gly Pro Val Leu Cys Ala Gly Gln Asp Leu Asp Leu His  
 145 150 155 160

gcc ccc aag gac gcc gcc ggg atc gaa cgt gaa cag gac ctc aag acc 528  
 Ala Pro Lys Asp Ala Ala Gly Ile Glu Arg Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Thr  
 165 170 175

ggc gtg ctg ttc gtc gcg ggc ctc gag atg ctg tcc att att aag ggt 576  
 Gly Val Leu Phe Val Ala Gly Leu Glu Met Leu Ser Ile Ile Lys Gly  
 180 185 190

ctg gac aag gcc gag acc gag cag ctc atg gcc ttc ggg cgt cag ctt 624  
 Leu Asp Lys Ala Glu Thr Glu Gln Leu Met Ala Phe Gly Arg Gln Leu  
 195 200 205

ggt cgg gtc ttc cag tcc tat gac gac ctg ctg gac gtg atc ggc gac 672  
 Gly Arg Val Phe Gln Ser Tyr Asp Asp Leu Leu Asp Val Ile Gly Asp  
 210 215 220

aag gcc agc acc ggc aag gat acg ggg cgc gac acc gcc gcc ccc ggc 720  
 Lys Ala Ser Thr Gly Lys Asp Thr Gly Arg Asp Thr Ala Ala Pro Gly  
 225 230 235 240

cca aag cgc ggc ctg atg gcg gtc gga cag atg ggc gac gtg gcg cag 768  
 Pro Lys Arg Gly Leu Met Ala Val Gly Gln Met Gly Asp Val Ala Gln  
 245 250 255

cat tac cgc gcc agc cgc gcg caa ctg gac gag ctg atg cgc acc cgg 816  
 His Tyr Arg Ala Ser Arg Ala Gln Leu Asp Glu Leu Met Arg Thr Arg  
 260 265 270

ctg ttc cgc ggg ggg cag atc gcg gac ctg ctg gcc cgc gtg ctg ccg 864  
 Leu Phe Arg Gly Gly Gln Ile Ala Asp Leu Leu Ala Arg Val Leu Pro  
 275 280 285

cat gac atc cgc cgc agc gcc tag 888  
 His Asp Ile Arg Arg Ser Ala  
 290 295

&lt;210&gt; 185

&lt;211&gt; 295



&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Paracoccus sp. R1534

&lt;400&gt; 185

Met Thr Pro Lys Gln Gln Phe Pro Leu Arg Asp Leu Val Glu Ile Arg  
 1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Gln Ile Ser Gly Gln Phe Gly Val Val Ser Ala Pro Leu Gly  
 20 25 30

Ala Ala Met Ser Asp Ala Ala Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Arg Phe Arg Ala  
 35 40 45

Val Leu Met Leu Met Val Ala Glu Ser Ser Gly Gly Val Cys Asp Ala  
 50 55 60

Met Val Asp Ala Ala Cys Ala Val Glu Met Val His Ala Ala Ser Leu  
 65 70 75 80

Ile Phe Asp Asp Met Pro Cys Met Asp Asp Ala Arg Thr Arg Arg Gly  
 85 90 95

Gln Pro Ala Thr His Val Ala His Gly Glu Gly Arg Ala Val Leu Ala  
 100 105 110

Gly Ile Ala Leu Ile Thr Glu Ala Met Arg Ile Leu Gly Glu Ala Arg  
 115 120 125

Gly Ala Thr Pro Asp Gln Arg Ala Arg Leu Val Ala Ser Met Ser Arg  
 130 135 140

Ala Met Gly Pro Val Gly Leu Cys Ala Gly Gln Asp Leu Asp Leu His  
 145 150 155 160

Ala Pro Lys Asp Ala Ala Gly Ile Glu Arg Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Thr  
 165 170 175

Gly Val Leu Phe Val Ala Gly Leu Glu Met Leu Ser Ile Ile Lys Gly  
 180 185 190

Leu Asp Lys Ala Glu Thr Glu Gln Leu Met Ala Phe Gly Arg Gln Leu

195	200	205
Gly Arg Val Phe Gln Ser Tyr Asp Asp Leu Leu Asp Val Ile Gly Asp		
210	215	220
Lys Ala Ser Thr Gly Lys Asp Thr Gly Arg Asp Thr Ala Ala Pro Gly		
225	230	235
Pro Lys Arg Gly Leu Met Ala Val Gly Gln Met Gly Asp Val Ala Gln		
245	250	255
His Tyr Arg Ala Ser Arg Ala Gln Leu Asp Glu Leu Met Arg Thr Arg		
260	265	270
Leu Phe Arg Gly Gly Gln Ile Ala Asp Leu Leu Ala Arg Val Leu Pro		
275	280	285
His Asp Ile Arg Arg Ser Ala		
290	295	

&lt;210&gt; 186

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; synthetic construct

&lt;400&gt; 186

aaggcctcat atgagcgcac atgccctgcc

30

&lt;210&gt; 187

&lt;211&gt; 28

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; synthetic construct

&lt;400&gt; 187

cgggatcctc atgcggtgtc ccccttgg

28

&lt;210&gt; 188

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 188

aaggcctcat atgagcactt gggccgcaat

30

<210> 189

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 189

aggatcctca tgtattgcga tccgcccctt

30

<210> 190

<211> 52

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 190

gtgcagcctc aggtcgacat atgcggccgc atccggatcc ctctcctcc ag

52

<210> 191

<211> 52

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 191

cacgtcggag tccagctgta tacgccggcg taggcctagg gaggaggagg tc

52

<210> 192

<211> 52

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 192

gtgcaggagg aggtcgacat atgcggccgc atccggatcc ctgaggctcc ag

52

<210> 193

<211> 52

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 193

cacgtcctcc tccagctgta tacgccggcg taggcctagg gactccgagg tc

52

<210> 194

<211> 52

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 194

ctggagcctc aggtcgacat atgcggccgc atccggatcc ctctcctgc ac

52

<210> 195

<211> 52

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 195

gacctcggag tccagctgta tacgccggcg taggcctagg gaggaggacg tg

52

<210> 196

<211> 52

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 196

ctggaggagg aggtcgacat atgcggccgc atccggatcc ctgaggctgc ac

52

<210> 197

<211> 52

<212> DNA

<213> synthetic construct

<400> 197

gacctcctcc tccagctgta tacgccggcg taggcctagg gactccgacg tg

52

# ATCC

10801 University Blvd • Manassas, VA 20110-2209 • Telephone: 703-365-2700 • FAX: 703-365-2745

**BUDAPEST TREATY ON THE INTERNATIONAL RECOGNITION OF  
THE DEPOSIT OF MICROORGANISMS FOR THE PURPOSES OF PATENT PROCEDURE**

**INTERNATIONAL FORM**

**RECEIPT IN THE CASE OF AN ORIGINAL DEPOSIT ISSUED PURSUANT TO RULE 7.3  
AND VIABILITY STATEMENT ISSUED PURSUANT TO RULE 10.2**

**To: (Name and Address of Depositor or Attorney)**

Roche Vitamins Inc.  
Attn: Markus Huebner  
340 Kingsland Street  
Nutley, NJ 007110-1199

**Deposited on Behalf of:** Roche Vitamins Inc.

**Identification Reference by Depositor:**

**Patent Deposit Designation**

Paracoccus sp.: R-1506

PTA-3431

The deposit was accompanied by:    a scientific description    a proposed taxonomic description indicated above.

The deposit was received June 5, 2001 by this International Depository Authority and has been accepted.

**AT YOUR REQUEST:** ☒ We will inform you of requests for the strain for 30 years.

The strain will be made available if a patent office signatory to the Budapest Treaty certifies one's right to receive, or if a U.S. Patent is issued citing the strain, and ATCC is instructed by the United States Patent & Trademark Office or the depositor to release said strain.

If the culture should die or be destroyed during the effective term of the deposit, it shall be your responsibility to replace it with living culture of the same.

The strain will be maintained for a period of at least 30 years from date of deposit, or five years after the most recent request for a sample, whichever is longer. The United States and many other countries are signatory to the Budapest Treaty.

The viability of the culture cited above was tested June 27, 2001. On that date, the culture was viable.

**International Depository Authority:** American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, VA 20110-2209 USA.

**Signature of person having authority to represent ATCC:**

  
Tanya Nunnally, Patent Specialist, Patent Depository

**Date:** June 28, 2001

cc: Kevin C. Hooper  
(Ref: Docket or Case No.: C38435/121966)

# ATCC

10801 University Blvd • Manassas, VA 20110-2209 • Telephone: 703-363-2700 • FAX: 703-363-2745

**BUDAPEST TREATY ON THE INTERNATIONAL RECOGNITION OF  
THE DEPOSIT OF MICROORGANISMS FOR THE PURPOSES OF PATENT PROCEDURE**

**INTERNATIONAL FORM**

**RECEIPT IN THE CASE OF AN ORIGINAL DEPOSIT ISSUED PURSUANT TO RULE 7.3  
AND VIABILITY STATEMENT ISSUED PURSUANT TO RULE 10.2**

**To: (Name and Address of Depositor or Attorney)**

Roche Vitamins Inc.  
Attn: Marlene Huchbellin  
340 Kingsland Street  
Nutley, NJ 07110-1199

**Deposited on Behalf of:** Roche Vitamins Inc.

**Identification Reference by Depositor:**

Paracoccus sp.: R114

Paracoccus sp.: R1534

**Patent Deposit Designation**

PTA-3335

PTA-3336

The deposits were accompanied by:    a scientific description,    a proposed taxonomic description indicated above. The deposits were received April 24, 2001 by this International Depository Authority and have been accepted.

**AT YOUR REQUEST:**   X   We will inform you of requests for the strains for 30 years.

The strains will be made available if a patent office signatory to the Budapest Treaty certifies one's right to receive, or if a U.S. Patent is issued citing the strains, and ATCC is instructed by the United States Patent & Trademark Office or the depositor to release said strains.

If the cultures should die or be destroyed during the effective term of the deposit, it shall be your responsibility to replace them with living cultures of the same.

The strains will be maintained for a period of at least 30 years from date of deposit, or five years after the most recent request for a sample, whichever is longer. The United States and many other countries are signatory to the Budapest Treaty.

The viability of the cultures cited above was tested May 7, 2001. On that date, the cultures were viable.

**International Depository Authority:** American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, VA 20110-2209 USA.

**Signature of person having authority to represent ATCC:**

  
Tanya Neumann, Patent Specialist, Patent Depository

**Date:** May 23, 2001

cc: Kevin C. Hooper  
(Ref: Docket or Case No.: C38435/121766)